GEBZE TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

COMPUTER ENGINEERING

CSE222-2021

WINTER PROJECT REPORT

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Problem Definition

It will be a game that can be played in Android environment. The computer (or user2) makes a new move and draws the board again as the same as you did in homeworks. In this project, however, the move should be legal and you must make it "smart". You may use the minimax algorithm to make the moves smart. The parameters for the minimax algorithm (easy, nominal, difficult, and master) and the parameters for the game (size, colors, who starts first) should be adjustable thru the interface. Note that you will need heuristic board evaluation functions, which will be very important for the whole system.

Problem Solution Approach

Firstly i created interface by using xml part for main activity. I added some necessary buttons like (easy, nominal, difficult, and master) and the parameters for the game (size, colors, who starts first) I did be adjustable thru the interface of main activity. Then i created the interface that game will be played. There are four button (UNDO-SAVE-LOAD-RESET) and Board buttons. Game codes will be explain below.

Code Explanation Part

```
button2.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new CompoundButton.OnCheckedChangeListener() {
   public void onCheckedChanged(CompoundButton buttonView, boolean isChecked) {
       button3.setVisibility(VISIBLE);
       button4.setVisibility(VISIBLE);
       button5.setVisibility(VISIBLE);
       button6.setVisibility(VISIBLE);
});
Here when click computer vs user button easy medium diffucult expert
buttons will be visible .
public
                      void
                                        launchgame(View
                                                                          v){
                       i=new
                                                  Intent(this, Gamestart.class);
   Intent
   String
input=((EditText)findViewById(R.id.editTextTextPersonName)).getText().toString();
                                                       Integer.valueOf(input);
    if(button1.isChecked()){
       gametype=false;
    if(button2.isChecked()){
       gametype=true;
   if
                                                        (button7.isChecked()){
       whofirst=false;
    if
                                                        (button8.isChecked()){
       whofirst=true;
    i.putExtra("game_size",size);
    i.putExtra("game_type",gametype);
   if
                           (button3.isChecked())
                                                                     level=1;
    if
                            (button4.isChecked())
                                                                     level=2;
    if
                           (button5.isChecked())
                                                                     level=3;
                           (button6.isChecked())
                                                                     level=4;
    i.putExtra("level_game",level);
    i.putExtra("whofirst", whofirst);
   startActivity(i);
}
I create new intet then i get size with input then some checkes
which button isClicked i get information with this and lastly i send
these informations to the gamestart activity to play.
______
DisplayMetricsdisplayMetrics=newDisplayMetrics();
getWindowManager().getDefaultDisplay().getMetrics(displayMetrics);
maxlength=displayMetrics.heightPixels;
maxwidth=displayMetrics.widthPixels;
intbuttonwidth=2*maxwidth/(3*size-1);
inty=(maxlength-maxwidth)/2;
buttons=newButton[size][size];
buttons1=newButton[4];
for(intj=0;j<size;j++){</pre>
    temp=width;
    for(intk=0;k<size;k++){</pre>
       buttons[j][k]=newButton(this);
```

```
buttons[j][k].setLayoutParams(newRelativeLayout.LayoutParams(buttonwidth-
5, buttonwidth-5));
       buttons[j][k].setX(width);
       buttons[j][k].setY(y);
       buttons[j][k].setText("*");
       buttons[j][k].setId(100+10*j+k);
       buttons[j][k].setBackgroundColor(LTGRAY);
       buttons[j][k].setOnClickListener(getOnClick());
       width+=buttonwidth;
       relativeLayout.addView(buttons[j][k]);
   y+=buttonwidth;
   width=temp+buttonwidth/2;
}
                found
                           from
Here
          Ι
                                     ınternet
                                                    phone
                                                               height
                                                                           and
width(displayMetrics.heightPixels,displayMetrics.widthPixels)
design buttons positions to the this dimensions .
                        play(int
public
                                             number1,int
                                                                   number2){
    if(getCurrentPlayer()=='x'){//'x'
       if(buttons[number1][number2].getText()=="*")
                                                                              {
           buttons[number1][number2].setText("x");
           buttons[number1][number2].setBackgroundColor(BLUE);
           moves[getlastpoint()][0]
                                                                       number2;
           moves[getlastpoint()][1]
                                                                       number1;
                                                   for
           lastpoint++;//counter
                                                                          moves
           controll=false;
       }
       else{
           controll=true;
           Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), "This place is
                                                                            not
empty!",Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
       }
    }
here current player can be x or o firstly i check the button that
       positions that sended with parameter is empty then i add i
change its color and i saved moves arrays to hide previous moves for
undo function.
First Part
public void undo_game(){
    if(lastpoint!=0 && lastpoint!=1){
       buttons[moves[lastpoint-1][1]][moves[lastpoint-1][0]].setText("*");
       buttons[moves[lastpoint-1][1]][moves[lastpoint-
1][0]].setBackgroundColor(LTGRAY);
       lastpoint--;
       buttons[moves[lastpoint - 1][1]][moves[lastpoint - 1][0]].setText("*");
       buttons[moves[lastpoint-1][1]][moves[lastpoint-
1][0]].setBackgroundColor(LTGRAY);
       lastpoint--;
Second Part
       for (int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
           for(int j=0;j<size;j++){</pre>
```

intcolor(ColorDrawable)buttons[i][j].getBackground()).getColor();

if(color==MAGENTA){

```
buttons[i][j].setBackgroundColor(RED);
                      buttons[i][j].setText("o");
                  else if(buttons[i][j].getText()=="X"){
                      buttons[i][j].setBackgroundColor(BLUE);
                      buttons[i][j].setText("x");
                  }
              }
          }
       }
Here we can make undo using positons at moves array the at first
part, at second part if ended game is saved to the file then i load
it if i make undo it returns old situations and you can make move to
end the game again it is work i load screen shot too.
public void save_file();
outputFile.write(getSize()+"\n");
outputFile.write("\n");
outputFile.write("USERVSUSER\n");
outputFile.write("USERVSCOMPUTER\n");
Codes is too much so i just will explain a little bit ,here i create
file then i write size to the file buttons text user or computer vs
lastly i write moves to the file.
public void is valid(){
   boolean valid=false;
   while(valid==false){
       if(getSize()<6){</pre>
           Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), "Please enter the board size
,the size can be bigger than 5*5 ",Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
           setSize(6);
       valid=true;
   }
Check size is not lower than 6.
______
public void boardArray(){
   hexCells=new char[size][size];
   for(int row=0;row<size;row++){</pre>
       for(int col=0;col<size;col++){</pre>
           CharSequence text = buttons[row][col].getText();
           if ("*".equals(text)) {
              hexCells[row][col] = '.';
           } else if ("x".equals(text)) {
              hexCells[row][col] = 'o';
           } else if ("o".equals(text)) {
              hexCells[row][col] = 'x';
       }
   }
}
```

if(buttons[i][j].getText()=="0") {

This function for playing against AI ,after every moves of AI i create a new array and 1 add to the array the current table status to check the game and to make good decision.

```
public void load_file();
end_game1=end_game_User1();
if(end_game1==true){
    AlertDialog.Builder builder1 = new AlertDialog.Builder(Gamestart.this);
    builder1.setTitle("HEXGAME");
    builder1.setMessage("User1 is win restart again or check moves with dismiss");
    builder1.setNegativeButton("DISMISS", null);
    builder1.setPositiveButton("NEW GAME", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
        @Override
        public void onClick(DialogInterface dialogInterface, int i) {
            reset_game();
        }
    });
    builder1.show();
}
```

I read the datas saved before then upper i check if loaded game from file is already ended i check it before and i send alert dialog to new game or dissmis to control board and maybe reset or undo shortly whatever you want.

```
public boolean end_game_User1(){
   int i,j=0;
   boolean control=false;
   for(i=0;i<getSize();i++){
       if(buttons[i][j].getText()=="x"){
            iterate_func1();
            setTempi(i);
            setTempi(j);
            control=control_moves_x();
            if(control){
                up_words_x();
                return true;
            }
        }
    }
   return false;
}</pre>
```

If there is one x at first column i start control because the game was ended only all column is full then i check moves with control moves ,control moves function is starting to check with founded first column positions then itontrolling 6 places around if there is one x around it calls this function again (recursion) after ended last column.lastly with upwords function change the color and text that reaching the result and connected buttons.upwords function is working like control moves function logis is same(recursion).

```
private void playAI(){
   boardArray();
   int [] move = BestMove(MaximizingPlayer);
   hexCells[move[0]][move[1]]='x';
   buttons[move[0]][move[1]].setBackgroundColor(RED);
```

buttons[move[0]][move[1]].setText("o");

```
moves[lastpoint][1]=move[0];
    moves[lastpoint][0]=move[1];
    lastpoint++;
Here the positions returned from best move function is attended to buttons and I saved it
moves array for undo.
private int [] BestMove(int player){
    if (player == MaximizingPlayer) {
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
            for (j = 0; j < size; j++) {</pre>
                if (hexCells[i][j] == '.') {
                    hexCells[i][j] = 'x'; //
                    moveVal=minimax(level, maxval, minval, false);
                    hexCells[i][j] = '.';
                    if (moveVal > maxval) {
                       bestMove[0] = i;
                        bestMove[1] = j;
                        maxval = moveVal;
                    }
                }
            }
    }
    else {
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
            for (j = 0; j < size; j++) {</pre>
                if ( hexCells[i][j] == '.') {
                    hexCells[i][j] = 'o';
                    moveVal=minimax(level, minval, maxval, true);
                    hexCells[i][j] = '.';
                    if (moveVal < minval) {</pre>
                       bestMove[0] = i;
                        bestMove[1] = j;
                        minval = moveVal;
                    }
                }
            }
    }
    return bestMove;
}
Here function access all buttons with hexcells array and find best
move with minimax function i will explain it below.
______
int minimax(int depth, int alpha,int beta,boolean maxTurn) {
    if (maxTurn) {
        int maxEval = -Integer.MAX_VALUE;
        for (int x = 0; x < size; x++){
            for (int y = 0; y < size; y++){
                if (hexCells[x][y] == '.') {
                    hexCells[x][y] = 'x';
                    int eval =minimax(depth - 1,alpha,beta, false);
                    maxEval = maximum(maxEval, eval);
                    alpha = maximum(alpha,eval);
                    hexCells[x][y] = '.';
                    if(beta <= alpha)</pre>
                       break;
                }
```

```
if(beta<=alpha)</pre>
              break;
       return maxEval;
   } else {/* minimizing player */
       int minEval = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
       for (int x = 0; x < size; x++){
          for (int y = 0; y < size; y++) {
              if (hexCells[x][y] == '.') {
                  hexCells[x][y] = 'o';
                  int eval = minimax(depth - 1,alpha,beta, true);
                  minEval = minimum(minEval, eval);
                  beta = minimum(beta,eval);
                  hexCells[x][y] = '.';
                  if(beta<=alpha) break;</pre>
              }
          if(beta<=alpha) break;</pre>
       return minEval;
   }
with Alpha-Beta Minimax algorithm. We will create an agent that can
successfully compete with humans in the classic Hex game. After the
end of this article, you will be able to create adversarial search
agents that can competitively play zero-sum and perfect information
games
Initially we check if we reached the final depth or if the board is
full. If so, we return the heuristic score (we'll get back to it
later). Minimax core. We iterate through possible moves and evaluate
them recursively computing minimax scores. If it's still unclear to
you, check this out.
For maximizing player we set
alpha = max(alpha, bestValue)
and for a minimizing player we set
beta = min(beta, bestValue)
For both cases we then evaluate
if beta <= alpha {</pre>
```

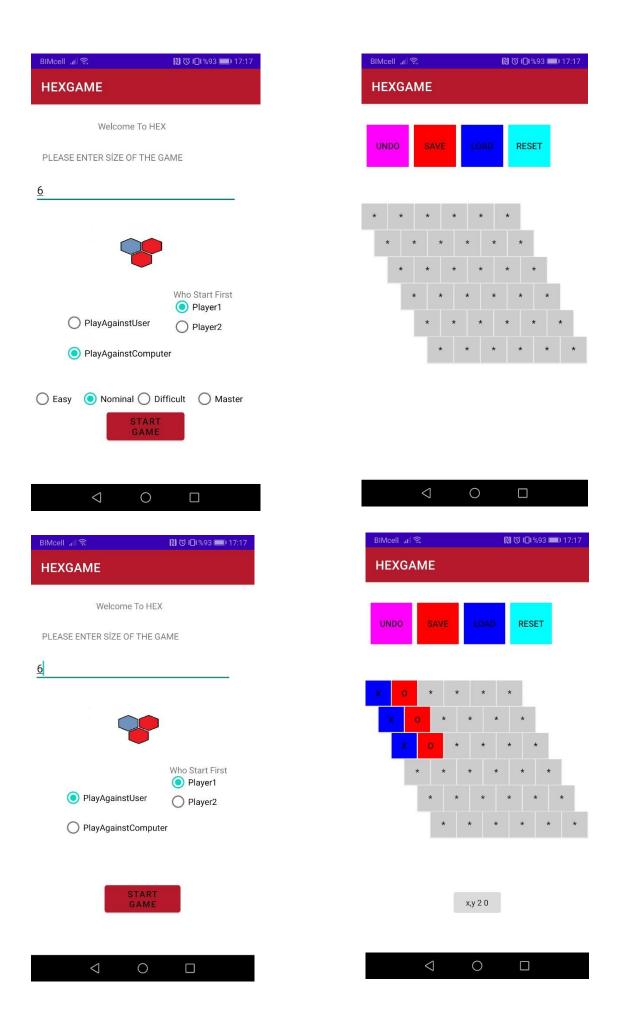
If we break from the loop, it means that we don't have to evaluate further branches (α - β cutoff). This is where we optimize the whole process.

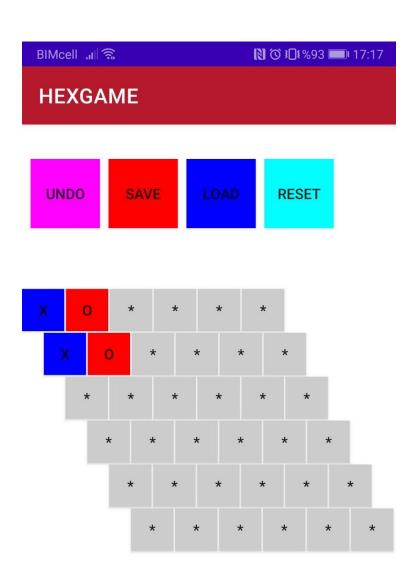
If we don't find any possible moves, we return the current heuristic score.

But there is one thing missing - heuristic score i.e score returned for a given board state.

SCREEN SHOOTS PART

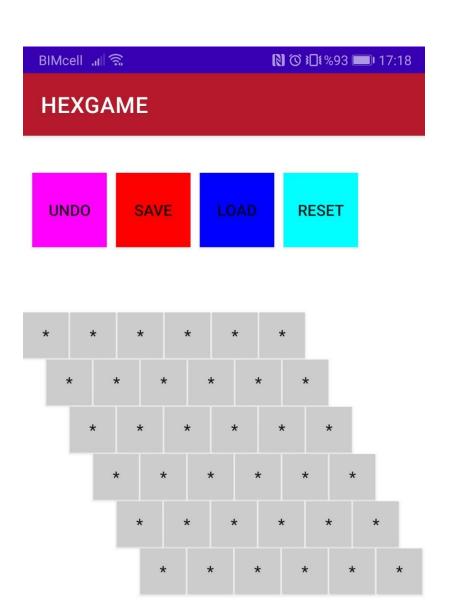
break





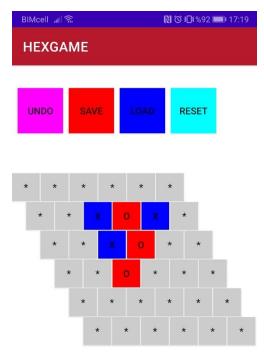


Here ı press the undo button and make undo one move.





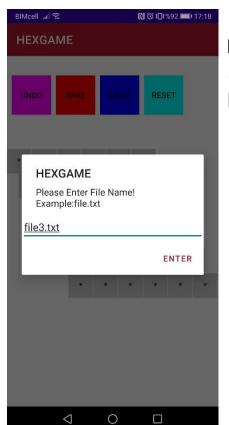
Here I press the reset button and all private variable and game buttons have been empty moves array is deleted.



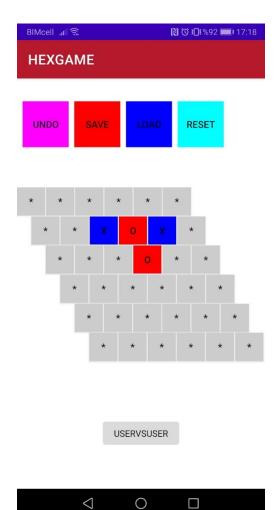
Here i press the save button and saved to the file current board situation datas and private varible used at the game.



Successfully Saved!

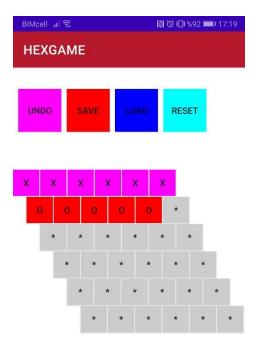


Here i write the file name and saved to this file after pressing the save button.



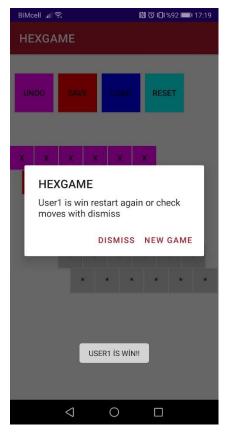
Here i press the load button and loaded from the file current board situation datas and private varible used at the game.



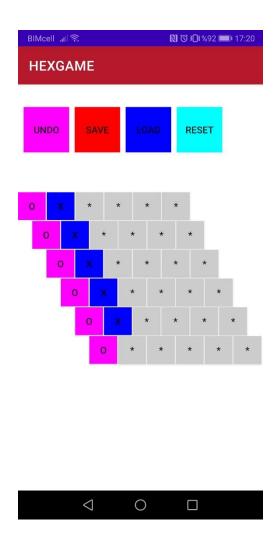


User 1 is win and X buttons color are change.



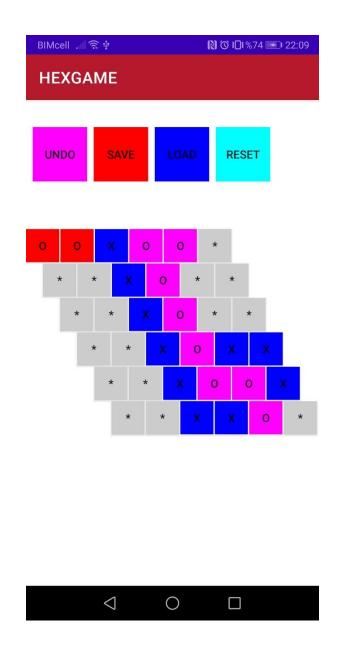


When user1 is win alert dialog is appears. If you press new game game is starting again if you press dissmis button you can make move on the board you can undo reset save load.





User 2 win.same situations with user 1 i explain it upper.









SOME COMPUTER WINS SITUATION.