Theory of Designs in Isabelle/UTP

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Abstract

This document describes a mechanisation of the UTP theory of designs in Isabelle/UTP. Designs enrich UTP relations with explicit precondition/postcondition pairs, as present in formal notations like VDM, B, and the refinement calculus. If a program's precondition holds, then it is guaranteed to terminate and establish its postcondition, which is an approach known as total correctness. If the precondition does not hold, the behaviour is maximally nondeterministic, which represents unspecified behaviour. In this mechanisation, we create the theory of designs, including its alphabet, signature, and healthiness conditions. We then use these to prove the key algebraic laws of programming. This development can be used to support program verification based on total correctness.

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1 Design Signature and Core Laws

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{theory} \ utp\text{-}des\text{-}core \\ \textbf{imports} \ UTP\text{-}KAT.utp\text{-}kleene \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}
```

UTP designs [2, 4] are a subset of the alphabetised relations that use a boolean observational variable ok to record the start and termination of a program. For more information on designs please see Chapter 3 of the UTP book [4], or the more accessible designs tutorial [2].

1.1 Definitions

Two named theorem sets exist are created to group theorems that, respectively, provide prepostcondition definitions, and simplify operators to their normal design form.

 ${f named-theorems}$ ndes and ndes-simp

```
\begin{array}{c} \textbf{alphabet} \ \textit{des-vars} = \\ \textit{ok} :: \textit{bool} \end{array}
```

The two locale interpretations below are a technicality to improve automatic proof support via the predicate and relational tactics. This is to enable the (re-)interpretation of state spaces to remove any occurrences of lens types after the proof tactics *pred-simp* and *rel-simp*, or any of their derivatives have been applied. Eventually, it would be desirable to automate both interpretations as part of a custom outer command for defining alphabets.

```
type-synonym '\alpha des = '\alpha des-vars-scheme
type-synonym ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des = ('\alpha des, '\beta des) urel
type-synonym '\alpha hrel-des = ('\alpha des) hrel
translations
```

```
(type) '\alpha hrel-des \le (type) '\alpha des hrel
notation des-vars.more<sub>L</sub> (\Sigma_D)
syntax
  -svid-des-alpha :: svid (\mathbf{v}_D)
translations
  -svid-des-alpha => CONST des-vars.more_L
lemma ok-des-bij-lens: bij-lens (ok +_L \Sigma_D) (is bij-lens ?P)
proof -
  have ?P \approx_L 1_L
    by (meson\ des-vars.equivs(1)\ des-vars.equivs(2)\ des-vars.indeps(1)\ lens-equiv-sym\ lens-equiv-trans
lens-plus-eq-left)
 thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: bij-lens-equiv-id)
Define the lens functor for designs
definition lmap-des-vars :: ('\alpha \Longrightarrow '\beta) \Rightarrow ('\alpha \ des-vars-scheme \Longrightarrow '\beta \ des-vars-scheme) \ (lmap_D)
where [lens-defs]: lmap-des-vars = lmap[des-vars]
syntax - lmap - des - vars :: salpha \Rightarrow salpha (lmap_D[-])
translations -lmap-des-vars a => CONST lmap-des-vars a
lemma lmap\text{-}des\text{-}vars: vwb\text{-}lens f \implies vwb\text{-}lens (lmap\text{-}des\text{-}vars f)
 by (unfold-locales, auto simp add: lens-defs)
lemma lmap-id: lmap_D 1_L = 1_L
 by (simp add: lens-defs fun-eq-iff)
lemma lmap\text{-}comp: lmap_D (f;_L g) = lmap_D f;_L lmap_D g
 by (simp add: lens-defs fun-eq-iff)
The following notations define liftings from non-design predicates into design predicates using
alphabet extensions.
abbreviation lift-desr (\lceil - \rceil_D)
where [P]_D \equiv P \oplus_p (\Sigma_D \times_L \Sigma_D)
abbreviation lift-pre-desr (\lceil - \rceil_{D <})
where [p]_{D<} \equiv [[p]_<]_D
abbreviation lift-post-desr (\lceil - \rceil_{D>})
where \lceil p \rceil_{D} \equiv \lceil \lceil p \rceil_{>} \rceil_{D}
abbreviation drop\text{-}desr (|-|_D)
where [P]_D \equiv P \upharpoonright_e (\Sigma_D \times_L \Sigma_D)
abbreviation dcond :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow '\alpha upred \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des
where dcond P b Q \equiv P \triangleleft \lceil b \rceil_{D \triangleleft} \triangleright Q
syntax -dcond :: logic \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic ((3- < - >_D/ -) [52,0,53] 52)
\mathbf{translations} \ \text{-}dcond \ P \ b \ Q == \ CONST \ dcond \ P \ b \ Q
```

```
definition design::('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \ (infixl \vdash 59) where [upred\ defs]: P \vdash Q = (\$ok \land P \Rightarrow \$ok' \land Q)
```

An rdesign is a design that uses the Isabelle type system to prevent reference to ok in the assumption and commitment.

```
definition rdesign::('\alpha, '\beta) \ urel \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ urel \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel-des \ (infixl \vdash_r 59)  where [upred-defs]: (P \vdash_r Q) = \lceil P \rceil_D \vdash \lceil Q \rceil_D
```

An idesign is a normal design, i.e. where the assumption is a condition

```
definition ndesign::'\alpha \ cond \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ urel \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel-des \ (infixl \vdash_n 59) where [upred-defs]: (p \vdash_n Q) = (\lceil p \rceil_{<} \vdash_r Q)
```

```
definition skip-d :: '\alpha \ hrel-des \ (II_D) where [upred-defs]: II_D \equiv (true \vdash_r II)
```

```
definition bot-d :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des } (\bot_D) where [upred-defs]: \bot_D = (false \vdash false)
```

```
definition pre\text{-}design :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\text{-}des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ urel \ (pre_D) where [upred\text{-}defs]: pre_D(P) = |\neg P[true,false/\$ok,\$ok']|_D
```

```
definition post-design :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) urel (post_D) where [upred-defs]: post_D(P) = |P[true, true/\$ok, \$ok']|_D
```

syntax

```
-ok-f :: logic \Rightarrow logic (-f [1000] 1000)
-ok-t :: logic \Rightarrow logic (-t [1000] 1000)
-top-d :: logic (\top_D)
```

translations

```
P^f \rightleftharpoons CONST\ usubst\ (CONST\ subst-upd\ CONST\ id\ (CONST\ ovar\ CONST\ ok)\ false)\ P
P^t \rightleftharpoons CONST\ usubst\ (CONST\ subst-upd\ CONST\ id\ (CONST\ ovar\ CONST\ ok)\ true)\ P
T_D \Longrightarrow CONST\ not-upred\ (CONST\ utp-expr.var\ (CONST\ ivar\ CONST\ ok))
```

1.2 Lifting, Unrestriction, and Substitution

```
lemma drop-desr-inv [simp]: |\lceil P \rceil_D|_D = P
 by (simp add: prod-mwb-lens)
lemma lift-desr-inv:
  fixes P :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \text{ rel-des}
  assumes \$ok \ \sharp \ P \ \$ok' \ \sharp \ P
 shows \lceil \lfloor P \rfloor_D \rceil_D = P
 have bij-lens (\Sigma_D \times_L \Sigma_D +_L (in\text{-}var\ ok +_L \ out\text{-}var\ ok) :: (-, '\alpha\ des\text{-}vars\text{-}scheme \times '\beta\ des\text{-}vars\text{-}scheme)
lens)
    (is bij-lens (?P))
  proof -
    have ?P \approx_L (ok +_L \Sigma_D) \times_L (ok +_L \Sigma_D) (is ?P \approx_L ?Q)
      apply (simp add: in-var-def out-var-def prod-as-plus)
      apply (simp add: prod-as-plus[THEN sym])
    apply (meson lens-equiv-sym lens-equiv-trans lens-indep-prod lens-plus-comm lens-plus-prod-exchange
des-vars.indeps(1)
    done
    moreover have bij-lens ?Q
```

```
by (simp add: ok-des-bij-lens prod-bij-lens)
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis bij-lens-equiv lens-equiv-sym)
  qed
  with assms show ?thesis
    apply (rule-tac aext-arestr[of - in-var ok +_L out-var ok])
    apply (simp add: prod-mwb-lens)
    apply (simp)
  apply (metis alpha-in-var lens-indep-prod lens-indep-sym des-vars.indeps(1) out-var-def prod-as-plus)
    using unrest-var-comp apply blast
 done
qed
lemma unrest-out-des-lift [unrest]: out \alpha \sharp p \Longrightarrow out \alpha \sharp \lceil p \rceil_D
 by (pred\text{-}simp)
lemma lift-dist-seq [simp]:
  [P ;; Q]_D = ([P]_D ;; [Q]_D)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma lift-des-skip-dr-unit [simp]:
  (\lceil P \rceil_D ;; \lceil II \rceil_D) = \lceil P \rceil_D
  (\lceil II \rceil_D ;; \lceil P \rceil_D) = \lceil P \rceil_D
 by (rel-auto)+
lemma lift-des-skip-dr-unit-unrest: \$ok' \sharp P \Longrightarrow (P ;; \lceil II \rceil_D) = P
 by (rel-auto)
lemma state-subst-design [usubst]:
  [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger (P \vdash_r Q) = ([\sigma]_s \dagger P) \vdash_r ([\sigma]_s \dagger Q)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma design-subst [usubst]:
  \llbracket \$ok \sharp \sigma; \$ok ' \sharp \sigma \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \sigma \dagger (P \vdash Q) = (\sigma \dagger P) \vdash (\sigma \dagger Q)
 by (simp add: design-def usubst)
lemma design-msubst [usubst]:
  (P(x) \vdash Q(x))[x \to v] = (P(x)[x \to v] \vdash Q(x)[x \to v])
 by (rel-auto)
lemma design-ok-false [usubst]: (P \vdash Q)[false/\$ok] = true
 by (simp add: design-def usubst)
lemma ok-pre: (\$ok \land \lceil pre_D(P) \rceil_D) = (\$ok \land (\neg P^f))
  apply (simp add: pre-design-def alpha unrest usubst)
 apply (subst aext-arestr')
  apply (rel-simp)
 apply (rel-auto)
  done
lemma ok-post: (\$ok \land \lceil post_D(P) \rceil_D) = (\$ok \land (P^t))
  apply (simp add: post-design-def alpha unrest usubst)
  apply (subst aext-arestr')
  apply (rel-simp)
```

```
\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{apply} \ (\textit{rel-auto}) \\ \mathbf{done} \end{array}
```

1.3 Basic Design Laws

```
lemma design-export-ok: P \vdash Q = (P \vdash (\$ok \land Q)) by (rel-auto)
```

lemma
$$design$$
- $export$ - ok' : $P \vdash Q = (P \vdash (\$ok' \land Q))$ by $(rel$ - $auto)$

lemma design-export-pre:
$$P \vdash (P \land Q) = P \vdash Q$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

lemma design-export-spec:
$$P \vdash (P \Rightarrow Q) = P \vdash Q$$

by $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$design-ok-pre-conj$$
: $(\$ok \land P) \vdash Q = P \vdash Q$ by $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$true$$
- is - $design$: $(false \vdash true) = true$ **by** $(rel$ - $auto)$

lemma true-is-rdesign: (false
$$\vdash_r$$
 true) = true **by** (rel-auto)

lemma bot-d-true:
$$\perp_D = true$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

lemma bot-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]:
$$\bot_D = (false \vdash_n true)$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$design-false-pre$$
: $(false \vdash P) = true$ **by** $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$rdesign-false-pre$$
: $(false \vdash_r P) = true$ **by** $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$ndesign-false-pre$$
: $(false \vdash_n P) = true$ **by** $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$ndesign-miracle: (true \vdash_n false) = \top_D$$

by $(rel-auto)$

lemma top-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]:
$$\top_D = (true \vdash_n false)$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

lemma
$$skip\text{-}d\text{-}alt\text{-}def$$
: $II_D = true \vdash II$ **by** $(rel\text{-}auto)$

lemma skip-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]:
$$II_D = true \vdash_n II$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ design\text{-}subst\text{-}ok$:

$$(P[[true/\$ok]] \vdash Q[[true/\$ok]]) = (P \vdash Q)$$

by $(rel-auto)$

```
lemma design-subst-ok-ok':
  (P[true/\$ok] \vdash Q[true,true/\$ok,\$ok']) = (P \vdash Q)
proof -
  have (P \vdash Q) = ((\$ok \land P) \vdash (\$ok \land \$ok' \land Q))
    by (pred-auto)
  also have ... = ((\$ok \land P[true/\$ok])) \vdash (\$ok \land (\$ok \land Q[true/\$ok]))[true/\$ok])
  by (metis conj-eq-out-var-subst conj-pos-var-subst upred-eq-true utp-pred-laws.inf-commute ok-vwb-lens)
  also have ... = ((\$ok \land P[true/\$ok]) \vdash (\$ok \land \$ok' \land Q[true,true/\$ok,\$ok']))
    by (simp add: usubst)
 also have ... = (P[true/\$ok] \vdash Q[true,true/\$ok,\$ok'])
    \mathbf{by} \ (pred-auto)
 finally show ?thesis ..
lemma design-subst-ok':
  (P \vdash Q[[true/\$ok']]) = (P \vdash Q)
proof -
  \mathbf{have}\ (P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash (\$ok' \land Q))
    by (pred-auto)
  also have ... = (P \vdash (\$ok' \land Q[true/\$ok']))
    by (metis conj-eq-out-var-subst upred-eq-true utp-pred-laws.inf-commute ok-vwb-lens)
  also have ... = (P \vdash Q[true/\$ok'])
    by (pred-auto)
 finally show ?thesis ..
qed
        Sequential Composition Laws
theorem design-skip-idem [simp]:
  (II_D ;; II_D) = II_D
  by (rel-auto)
theorem design-composition-subst:
  assumes
    \$ok' \sharp P1 \$ok \sharp P2
 shows ((P1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) =
         (((\neg ((\neg P1) ;; true)) \land \neg (Q1[true/\$ok'] ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1[true/\$ok'] ;; Q2[true/\$ok]))
  have ((P1 \vdash Q1) :: (P2 \vdash Q2)) = (\exists ok_0 \cdot ((P1 \vdash Q1) [ \langle ok_0 \rangle / sok'] :: (P2 \vdash Q2) [ \langle ok_0 \rangle / sok]))
    by (rule seqr-middle, simp)
 also have ...
        = (((P1 \vdash Q1)[false/\$ok']]; (P2 \vdash Q2)[false/\$ok])
            \lor ((P1 \vdash Q1)[true/\$ok'] ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)[true/\$ok]))
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) calculation disj-comm ok-vwb-lens seqr-bool-split)
  also from assms
  \mathbf{have} \dots = (((\$ok \land P1 \Rightarrow Q1 \llbracket true / \$ok ' \rrbracket) ;; (P2 \Rightarrow \$ok ' \land Q2 \llbracket true / \$ok \rrbracket)) \lor ((\neg (\$ok \land P1)) ;;
    by (simp add: design-def usubst unrest, pred-auto)
 \textbf{also have} \dots = ((\neg\$ok :: true_h) \lor ((\neg P1) :: true) \lor (Q1 \llbracket true / \$ok \' \rrbracket :: (\neg P2)) \lor (\$ok \' \land (Q1 \llbracket true / \$ok \' \rrbracket))
:: Q2[true/\$ok]))
    by (rel-auto)
 \textbf{also have} \ ... = (((\neg (\neg P1) ;; true)) \land \neg (Q1 \llbracket true / \$ok ' \rrbracket ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 \llbracket true / \$ok ' \rrbracket ;; Q2 \llbracket true / \$ok \rrbracket))
    by (simp add: precond-right-unit design-def unrest, rel-auto)
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
```

```
theorem design-composition:
 assumes
   \$ok' \sharp P1 \$ok \sharp P2 \$ok' \sharp Q1 \$ok \sharp Q2
 shows ((P1 \vdash Q1) :: (P2 \vdash Q2)) = (((\neg ((\neg P1) :: true)) \land \neg (Q1 :: (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 :: Q2))
 using assms by (simp add: design-composition-subst usubst)
theorem design-composition-runrest:
 assumes
   \$ok' \sharp P1 \$ok \sharp P2 ok \sharp Q1 ok \sharp Q2
 shows ((P1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) = (((\neg ((\neg P1) ;; true)) \land \neg (Q1^t ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 ;; Q2))
 have (\$ok \land \$ok' \land (Q1^t ;; Q2[true/\$ok])) = (\$ok \land \$ok' \land (Q1 ;; Q2))
 proof -
   have (\$ok \land \$ok' \land (Q1;; Q2)) = ((\$ok \land Q1);; (Q2 \land \$ok'))
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) conj-comm seqr-post-var-out seqr-pre-var-out)
   also have ... = ((Q1 \land \$ok') ;; (\$ok \land Q2))
     by (simp\ add:\ assms(3)\ assms(4)\ runrest-ident-var)
   also have ... = (Q1^t ;; Q2[true/\$ok])
      by (metis ok-vwb-lens seqr-pre-transfer seqr-right-one-point true-alt-def uovar-convr upred-eq-true
utp-pred-laws.inf.left-idem utp-rel.unrest-ouvar vwb-lens-mwb)
   finally show ?thesis
     by (metis utp-pred-laws.inf.left-commute utp-pred-laws.inf-left-idem)
 qed
 moreover have (\neg (\neg P1 :; true) \land \neg (Q1^t :; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1^t :; Q2[true/\$ok]) =
                (\neg (\neg P1 :: true) \land \neg (Q1^t :: (\neg P2))) \vdash (\$ok \land \$ok \land (Q1^t :: Q2 \llbracket true / \$ok \rrbracket))
   by (metis design-export-ok design-export-ok')
 ultimately show ?thesis using assms
   by (simp add: design-composition-subst usubst, metis design-export-ok design-export-ok')
qed
theorem rdesign-composition:
 ((P1 \vdash_r Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash_r Q2)) = (((\neg ((\neg P1) ;; true)) \land \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash_r (Q1 ;; Q2))
 by (simp add: rdesign-def design-composition unrest alpha)
theorem design-composition-cond:
  assumes
   out\alpha \sharp p1 \$ok \sharp P2 \$ok' \sharp Q1 \$ok \sharp Q2
 shows ((p1 \vdash Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash Q2)) = ((p1 \land \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash (Q1 ;; Q2))
 using assms
 by (simp add: design-composition unrest precond-right-unit)
theorem rdesign-composition-cond:
 assumes out\alpha \sharp p1
 shows ((p1 \vdash_r Q1) ;; (P2 \vdash_r Q2)) = ((p1 \land \neg (Q1 ;; (\neg P2))) \vdash_r (Q1 ;; Q2))
 using assms
 by (simp add: rdesign-def design-composition-cond unrest alpha)
theorem design-composition-wp:
 assumes
   ok \sharp p1 \ ok \sharp p2
   \$ok \sharp Q1 \$ok' \sharp Q1 \$ok \sharp Q2 \$ok' \sharp Q2
  \mathbf{shows}\ ((\lceil p1 \rceil_{<} \vdash Q1)\ ;;\ (\lceil p2 \rceil_{<} \vdash Q2)) = ((\lceil p1 \land Q1 \ wlp\ p2 \rceil_{<}) \vdash (Q1\ ;;\ Q2))
 using assms by (rel-blast)
```

```
theorem rdesign-composition-wp:
  ((\lceil p1 \rceil_{<} \vdash_{r} Q1) ;; (\lceil p2 \rceil_{<} \vdash_{r} Q2)) = ((\lceil p1 \land Q1 \ wlp \ p2 \rceil_{<}) \vdash_{r} (Q1 ;; Q2))
  \mathbf{by} \ (rel-blast)
theorem ndesign-composition-wp [ndes-simp]:
  ((p1 \vdash_n Q1) ;; (p2 \vdash_n Q2)) = ((p1 \land Q1 wlp p2) \vdash_n (Q1 ;; Q2))
  by (rel-blast)
theorem design-true-left-zero: (true ;; (P \vdash Q)) = true
  have (true ;; (P \vdash Q)) = ((true \llbracket false / \$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P \vdash Q) \llbracket false / \$ok \rrbracket) \lor (true \llbracket true / \$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P \vdash Q) \llbracket false / \$ok \rrbracket) \lor (true \llbracket true / \$ok' \rrbracket ;; (P \vdash Q) \llbracket false / \$ok' \rrbracket)
Q)[true/\$ok])
    by (rel-auto)
  also have ... = ((true \llbracket false / \$ok' \rrbracket ;; true_h) \lor (true ;; ((P \vdash Q) \llbracket true / \$ok \rrbracket)))
    by (subst-tac, rel-auto)
  also have \dots = true
    by (subst-tac, simp add: precond-right-unit unrest)
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
theorem design-left-unit-hom:
  fixes P Q :: '\alpha hrel-des
  shows (II_D ;; (P \vdash_r Q)) = (P \vdash_r Q)
proof -
  have (II_D :: (P \vdash_r Q)) = ((true \vdash_r II) :: (P \vdash_r Q))
    by (simp add: skip-d-def)
  also have ... = (true \land \neg (II ;; (\neg P))) \vdash_r (II ;; Q)
  proof -
    have out\alpha \sharp true
      by unrest-tac
    thus ?thesis
      using rdesign-composition-cond by blast
  also have ... = (\neg (\neg P)) \vdash_r Q
    by simp
  finally show ?thesis by simp
theorem rdesign-left-unit [simp]:
  II_D ; ; (P \vdash_r Q) = (P \vdash_r Q)
  by (rel-auto)
theorem design-right-semi-unit:
  (P \vdash_r Q) ;; II_D = ((\neg (\neg P) ;; true) \vdash_r Q)
  by (simp add: skip-d-def rdesign-composition)
theorem design-right-cond-unit [simp]:
  assumes out\alpha \sharp p
  shows (p \vdash_r Q) :: II_D = (p \vdash_r Q)
  using assms
  by (simp add: skip-d-def rdesign-composition-cond)
theorem ndesign-left-unit [simp]:
  II_D ;; (p \vdash_n Q) = (p \vdash_n Q)
  by (rel-auto)
```

```
theorem design-bot-left-zero: (\bot_D ;; (P \vdash Q)) = \bot_D
by (rel\text{-}auto)
theorem design-top-left-zero: (\top_D ;; (P \vdash Q)) = \top_D
by (rel\text{-}auto)
1.5 Preconditions and Postconditions
theorem design-npre:
(P \vdash Q)^f = (\neg \$ok \lor \neg P^f)
by (rel\text{-}auto)
```

theorem design-pre:

$$\neg (P \vdash Q)^f = (\$ok \land P^f)$$

by (simp add: design-def, subst-tac)

(metis (no-types, hide-lams) not-conj-deMorgans true-not-false(2) utp-pred-laws.compl-top-eq utp-pred-laws.sup.idem utp-pred-laws.sup-compl-top)

theorem design-post:

$$(P \vdash Q)^t = ((\$ok \land P^t) \Rightarrow Q^t)$$

by $(rel\text{-}auto)$

theorem rdesign-pre [simp]: $pre_D(P \vdash_r Q) = P$ **by** (pred-auto)

theorem rdesign-post [simp]: $post_D(P \vdash_r Q) = (P \Rightarrow Q)$ **by** (pred-auto)

theorem $ndesign-pre [simp]: pre_D(p \vdash_n Q) = \lceil p \rceil_{<}$ **by** (pred-auto)

theorem ndesign-post [simp]: $post_D(p \vdash_n Q) = (\lceil p \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow Q)$ **by** (pred-auto)

lemma design-pre-choice [simp]:

$$pre_D(P \sqcap Q) = (pre_D(P) \land pre_D(Q))$$

by $(rel-auto)$

lemma design-post-choice [simp]:

$$post_D(P \sqcap Q) = (post_D(P) \lor post_D(Q))$$

by $(rel-auto)$

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ design\text{-}pre\text{-}condr\ [simp]:$

$$pre_D(P \triangleleft \lceil b \rceil_D \triangleright Q) = (pre_D(P) \triangleleft b \triangleright pre_D(Q))$$

by $(rel-auto)$

lemma design-post-condr [simp]:

$$post_D(P \triangleleft \lceil b \rceil_D \triangleright Q) = (post_D(P) \triangleleft b \triangleright post_D(Q))$$

by $(rel-auto)$

lemma preD-USUP-mem: pre_D ($\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P i$) = ($\bigcap i \in A \cdot pre_D(P i)$) by (rel-auto)

lemma preD-USUP-ind: pre_D (
$$\bigcup i \cdot P i$$
) = ($\bigcap i \cdot pre_D(P i)$) by (rel-auto)

1.6 Distribution Laws

theorem design-choice:

$$(P_1 \vdash P_2) \sqcap (Q_1 \vdash Q_2) = ((P_1 \land Q_1) \vdash (P_2 \lor Q_2))$$

by $(rel-auto)$

theorem rdesign-choice:

$$(P_1 \vdash_r P_2) \sqcap (Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2) = ((P_1 \land Q_1) \vdash_r (P_2 \lor Q_2))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

theorem *ndesign-choice* [*ndes-simp*]:

$$(p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \sqcap (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2) = ((p_1 \land q_1) \vdash_n (P_2 \lor Q_2))$$

by $(rel-auto)$

theorem *ndesign-choice'* [*ndes-simp*]:

$$((p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \lor (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2)) = ((p_1 \land q_1) \vdash_n (P_2 \lor Q_2))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

theorem design-inf:

$$(P_1 \vdash P_2) \sqcup (Q_1 \vdash Q_2) = ((P_1 \lor Q_1) \vdash ((P_1 \Rightarrow P_2) \land (Q_1 \Rightarrow Q_2)))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

theorem rdesign-inf:

$$(P_1 \vdash_r P_2) \sqcup (Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2) = ((P_1 \lor Q_1) \vdash_r ((P_1 \Rightarrow P_2) \land (Q_1 \Rightarrow Q_2)))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

theorem ndesign-inf [ndes-simp]:

$$(p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \sqcup (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2) = ((p_1 \lor q_1) \vdash_n ((\lceil p_1 \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow P_2) \land (\lceil q_1 \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow Q_2)))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

 ${\bf theorem}\ design\hbox{-}condr:$

$$((P_1 \vdash P_2) \triangleleft b \triangleright (Q_1 \vdash Q_2)) = ((P_1 \triangleleft b \triangleright Q_1) \vdash (P_2 \triangleleft b \triangleright Q_2))$$
 by $(\textit{rel-auto})$

theorem *ndesign-dcond* [*ndes-simp*]:

$$((p_1 \vdash_n P_2) \triangleleft b \triangleright_D (q_1 \vdash_n Q_2)) = ((p_1 \triangleleft b \triangleright q_1) \vdash_n (P_2 \triangleleft b \triangleright_r Q_2))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

lemma design-UINF-mem:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$

shows
$$(\bigcap i \in A \cdot P(i) \vdash Q(i)) = (\coprod i \in A \cdot P(i)) \vdash (\bigcap i \in A \cdot Q(i))$$
 using assms by $(rel-auto)$

lemma *ndesign-UINF-mem* [*ndes-simp*]:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$

shows
$$(\bigcap i \in A \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\coprod i \in A \cdot p(i)) \vdash_n (\bigcap i \in A \cdot Q(i))$$
 using assms by $(rel-auto)$

lemma *ndesign-UINF-ind* [*ndes-simp*]:

$$(\bigcap i \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\bigsqcup i \cdot p(i)) \vdash_n (\bigcap i \cdot Q(i))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

lemma design-USUP-mem:

$$(\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i) \vdash Q(i)) = (\prod i \in A \cdot P(i)) \vdash (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i) \Rightarrow Q(i))$$
 by $(rel-auto)$

```
lemma ndesign-USUP-mem [ndes-simp]:
  (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\bigcap i \in A \cdot p(i)) \vdash_n (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot \lceil p(i) \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow Q(i))
  by (rel-auto)
lemma ndesign-USUP-ind [ndes-simp]:
  (\bigsqcup i \cdot p(i) \vdash_n Q(i)) = (\prod i \cdot p(i)) \vdash_n (\bigsqcup i \cdot \lceil p(i) \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow Q(i))
  by (rel-auto)
1.7
         Refinement Introduction
lemma ndesign-eq-intro:
  assumes p_1 = q_1 P_2 = Q_2
  shows p_1 \vdash_n P_2 = q_1 \vdash_n Q_2
  by (simp add: assms)
theorem design-refinement:
  assumes
    \$ok \sharp P1 \$ok' \sharp P1 \$ok \sharp P2 \$ok' \sharp P2
    \$ok \sharp Q1 \$ok ' \sharp Q1 \$ok \sharp Q2 \$ok ' \sharp Q2
  shows (P1 \vdash Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash Q2) \longleftrightarrow (P1 \Rightarrow P2' \land P1 \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1')
proof -
  have (P1 \vdash Q1) \sqsubseteq (P2 \vdash Q2) \longleftrightarrow `(\$ok \land P2 \Rightarrow \$ok' \land Q2) \Rightarrow (\$ok \land P1 \Rightarrow \$ok' \land Q1)`
    by (pred-auto)
  also with assms have ... = (P2 \Rightarrow \$ok' \land Q2) \Rightarrow (P1 \Rightarrow \$ok' \land Q1)
    by (subst subst-bool-split[of in-var ok], simp-all, subst-tac)
  also with assms have ... = (\neg P2 \Rightarrow \neg P1) \land ((P2 \Rightarrow Q2) \Rightarrow P1 \Rightarrow Q1)
    by (subst subst-bool-split[of out-var ok], simp-all, subst-tac)
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow '(P1 \Rightarrow P2)' \land 'P1 \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'
    by (pred-auto)
  finally show ?thesis.
theorem rdesign-refinement:
  (P1 \vdash_r Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash_r Q2) \longleftrightarrow (`P1 \Rightarrow P2` \land `P1 \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1`)
  by (rel-auto)
{f lemma}\ design\mbox{-}refine\mbox{-}intro:
  assumes 'P1 \Rightarrow P2' 'P1 \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'
  shows P1 \vdash Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash Q2
  using assms unfolding upred-defs
  by (pred-auto)
lemma design-refine-intro':
  assumes P_2 \sqsubseteq P_1 \ Q_1 \sqsubseteq (P_1 \land Q_2)
  shows P_1 \vdash Q_1 \sqsubseteq P_2 \vdash Q_2
  using assms design-refine-intro [of P_1 P_2 Q_2 Q_1] by (simp add: refBy-order)
\mathbf{lemma}\ rdesign\text{-}refine\text{-}intro:
  assumes 'P1 \Rightarrow P2' 'P1 \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'
  shows P1 \vdash_r Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash_r Q2
  using assms unfolding upred-defs
  by (pred-auto)
lemma rdesign-refine-intro':
  assumes P2 \sqsubseteq P1 \ Q1 \sqsubseteq (P1 \land Q2)
  shows P1 \vdash_r Q1 \sqsubseteq P2 \vdash_r Q2
```

```
using assms unfolding upred-defs
 by (pred-auto)
lemma ndesign-refinement:
 p1 \vdash_n Q1 \sqsubseteq p2 \vdash_n Q2 \longleftrightarrow (p1 \Rightarrow p2, \land [p1] < \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1)
 by (simp add: ndesign-def rdesign-def design-refinement unrest, rel-auto)
\mathbf{lemma}\ nde sign-refine-intro:
 assumes 'p1 \Rightarrow p2' '[p1]< \land Q2 \Rightarrow Q1'
 shows p1 \vdash_n Q1 \sqsubseteq p2 \vdash_n Q2
 using assms unfolding upred-defs
 by (pred-auto)
lemma design-top:
 (P \vdash Q) \sqsubseteq \top_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma design-bottom:
 \perp_D \sqsubseteq (P \vdash Q)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma design-refine-thms:
 assumes P \sqsubseteq Q
 shows 'pre_D(P) \Rightarrow pre_D(Q)' 'pre_D(P) \land post_D(Q) \Rightarrow post_D(P)'
 apply (metis assms design-pre-choice disj-comm disj-upred-def order-reft rdesign-refinement utp-pred-laws.le-iff-sup)
 apply (metis assms conj-comm design-post-choice disj-upred-def refBy-order semilattice-sup-class le-iff-sup
utp-pred-laws.inf.coboundedI1)
done
end
\mathbf{2}
      Design Healthiness Conditions
theory utp-des-healths
 imports utp-des-core
begin
2.1
       H1: No observation is allowed before initiation
```

```
definition H1:: ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \ where [upred\ defs]: H1(P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow P) lemma H1\ idem: H1\ (H1\ P) = H1(P) by (pred\ auto) lemma H1\ idem: P \sqsubseteq Q \Rightarrow H1(P) \sqsubseteq H1(Q) by (pred\ auto) lemma H1\ idem: Continuous: Continuous H1 by (rel\ auto) lemma H1\ idem: H1
```

```
by (pred-auto)
lemma H1-design-skip:
 H1(II) = II_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-cond: H1(P \triangleleft b \triangleright Q) = H1(P) \triangleleft b \triangleright H1(Q)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-conj: H1(P \land Q) = (H1(P) \land H1(Q))
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-disj: H1(P \lor Q) = (H1(P) \lor H1(Q))
 by (rel-auto)
lemma design-export-H1: (P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash H1(Q))
 by (rel-auto)
The H1 algebraic laws are valid only when \alpha(R) is homogeneous. This should maybe be gener-
alised.
theorem H1-algebraic-intro:
 assumes
   (true_h ;; R) = true_h
   (II_D ;; R) = R
 shows R is H1
proof -
 have R = (II_D ;; R) by (simp \ add: assms(2))
 also have \dots = (H1(II);; R)
   by (simp add: H1-design-skip)
 also have ... = ((\$ok \Rightarrow II) ;; R)
   by (simp add: H1-def)
 also have ... = (((\neg \$ok) ;; R) \lor R)
   by (simp add: impl-alt-def segr-or-distl)
 also have ... = ((((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) ;; R) \lor R)
   by (simp add: precond-right-unit unrest)
 also have ... = (((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) \lor R)
   by (metis\ assms(1)\ seqr-assoc)
 also have ... = (\$ok \Rightarrow R)
   by (simp add: impl-alt-def precond-right-unit unrest)
 finally show ?thesis by (metis H1-def Healthy-def')
qed
lemma nok-not-false:
 (\neg \$ok) \neq false
 by (pred-auto)
theorem H1-left-zero:
 assumes P is H1
 shows (true ;; P) = true
proof -
 from assms have (true ;; P) = (true ;; (\$ok \Rightarrow P))
   by (simp add: H1-def Healthy-def')
 also from assms have ... = (true ;; (\neg \$ok \lor P)) (is - = (?true ;; -))
   by (simp add: impl-alt-def)
```

```
also from assms have ... = ((?true ;; (\neg \$ok)) \lor (?true ;; P))
   using seqr-or-distr by blast
 also from assms have ... = (true \lor (true ;; P))
   by (simp add: nok-not-false precond-left-zero unrest)
 finally show ?thesis
   by (simp add: upred-defs urel-defs)
qed
theorem H1-left-unit:
 fixes P :: '\alpha \ hrel-des
 assumes P is H1
 shows (II_D ;; P) = P
proof -
 have (II_D ;; P) = ((\$ok \Rightarrow II) ;; P)
   by (metis H1-def H1-design-skip)
 also have ... = (((\neg \$ok) ;; P) \lor P)
   by (simp add: impl-alt-def seqr-or-distl)
 also from assms have ... = ((((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) ;; P) \lor P)
   by (simp add: precond-right-unit unrest)
 also have ... = (((\neg \$ok) ;; (true_h ;; P)) \lor P)
   by (simp add: seqr-assoc)
 also from assms have ... = (\$ok \Rightarrow P)
   by (simp add: H1-left-zero impl-alt-def precond-right-unit unrest)
 finally show ?thesis using assms
   by (simp add: H1-def Healthy-def')
qed
theorem H1-algebraic:
 P \text{ is } H1 \longleftrightarrow (true_h ;; P) = true_h \land (II_D ;; P) = P
 using H1-algebraic-intro H1-left-unit H1-left-zero by blast
theorem H1-nok-left-zero:
 fixes P :: '\alpha \ hrel-des
 assumes P is H1
 shows ((\neg \$ok) ;; P) = (\neg \$ok)
proof -
 have ((\neg \$ok) ;; P) = (((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h) ;; P)
   by (simp add: precond-right-unit unrest)
 also have ... = ((\neg \$ok) ;; true_h)
   by (metis H1-left-zero assms seqr-assoc)
 also have ... = (\neg \$ok)
   by (simp add: precond-right-unit unrest)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma H1-design:
 H1(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash Q)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-rdesign:
 H1(P \vdash_r Q) = (P \vdash_r Q)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-choice-closed [closure]:
  \llbracket P \text{ is } H1; Q \text{ is } H1 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \sqcap Q \text{ is } H1 \rrbracket
```

```
by (simp add: H1-def Healthy-def' disj-upred-def impl-alt-def semilattice-sup-class.sup-left-commute)
```

lemma *H1-inf-closed* [closure]:

 $\llbracket P \text{ is } H1; Q \text{ is } H1 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \sqcup Q \text{ is } H1$

```
by (rel-blast)
lemma H1-UINF:
 assumes A \neq \{\}
 shows H1(\bigcap i \in A \cdot P(i)) = (\bigcap i \in A \cdot H1(P(i)))
 using assms by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-Sup:
 assumes A \neq \{\} \ \forall \ P \in A. \ P \ is \ H1
 shows (   A) is H1
proof -
 from assms(2) have H1 ' A = A
   by (auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI)
 with H1-UINF[of A id, OF assms(1)] show ?thesis
   by (simp add: UINF-as-Sup-image Healthy-def, presburger)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma H1-USUP:
 shows H1(\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P(i)) = (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot H1(P(i)))
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-Inf [closure]:
 assumes \forall P \in A. P \text{ is } H1
 proof -
 from assms have H1 ' A = A
   by (auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI)
 with H1-USUP[of A id] show ?thesis
   by (simp add: USUP-as-Inf-image Healthy-def, presburger)
qed
lemma msubst-H1: (\bigwedge x. \ P \ x \ is \ H1) \Longrightarrow P \ x[\![x \to v]\!] is H1
 by (rel-auto)
2.2
       H2: A specification cannot require non-termination
definition J :: '\alpha \ hrel-des \ \mathbf{where}
[upred-defs]: J = ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \land [II]_D)
definition H2 where
[upred-defs]: H2(P) \equiv P;; J
lemma J-split:
 shows (P ;; J) = (P^f \lor (P^t \land \$ok'))
proof -
 have (P :: J) = (P :: ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \land \lceil II \rceil_D))
   by (simp add: H2-def J-def design-def)
 also have ... = (P : (\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok \land \$ok') \land [II]_D))
   by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = ((P :: (\neg \$ok \land \lceil II \rceil_D)) \lor (P :: (\$ok \land (\lceil II \rceil_D \land \$ok'))))
   by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = (P^f \lor (P^t \land \$ok'))
```

```
proof -
    have (P :: (\neg \$ok \land \lceil II \rceil_D)) = P^f
      have (P : (\neg \$ok \land \lceil II \rceil_D)) = ((P \land \neg \$ok') : \lceil II \rceil_D)
        by (rel-auto)
      also have ... = (\exists \$ok' \cdot P \land \$ok' =_u false)
        by (rel-auto)
      also have \dots = P^f
        by (metis C1 one-point out-var-uvar unrest-as-exists ok-vwb-lens vwb-lens-mwb)
     finally show ?thesis.
    moreover have (P :: (\$ok \land (\lceil II \rceil_D \land \$ok'))) = (P^t \land \$ok')
    proof -
      have (P ;; (\$ok \land (\lceil II \rceil_D \land \$ok'))) = (P ;; (\$ok \land II))
        by (rel-auto)
      also have \dots = (P^t \wedge \$ok')
        by (rel-auto)
      finally show ?thesis.
    \mathbf{qed}
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by simp
  qed
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma H2-split:
  shows H2(P) = (P^f \vee (P^t \wedge \$ok'))
  by (simp add: H2-def J-split)
theorem H2-equivalence:
  P \text{ is } H2 \longleftrightarrow {}^{\iota}P^f \Rightarrow P^t {}^{\iota}
proof -
  have P \Leftrightarrow (P :; J) \longleftrightarrow P \Leftrightarrow (P^f \lor (P^t \land \$ok'))
    by (simp add: J-split)
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow '(P \Leftrightarrow P^f \vee P^t \wedge \$ok')^f \wedge (P \Leftrightarrow P^f \vee P^t \wedge \$ok')^t'
    by (simp add: subst-bool-split)
  also have ... = (P^f \Leftrightarrow P^{\bar{f}}) \land (P^t \Leftrightarrow P^f \lor P^t)
    \mathbf{by} subst-tac
  also have ... = P^t \Leftrightarrow (P^f \vee P^t)
    by (pred-auto robust)
  also have ... = (P^f \Rightarrow P^t)
    by (pred-auto)
  \textbf{finally show} ~? the sis
    \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{H2-def}\ \mathit{Healthy-def'}\ \mathit{taut-iff-eq})
qed
lemma H2-equiv:
  P \text{ is } H2 \longleftrightarrow P^t \sqsubseteq P^f
  using H2-equivalence refBy-order by blast
lemma H2-design:
  assumes \$ok' \sharp P \$ok' \sharp Q
  shows H2(P \vdash Q) = P \vdash Q
  using assms
  by (simp add: H2-split design-def usubst unrest, pred-auto)
```

```
lemma H2-rdesign:
  H2(P \vdash_r Q) = P \vdash_r Q
 by (simp add: H2-design unrest rdesign-def)
theorem J-idem:
  (J ;; J) = J
 by (rel-auto)
theorem H2-idem:
  H2(H2(P)) = H2(P)
 by (metis H2-def J-idem seqr-assoc)
theorem H2-Continuous: Continuous H2
 by (rel-auto)
theorem H2-not-okay: H2 (\neg \$ok) = (\neg \$ok)
  have H2 (\neg \$ok) = ((\neg \$ok)^f \lor ((\neg \$ok)^t \land \$ok'))
   by (simp add: H2-split)
  also have ... = (\neg \$ok \lor (\neg \$ok) \land \$ok')
   by (subst-tac)
  also have \dots = (\neg \$ok)
   by (pred-auto)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma H2-true: H2(true) = true
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H2-choice-closed [closure]:
  \llbracket \ P \ \textit{is H2}; \ Q \ \textit{is H2} \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \ \sqcap \ Q \ \textit{is H2}
 by (metis H2-def Healthy-def' disj-upred-def seqr-or-distl)
lemma H2-inf-closed [closure]:
 assumes P is H2 Q is H2
 shows P \sqcup Q is H2
proof -
 have P \sqcup Q = (P^f \vee P^t \wedge \$ok') \sqcup (Q^f \vee Q^t \wedge \$ok')
   by (metis\ H2\text{-}def\ Healthy\text{-}def\ J\text{-}split\ assms}(1)\ assms(2))
 moreover have H2(...) = ...
   by (simp add: H2-split usubst, pred-auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   by (simp add: Healthy-def)
qed
lemma H2\text{-}USUP:
 shows H2(\bigcap i \in A \cdot P(i)) = (\bigcap i \in A \cdot H2(P(i)))
 by (rel-auto)
theorem H1-H2-commute:
  H1 (H2 P) = H2 (H1 P)
proof -
 have H2 (H1 P) = ((\$ok \Rightarrow P) ;; J)
   by (simp add: H1-def H2-def)
```

```
also have ... = ((\neg \$ok \lor P) ;; J)
   \mathbf{by} (rel-auto)
  also have ... = (((\neg \$ok) ;; J) \lor (P ;; J))
   using segr-or-distl by blast
  also have ... = ((H2 (\neg \$ok)) \lor H2(P))
   by (simp \ add: H2\text{-}def)
  also have ... = ((\neg \$ok) \lor H2(P))
   by (simp add: H2-not-okay)
 also have ... = H1(H2(P))
   by (rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
2.3
        Designs as H1-H2 predicates
abbreviation H1-H2 :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des (H) where
H1-H2 P \equiv H1 (H2 P)
lemma H1-H2-comp: \mathbf{H} = H1 \circ H2
 by (auto)
theorem H1-H2-eq-design:
 \mathbf{H}(P) = (\neg\ P^f) \vdash P^t
proof -
 have \mathbf{H}(P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow H2(P))
   by (simp add: H1-def)
 also have ... = (\$ok \Rightarrow (P^f \lor (P^t \land \$ok')))
   by (metis H2-split)
 also have ... = (\$ok \land (\neg P^f) \Rightarrow \$ok' \land \$ok \land P^t)
   by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t
   by (rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
theorem H1-H2-is-design:
  assumes P is H1 P is H2
 shows P = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t
 using assms by (metis H1-H2-eq-design Healthy-def)
theorem H1-H2-eq-rdesign:
 \mathbf{H}(P) = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)
proof -
  have \mathbf{H}(P) = (\$ok \Rightarrow H2(P))
   by (simp add: H1-def Healthy-def')
 also have \dots = (\$ok \Rightarrow (P^f \lor (P^t \land \$ok')))
   by (metis H2-split)
  also have ... = (\$ok \land (\neg P^f) \Rightarrow \$ok' \land P^t)
   by (pred-auto)
  also have ... = (\$ok \land (\neg P^f) \Rightarrow \$ok' \land \$ok \land P^t)
   by (pred-auto)
  also have ... = (\$ok \land \lceil pre_D(P) \rceil_D \Rightarrow \$ok' \land \$ok \land \lceil post_D(P) \rceil_D)
   by (simp add: ok-post ok-pre)
  also have ... = (\$ok \land \lceil pre_D(P) \rceil_D \Rightarrow \$ok' \land \lceil post_D(P) \rceil_D)
   by (pred-auto)
```

also have ... = $pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)$

```
by (simp add: rdesign-def design-def)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
theorem H1-H2-is-rdesign:
 assumes P is H1 P is H2
 shows P = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)
 by (metis\ H1-H2-eq-rdesign\ Healthy-def\ assms(1)\ assms(2))
lemma H1-H2-refinement:
 assumes P is H Q is H
 shows P \sqsubseteq Q \longleftrightarrow (`pre_D(P) \Rightarrow pre_D(Q)` \land `pre_D(P) \land post_D(Q) \Rightarrow post_D(P)`)
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if assms rdesign-refinement)
lemma H1-H2-refines:
 assumes P is \mathbf{H} Q is \mathbf{H} P \sqsubseteq Q
 shows pre_D(Q) \sqsubseteq pre_D(P) \ post_D(P) \sqsubseteq (pre_D(P) \land post_D(Q))
 using H1-H2-refinement assms refBy-order by auto
lemma H1-H2-idempotent: \mathbf{H} (\mathbf{H} P) = \mathbf{H} P
 by (simp add: H1-H2-commute H1-idem H2-idem)
lemma H1-H2-Idempotent [closure]: Idempotent H
 by (simp add: Idempotent-def H1-H2-idempotent)
lemma H1-H2-monotonic [closure]: Monotonic H
 by (simp add: H1-monotone H2-def mono-def seqr-mono)
lemma H1-H2-Continuous [closure]: Continuous H
 by (simp add: Continuous-comp H1-Continuous H1-H2-comp H2-Continuous)
lemma H1-H2-false: H false = \top_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-H2-true: H true = \perp_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma design-is-H1-H2 [closure]:
  \llbracket \$ok' \sharp P; \$ok' \sharp Q \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (P \vdash Q) \text{ is } \mathbf{H}
 by (simp add: H1-design H2-design Healthy-def')
lemma rdesign-is-H1-H2 [closure]:
 (P \vdash_r Q) is \mathbf{H}
 by (simp add: Healthy-def H1-rdesign H2-rdesign)
lemma top-d-is-H1-H2 [closure]: \top_D is H
 by (simp add: H1-def H2-not-okay Healthy-intro impl-alt-def)
lemma bot-d-is-H1-H2 [closure]: \perp_D is H
 by (simp add: bot-d-def closure unrest)
lemma seq-r-H1-H2-closed [closure]:
 assumes P is H Q is H
 shows (P ;; Q) is H
proof -
```

```
obtain P_1 P_2 where P = P_1 \vdash_r P_2
       by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-idem Healthy-def assms(1))
    moreover obtain Q_1 Q_2 where Q = Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2
     by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-idem Healthy-def assms(2))
    moreover have ((P_1 \vdash_r P_2) ;; (Q_1 \vdash_r Q_2)) is H
       by (simp add: rdesign-composition rdesign-is-H1-H2)
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma H1-H2-left-unit: P is \mathbf{H} \Longrightarrow II_D;; P = P
    by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-def' rdesign-left-unit)
lemma UINF-H1-H2-closed [closure]:
    assumes A \neq \{\} \ \forall \ P \in A. \ P \ is \mathbf{H}
    shows (  A) is H1-H2
proof -
    from assms have A: A = H1-H2 ' A
       by (auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI)
    by (simp add: UINF-as-Sup-collect)
    also have ... = (  P \in A \cdot (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t )
       by (meson H1-H2-eq-design)
    by (simp add: design-UINF-mem assms)
    also have ... is H1-H2
       by (simp add: design-is-H1-H2 unrest)
   finally show ?thesis.
qed
definition design-inf :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des set \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des (\square_D - [900] 900) where
\bigcap_D A = (if (A = \{\}) then \top_D else \bigcap_A)
abbreviation design-sup :: (\alpha, \beta) rel-des set \Rightarrow (\alpha, \beta) rel-des (\beta rel-des (
\bigsqcup_D A \equiv \bigsqcup A
lemma design-inf-H1-H2-closed:
    assumes \forall P \in A. P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}
   shows (\prod_D A) is H
    apply (auto simp add: design-inf-def closure)
   apply (simp add: H1-def H2-not-okay Healthy-def impl-alt-def)
   apply (metis H1-def Healthy-def UINF-H1-H2-closed assms empty-iff impl-alt-def)
done
lemma design-sup-empty [simp]: \prod_{D} \{\} = \top_{D}
   by (simp add: design-inf-def)
lemma design-sup-non-empty [simp]: A \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow \prod_D A = \prod_A A
   by (simp add: design-inf-def)
lemma USUP-mem-H1-H2-closed:
   assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P i is H
   shows (\bigsqcup i \in A \cdot P i) is H
proof -
    by (auto intro: USUP-cong simp add: Healthy-def)
```

```
by (meson H1-H2-eq-design)
 also have ... = ([ i \in A \cdot \neg (P i)^f) \vdash ([ i \in A \cdot \neg (P i)^f) \Rightarrow (P i)^t)
   by (simp add: design-USUP-mem)
 also have ... is H
   by (simp add: design-is-H1-H2 unrest)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma USUP-ind-H1-H2-closed:
 assumes \bigwedge i. P i is H
 shows (    i \cdot P i ) is H
 using assms USUP-mem-H1-H2-closed[of UNIV P] by simp
lemma Inf-H1-H2-closed:
 assumes \forall P \in A. P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}
 shows (| | A) is H
proof -
  from assms have A: A = \mathbf{H} ' A
   by (auto simp add: Healthy-def rev-image-eqI)
 by (simp add: USUP-as-Inf-collect)
 also have ... = (   P \in A \cdot (  P^f ) \vdash P^t )
   by (meson H1-H2-eq-design)
 also have ... = ( \bigcap P \in A \cdot \neg P^f ) \vdash ( \bigcup P \in A \cdot \neg P^f \Rightarrow P^t )
   by (simp add: design-USUP-mem)
 also have ... is H
   by (simp add: design-is-H1-H2 unrest)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma rdesign-ref-monos:
 assumes P is \mathbf{H} Q is \mathbf{H} P \sqsubseteq Q
 shows pre_D(Q) \sqsubseteq pre_D(P) \ post_D(P) \sqsubseteq (pre_D(P) \land post_D(Q))
 have r: P \sqsubseteq Q \longleftrightarrow (`pre_D(P) \Rightarrow pre_D(Q)` \land `pre_D(P) \land post_D(Q) \Rightarrow post_D(P)`)
   by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if assms(1) assms(2) rdesign-refinement)
 from r assms show pre_D(Q) \sqsubseteq pre_D(P)
   by (auto simp add: refBy-order)
 from r assms show post_D(P) \sqsubseteq (pre_D(P) \land post_D(Q))
   by (auto simp add: refBy-order)
qed
       H3: The design assumption is a precondition
definition H3::('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel\ des \ where
[upred-defs]: H3 (P) \equiv P ;; II_D
theorem H3-idem:
 H3(H3(P)) = H3(P)
 by (metis H3-def design-skip-idem segr-assoc)
theorem H3-mono:
  P \sqsubseteq Q \Longrightarrow H3(P) \sqsubseteq H3(Q)
 by (simp add: H3-def segr-mono)
```

```
theorem H3-Monotonic:
  Monotonic H3
  by (simp add: H3-mono mono-def)
theorem H3-Continuous: Continuous H3
  by (rel-auto)
theorem design\text{-}condition\text{-}is\text{-}H3:
 assumes out\alpha \sharp p
 shows (p \vdash Q) is H3
proof -
  have ((p \vdash Q) ;; II_D) = (\neg ((\neg p) ;; true)) \vdash (Q^t ;; II[[true/\$ok]])
   by (simp add: skip-d-alt-def design-composition-subst unrest assms)
  also have ... = p \vdash (Q^t ;; II[true/\$ok])
   using assms precond-equiv seqr-true-lemma by force
  also have ... = p \vdash Q
   by (rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis
   by (simp add: H3-def Healthy-def')
\mathbf{qed}
theorem rdesign-H3-iff-pre:
  P \vdash_r Q \text{ is } H3 \longleftrightarrow P = (P ;; true)
proof -
 have (P \vdash_r Q) ;; II_D = (P \vdash_r Q) ;; (true \vdash_r II)
   by (simp add: skip-d-def)
  also have ... = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true) \land \neg (Q ;; (\neg true))) \vdash_r (Q ;; II)
   by (simp add: rdesign-composition)
  also have ... = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true) \land \neg (Q ;; (\neg true))) \vdash_r Q
   by simp
  also have ... = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true)) \vdash_r Q
   by (pred-auto)
  finally have P \vdash_r Q \text{ is } H3 \longleftrightarrow P \vdash_r Q = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true)) \vdash_r Q
   by (metis H3-def Healthy-def')
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow P = (\neg ((\neg P) ;; true))
   by (metis rdesign-pre)
     thm segr-true-lemma
  also have ... \longleftrightarrow P = (P ;; true)
   by (simp add: segr-true-lemma)
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
theorem design-H3-iff-pre:
  assumes \$ok \ \sharp \ P \ \$ok' \ \sharp \ P \ \$ok \ \sharp \ Q \ \$ok' \ \sharp \ Q
  shows P \vdash Q \text{ is } H3 \longleftrightarrow P = (P ;; true)
proof -
 have P \vdash Q = |P|_D \vdash_r |Q|_D
   by (simp add: assms lift-desr-inv rdesign-def)
 moreover hence |P|_D \vdash_r |Q|_D is H3 \longleftrightarrow |P|_D = (|P|_D ;; true)
   using rdesign-H3-iff-pre by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
   by (metis assms(1,2) drop-desr-inv lift-desr-inv lift-dist-seq aext-true)
qed
```

theorem H1-H3-commute:

```
H1 (H3 P) = H3 (H1 P)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma skip-d-absorb-J-1:
  (II_D ;; J) = II_D
 by (metis H2-def H2-rdesign skip-d-def)
lemma skip-d-absorb-J-2:
 (J ;; II_D) = II_D
proof -
 have (J :: II_D) = ((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \land [II]_D) :: (true \vdash II)
   by (simp add: J-def skip-d-alt-def)
 also have ... = ((((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \land [II]_D)[false/\$ok']]; (true \vdash II)[false/\$ok])
                \vee (((\$ok \Rightarrow \$ok') \land \lceil II \rceil_D) \llbracket true / \$ok' \rrbracket ;; (true \vdash II) \llbracket true / \$ok \rrbracket))
   by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = ((\neg \$ok \land [II]_D ;; true) \lor ([II]_D ;; \$ok' \land [II]_D))
   by (rel-auto)
 also have ... = II_D
   by (rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma H2-H3-absorb:
 H2 (H3 P) = H3 P
 by (metis H2-def H3-def segr-assoc skip-d-absorb-J-1)
lemma H3-H2-absorb:
 H3 (H2 P) = H3 P
 by (metis H2-def H3-def seqr-assoc skip-d-absorb-J-2)
theorem H2-H3-commute:
 H2 (H3 P) = H3 (H2 P)
 by (simp add: H2-H3-absorb H3-H2-absorb)
theorem H3-design-pre:
 assumes \$ok \sharp p \ out \alpha \sharp p \ \$ok \sharp Q \ \$ok ' \sharp Q
 shows H3(p \vdash Q) = p \vdash Q
 using assms
 by (metis Healthy-def' design-H3-iff-pre precond-right-unit unrest-out \alpha-var ok-vwb-lens vwb-lens-mwb)
theorem H3-rdesign-pre:
 assumes out\alpha \sharp p
 shows H3(p \vdash_r Q) = p \vdash_r Q
 using assms
 by (simp add: H3-def)
theorem H3-ndesign: H3(p \vdash_n Q) = (p \vdash_n Q)
 by (simp add: H3-def ndesign-def unrest-pre-out\alpha)
theorem ndesign-is-H3 [closure]: p \vdash_n Q is H3
 by (simp add: H3-ndesign Healthy-def)
lemma msubst-pre-H3: (\bigwedge x. \ P \ x \ is \ H3) \Longrightarrow P \ x[x \to \lceil v \rceil < ] is H3
 by (rel-auto)
```

2.5 Normal Designs as H1-H3 predicates

```
A normal design [3] refers only to initial state variables in the precondition.
abbreviation H1-H3 :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des (N) where
H1-H3 p \equiv H1 (H3 p)
lemma H1-H3-comp: H1-H3 = H1 \circ H3
 by (auto)
theorem H1-H3-is-design:
 assumes P is H1 P is H3
 shows P = (\neg P^f) \vdash P^t
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-design H2-H3-absorb Healthy-def' assms(1) assms(2))
theorem H1-H3-is-rdesign:
 assumes P is H1 P is H3
 shows P = pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P)
 by (metis H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-H3-absorb Healthy-def' assms)
theorem H1-H3-is-normal-design:
 assumes P is H1 P is H3
 shows P = \lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor < \vdash_n post_D(P)
 by (metis H1-H3-is-rdesign assms drop-pre-inv ndesign-def precond-equiv rdesign-H3-iff-pre)
lemma H1-H3-idempotent: N(N P) = N P
 by (simp add: H1-H3-commute H1-idem H3-idem)
lemma H1-H3-Idempotent [closure]: Idempotent N
 by (simp add: Idempotent-def H1-H3-idempotent)
lemma H1-H3-monotonic [closure]: Monotonic N
 by (simp add: H1-monotone H3-mono mono-def)
lemma H1-H3-Continuous [closure]: Continuous N
 by (simp add: Continuous-comp H1-Continuous H1-H3-comp H3-Continuous)
lemma H1-H3-false: N false = \top_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-H3-true: N true = \bot_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma H1-H3-intro:
 assumes P is \mathbf{H} out\alpha \sharp pre_D(P)
 shows P is N
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-rdesign H3-rdesign-pre Healthy-def' assms)
lemma H1-H3-left-unit: P is \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow II_D ;; P = P
 by (metis H1-H2-left-unit H1-H3-commute H2-H3-absorb H3-idem Healthy-def)
lemma H1-H3-right-unit: P is \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow P;; II_D = P
 by (metis H1-H3-commute H3-def H3-idem Healthy-def)
lemma H1-H3-top-left: P is \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow \top_D ;; P = \top_D
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-design H2-H3-absorb Healthy-if design-top-left-zero)
```

```
lemma H1-H3-bot-left: P is \mathbf{N} \Longrightarrow \bot_D;; P = \bot_D
 by (metis H1-idem H1-left-zero Healthy-def bot-d-true)
lemma H1-H3-impl-H2 [closure]: P is \mathbf{N} \Longrightarrow P is \mathbf{H}
 by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-idem H2-H3-absorb Healthy-def')
lemma H1-H3-eq-design-d-comp: \mathbf{N}(P) = ((\neg P^f) \vdash P^t) :: II_D
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-design H1-H3-commute H3-H2-absorb H3-def)
lemma H1-H3-eq-design: \mathbf{N}(P) = (\neg (P^f :: true)) \vdash P^t
 apply (simp add: H1-H3-eq-design-d-comp skip-d-alt-def)
 apply (subst design-composition-subst)
 apply (simp-all add: usubst unrest)
 apply (rel-auto)
done
lemma H3-unrest-out-alpha-nok [unrest]:
 assumes P is N
 shows out\alpha \ \sharp \ P^f
proof -
 have P = (\neg (P^f ;; true)) \vdash P^t
   by (metis H1-H3-eq-design Healthy-def assms)
 also have out\alpha \sharp (...^f)
   by (simp add: design-def usubst unrest, rel-auto)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma H3-unrest-out-alpha [unrest]: P is \mathbf{N} \Longrightarrow out\alpha \sharp pre_D(P)
 by (metis H1-H3-commute H1-H3-is-rdesign H1-idem Healthy-def' precond-equiv rdesign-H3-iff-pre)
lemma ndesign-H1-H3 [closure]: p \vdash_n Q is N
 by (simp add: H1-rdesign H3-def Healthy-def' ndesign-def unrest-pre-out\alpha)
lemma ndesign-form: P is \mathbf{N} \Longrightarrow (\lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor \leftarrow_n post_D(P)) = P
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-H3-impl-H2 H3-unrest-out-alpha Healthy-def drop-pre-inv ndesign-def)
lemma des-bot-H1-H3 [closure]: \perp_D is N
 by (metis H1-design H3-def Healthy-def' design-false-pre design-true-left-zero skip-d-alt-def bot-d-def)
lemma des-top-is-H1-H3 [closure]: \top_D is N
 by (metis ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-miracle)
lemma skip-d-is-H1-H3 [closure]: II_D is N
 by (simp add: ndesign-H1-H3 skip-d-ndes-def)
lemma seq-r-H1-H3-closed [closure]:
 assumes P is N Q is N
 shows (P :; Q) is N
 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types})\ \mathit{H1-H2-eq-design}\ \mathit{H1-H3-eq-design-d-comp}\ \mathit{H1-H3-impl-H2}\ \mathit{Healthy-def}\ \mathit{assms}(1)
assms(2) seq-r-H1-H2-closed seqr-assoc)
lemma dcond-H1-H2-closed [closure]:
 assumes P is N Q is N
 shows (P \triangleleft b \triangleright_D Q) is N
```

```
by (metis assms ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-dcond ndesign-form)
lemma inf-H1-H2-closed [closure]:
  assumes P is N Q is N
 shows (P \sqcap Q) is N
 by (metis assms ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-choice ndesign-form)
lemma sup-H1-H2-closed [closure]:
  assumes P is N Q is N
 shows (P \sqcup Q) is N
 by (metis assms ndesign-H1-H3 ndesign-inf ndesign-form)
lemma ndes-segr-miracle:
  assumes P is N
 shows P :: \top_D = |pre_D P| < \vdash_n false
proof -
  have P ::  \top_D = (|pre_D(P)| < \vdash_n post_D(P)) :: (true \vdash_n false)
   by (simp add: assms ndesign-form ndesign-miracle)
 also have \dots = \lfloor pre_D \ P \rfloor_{\leq} \vdash_n false
   by (simp add: ndesign-composition-wp wp alpha)
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
{f lemma} ndes\text{-}seqr\text{-}abort:
 assumes P is N
 shows P :: \perp_D = (|pre_D P| < \land post_D P wlp false) \vdash_n false
proof
  have P :: \perp_D = (\lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor \leftarrow_n post_D(P)) :: (false \vdash_n false)
   by (simp add: assms bot-d-true ndesign-false-pre ndesign-form)
 also have ... = (|pre_D P| < \land post_D P wlp false) \vdash_n false
   by (simp add: ndesign-composition-wp alpha)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma USUP-ind-H1-H3-closed [closure]:
  \llbracket \land i. \ P \ i \ is \ \mathbf{N} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (\bigsqcup i \cdot P \ i) \ is \ \mathbf{N}
 by (rule H1-H3-intro, simp-all add: H1-H3-impl-H2 USUP-ind-H1-H2-closed preD-USUP-ind unrest)
lemma msubst-pre-H1-H3 [closure]: (\bigwedge x. P x \text{ is } \mathbf{N}) \Longrightarrow P x \llbracket x \to \lceil v \rceil_{<} \rrbracket \text{ is } \mathbf{N}
  by (metis H1-H3-right-unit H3-def Healthy-if Healthy-intro msubst-H1 msubst-pre-H3)
2.6
       H4: Feasibility
definition H_4 :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des where
[upred-defs]: H_4(P) = ((P;;true) \Rightarrow P)
theorem H4-idem:
  H4(H4(P)) = H4(P)
 by (rel-auto)
lemma is-H4-alt-def:
  P \text{ is } H4 \longleftrightarrow (P ;; true) = true
 by (rel-blast)
end
```

2.7 UTP theory of Designs

```
theory utp-des-theory imports utp-des-healths begin
```

2.8 UTP theories

```
{\bf interpretation}\ \textit{des-theory:}\ \textit{utp-theory-continuous}\ {\bf H}
 rewrites P \in carrier\ des\ theory.thy\ order \longleftrightarrow P\ is\ \mathbf{H}
 and carrier des-theory.thy-order \rightarrow carrier des-theory.thy-order \equiv \|\mathbf{H}\|_H \rightarrow \|\mathbf{H}\|_H
 and le des-theory.thy-order = (\sqsubseteq)
 and eq des-theory.thy-order = (=)
 and des-top: des-theory.utp-top = \top_D
 and des-bottom: des-theory.utp-bottom = \perp_D
proof -
 show utp-theory-continuous H
   by (unfold-locales, simp-all add: H1-H2-idempotent H1-H2-Continuous)
  then interpret utp-theory-continuous H
   by simp
 show utp-top = \top_D \ utp-bottom = \bot_D
   by (simp-all add: H1-H2-false healthy-top H1-H2-true healthy-bottom)
qed (simp-all)
interpretation ndes-theory: utp-theory-continuous N
 rewrites P \in carrier\ ndes\ theory.thy\ order \longleftrightarrow P\ is\ N
 and carrier ndes-theory.thy-order \rightarrow carrier ndes-theory.thy-order \equiv [\![\mathbf{N}]\!]_H \rightarrow [\![\mathbf{N}]\!]_H
 and le ndes-theory.thy-order = (\Box)
 and eq ndes-theory.thy-order = (=)
 and ndes-top: ndes-theory.utp-top = \top_D
 and ndes-bottom: ndes-theory.utp-bottom = \perp_D
proof -
 show utp-theory-continuous N
   by (unfold-locales, simp-all add: H1-H3-idempotent H1-H3-Continuous)
  then interpret utp-theory-continuous N
   by simp
 show utp\text{-}top = \top_D \ utp\text{-}bottom = \bot_D
   by (simp-all add: H1-H3-false healthy-top H1-H3-true healthy-bottom)
qed (simp-all)
interpretation des-left-unital: utp-theory-left-unital H II_D
 by (unfold-locales, simp-all add: H1-H2-left-unit closure)
interpretation ndes-unital: utp-theory-unital N II<sub>D</sub>
 by (unfold-locales, simp-all add: H1-H3-left-unit H1-H3-right-unit closure)
interpretation ndes-kleene: utp-theory-kleene N II D
 by (unfold-locales, simp add: ndes-top H1-H3-top-left)
abbreviation ndes-star :: - \Rightarrow - (-^{\star D} [999] 999) where
P^{\star D} \equiv ndes\text{-}unital.utp\text{-}star
```

2.9 Galois Connection

Example Galois connection between designs and relations. Based on Jim's example in COM-PASS deliverable D23.5.

```
definition [upred-defs]: Des(R) = \mathbf{H}(\lceil R \rceil_D \land \$ok')
definition [upred-defs]: Rel(D) = |D[true, true/\$ok, \$ok']|_D
lemma Des-design: Des(R) = true \vdash_r R
  by (rel-auto)
lemma Rel-design: Rel(P \vdash_r Q) = (P \Rightarrow Q)
  by (rel-auto)
interpretation Des-Rel-coretract:
  coretract \mathbf{H} \Leftarrow \langle Des, Rel \rangle \Rightarrow id
  rewrites
    \bigwedge \ x. \ x \in \mathit{carrier} \ \mathcal{X}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle \mathit{Des}, \mathit{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow \mathit{id} = (x \ \mathit{is} \ \mathbf{H}) \ \mathbf{and}
    \pi^*_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle Des, Rel \rangle \Rightarrow id = Rel \text{ and }
    le \ \mathcal{X}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle \mathit{Des}, \mathit{Rel} \rangle \Rightarrow \mathit{id} = (\sqsubseteq) \ \mathbf{and}
    le \ \mathcal{Y}_{\mathbf{H}} \Leftarrow \langle Des, Rel \rangle \Rightarrow id = (\sqsubseteq)
proof (unfold-locales, simp-all)
  show \bigwedge x. x is id
    by (simp add: Healthy-def)
\mathbf{next}
  show Rel \in \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H \to \llbracket id \rrbracket_H
    by (auto simp add: Rel-def Healthy-def)
next
  show Des \in [id]_H \to [H]_H
    by (auto simp add: Des-def Healthy-def H1-H2-commute H1-idem H2-idem)
  fix R :: ('a, 'b) \ urel
  show R \sqsubseteq Rel (Des R)
    by (simp add: Des-design Rel-design)
  fix R :: ('a, 'b) urel and D :: ('a, 'b) rel-des
  assume a: D is H
  then obtain D_1 D_2 where D: D = D_1 \vdash_r D_2
    by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H1-idem Healthy-def')
  show (Rel\ D \sqsubseteq R) = (D \sqsubseteq Des\ R)
  proof -
    have (D \sqsubseteq Des R) = (D_1 \vdash_r D_2 \sqsubseteq true \vdash_r R)
      by (simp add: D Des-design)
    also have ... = D_1 \wedge R \Rightarrow D_2
      by (simp add: rdesign-refinement)
    also have ... = ((D_1 \Rightarrow D_2) \sqsubseteq R)
      by (rel-auto)
    also have \dots = (Rel \ D \ \Box \ R)
      by (simp add: D Rel-design)
    finally show ?thesis ..
  qed
qed
```

From this interpretation we gain many Galois theorems. Some require simplification to remove superfluous assumptions.

```
thm Des-Rel-coretract.deflation[simplified]
thm Des-Rel-coretract.inflation
```

```
thm Des-Rel-coretract.upper-comp[simplified] thm Des-Rel-coretract.lower-comp
```

2.10 Fixed Points

```
notation des-theory.utp-lfp (\mu_D)
notation des-theory.utp-gfp (\nu_D)
notation ndes-theory.utp-lfp (\mu_N)
notation ndes-theory.utp-gfp (\nu_N)
syntax
  -dmu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (\mu_D - \cdot - [0, 10] 10)
  -dnu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (\nu_D - \cdot - [0, 10] 10)
  -ndmu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (\mu_N - \cdot - [0, 10] 10)
  -ndnu :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (\nu_N - \cdot \cdot - [0, 10] 10)
translations
  \mu_D X \cdot P == \mu_D (\lambda X. P)
  \nu_D X \cdot P == \nu_D (\lambda X. P)
  \mu_N X \cdot P == \mu_N (\lambda X. P)
 \nu_N \ X \cdot P == \nu_N \ (\lambda \ X. \ P)
thm des-theory.LFP-unfold
{f thm}\ des-theory.GFP-unfold
Specialise mu-refine-intro to designs.
\mathbf{lemma}\ design\text{-}mu\text{-}refine\text{-}intro\text{:}
  assumes \$ok' \sharp C \$ok' \sharp S (C \vdash S) \sqsubseteq F(C \vdash S) `C \Rightarrow (\mu_D F \Leftrightarrow \nu_D F)`
  shows (C \vdash S) \sqsubseteq \mu_D F
proof -
  from assms have (C \vdash S) \sqsubseteq \nu_D F
    by (simp add: design-is-H1-H2 des-theory.GFP-upperbound)
  with assms show ?thesis
    by (rel-auto, metis (no-types, lifting))
qed
lemma rdesign-mu-refine-intro:
  assumes (C \vdash_r S) \sqsubseteq F(C \vdash_r S) ` \lceil C \rceil_D \Rightarrow (\mu_D F \Leftrightarrow \nu_D F)`
  shows (C \vdash_r S) \sqsubseteq \mu_D F
  using assms by (simp add: rdesign-def design-mu-refine-intro unrest)
lemma H1-H2-mu-refine-intro:
  assumes P is \mathbf{H} P \subseteq F(P) '\lceil pre_D(P) \rceil_D \Rightarrow (\mu_D \ F \Leftrightarrow \nu_D \ F)'
  shows P \sqsubseteq \mu_D F
  by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if assms rdesign-mu-refine-intro)
```

Foundational theorem for recursion introduction using a well-founded relation. Contributed by Dr. Yakoub Nemouchi.

```
{\bf theorem}\ \textit{rdesign-mu-wf-refine-intro}:
```

```
assumes WF: wf R

and M: Monotonic F

and H: F \in \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H \to \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H

and induct\text{-}step:

\bigwedge st. (P \land \lceil e \rceil_{<} =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq F ((P \land (\lceil e \rceil_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q)
```

```
shows (P \vdash_r Q) \sqsubseteq \mu_D F
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ st
  have (P \land \lceil e \rceil_{<} =_{u} \ll st \gg) \vdash_{r} Q \sqsubseteq \mu_{D} F
  using WF proof (induction rule: wf-induct-rule)
    case (less\ st)
    hence \theta: (P \land (\lceil e \rceil_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq \mu_D F
      by rel-blast
    from MH
    have 1: \mu_D F \sqsubseteq F (\mu_D F)
      by (simp add: des-theory.LFP-lemma3 mono-Monotone-utp-order)
    from 0.1 have 2:(P \land (\lceil e \rceil_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q \sqsubseteq F (\mu_D F)
      by simp
    have 3: F((P \land (\lceil e \rceil_{<}, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_r Q) \sqsubseteq F(\mu_D F)
      by (simp \ add: \ \theta \ M \ mono D)
    have 4:(P \land \lceil e \rceil_{<} =_{u} \ll st \gg) \vdash_{r} Q \sqsubseteq \dots
      by (rule induct-step)
    show ?case
     using order-trans[OF 3 4] H M des-theory.LFP-lemma2 dual-order.trans mono-Monotone-utp-order
      by (metis (no-types) partial-object.simps(1) utp-order-def)
  \mathbf{qed}
  }
  thus ?thesis
    by (pred\text{-}simp)
ged
theorem ndesign-mu-wf-refine-intro':
                 WF: wf R
  assumes
    and
                M: Monotonic F
    and
                 H \colon F \in \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H \to \llbracket \mathbf{H} \rrbracket_H
    and induct-step:
    \bigwedge st. ((p \land e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq F ((p \land (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q)
  shows (p \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq \mu_D F
  using assms unfolding ndesign-def
  by (rule-tac rdesign-mu-wf-refine-intro of R F [p]_{<} e], simp-all add: alpha)
theorem ndesign-mu-wf-refine-intro:
  assumes
                 WF: wf R
                M: Monotonic F
    and
    and
                H: F \in [\![\mathbf{N}]\!]_H \to [\![\mathbf{N}]\!]_H
    and induct-step:
    \bigwedge st. ((p \land e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq F ((p \land (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q)
  shows (p \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq \mu_N F
proof -
  \mathbf{fix} \ st
  have (p \land e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq \mu_N F
  using WF proof (induction rule: wf-induct-rule)
    case (less\ st)
    hence \theta: (p \land (e, \ll st)_u \in \mathscr{R}) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq \mu_N F
      by rel-blast
    {f from}\ M\ H\ des\mbox{-}theory.LFP\mbox{-}lemma3\ mono\mbox{-}Monotone\mbox{-}utp\mbox{-}order
    have 1: \mu_N \ F \sqsubseteq F (\mu_N \ F)
      by (simp add: mono-Monotone-utp-order ndes-theory.LFP-lemma3)
```

```
from 0 1 have 2:(p \land (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq F (\mu_N F) by simp have 3: F ((p \land (e, \ll st \gg)_u \in_u \ll R \gg) \vdash_n Q) \sqsubseteq F (\mu_N F) by (simp \ add: \ 0 \ M \ mono D) have 4:(p \land e =_u \ll st \gg) \vdash_n Q \sqsubseteq \dots by (rule \ induct - step) show ?case using order-trans[OF 3 4] H M ndes-theory.LFP-lemma2 dual-order.trans mono-Monotone-utp-order by (metis \ (no\text{-}types) \ partial\text{-}object.simps(1) \ utp\text{-}order\text{-}def) qed } thus ?thesis by (pred\text{-}simp) qed end
```

3 Design Proof Tactics

```
theory utp-des-tactics
imports utp-des-theory
begin
```

The tactics split apart a healthy normal design predicate into its pre-postcondition form, using elimination rules, and then attempt to prove refinement conjectures.

```
named-theorems ND-elim
```

end

```
lemma ndes-elim: [P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}; \ Q(\lfloor pre_D(P) \rfloor \leftarrow_n post_D(P))] \implies Q(P)
 by (simp add: ndesign-form)
lemma ndes-ind-elim: [\![ \bigwedge i. \ P \ i \ is \ \mathbf{N}; \ Q(\lambda \ i. \ \lfloor pre_D(P \ i) \rfloor \rfloor < \vdash_n \ post_D(P \ i)) \ ]\!] \Longrightarrow Q(P)
 by (simp add: ndesign-form)
lemma ndes-split [ND-elim]: [P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}; \land pre \text{ post. } Q(pre \vdash_n post)] \implies Q(P)
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-H3-impl-H2 H3-unrest-out-alpha Healthy-def drop-pre-inv ndesign-def)
Use given closure laws (cls) to expand normal design predicates
method ndes-expand uses cls = (insert \ cls, (erule \ ND-elim)+)
Expand and simplify normal designs
method ndes-simp uses cls =
  ((ndes-expand cls: cls)?, (simp add: ndes-simp closure alpha usubst unrest wp prod.case-eq-if))
Attempt to discharge a refinement between two normal designs
method ndes-refine uses cls =
  (ndes-simp cls: cls; rule-tac ndesign-refine-intro; (insert cls; rel-simp; auto?))
Attempt to discharge an equality between two normal designs
method ndes-eq uses cls =
  (ndes-simp cls: cls; rule-tac antisym; rule-tac ndesign-refine-intro; (insert cls; rel-simp; auto?))
```

4 Imperative Programming in Designs

```
theory utp-des-prog
 imports \ utp\text{-}des\text{-}tactics
begin
```

4.1

```
Assignment
definition assigns-d :: '\alpha \ usubst \Rightarrow '\alpha \ hrel-des \ (\langle - \rangle_D) where
[upred-defs]: assigns-d \sigma = (true \vdash_r assigns-r \sigma)
syntax
  -assignmentd :: svids \Rightarrow uexprs \Rightarrow logic \ (infixr :=_D 62)
translations
  -assignmentd xs \ vs => CONST \ assigns-d \ (-mk-usubst \ (CONST \ id) \ xs \ vs)
  -assignmentd x \ v \le CONST assigns-d (CONST subst-upd (CONST id) x \ v)
  -assignmentd \ x \ v \le -assignmentd \ (-spvar \ x) \ v
 x,y:=_D u,v <= CONST \ assigns-d \ (CONST \ subst-upd \ (CONST \ subst-upd \ (CONST \ id) \ (CONST \ svar
x) \ u) \ (CONST \ svar \ y) \ v)
lemma assigns-d-is-H1-H2 [closure]: \langle \sigma \rangle_D is H
 by (simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-is-H1-H2)
lemma assigns-d-H1-H3 [closure]: \langle \sigma \rangle_D is N
  by (metis H1-rdesign H3-ndesign Healthy-def' aext-true assigns-d-def ndesign-def)
Designs are closed under substitutions on state variables only (via lifting)
lemma state-subst-H1-H2-closed [closure]:
  P \text{ is } \mathbf{H} \Longrightarrow [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger P \text{ is } \mathbf{H}
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign Healthy-if rdesign-is-H1-H2 state-subst-design)
lemma assigns-d-ndes-def [ndes-simp]:
  \langle \sigma \rangle_D = (true \vdash_n \langle \sigma \rangle_a)
  by (rel-auto)
lemma assigns-d-id [simp]: \langle id \rangle_D = II_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma assign-d-left-comp:
  (\langle f \rangle_D ;; (P \vdash_r Q)) = ([f]_s \dagger P \vdash_r [f]_s \dagger Q)
  by (simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition assigns-r-comp subst-not)
lemma assign-d-right-comp:
  ((P \vdash_r Q) ;; \langle f \rangle_D) = ((\neg ((\neg P) ;; true)) \vdash_r (Q ;; \langle f \rangle_a))
  by (simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition)
lemma assigns-d-comp:
  (\langle f \rangle_D ; ; \langle g \rangle_D) = \langle g \circ f \rangle_D
  by (simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition assigns-comp)
lemma assigns-d-comp-ext:
  assumes P is H
  shows (\langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; P) = [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger P
proof -
 have \langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; P = \langle \sigma \rangle_D ;; (pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P))
```

```
by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-idem Healthy-def' assms)
  also have ... = \lceil \sigma \rceil_s \dagger pre_D(P) \vdash_r \lceil \sigma \rceil_s \dagger post_D(P)
    by (simp add: assign-d-left-comp)
  also have ... = [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger (pre_D(P) \vdash_r post_D(P))
    by (rel-auto)
  also have ... = [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger P
    by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-rdesign H2-idem Healthy-def' assms)
 finally show ?thesis by (simp-all add: closure assms)
qed
Normal designs are closed under substitutions on state variables only
lemma state-subst-H1-H3-closed [closure]:
  P \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \Longrightarrow [\sigma \oplus_s \Sigma_D]_s \dagger P \text{ is } \mathbf{N}
 by (metis H1-H2-eq-rdesign H1-H3-impl-H2 Healthy-if assign-d-left-comp assigns-d-H1-H3 seq-r-H1-H3-closed
state-subst-design)
lemma H_4-assigns-d: \langle \sigma \rangle_D is H_4
proof -
  have (\langle \sigma \rangle_D ; ; (false \vdash_r true_h)) = (false \vdash_r true)
    by (simp add: assigns-d-def rdesign-composition assigns-r-feasible)
  moreover have \dots = true
    by (rel-auto)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using is-H4-alt-def by auto
qed
4.2
        Guarded Commands
definition GrdCommD :: '\alpha \ upred \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) \ rel-des \ \mathbf{where}
[upred-defs]: GrdCommD \ b \ P = P \triangleleft b \triangleright_D \top_D
syntax -GrdCommD :: uexp \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (- \rightarrow_D - [60, 61] 61)
translations - GrdCommD \ b \ P == CONST \ GrdCommD \ b \ P
lemma GrdCommD-ndes-simp [ndes-simp]:
  b \rightarrow_D (p_1 \vdash_n P_2) = ((b \Rightarrow p_1) \vdash_n (\lceil b \rceil < \land P_2))
 by (rel-auto)
lemma GrdCommD-H1-H3-closed [closure]: P is \mathbb{N} \Longrightarrow b \to_D P is \mathbb{N}
  by (simp add: GrdCommD-def closure)
lemma GrdCommD-true [simp]: true \rightarrow_D P = P
  by (rel-auto)
lemma GrdCommD-false [simp]: false \rightarrow_D P = \top_D
 by (rel-auto)
lemma GrdCommD-abort [simp]: b \rightarrow_D true = ((\neg b) \vdash_n false)
  by (rel-auto)
4.3
        Frames and Extensions
definition des-frame :: ('\alpha \Longrightarrow '\beta) \Rightarrow '\beta hrel-des \Rightarrow '\beta hrel-des where
```

```
[upred-defs]: des-frame x P = frame (ok +_L x ;_L \Sigma_D) P
```

definition des-frame-ext :: $('\alpha \Longrightarrow '\beta) \Rightarrow '\alpha \text{ hrel-des } \Rightarrow '\beta \text{ hrel-des }$ where

```
[upred-defs]: des-frame-ext a P = des-frame a (rel-aext P (lmap_D a))
syntax
                     :: salpha \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (-:[-]_D [99,0] 100)
  -des-frame-ext :: salpha \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (-:[-]_D^+ [99,0] 100)
translations
  -des-frame x P => CONST des-frame x P
  -des-frame (-salphaset (-salphamk x)) P \le CONST des-frame x P
  -des-frame-ext x P = > CONST des-frame-ext x P
  -des-frame-ext (-salphaset (-salphamk x)) P \le CONST des-frame-ext x P
lemma lmapD-rel-aext-ndes [ndes-simp]:
  (p \vdash_n Q) \oplus_r lmap_D[a] = (p \oplus_p a \vdash_n Q \oplus_r a)
  by (rel-auto)
         Alternation
4.4
consts
                   :: \ 'a \ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'p) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'r) \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow 'r
  ualtern
  ualtern-list :: ('a \times 'r) list \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow 'r
definition AlternateD :: 'a set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow '\alpha upred) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des) \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha,
'\beta) rel-des where
[upred-defs, ndes-simp]:
AlternateD\ A\ g\ P\ Q = ( \ \bigcap\ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow_D P(i) ) \ \cap \ (( \bigwedge\ i \in A \cdot \neg\ g(i)) \rightarrow_D Q)
This lemma shows that our generalised alternation is the same operator as Marcel Oliveira's
definition of alternation when the else branch is abort.
{\bf lemma}\ Alternate D\text{-}abort\text{-}alternate:
  assumes \bigwedge i. P(i) is N
  shows
  AlternateD \ A \ g \ P \perp_D =
  ((\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \, \wedge \, (\bigwedge i \in A \cdot g(i) \Rightarrow \lfloor pre_D(P \ i) \rfloor_{<})) \, \vdash_n (\bigvee i \in A \cdot \lceil g(i) \rceil_{<} \, \wedge \, post_D(P \ i))
proof (cases\ A = \{\})
  case False
  have AlternateD A g P \perp_D =
         (\bigcap i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow_D ([pre_D(P i)] \subset \vdash_n post_D(P i))) \cap ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg g(i)) \rightarrow_D (false \vdash_n true))
    by (simp add: AlternateD-def ndesign-form bot-d-ndes-def assms)
  also have ... = ((\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \land (\bigwedge i \in A \cdot g(i) \Rightarrow \lfloor pre_D(P i) \rfloor_{<})) \vdash_n (\bigvee i \in A \cdot \lceil g(i) \rceil_{<} \land post_D(P i))
i))
    by (simp add: ndes-simp False, rel-auto)
  finally show ?thesis by simp
next
  case True
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: AlternateD-def, rel-auto)
qed
definition AlternateD-list :: ('\alpha upred \times ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des) list \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des
[upred-defs, ndes-simp]:
```

AlternateD $\{0..< length\ xs\}\ (\lambda\ i.\ map\ fst\ xs\ !\ i)\ (\lambda\ i.\ map\ snd\ xs\ !\ i)\ P$

AlternateD-list xs P =

adhoc-overloading

```
ualtern AlternateD and
ualtern-list AlternateD-list
```

nonterminal gcomm and gcomms

```
syntax
  -altind-els :: pttrn \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (if - \in - \cdot - \to - else - fi)
  -altind
                 :: pttrn \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (if - \in - \cdot - \rightarrow - fi)
  -qcomm
                   :: uexp \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow gcomm (- \rightarrow - [60, 60] 61)
  -gcomm-nil :: gcomm \Rightarrow gcomms (-)
  -gcomm-cons :: gcomm \Rightarrow gcomms \Rightarrow gcomms (- |/ - [60, 61] 61)
  -gcomm-show :: logic \Rightarrow logic
  -altgcomm-els :: gcomms \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (if / - /else - /fi)
  -altqcomm
                   :: qcomms \Rightarrow logic (if / - /fi)
translations
  -altind-els x A g P Q => CONST ualtern A (\lambda x. g) (\lambda x. P) Q
  -altind-els x A g P Q \leq CONST ualtern A (\lambda x. g) (\lambda x'. P) Q
  -altind x A g P = CONST \ ualtern A (\lambda x. g) (\lambda x. P) (CONST \ Orderings.top)
  -altind x \land g \mid P \le CONST \mid ualtern \mid A \mid (\lambda \mid x. \mid g) \mid (\lambda \mid x'. \mid P) \mid (CONST \mid Orderings.top)
  -altgcomm \ cs => CONST \ ualtern-list \ cs \ (CONST \ Orderings.top)
  -altgcomm (-gcomm-show \ cs) <= CONST \ ualtern-list \ cs \ (CONST \ Orderings.top)
  -altgcomm-els cs P => CONST ualtern-list cs P
  -altgcomm-els (-gcomm-show cs) P \le CONST ualtern-list cs P
  -gcomm\ g\ P => (g,\ P)
  -gcomm \ g \ P \le -gcomm - show \ (g, \ P)
  -gcomm-cons \ c \ cs => c \ \# \ cs
  -gcomm-cons (-gcomm-show c) (-gcomm-show (d \# cs)) <= -gcomm-show (c \# d \# cs)
  -gcomm-nil\ c => [c]
  -gcomm-nil\ (-gcomm-show\ c) <= -gcomm-show\ [c]
lemma AlternateD-H1-H3-closed [closure]:
  assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P i \text{ is } \mathbf{N} Q \text{ is } \mathbf{N}
  shows if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to P(i) else Q fi is N
proof (cases A = \{\})
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: AlternateD-def closure false-upred-def assms)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: AlternateD-def closure assms)
qed
lemma AltD-ndes-simp [ndes-simp]:
  if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to (P_1(i) \vdash_n P_2(i)) else Q_1 \vdash_n Q_2 fi
   = ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot g \ i \Rightarrow P_1 \ i) \land ((\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg g \ i) \Rightarrow Q_1)) \vdash_n
     ((\bigvee i \in A \cdot \lceil g \mid i \rceil < \land P_2 \mid i) \lor (\bigwedge i \in A \cdot \neg \lceil g \mid i \rceil <) \land Q_2)
proof (cases\ A = \{\})
  then show ?thesis by (simp add: AlternateD-def)
next
  {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
```

```
then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ndes-simp, rel-auto)
qed
declare UINF-upto-expand-first [ndes-simp]
declare UINF-Suc-shift [ndes-simp]
declare USUP-upto-expand-first [ndes-simp]
declare USUP-Suc-shift [ndes-simp]
declare true-upred-def [THEN sym, ndes-simp]
\mathbf{lemma}\ Alternate D\text{-}mono\text{-}refine:
  assumes \bigwedge i. P i \sqsubseteq Q i R \sqsubseteq S
 shows (if i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) else R fi) \sqsubseteq (if i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow Q(i) else S fi)
  using assms by (rel-auto, meson)
lemma Monotonic-AlternateD [closure]:
  \llbracket \bigwedge i. \ Monotonic \ (Fi); \ Monotonic \ G \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow Monotonic \ (\lambda \ X. \ if \ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow Fi \ X \ else \ G(X) \ fi)
 by (rel-auto, meson)
lemma AlternateD-eq:
  assumes A = B \land i. i \in A \Longrightarrow g(i) = h(i) \land i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P(i) = Q(i) R = S
  shows if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to P(i) else R fi = if i \in B \cdot h(i) \to Q(i) else S fi
 by (insert assms, rel-blast)
lemma AlternateD-empty:
  if i \in \{\} \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) else Q fi = Q
 by (rel-auto)
\mathbf{lemma}\ Alternate D\text{-}true\text{-}singleton:
 assumes P is N
 \mathbf{shows} \ \mathit{if} \ \mathit{true} \, \rightarrow \mathit{P} \, \mathit{fi} \, = \mathit{P}
 by (ndes-eq cls: assms)
lemma AlernateD-no-ind:
  assumes A \neq \{\} P is N Q is N
 shows if i \in A \cdot b \rightarrow P else Q fi = if b \rightarrow P else Q fi
 by (ndes-eq cls: assms)
lemma AlernateD-singleton:
  assumes P k is N Q is N
 shows if i \in \{k\} \cdot b(i) \to P(i) else Q fi = if b(k) \to P(k) else Q fi (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof -
  have ?lhs = if i \in \{k\} \cdot b(k) \rightarrow P(k) else Q fi
   by (auto intro: AlternateD-eq simp add: assms ndesign-form)
 also have \dots = ?rhs
    by (simp add: AlernateD-no-ind assms closure)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
lemma AlternateD-commute:
 assumes P is N Q is N
 shows if g_1 \rightarrow P \mid g_2 \rightarrow Q fi = if g_2 \rightarrow Q \mid g_1 \rightarrow P fi
 by (ndes-eq cls:assms)
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{AlternateD-dcond} :$

```
assumes P is N Q is N
  shows if g \to P else Q fi = P \triangleleft g \triangleright_D Q
  by (ndes-eq cls:assms)
lemma AlternateD-cover:
  assumes P is N Q is N
  shows if g \to P else Q fi = if g \to P \mid (\neg g) \to Q fi
 by (ndes-eq cls: assms)
lemma UINF-ndes-expand:
 assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P(i) is N
 shows ( \bigcap i \in A \cdot \lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor \leftarrow post_D(P(i)) ) = ( \bigcap i \in A \cdot P(i) )
 by (rule UINF-cong, simp add: assms ndesign-form)
lemma USUP-ndes-expand:
  assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P(i) is N
 shows (| \mid i \in A \cdot | pre_D(P(i)) | < \vdash_n post_D(P(i))) = (| \mid i \in A \cdot P(i))
  by (rule USUP-cong, simp add: assms ndesign-form)
lemma AlternateD-ndes-expand:
  assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P(i) is \mathbb{N} Q is \mathbb{N}
  shows if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to P(i) else Q fi =
         if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to (\lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor \subset \vdash_n post_D(P(i))) else \lfloor pre_D(Q) \rfloor \subset \vdash_n post_D(Q) fi
 apply (simp add: AlternateD-def)
  apply (subst UINF-ndes-expand[THEN sym])
  apply (simp add: assms closure)
  apply (ndes-simp cls: assms)
 apply (rel-auto)
  done
lemma AlternateD-ndes-expand':
 assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P(i) is N
 shows if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to P(i) fi = if i \in A \cdot g(i) \to (\lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor < \vdash_n post_D(P(i))) fi
 apply (simp add: AlternateD-def)
  apply (subst UINF-ndes-expand[THEN sym])
  apply (simp add: assms closure)
 apply (ndes-simp cls: assms)
 apply (rel-auto)
 done
lemma ndesign-ind-form:
  assumes \bigwedge i. P(i) is \mathbb{N}
  shows (\lambda i. \lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor \leftarrow post_D(P(i))) = P
  by (simp add: assms ndesign-form)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{AlternateD-insert}\colon
 assumes \bigwedge i. i \in (insert \ x \ A) \Longrightarrow P(i) is \mathbf{N} Q is \mathbf{N}
 shows if i \in (insert \ x \ A) \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) else Q \ fi =
         if g(x) \to P(x)
            (\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \rightarrow if i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) fi
            else Q
         fi (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof -
  have ?lhs = if i \in (insert \ x \ A) \cdot g(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor pre_D(P(i)) \rfloor \langle \vdash_n post_D(P(i)) \rangle else (\lfloor pre_D(Q) \rfloor \langle \vdash_n post_D(P(i)) \rangle \rangle
post_D(Q)) fi
```

```
using AlternateD-ndes-expand assms(1) assms(2) by blast
 also
 have ... =
       if g(x) \to (|pre_D(P(x))| < \vdash_n post_D(P(x)))
          (\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \rightarrow if i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow |pre_D(P(i))| < \vdash_n post_D(P(i)) fi
          else |pre_D(Q)| < \vdash_n post_D(Q)
   by (ndes-simp cls:assms, rel-auto)
 also have \dots = ?rhs
   by (simp add: AlternateD-ndes-expand' ndesign-form assms)
 finally show ?thesis.
qed
4.5
       Iteration
theorem ndesign-iteration-wlp [ndes-simp]:
 (p \vdash_n Q) ;; (p \vdash_n Q) \hat{\ } n = ((\bigwedge i \in \{0..n\} \cdot (Q \hat{\ } i) \ wlp \ p) \vdash_n Q \hat{\ } Suc \ n)
proof (induct n)
 case \theta
 then show ?case by (rel-auto)
 case (Suc n) note hyp = this
 have (p \vdash_n Q);; (p \vdash_n Q) \hat{} Suc n = (p \vdash_n Q);; (p \vdash_n Q);; (p \vdash_n Q) \hat{} n
   by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc)
 by (simp \ add: hyp)
 also have ... = (p \land Q \ wlp \ (\bigsqcup \ i \in \{0..n\} \cdot Q \ \hat{\ } i \ wlp \ p)) \vdash_n (Q \ ;; \ Q) \ ;; \ Q \ \hat{\ } n
   by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc ndesign-composition-wp segr-assoc)
 by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc wp)
 by (simp add: USUP-as-Inf-image)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def image-Suc-atLeastAtMost image-cong image-image)
 also have ... = (Q \hat{\ } 0 \text{ wlp } p \land (\bigsqcup \ i \in \{1..Suc \ n\}. \ Q \hat{\ } i \text{ wlp } p)) \vdash_n (Q ;; \ Q) ;; \ Q \hat{\ } n
   by (simp \ add: wp)
 by (simp add: atMost-Suc-eq-insert-0 atLeast0AtMost conj-upred-def image-Suc-atMost)
 also have ... = (| \mid i \in \{0..Suc\ n\} \cdot Q \hat{\ } i \ wlp\ p) \vdash_n Q \hat{\ } Suc\ (Suc\ n)
   by (simp add: upred-semiring.power-Suc USUP-as-Inf-image upred-semiring.mult-assoc)
 finally show ?case.
qed
Overloadable Syntax
consts
              :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'p) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'r) \Rightarrow 'r
 uiterate-list :: ('a \times 'r) list <math>\Rightarrow 'r
syntax
              :: pttrn \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow uexp \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (do - \in - \cdot - \to - od)
 -iterind
                :: gcomms \Rightarrow logic (do - od)
 -itergcomm
translations
 -iterind x A g P = CONST \text{ uiterate } A (\lambda x. g) (\lambda x. P)
 -iterind x A g P \le CONST \text{ uiterate } A (\lambda x. g) (\lambda x'. P)
 -itergcomm \ cs => CONST \ uiterate-list \ cs
```

```
-itergcomm (-gcomm-show \ cs) <= CONST \ uiterate-list \ cs
definition IterateD :: 'a set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow '\alpha upred) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow '\alpha hrel-des) \Rightarrow '\alpha hrel-des where
[upred-defs, ndes-simp]:
IterateD A g P = (\mu_N X \cdot if i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) ;; X else II_D fi)
definition IterateD-list :: ('\alpha upred \times '\alpha hrel-des) list \Rightarrow '\alpha hrel-des where
[upred-defs, ndes-simp]:
IterateD-list xs = IterateD \{0... < length xs\} (\lambda i. fst (nth xs i)) (\lambda i. snd (nth xs i))
adhoc-overloading
  uiterate IterateD and
  uiterate-list IterateD-list
lemma IterateD-H1-H3-closed [closure]:
  assumes \bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow P i is \mathbb{N}
 shows do i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) od is N
proof (cases\ A = \{\})
  case True
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: IterateD-def closure assms)
\mathbf{next}
  case False
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: IterateD-def closure assms)
ged
lemma IterateD-empty:
  do\ i \in \{\} \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i)\ od = II_D
  by (simp add: IterateD-def AlternateD-empty ndes-theory.LFP-const skip-d-is-H1-H3)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{IterateD-list-single-expand}:
  do b \rightarrow P od = (\mu_{NDES} X \cdot if b \rightarrow P ;; X else II_D fi)
oops
lemma IterateD-singleton:
  assumes P is N
  shows do b \rightarrow P od = do i \in \{0\} \cdot b \rightarrow P od
 apply (simp add: IterateD-list-def IterateD-def AlernateD-singleton assms)
 apply (subst AlernateD-singleton)
 apply (simp)
 apply (rel-auto)
oops
lemma IterateD-mono-refine:
  assumes
   \bigwedge i. P i is \mathbb{N} \bigwedge i. Q i is \mathbb{N}
   \bigwedge i. P i \sqsubseteq Q i
  shows (do \ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow P(i) \ od) \sqsubseteq (do \ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow Q(i) \ od)
  apply (simp add: IterateD-def ndes-theory.utp-lfp-def)
 apply (subst ndes-theory.utp-lfp-def)
 apply (simp-all add: closure assms)
 apply (subst ndes-theory.utp-lfp-def)
 apply (simp-all add: closure assms)
 apply (rule gfp-mono)
```

```
apply (rule AlternateD-mono-refine)
 apply (simp-all add: closure seqr-mono assms)
done
lemma IterateD-single-refine:
  assumes
    P \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \text{ } Q \text{ is } \mathbf{N} \text{ } P \sqsubseteq Q
 shows (do \ g \rightarrow P \ od) \sqsubseteq (do \ g \rightarrow Q \ od)
oops
lemma IterateD-refine-intro:
 fixes V :: (nat, 'a) \ uexpr
 assumes vwb-lens w
 shows
  I \vdash_n (w:[\lceil I \land \neg (\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i)) \rceil_{>}]) \sqsubseteq
  do \ i \in A \cdot g(i) \to (I \wedge g(i)) \vdash_n (w: [[I]_> \wedge [V]_> <_u [V]_<]) \ od
proof (cases\ A = \{\})
  case True
  with assms show ?thesis
    by (simp add: IterateD-empty, rel-auto)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  using assms
    apply (simp add: IterateD-def)
    apply (rule ndesign-mu-wf-refine-intro[where e=V and R=\{(x, y). x < y\}])
    apply (simp-all add: wf closure)
    apply (simp add: ndes-simp unrest)
    apply (rule ndesign-refine-intro)
    apply (rel-auto)
    apply (rel-auto)
    apply (metis mwb-lens.put-put vwb-lens-mwb)
  done
qed
lemma IterateD-single-refine-intro:
  fixes V :: (nat, 'a) \ uexpr
 assumes vwb-lens w
 shows
  I \vdash_n (w:[\lceil I \land \neg g \rceil_{>}]) \sqsubseteq
  do \ g \to ((I \land g) \vdash_n (w:[\lceil I \rceil_{>} \land \lceil V \rceil_{>} <_u \lceil V \rceil_{<}))) \ od
  apply (rule order-trans)
  defer
  apply (rule IterateD-refine-intro[of w \{0\} \lambda i. g I V, simplified, OF assms(1)])
 oops
        Let and Local Variables
4.6
definition LetD :: ('a, '\alpha) uexpr \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow '\alpha \text{ hrel-des}) \Rightarrow '\alpha \text{ hrel-des} where
[upred-defs]: Let D v P = (P x) [x \rightarrow [v]_{D < x}]
syntax
               :: [letbinds, 'a] \Rightarrow 'a
                                                        ((let_D (-)/in (-)) [0, 10] 10)
  -LetD
translations
  -LetD (-binds b bs) e \rightleftharpoons -LetD b (-LetD bs e)
```

```
\Rightarrow CONST LetD a (\lambda x. e)
  let_D x = a in e
lemma LetD-ndes-simp [ndes-simp]:
  Let D\ v\ (\lambda\ x.\ p(x) \vdash_n Q(x)) = (p(x) \llbracket x \to v \rrbracket) \vdash_n (Q(x) \llbracket x \to \lceil v \rceil < \rrbracket)
  by (rel-auto)
lemma LetD-H1-H3-closed [closure]:
  \llbracket \bigwedge x. \ P(x) \ is \ \mathbf{N} \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow LetD \ v \ P \ is \ \mathbf{N}
  by (rel-auto)
end
4.7
        Design Hoare Logic
{\bf theory}\ utp\text{-}des\text{-}hoare
 imports utp-des-prog
begin
definition HoareD :: 's upred \Rightarrow 's hrel-des \Rightarrow 's upred \Rightarrow bool (\{-\}-\{-\}_D) where
[upred-defs, ndes-simp]: HoareD p S q = ((p \vdash_n \lceil q \rceil_>) \sqsubseteq S)
lemma assigns-hoare-d [hoare-safe]: 'p \Rightarrow \sigma \dagger q' \Longrightarrow \{p\}\langle\sigma\rangle_D\{q\}_D
  by rel-auto
lemma skip-hoare-d: \{p\}II_D\{p\}_D
  by (rel-auto)
lemma assigns-backward-hoare-d:
  \{\sigma \dagger p\}\langle \sigma \rangle_D \{p\}_D
  \mathbf{by} rel-auto
lemma seq-hoare-d:
  assumes C is \mathbf N D is \mathbf N \{p\}C\{q\}_D \{q\}D\{r\}_D
  shows \{p\}C;; D\{r\}_D
proof -
  obtain c_1 C_2 where C: C = c_1 \vdash_n C_2
    by (metis assms(1) ndesign-form)
  obtain d_1 D_2 where D: D = d_1 \vdash_n D_2
    by (metis\ assms(2)\ ndesign-form)
  from assms(3-4) show ?thesis
    apply (simp \ add: \ C \ D)
    apply (ndes-simp)
    apply (simp add: ndesign-refinement)
    apply (rel-blast)
    done
qed
end
```

5 Design Weakest Preconditions

```
theory utp-des-wp
imports utp-des-prog utp-des-hoare
begin
```

```
definition wp-design :: ('\alpha, '\beta) rel-des \Rightarrow '\beta cond \Rightarrow '\alpha cond (infix wp<sub>D</sub> 60) where
[upred-defs]: Q \ wp_D \ r = (\lfloor pre_D(Q) \ ;; \ true :: ('\alpha, '\beta) \ urel \rfloor_{<} \land (post_D(Q) \ wlp \ r))
If two normal designs have the same weakest precondition for any given postcondition, then the
two designs are equivalent.
\textbf{theorem} \ \textit{wpd-eq-intro} : \llbracket \ \bigwedge \ r. \ (p_1 \vdash_n \ Q_1) \ \textit{wp}_D \ r = (p_2 \vdash_n \ Q_2) \ \textit{wp}_D \ r \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (p_1 \vdash_n \ Q_1) = (p_2 \vdash_n \ Q_2)
apply (rel-simp robust; metis curry-conv)
done
by (metis H1-H3-commute H1-H3-is-normal-design H3-idem Healthy-def' wpd-eq-intro)
lemma wp-d-abort [wp]: true wp<sub>D</sub> p = false
 by (rel-auto)
lemma wp-assigns-d [wp]: \langle \sigma \rangle_D wp_D r = \sigma \dagger r
 by (rel-auto)
theorem rdesign-wp [wp]:
 (\lceil p \rceil_{<} \vdash_{r} Q) wp_{D} r = (p \land Q wlp r)
 by (rel-auto)
theorem ndesign-wp [wp]:
 (p \vdash_n Q) wp_D r = (p \land Q wlp r)
 by (simp add: ndesign-def rdesign-wp)
theorem wpd-seq-r:
 fixes Q1 Q2 :: '\alpha hrel
 shows ((\lceil p1 \rceil_{<} \vdash_r Q1) ;; (\lceil p2 \rceil_{<} \vdash_r Q2)) wp_D r = (\lceil p1 \rceil_{<} \vdash_r Q1) wp_D ((\lceil p2 \rceil_{<} \vdash_r Q2) wp_D r)
 apply (simp \ add: wp)
 apply (subst rdesign-composition-wp)
 apply (simp only: wp)
 apply (rel-auto)
done
theorem wpnd\text{-}seq\text{-}r [wp]:
 fixes Q1 Q2 :: '\alpha hrel
 shows ((p1 \vdash_n Q1) ;; (p2 \vdash_n Q2)) wp_D r = (p1 \vdash_n Q1) wp_D ((p2 \vdash_n Q2) wp_D r)
 by (simp add: ndesign-def wpd-seq-r)
theorem wpd-seq-r-H1-H3 [wp]:
 fixes P Q :: '\alpha hrel-des
 assumes P is N Q is N
 shows (P :; Q) wp_D r = P wp_D (Q wp_D r)
 by (metis H1-H3-commute H1-H3-is-normal-design H1-idem Healthy-def' assms(1) assms(2) wpnd-seq-r)
theorem wp-hoare-d-link:
 assumes Q is N
 shows \{p\}Q\{r\}_D \longleftrightarrow (Q wp_D r \sqsubseteq p)
 by (ndes-simp cls: assms, rel-auto)
```

end

6 Refinement Calculus

```
theory utp-des-refcalc
  imports utp-des-prog
begin
definition des-spec :: ('a \Longrightarrow '\alpha) \Rightarrow '\alpha \ upred \Rightarrow ('\alpha \Rightarrow '\alpha \ upred) \Rightarrow '\alpha \ hrel-des where
[upred-defs, ndes-simp]: des-spec x p q = (\bigsqcup v \cdot ((p \land \& \mathbf{v} =_u \lessdot v \gg) \vdash_n x : \lceil \lceil q(v) \rceil > \rceil))
syntax
  \textit{-init-var}
                  :: logic
                  :: salpha \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (-:[-,/-]_D [99,0,0] 100)
  -des-log-const :: pttrn \Rightarrow logic \Rightarrow logic (con_D - \cdot - [0, 10] 10)
translations
  -des-spec x p q => CONST des-spec x p (\lambda -init-var. q)
  -des-spec (-salphaset (-salphamk x)) p q \le CONST des-spec x p (\lambda iv. q)
  -des-log-const x <math>P = > | | x \cdot P|
parse-translation \langle \! \langle
  fun\ init-var-tr\ [] = Syntax.free\ iv
    | init-var-tr - = raise Match;
[(@{syntax-const -init-var}, K init-var-tr)]
end
\rangle\rangle
abbreviation choose_D x \equiv \{\&x\}:[true,true]_D
lemma des-spec-simple-def:
  x:[pre,post]_D = (pre \vdash_n x:[\lceil post \rceil_>])
  by (rel-auto)
lemma des-spec-abort:
  x:[false,post]_D = \bot_D
  by (rel-auto)
lemma des-spec-skip: \emptyset: [true, true]_D = II_D
  by (rel-auto)
\mathbf{lemma}\ des\textit{-}spec\textit{-}strengthen\textit{-}post\text{:}
  assumes 'post' \Rightarrow post'
  shows w:[pre, post]_D \sqsubseteq w:[pre, post]_D
  using assms by (rel-auto)
lemma des-spec-weaken-pre:
  assumes 'pre ⇒ pre''
  shows w:[pre, post]_D \sqsubseteq w:[pre', post]_D
  using assms by (rel-auto)
lemma des-spec-refine-skip:
  assumes vwb-lens w 'pre \Rightarrow post'
  shows w:[pre, post]_D \sqsubseteq II_D
  using assms by (rel-auto)
```

```
lemma rc-iter:
fixes V::(nat, 'a) \ uexpr
assumes vwb-lens w
shows w:[ivr, ivr \land \neg (\bigvee i \in A \cdot g(i))]_D
\sqsubseteq (do \ i \in A \cdot g(i) \rightarrow \bigsqcup \ iv \cdot w:[ivr \land g(i) \land \ll iv \gg =_u \& \mathbf{v}, \ ivr \land (V \lessdot_u \ V[\![\ll iv \gg /\mathbf{v}]\!])]_D \ od) \ (\mathbf{is})
?lhs \sqsubseteq ?rhs)
apply (vule \ order-trans)
defer
apply (simp \ add: \ des-spec-simple-def)
apply (vule \ IterateD-refine-intro[of - - - - V])
apply (simp \ add: \ assms)
apply (vule \ IterateD-mono-refine)
apply (simp-all \ add: \ ndes-simp \ closure)
apply (vel-auto)
done
```

7 Theory of Invariants

```
theory utp-des-invariants imports utp-des-theory begin
```

end

The theory of invariants formalises operation and state invariants based on the theory of designs. For more information, please see the associated paper [1, Section 4].

7.1 Operation Invariants

```
definition OIH(\psi)(D) = (D \wedge (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \Rightarrow \psi))
declare OIH-def [upred-defs]
lemma OIH-design:
  assumes D is H1-H2
  shows OIH(\psi)(D) = ((\neg D^f) \vdash (D^t \land \psi))
proof -
  from assms have OIH(\psi)(D) = (((\neg D^f) \vdash D^t) \land (\$ok \land \neg D^f \Rightarrow \psi))
   by (metis H1-H2-commute H1-H2-is-design H1-idem Healthy-def' OIH-def)
  also have ... = ((\$ok \land \neg D^f \Rightarrow \$ok' \land D^t) \land (\$ok \land \neg D^f \Rightarrow \psi))
   by (simp add: design-def)
 also have ... = ((\neg D^f) \vdash (D^t \land \psi))
   by (pred-auto)
 finally show ?thesis.
lemma OIH-idem:
 assumes D is H1-H2 \$ok' <math>\sharp \psi
 shows OIH(\psi)(OIH(\psi)(D)) = OIH(\psi)(D)
  using assms
  by (simp add: OIH-design design-is-H1-H2 unrest) (simp add: design-def usubst, rel-auto)
lemma OIH-of-design:
  \$ok' \sharp P \Longrightarrow OIH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash (Q \land \psi))
 by (simp add: OIH-def design-def usubst, rel-auto)
```

7.2 State Invariants

```
definition ISH(\psi)(D) = (D \vee (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \wedge \lceil \psi \rceil \prec \Rightarrow \$ok' \wedge D^t))
declare ISH-def [upred-defs]
lemma ISH-design: ISH(\psi)(D) = (\neg D^f \land [\psi]_{<}) \vdash D^t
  by (rel-auto, metis+)
lemma ISH-idem: ISH(\psi)(ISH(\psi)(D)) = ISH(\psi)(D)
  by (simp add: ISH-design usubst design-def, pred-auto)
lemma ISH-of-design:
  \llbracket \$ok' \sharp P; \$ok' \sharp Q \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ISH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = ((P \land \llbracket \psi \rrbracket_{<}) \vdash Q)
  by (simp add: ISH-design design-def usubst, pred-auto)
definition OSH(\psi)(D) = (D \wedge (\$ok \wedge \neg D^f \wedge [\psi]_{<} \Rightarrow [\psi]_{>}))
declare OSH-def [upred-defs]
lemma OSH-as-OIH:
  OSH(\psi)(D) = OIH([\psi]_{<} \Rightarrow [\psi]_{>})(D)
  by (simp add: OSH-def OIH-def, pred-auto)
lemma OSH-design:
  assumes D is H1-H2
  shows OSH(\psi)(D) = ((\neg D^f) \vdash (D^t \land (\lceil \psi \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow \lceil \psi \rceil_{>})))
  by (simp add: OSH-as-OIH OIH-design assms)
lemma OSH-of-design:
  \llbracket \$ok' \sharp P; \$ok' \sharp Q \rrbracket \Longrightarrow OSH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = (P \vdash (Q \land (\lceil \psi \rceil_{<} \Rightarrow \lceil \psi \rceil_{>})))
  by (simp add: OSH-design design-is-H1-H2 unrest, simp add: design-def usubst, pred-auto)
definition SIH(\psi) = ISH(\psi) \circ OSH(\psi)
declare SIH-def [upred-defs]
lemma SIH-of-design:
  \llbracket \$ok' \sharp P; \$ok' \sharp Q; ok \sharp \psi \rrbracket \Longrightarrow SIH(\psi)(P \vdash Q) = ((P \land \lceil \psi \rceil_{<}) \vdash (Q \land \lceil \psi \rceil_{>}))
  \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add\colon SIH\text{-}def\ OSH\text{-}of\text{-}design\ ISH\text{-}of\text{-}design\ unrest},\ pred\text{-}auto)
end
```

8 Meta Theory for UTP Designs

```
theory utp-designs
imports
utp-des-core
utp-des-healths
utp-des-theory
utp-des-tactics
utp-des-hoare
utp-des-prog
utp-des-wp
utp-des-refcalc
```

utp-des-invariants begin end

References

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