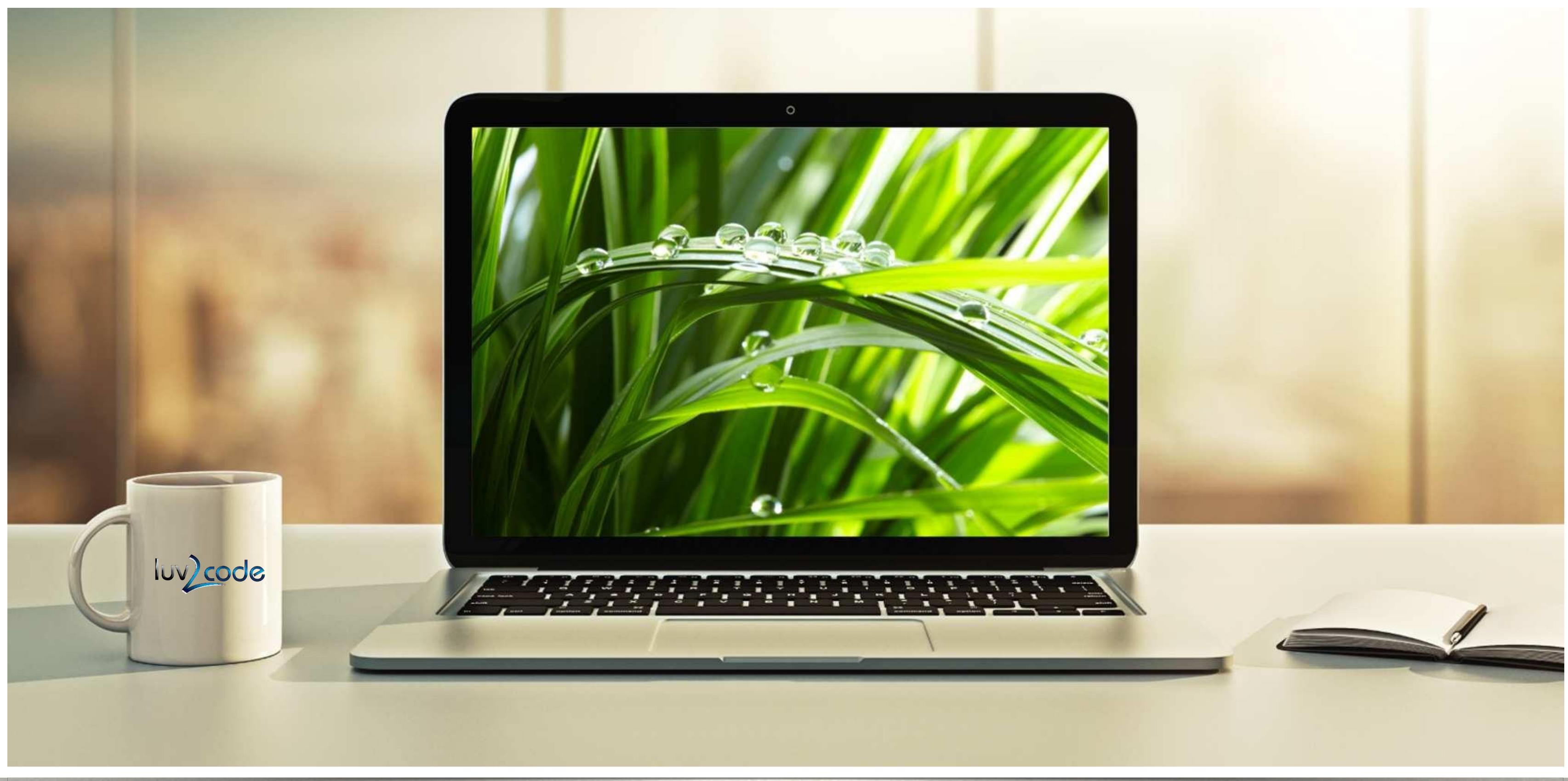
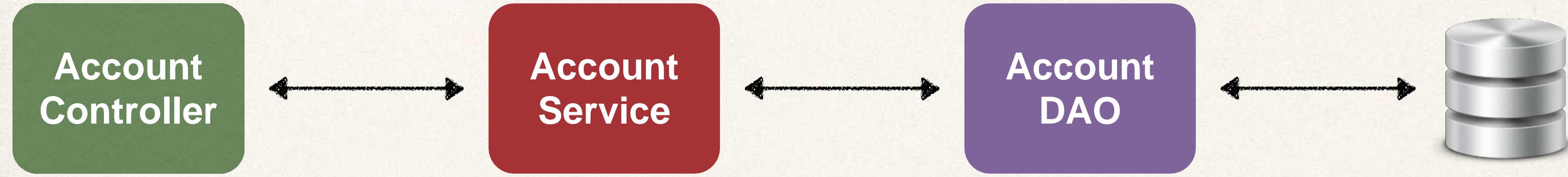


Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Overview



Application Architecture



Code for Data Access Object (DAO)

```
public void addAccount(Account theAccount, String userId) {  
    entityManager.persist(theAccount);  
}
```

New Requirement - Logging

From: The Boss

- Need to add logging to our DAO methods
 - Add some logging statements before the start of the method
- Possibly more places ... but get started on that ASAP!

DAO - Add Logging Code

```
public void addAccount(Account theAccount, String userId) {
```

```
    entityManager.persist(theAccount);
```

```
}
```

DAO - Add Logging Code

```
public void addAccount(Account theAccount, String userId) {
```

```
    entityManager.persist(theAccount);
```

```
}
```

New Requirement - Security

From: The Boss

- Need to add security code to our DAO
- Make sure user is authorized before running DAO method

Add Security Code

```
public void addAccount(Account theAccount, String userId) {
```

```
    entityManager.persist(theAccount);
```

```
}
```

Add Security Code

```
public void addAccount(Account theAccount, String userId) {
```

```
    entityManager.persist(theAccount);
```

```
}
```

Add Security Code

```
public void addAccount(Account theAccount, String userId) {
```



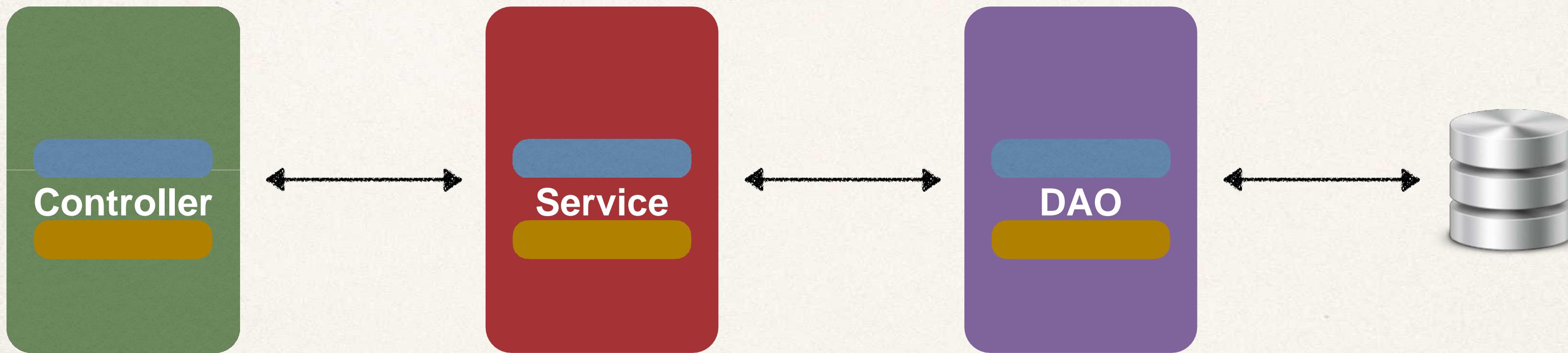
```
entityManager.persist(theAccount);
```

```
}
```

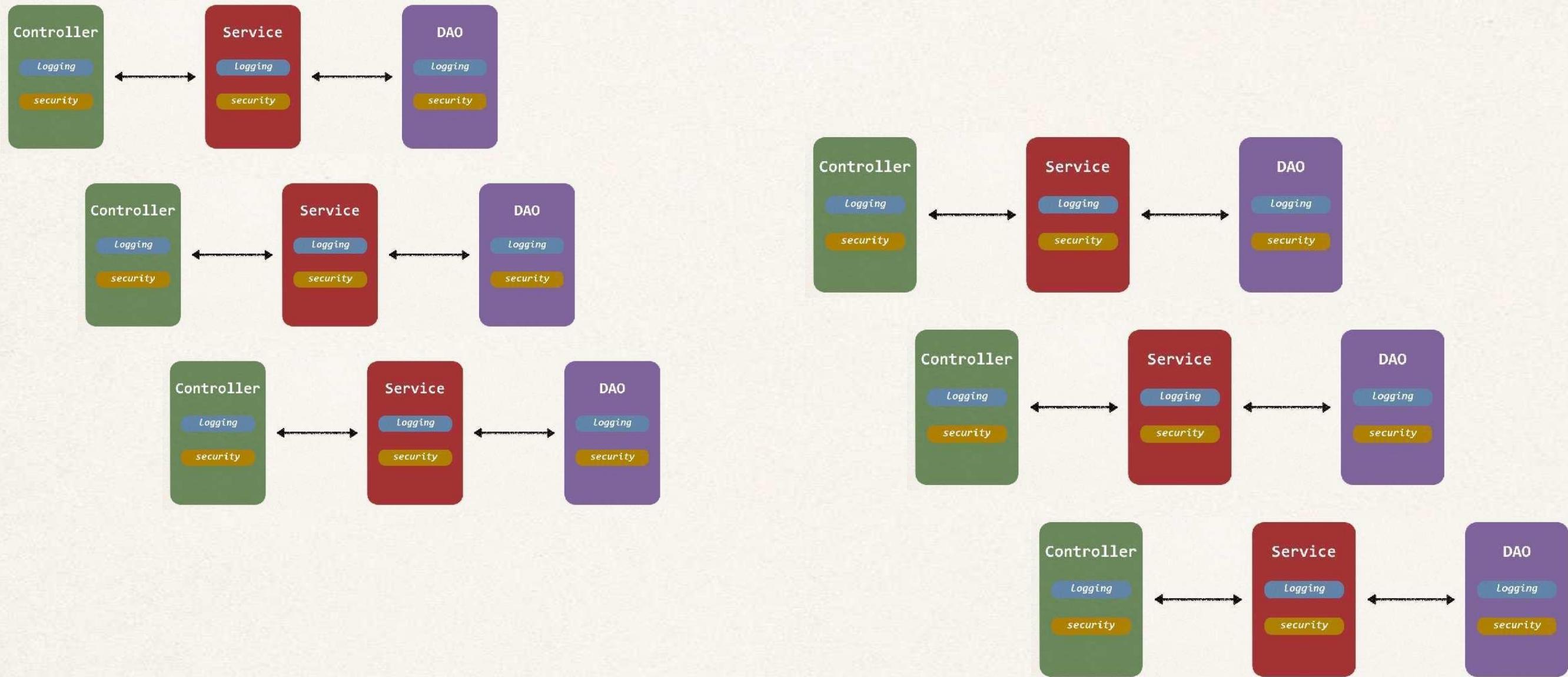
By the way

- Let's add it to all of our layers...

From: The Boss

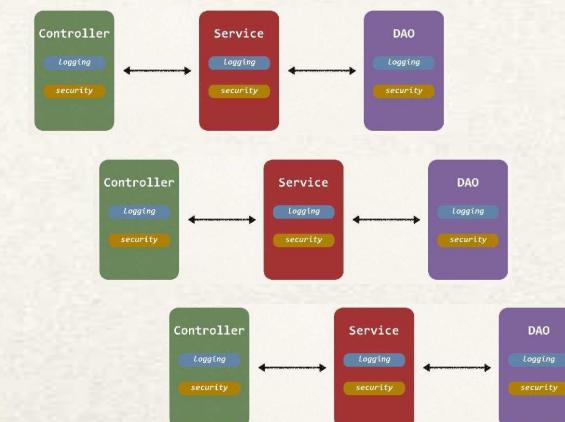
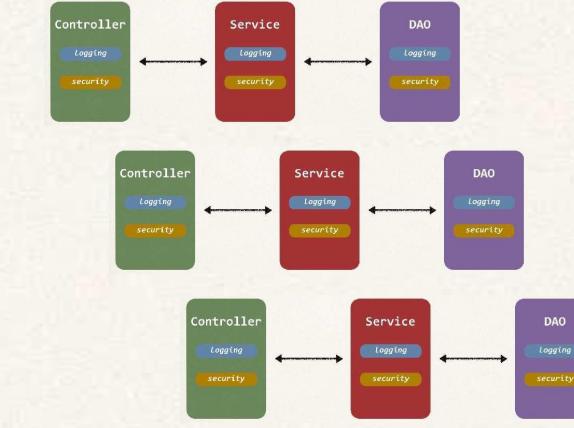


I'm Going Crazy Over Here



Two Main Problems

- **Code Tangling**
 - For a given method: addAccount(...)
 - We have logging and security code tangled in
- **Code Scattering**
 - If we need to change logging or security code
 - We have to update ALL classes



Other possible solutions?

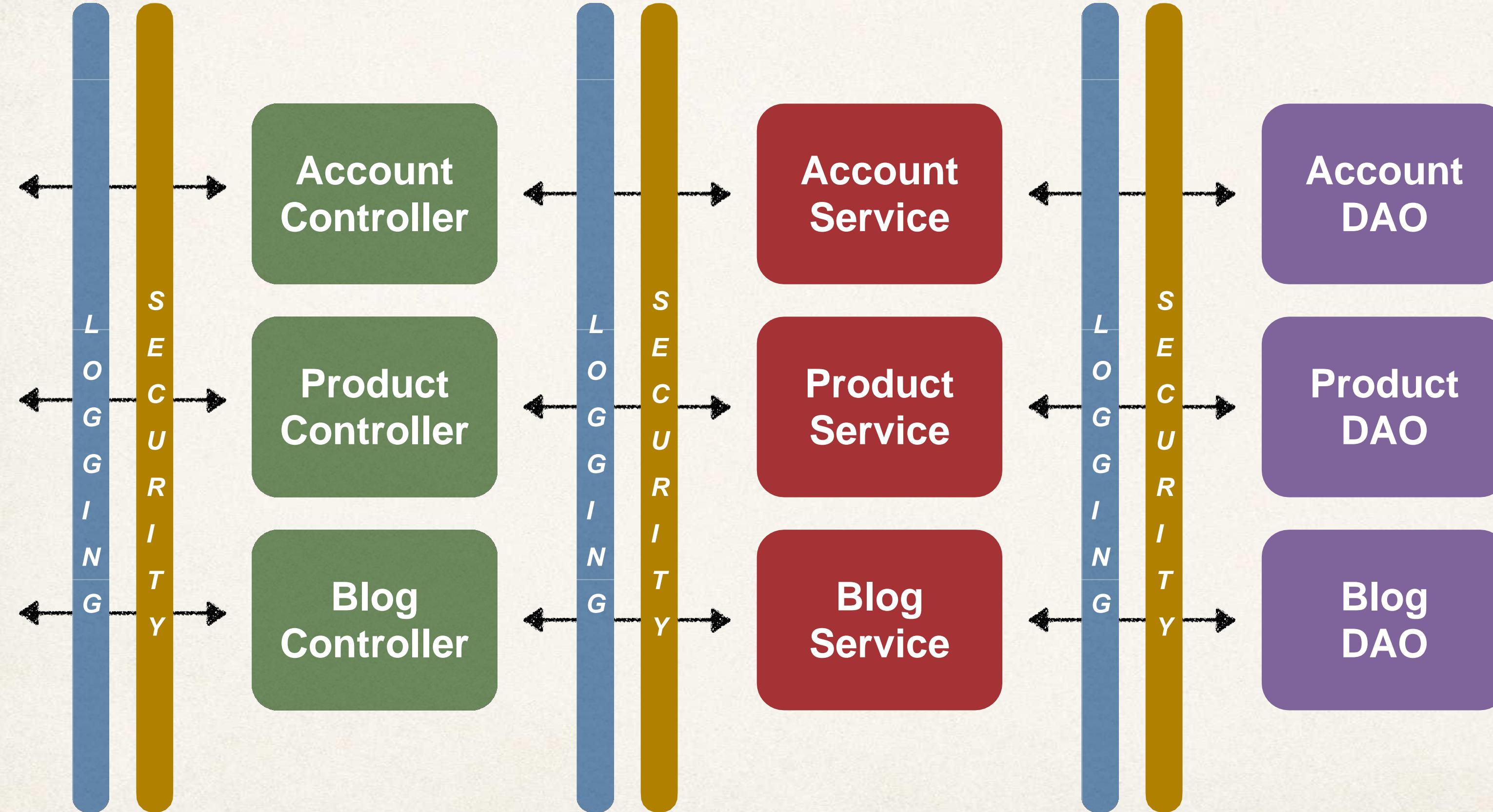
- **Inheritance?**
 - Every class would need to inherit from a base class
 - Can all classes extends from your base class? ... plus no multiple inheritance
- **Delegation?**
 - Classes would delegate logging, security calls
 - Still would need to update classes if we wanted to
 - add/remove logging or security
 - add new feature like auditing, API management, instrumentation

Aspect-Oriented Programming

- Programming technique based on concept of an Aspect
- Aspect encapsulates cross-cutting logic

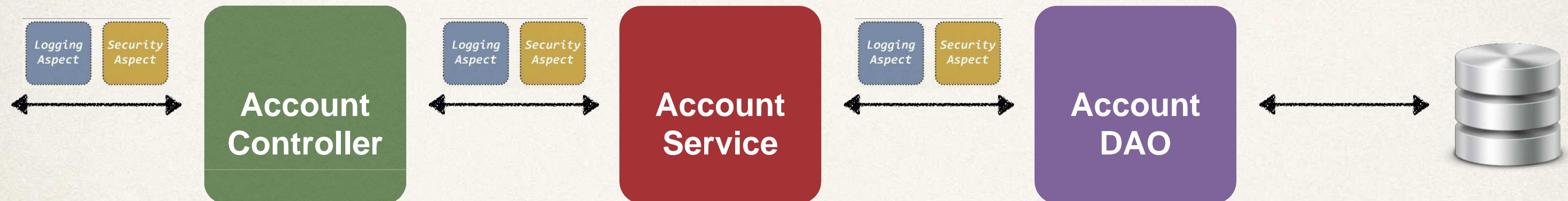
Cross-Cutting Concerns

Cross-Cutting Concerns



Aspects

- Aspect can be reused at multiple locations
- Same aspect/class ... applied based on configuration



AOP Solution

- Apply the Proxy design pattern



MainApp

```
// call target object  
targetObj.doSomeStuff();
```

TargetObject

```
public void doSomeStuff() {  
    ...  
}
```

Benefits of AOP

- **Code for Aspect is defined in a single class**
 - Much better than being scattered everywhere
 - Promotes code reuse and easier to change
- **Business code in your application is cleaner**
 - Only applies to business functionality: addAccount
 - Reduces code complexity
- **Configurable**
 - Based on configuration, apply Aspects selectively to different parts of app
 - No need to make changes to main application code ... very important!

Additional AOP Use Cases

- **Most common**
 - logging, security, transactions
- **Audit logging**
 - who, what, when, where
- **Exception handling**
 - log exception and notify DevOps team via SMS/email
- **API Management**
 - how many times has a method been called user
 - analytics: what are peak times? what is average load? who is top user?

AOP: Advantages and Disadvantages

Advantages

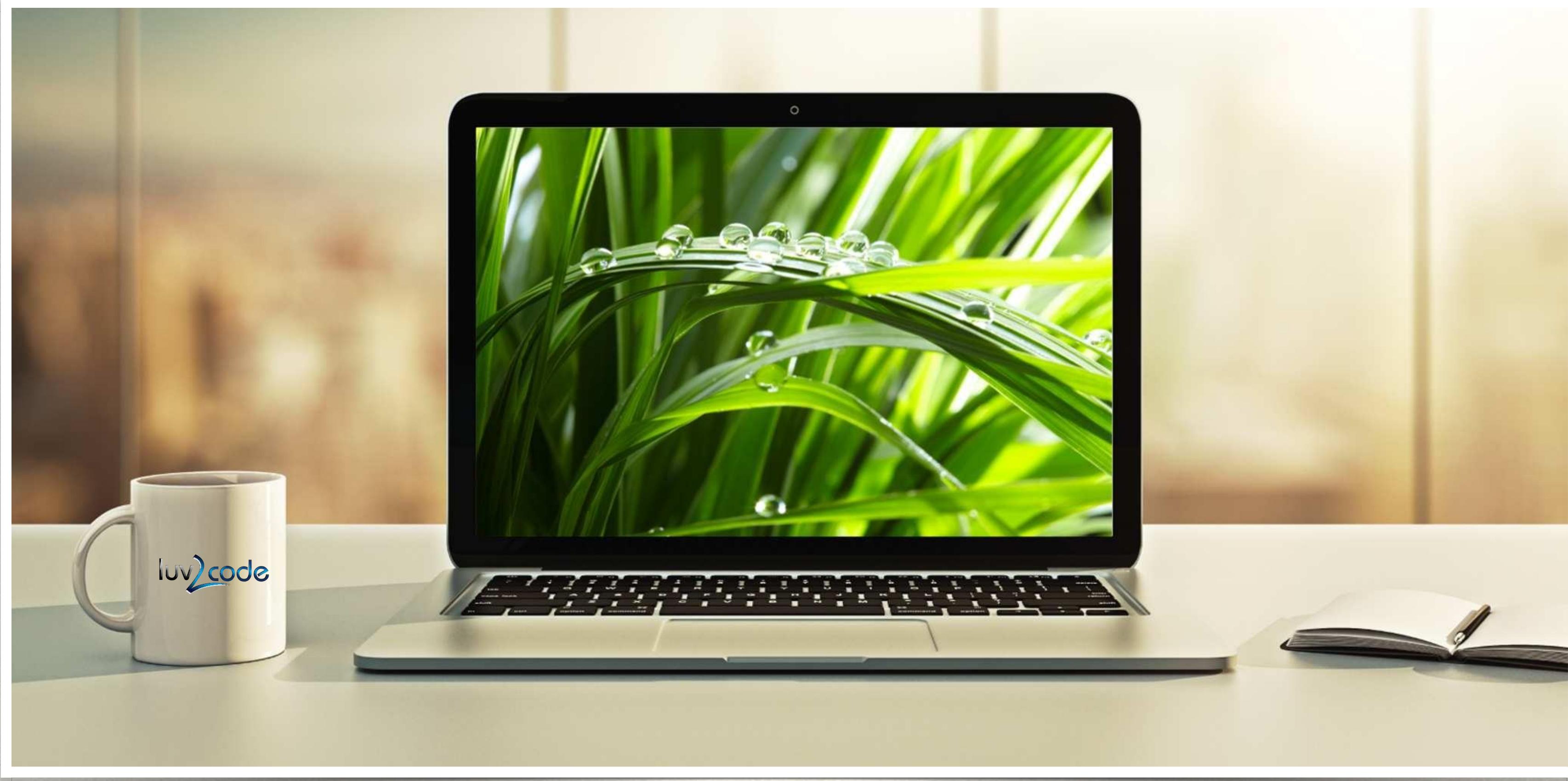
- Reusable modules
- Resolve code tangling
- Resolve code scatter
- Applied selectively based on configuration

Disadvantages

- Too many aspects and app flow is hard to follow
- Minor performance cost for aspect execution
(run-time weaving)

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Spring AOP Support



AOP Terminology

- **Aspect:** module of code for a cross-cutting concern (logging, security, ...)
- **Advice:** What action is taken and when it should be applied
- **Join Point:** When to apply code during program execution
- **Pointcut:** A predicate expression for where advice should be applied

Advice Types

- **Before advice:** run before the method
- **After finally advice:** run after the method (finally)
- **After returning advice:** run after the method (success execution)
- **After throwing advice:** run after method (if exception thrown)
- **Around advice:** run before and after method

Weaving

- Connecting aspects to target objects to create an advised object
- Different types of weaving
 - Compile-time, load-time or run-time
- Regarding performance: run-time weaving is the slowest

AOP Frameworks

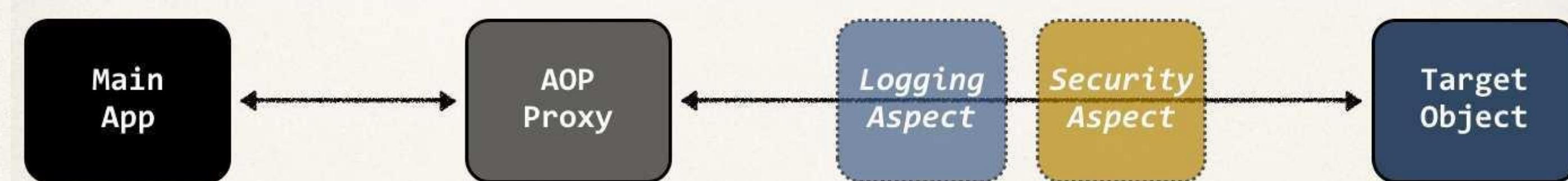
- Two leading AOP Frameworks for Java

Spring AOP

AspectJ

Spring AOP Support

- Spring provides AOP support
- Key component of Spring
 - Security, transactions, caching etc
- Uses run-time weaving of aspects



AspectJ

- Original AOP framework, released in 2001
 - www.eclipse.org/aspectj
- Provides complete support for AOP
- Rich support for
 - join points: method-level, constructor, field
 - code weaving: compile-time, post compile-time and load-time

Spring AOP Comparison

Advantages

- Simpler to use than AspectJ
- Uses Proxy pattern
- Can migrate to AspectJ when using @Aspect annotation

Disadvantages

- Only supports method-level join points
- Can only apply aspects to beans created by Spring app context
- Minor performance cost for aspect execution
(run-time weaving)

AspectJ Comparison

Advantages

- Support all join points
- Works with any POJO, not just beans from app context
- Faster performance compared to Spring AOP
- Complete AOP support

Disadvantages

- Compile-time weaving requires extra compilation step
- AspectJ pointcut syntax can become complex

Comparing Spring AOP and AspectJ

- Spring AOP only supports
 - Method-level join points
 - Run-time code weaving (slower than AspectJ)
- AspectJ supports
 - join points: method-level, constructor, field
 - weaving: compile-time, post compile-time and load-time

Comparing Spring AOP and AspectJ

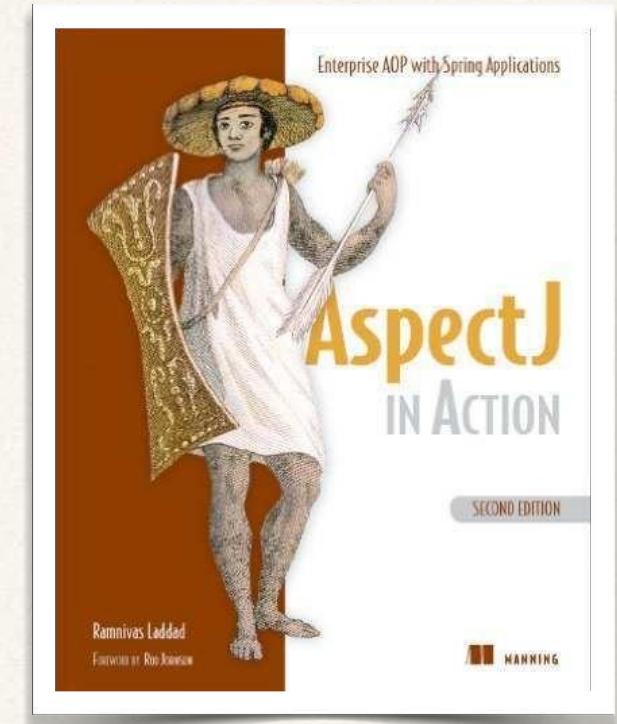
- Spring AOP is a light implementation of AOP
- Solves common problems in enterprise applications
- My recommendation
 - Start with Spring AOP ... easy to get started with
 - If you have complex requirements then move to AspectJ

Additional Resources

- Spring Reference Manual: www.spring.io

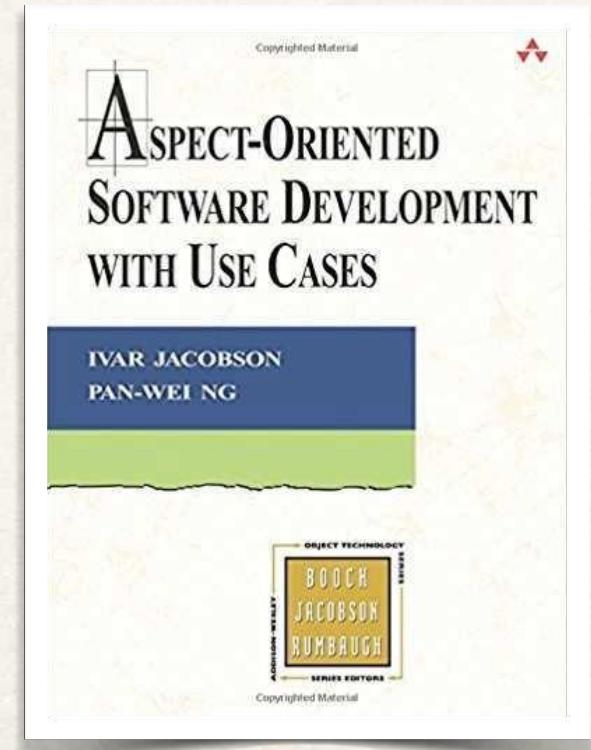
- *AspectJ in Action*

- by Raminvas Laddad



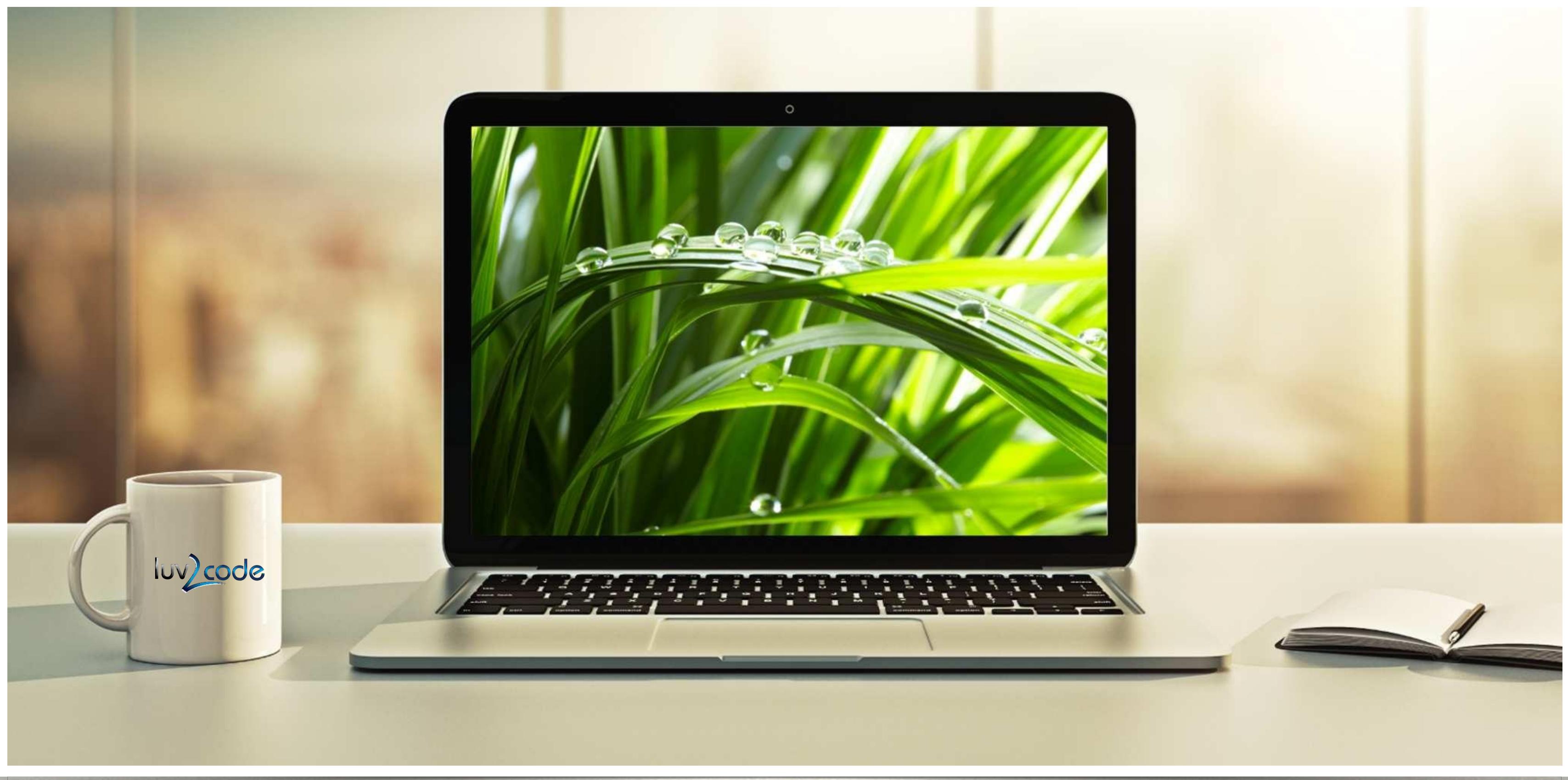
- *Aspect-Oriented Development with Use Cases*

- by Ivar Jacobson and Pan-Wei Ng



Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

@Before Advice



Advice Types

- **Before advice:** run before the method
- **After returning advice:** run after the method (success execution)
- **After throwing advice:** run after method (if exception thrown)
- **After finally advice:** run after the method (finally)
- **Around advice:** run before and after method

@Before Advice - Interaction



MainApp

```
// call target object  
targetObj.doSomeStuff();
```

TargetObject

```
public void doSomeStuff() {  
    ...  
}
```

Advice - Interaction

@Before

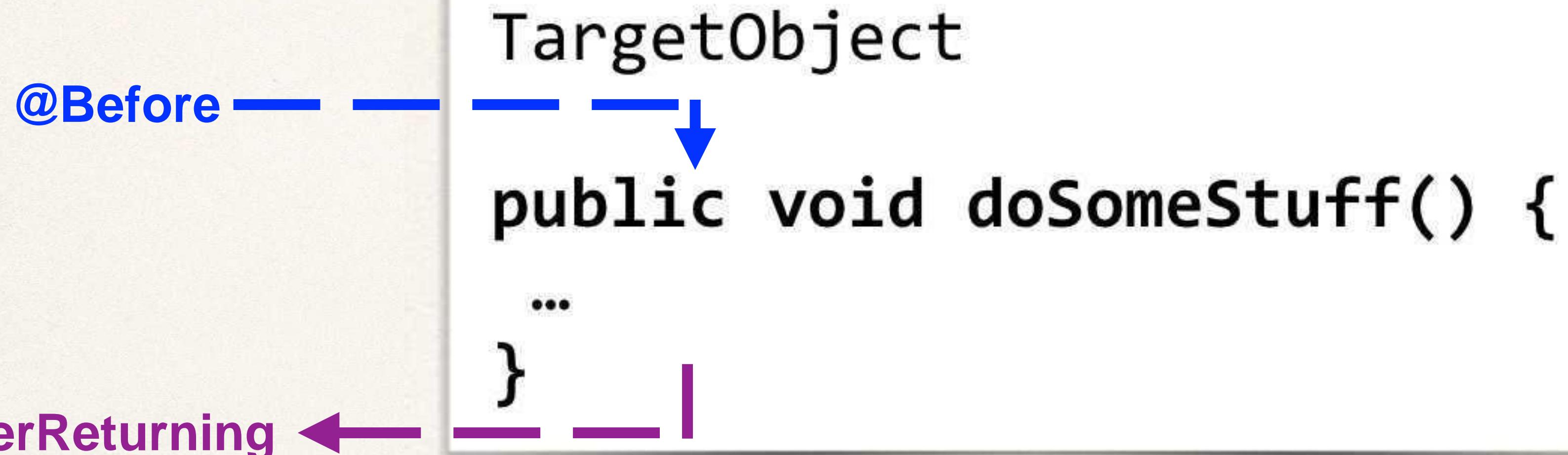
TargetObject

public void doSomeStuff() {

...

}

Advice - Interaction

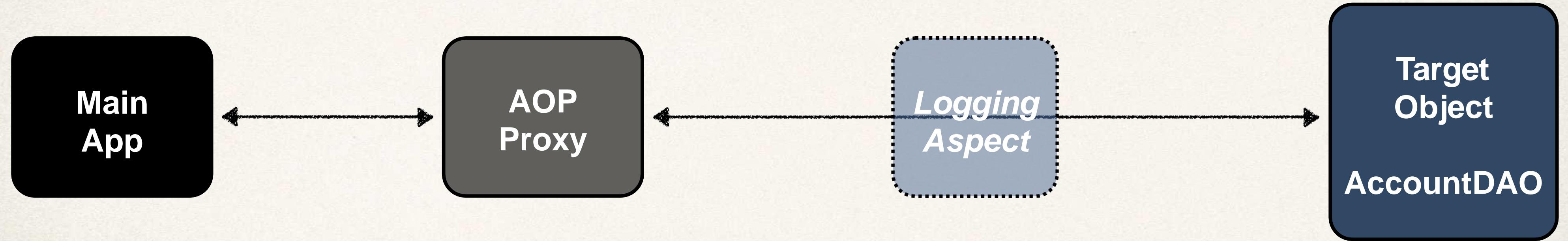


@Before Advice - Use Cases

- **Most common**
 - logging, security, transactions
- **Audit logging**
 - who, what, when, where
- **API Management**
 - how many times has a method been called user
 - analytics: what are peak times? what is average load? who is top user?

AOP Example - Overview

Step-By-Step



MainApp

```
// call target object  
theAccountDAO.addAccount();
```

TargetException - AccountDAO

```
public void addAccount() {  
    ...  
}
```

Spring Boot AOP Starter

- Add the dependency for Spring Boot AOP Starter

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-aop</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

- Since this dependency is part of our pom.xml
 - Spring Boot will **automatically** enable support for AOP
 - No need to explicitly use `@EnableAspectJAutoProxy` ... we get it for free

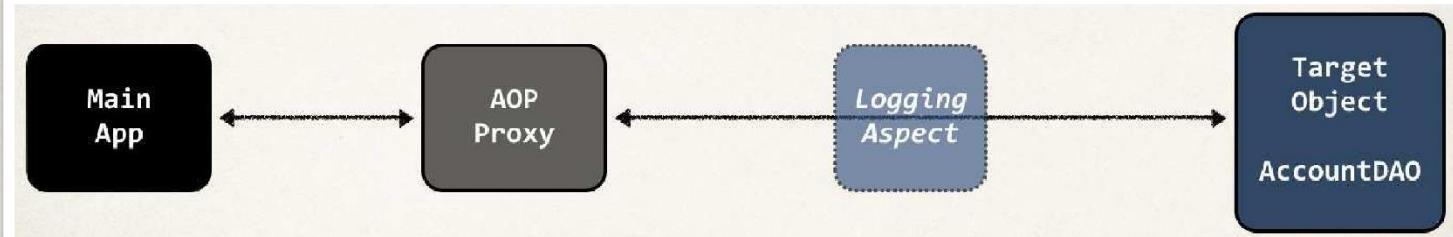
Development Process - @Before

Step-By-Step

1. Create target object: AccountDAO
2. Create main app
3. Create an Aspect with @Before advice

Step 1: Create Target Object: AccountDAO

```
public interface AccountDAO {  
    void addAccount();  
}
```



```
@Component  
public class AccountDAOImpl implements AccountDAO {  
  
    public void addAccount() {  
  
        System.out.println("DOING MY DB WORK: ADDING AN ACCOUNT");  
  
    }  
}
```

Step 2: Create main app

```
@SpringBootApplication
public class AopdemoApplication {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(AopdemoApplication.class,
            args);
    }

    @Bean
    public CommandLineRunner commandLineRunner(AccountDAO theAccountDAO) {

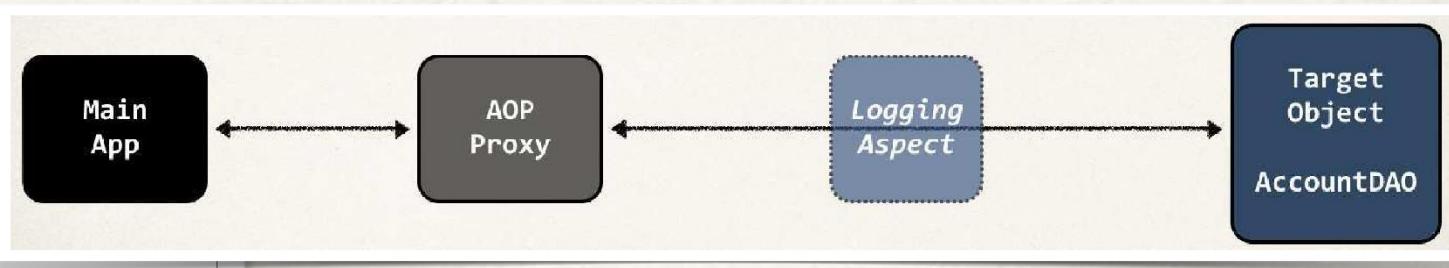
        return runner -> {

            demoTheBeforeAdvice(theAccountDAO)

            ;
        };
    }

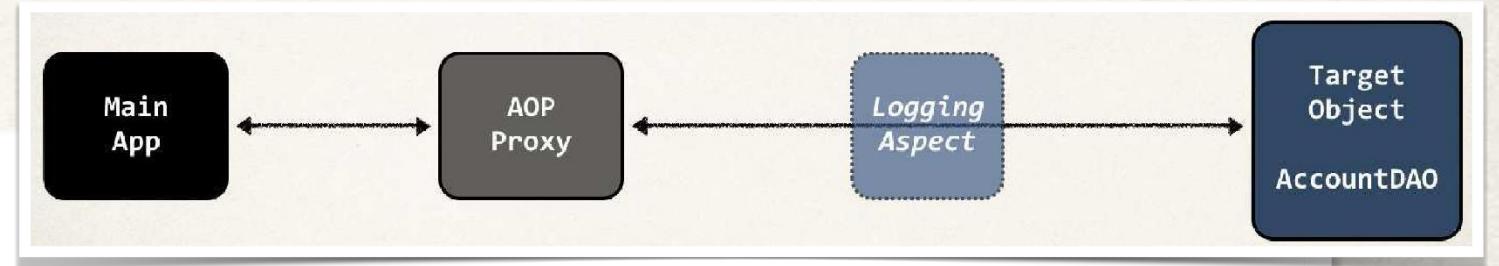
    private void demoTheBeforeAdvice(AccountDAO theAccountDAO) {

        // call the business method
        theAccountDAO.addAccount();
    }
}
```



Step 3: Create an Aspect with @Before advice

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {  
  
    ...  
  
}
```



Step 3: Create an Aspect with @Before advice

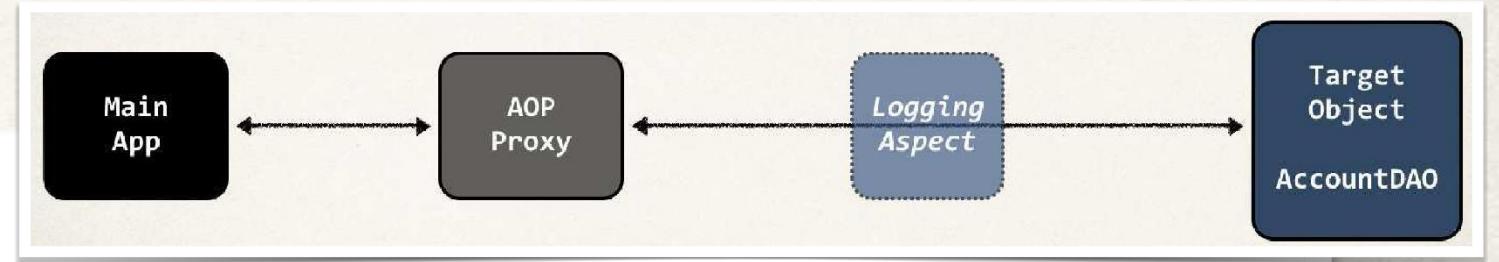
```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {
```

```
    @Before("execution(public void addAccount())")  
    public void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {
```

...

}

}



Step 3: Create an Aspect with @Before advice

```
@Aspect  
@Component
```

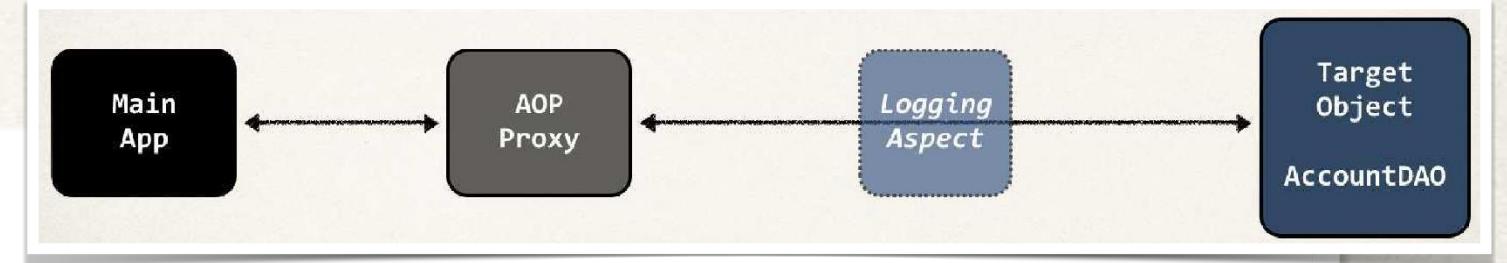
```
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {
```

```
    @Before("execution(public void addAccount())")  
    public void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {
```

```
        System.out.println("Executing @Before advice on addAccount());
```

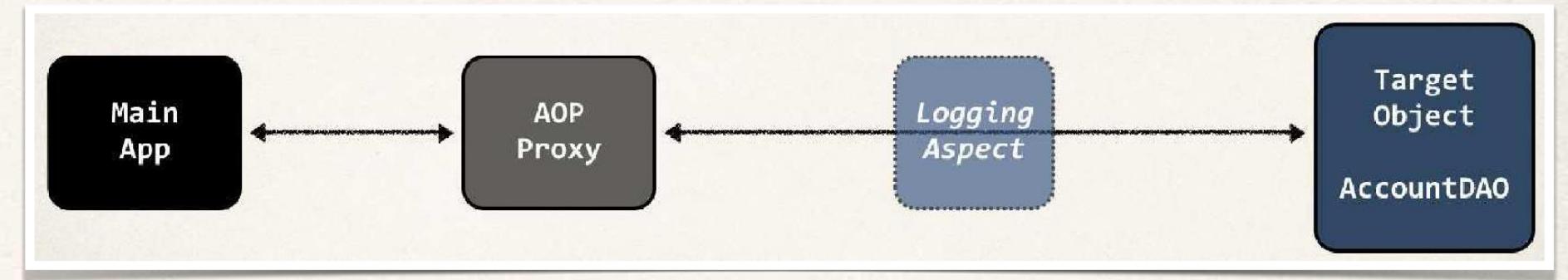
```
}
```

```
}
```



Best Practices: Aspect and Advices

- Keep the code small
- Keep the code fast
- Do not perform any expensive / slow operations
- Get in and out as QUICKLY as possible



AOP - Pointcut Expressions



I made a promise to you ...

```
@Component
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {

    // this is where we add all of our related advices for logging

    // let's start with an @Before advice
    @Before("execution(public void addAccount())")
}
```

Pointcut
expression

Run this code BEFORE - target object method: "public void addAccount()"



AOP Terminology

- **Pointcut:** A predicate expression for where advice should be applied

Pointcut Expression Language

- Spring AOP uses AspectJ's pointcut expression language
- We will start with **execution** pointcuts
 - Applies to execution of methods

Match on Method Name

Pointcut Expression Language

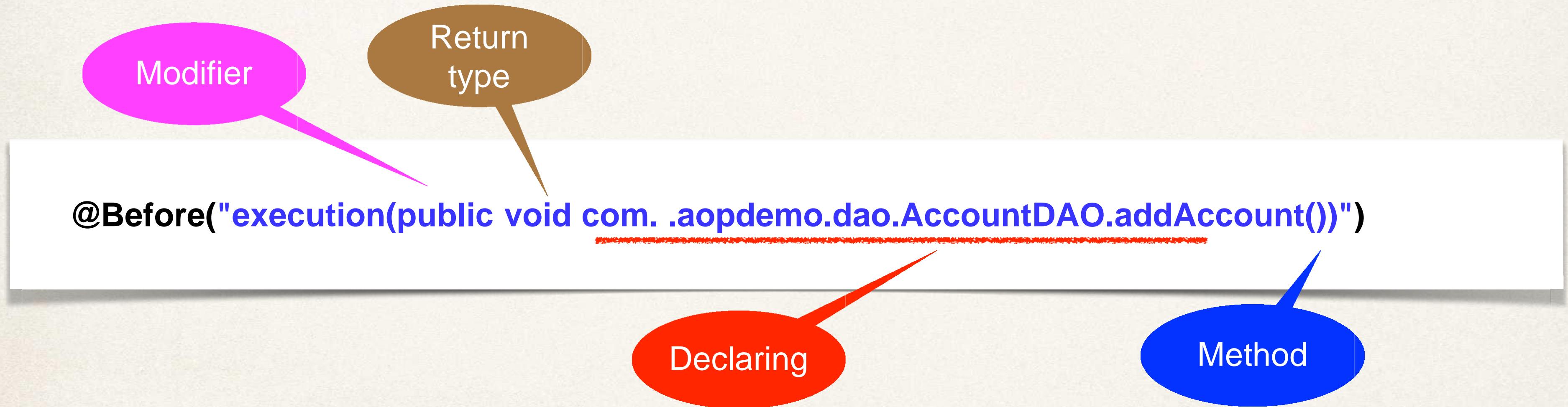
```
execution(modifiers-pattern? return-type-pattern declaring-type-pattern?  
method-name-pattern(param-pattern) throws-pattern?)
```

- The pattern is optional if it has “?”

Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method names

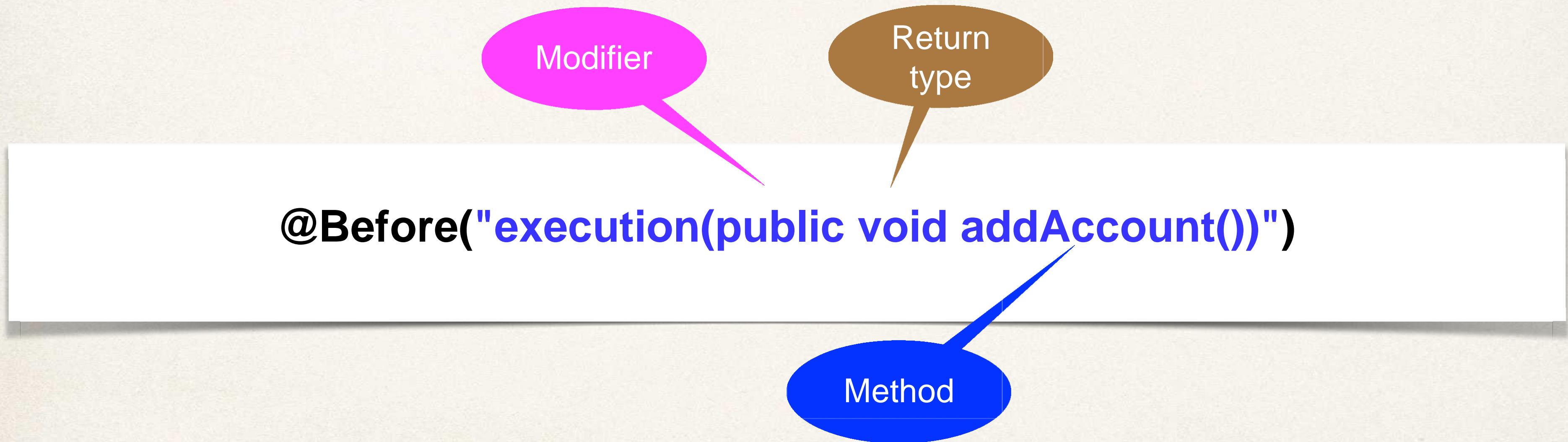
- Match only **addAccount()** method in **AccountDAO** class



Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method names

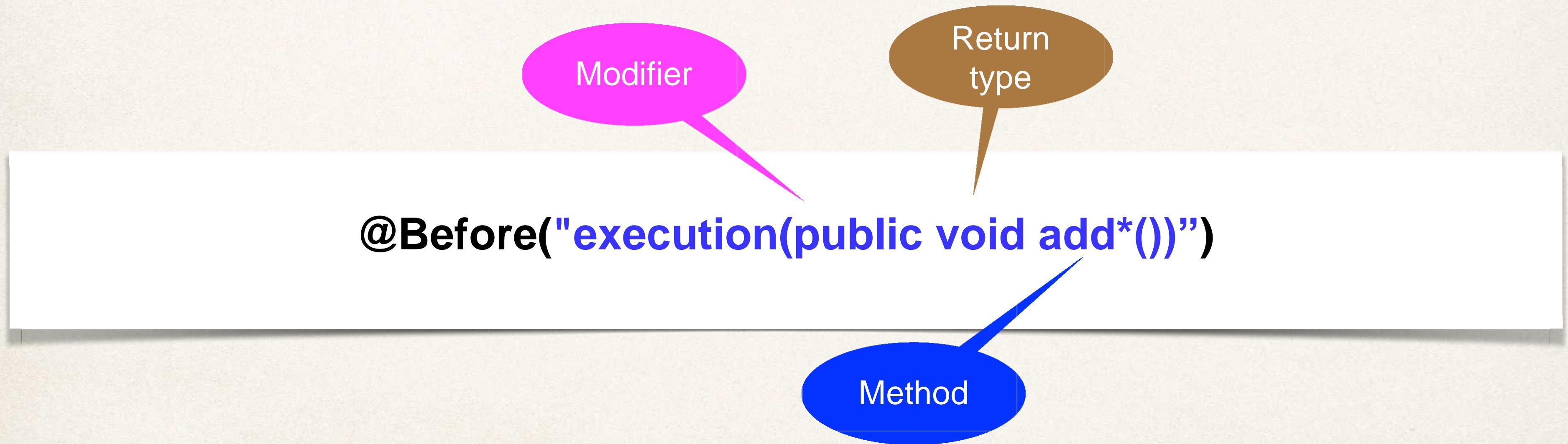
- Match any **addAccount()** method in **any** class



Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method names (using wildcards)

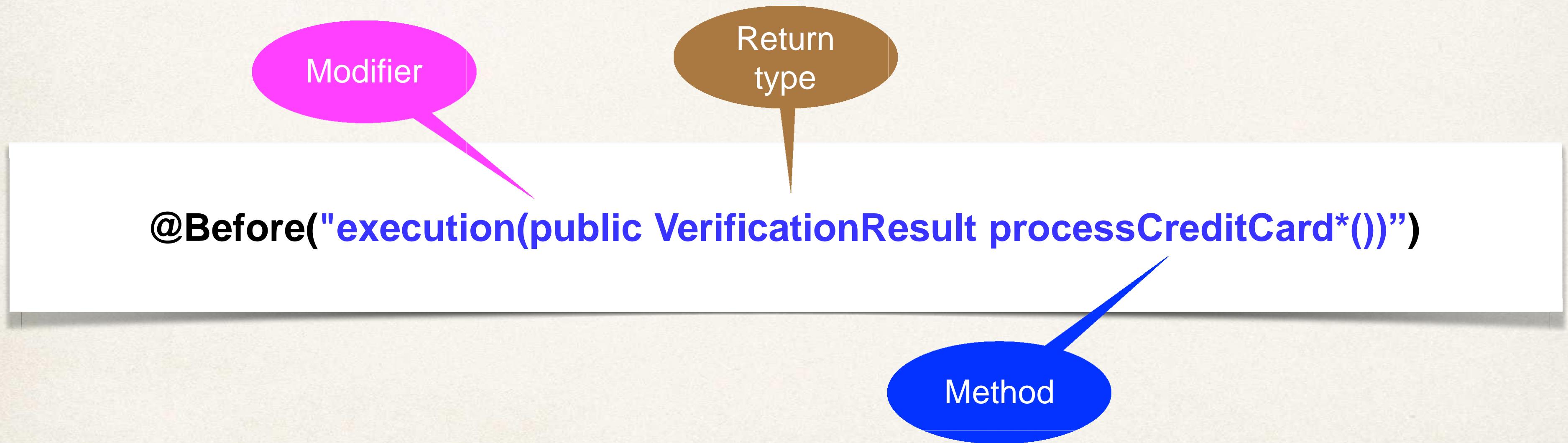
- Match methods starting with add in any class



Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method names (using wildcards)

- Match methods starting with **processCreditCard** in any class



Pointcut Expression Examples

- Use wildcards on return type

```
@Before("execution(public * processCreditCard*)")
```

Return
type

Method

Pointcut Expression Examples

- Modifier is optional ... so you don't have to list it

```
@Before("execution(* processCreditCard*)")
```

Return
type

Method

AOP - Pointcut Expressions (cont)



Match on Parameters

Parameter Pattern Wildcards

- For param-pattern
 - () - matches a method with no arguments
 - (*) - matches a method with one argument of any type
 - (..) - matches a method with 0 or more arguments of any type

Pointcut Expression Examples

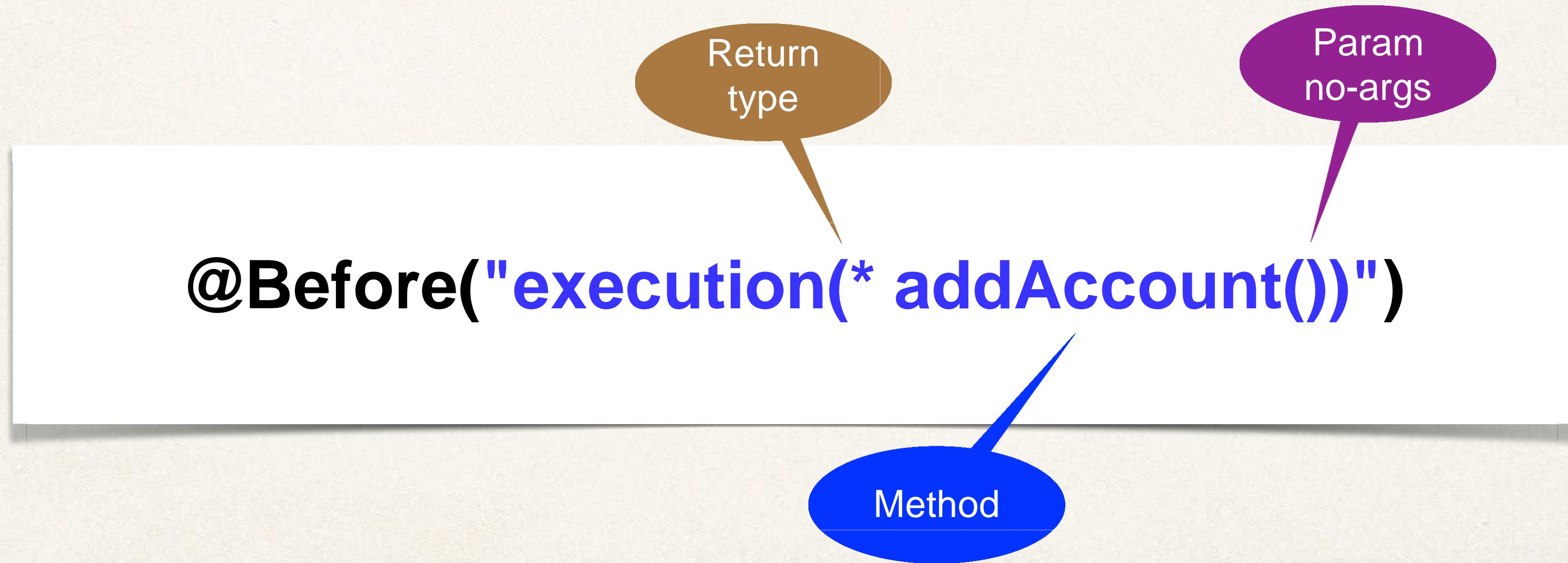
Match on method parameters

- Match addAccount methods with **no arguments**

Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method parameters

- Match addAccount methods with **no arguments**



Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method parameters

- Match **addAccount** methods that have **Account** param



Pointcut Expression Examples

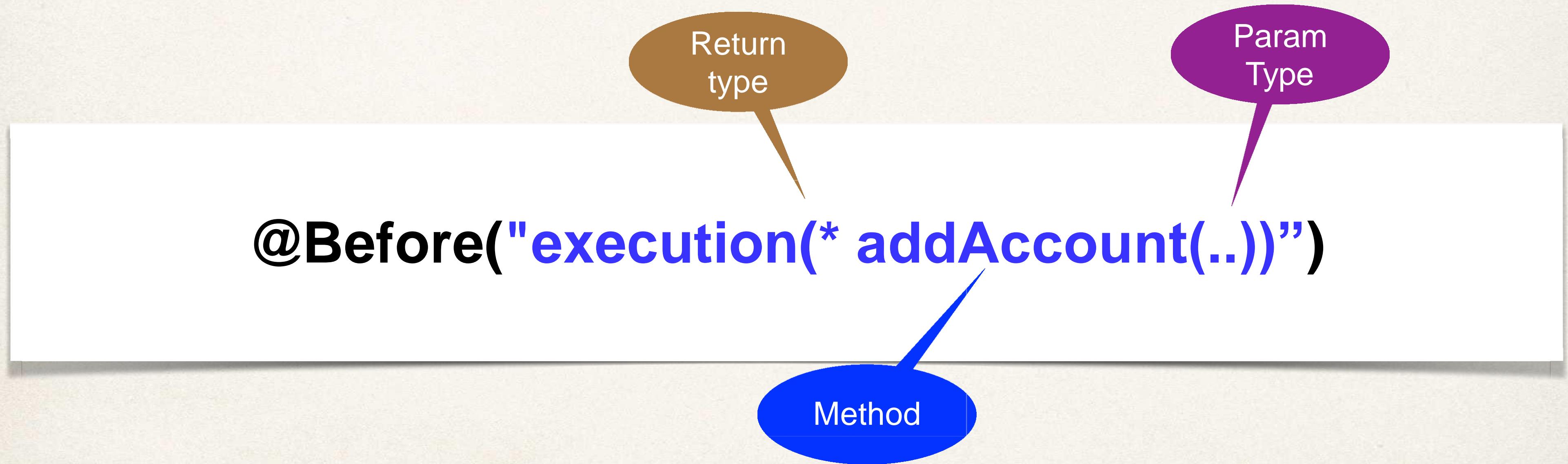
Match on method parameters (using wildcards)

- Match **addAccount** methods with **any number of arguments**

Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on method parameters (using wildcards)

- Match addAccount methods with **any number of arguments**

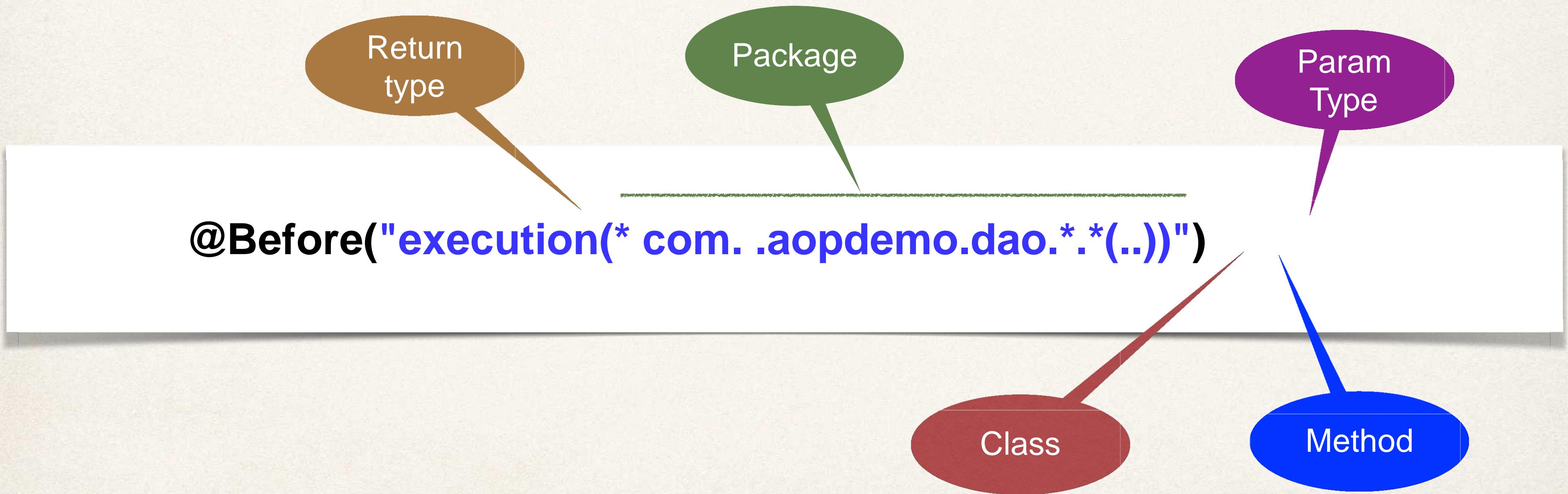


Match on Package

Package - Pointcut Expression Examples

Match on methods in a package

- Match any method in our DAO package: **com. .aopdemo.dao**



If you are using IntelliJ Ultimate

You may encounter this error

Exception encountered during context initialization - cancelling refresh attempt:

```
org.springframework.beans.factory.BeanCreationException: Error  
creating bean with name 'mbeanExporter' defined in class path  
resource [org/springframework/boot/autoconfigure/jmx/  
JmxAutoConfiguration.class]
```

Why?

IntelliJ Ultimate loads additional classes for JMX

This conflicts with Spring Boot's JMX Autoconfiguration

**When using wildcards with AOP,
caution should be taken.**

**If new frameworks are added to your project,
then you may encounter conflicts.**

Recommendation is to:

- narrow your pointcut expressions
- limit them to your project package

In this case, our pointcut expression is too broad.

We can resolve this by:

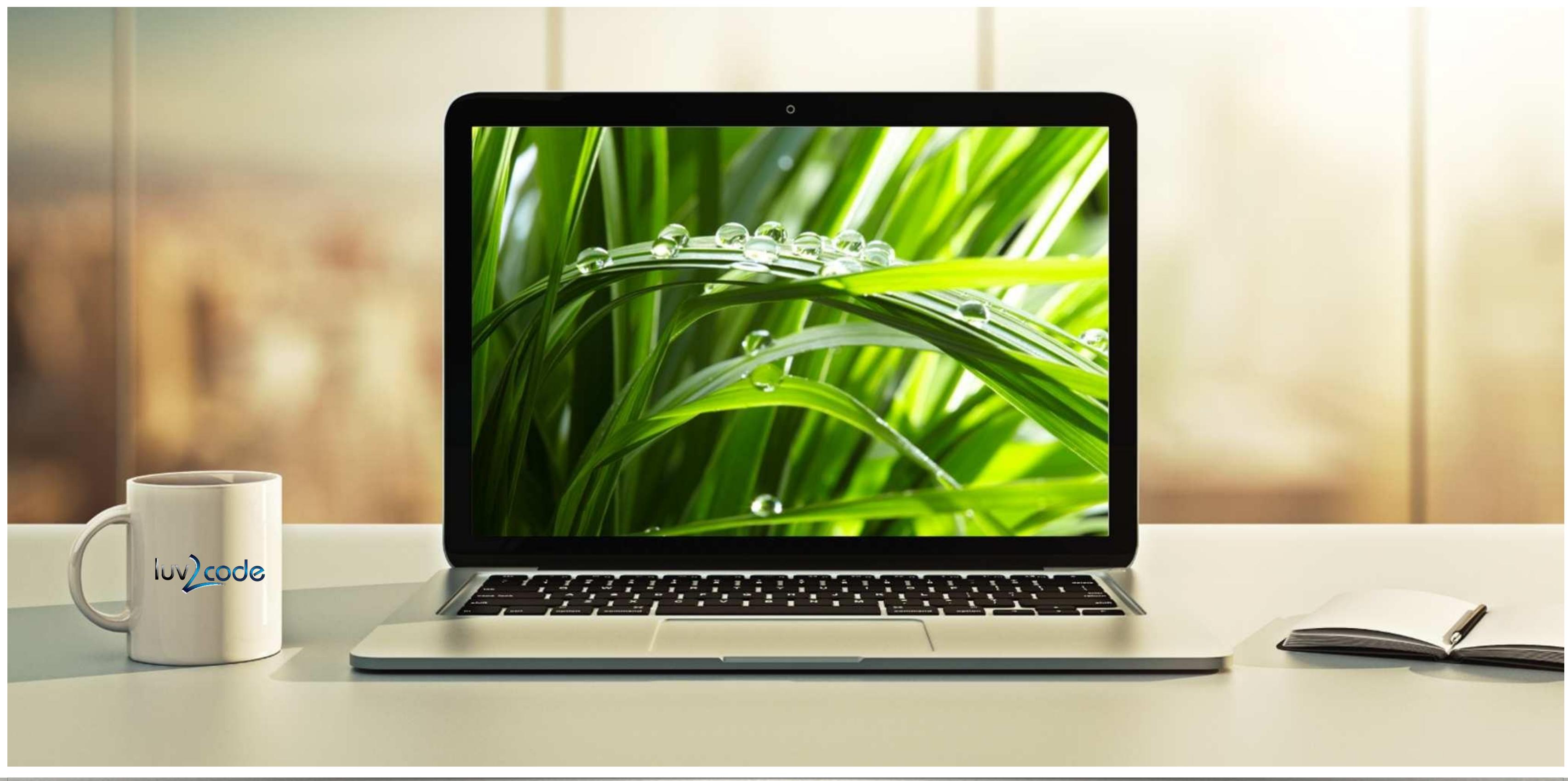
- narrowing the pointcut expression
- only match within our project package

```
@Before ("execution (* com. . . add* (...) )")
```

Narrow pointcut expression to our package

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Pointcut Declarations



Problem

- How can we reuse a pointcut expression?
- Want to apply to multiple advices

```
@Before("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") public  
void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {  
    ...  
}
```

Possible Solution

- Could just do the old copy/paste method ... yuk!

```
@Before("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") public  
void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {  
    ...  
}
```

Possible Solution

- Could just do the old copy/paste method ... yuk!

```
@Before("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") public  
void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {  
    ...  
}  
  
@Before("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") public  
void performApiAnalytics() {  
    ...  
}
```

Ideal Solution

- Create a pointcut declaration once
- Apply it to multiple advices

Development Process

Step-By-Step

1. Create a pointcut declaration
2. Apply pointcut declaration to advice(s)

Step 1- Create Pointcut Declaration

- Create a pointcut declaration once

```
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
void forDaoPackage() {}
```

Step 1- Create Pointcut Declaration

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {  
  
}
```

Step 1- Create Pointcut Declaration

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {  
  
    @Pointcut("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
    void forDaoPackage() {}  
  
}
```

Step 2 - Apply to Multiple Advices

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {  
  
    @Pointcut("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
    void forDaoPackage() {}  
  
    @Before("forDaoPackage()")  
    public void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

Step 2 - Apply to Multiple Advices

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class MyDemoLoggingAspect {  
  
    @Pointcut("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
    void forDaoPackage() {}  
  
    @Before("forDaoPackage()")  
    public void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {  
        ...  
    }  
  
    @Before("forDaoPackage()")  
    public void performApiAnalytics() {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

Benefits of Pointcut Declarations

- Easily reuse pointcut expressions
- Update pointcut in one location
- Can also share and combine pointcut expressions (coming up later)

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Combine Pointcuts



Problem

- How to apply multiple pointcut expressions to single advice?
- Execute an advice only if certain conditions are met
- For example
 - All methods in a package EXCEPT getter/setter methods

Combining Pointcut Expressions

- Combine pointcut expressions using logic operators
 - AND (`&&`)
 - OR (`||`)
 - NOT (`!`)

Combining Pointcut Expressions

- Works like an “if” statement
- Execution happens only if it evaluates to true

```
@Before("expressionOne() && expressionTwo()")
```

```
@Before("expressionOne() || expressionTwo()")
```

```
@Before("expressionOne() && !expressionTwo()")
```

Example:

- All methods in a package EXCEPT getter/setter methods

Development Process

Step-By-Step

1. Create a pointcut declarations
2. Combine pointcut declarations
3. Apply pointcut declaration to advice(s)

Step 1- Create Pointcut Declaration

```
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
void forDaoPackage() {}
```

Step 1- Create Pointcut Declaration

```
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
void forDaoPackage() {}
```

```
// create pointcut for getter methods  
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.get*(..))") private  
void getter() {}
```

Step 1- Create Pointcut Declaration

```
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
void forDaoPackage() {}
```

```
// create pointcut for getter methods  
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.get*(..))") private  
void getter() {}
```

```
// create pointcut for setter methods  
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.set*(..))") private  
void setter() {}
```

Step 2 - Combine Pointcut Declarations

```
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.*(..))") private  
void forDaoPackage() {}
```

```
// create pointcut for getter methods  
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.get*(..))") private  
void getter() {}
```

```
// create pointcut for setter methods  
@Pointcut("execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.*.set*(..))") private  
void setter() {}
```

```
// combine pointcut: include package ... exclude getter/setter  
@Pointcut("forDaoPackage() && !(getter() || setter())")  
private void forDaoPackageNoGetterSetter() {}
```

Step 3 - Apply Pointcut Declaration to Advice(s)

...

```
// combine pointcut: include package ... exclude getter/setter  
@Pointcut("forDaoPackage() && !(getter() || setter())")  
private void forDaoPackageNoGetterSetter() {}
```

```
@Before("forDaoPackageNoGetterSetter()")  
public void beforeAddAccountAdvice() {  
    ...  
}
```

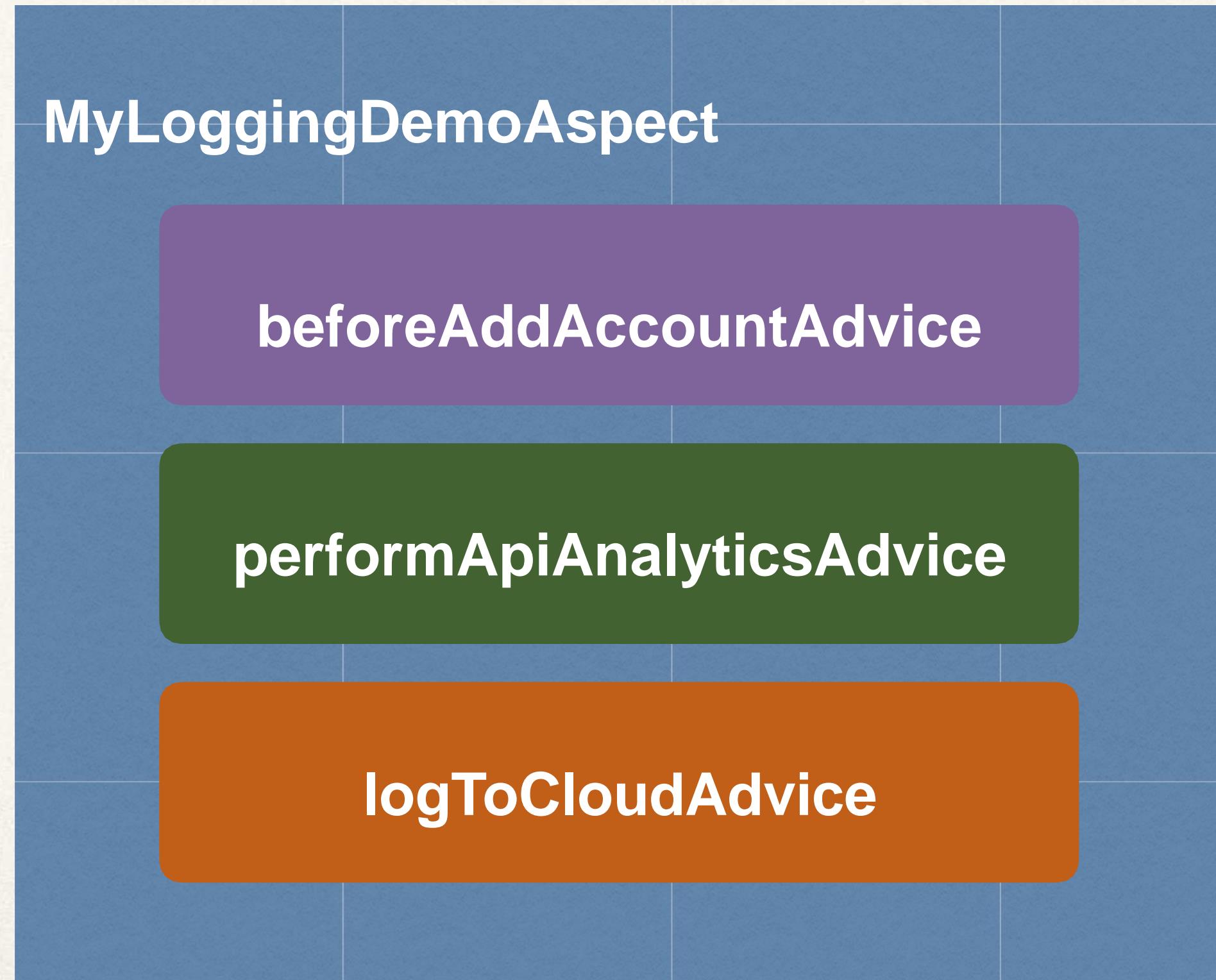
Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Control Aspect Order



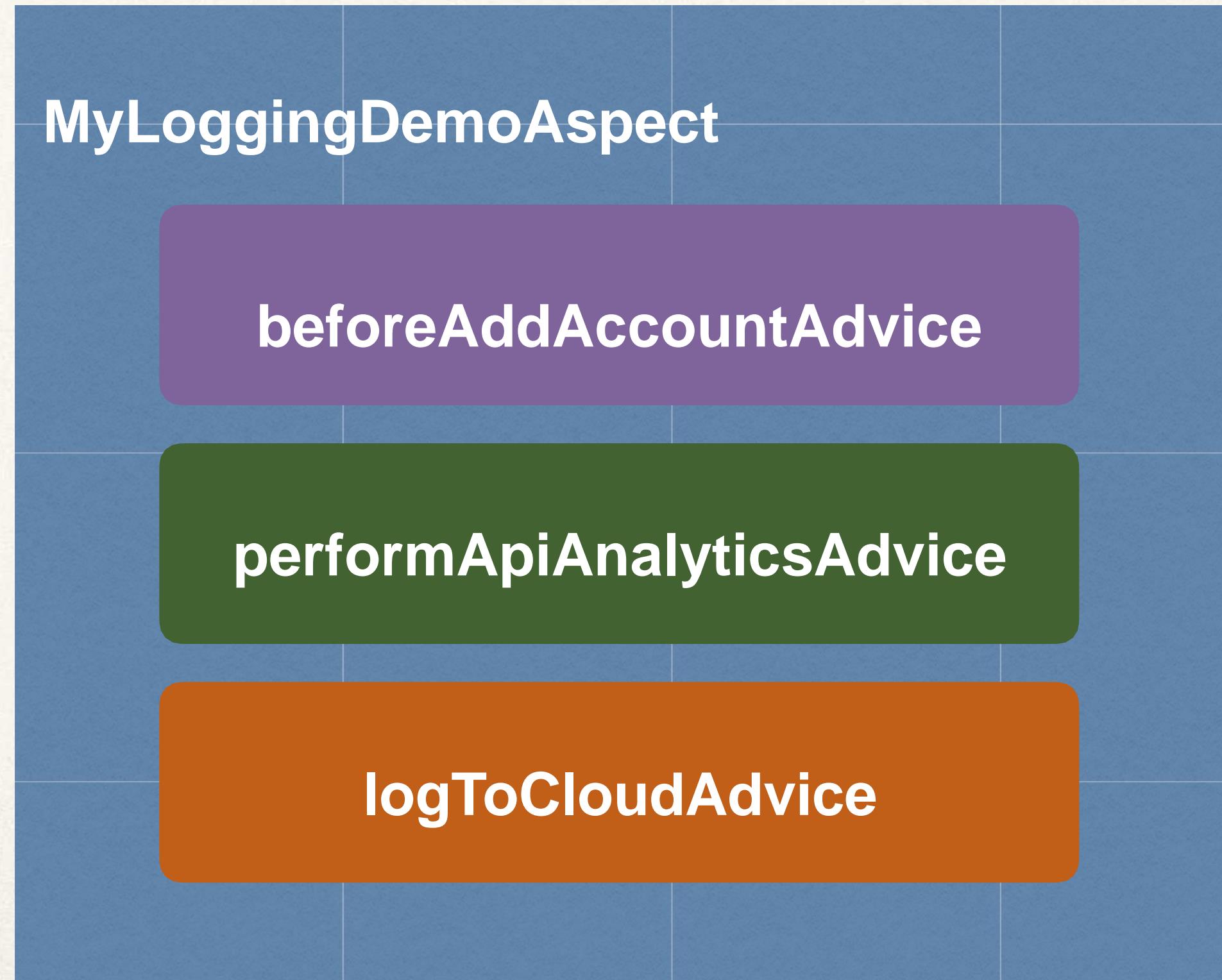
Problem

- How to control the order of advices being applied?



Problem

- How to control the order of advices being applied?



The order is
undefined

To Control Order

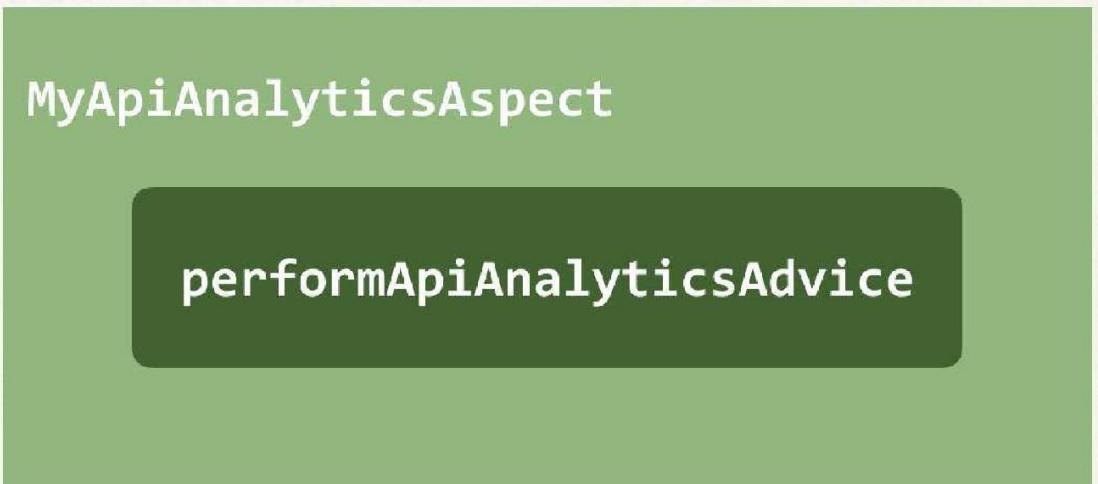
- Refactor: Place advices in separate Aspects
- Control order on Aspects using the @Order annotation
- Guarantees order of when Aspects are applied

Development Process

Step-By-Step

1. Refactor: Place advices in separate Aspects
2. Add @Order annotation to Aspects

Step 1 - Refactor: Place advices in separate Aspects



Step 2 - Add @Order annotation

- Control order on Aspects using the @Order annotation

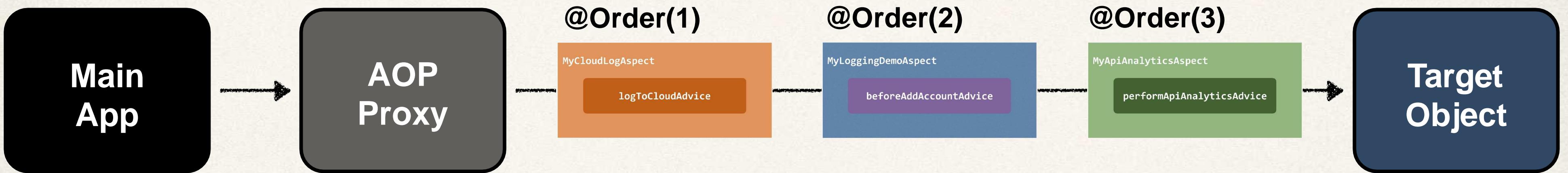


```
@Order(1)
public class MyCloudLogAspect {
    ...
}
```

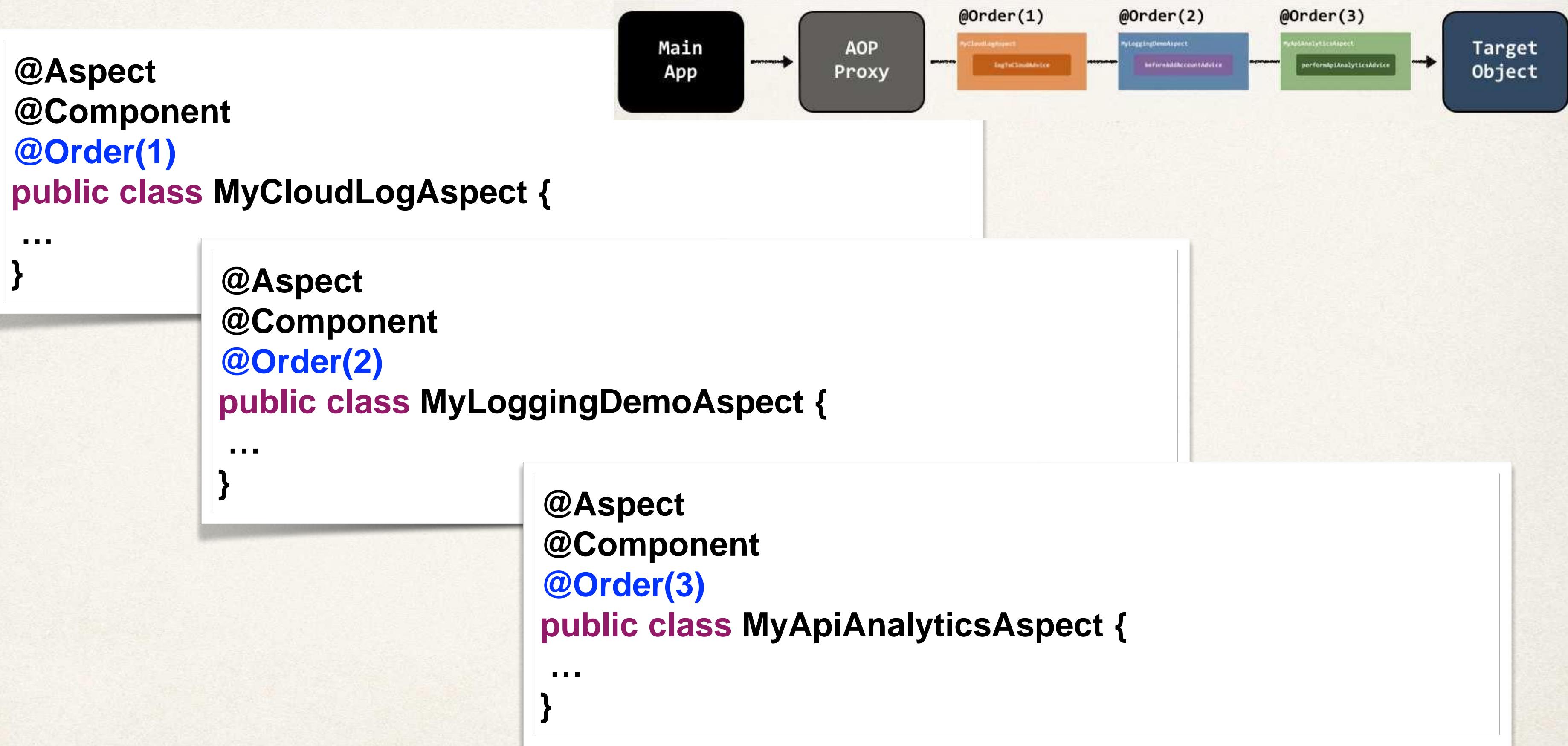
- Guarantees order of when Aspects are applied
- Lower numbers have higher precedence

@Order

- We want the following order:
 1. MyCloudLogAspect
 2. MyLoggingDemoAspect
 3. MyApiAnalyticsAspect

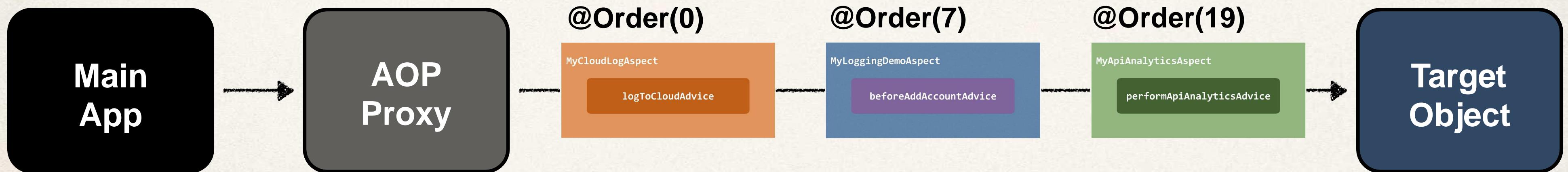


@Order annotation



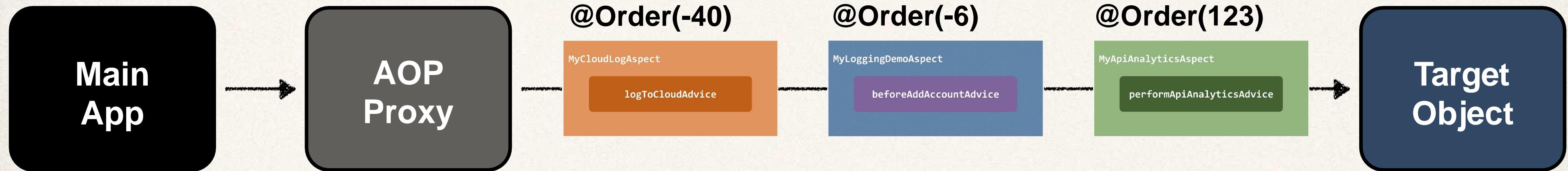
@Order annotation

- Lower numbers have higher precedence
 - Range: Integer.MIN_VALUE to Integer.MAX_VALUE
 - Negative numbers are allowed
 - Does not have to be consecutive



@Order annotation

- Example with negative numbers



@Order annotation

- FAQ: What if aspects have the exact same @Order annotation?

```
@Order(1)  
public class MyCloudLogAspect { ... }
```

```
@Order(6)  
public class MyShowAspect { ... }
```

```
@Order(6)  
public class MyFunnyAspect { ... }
```

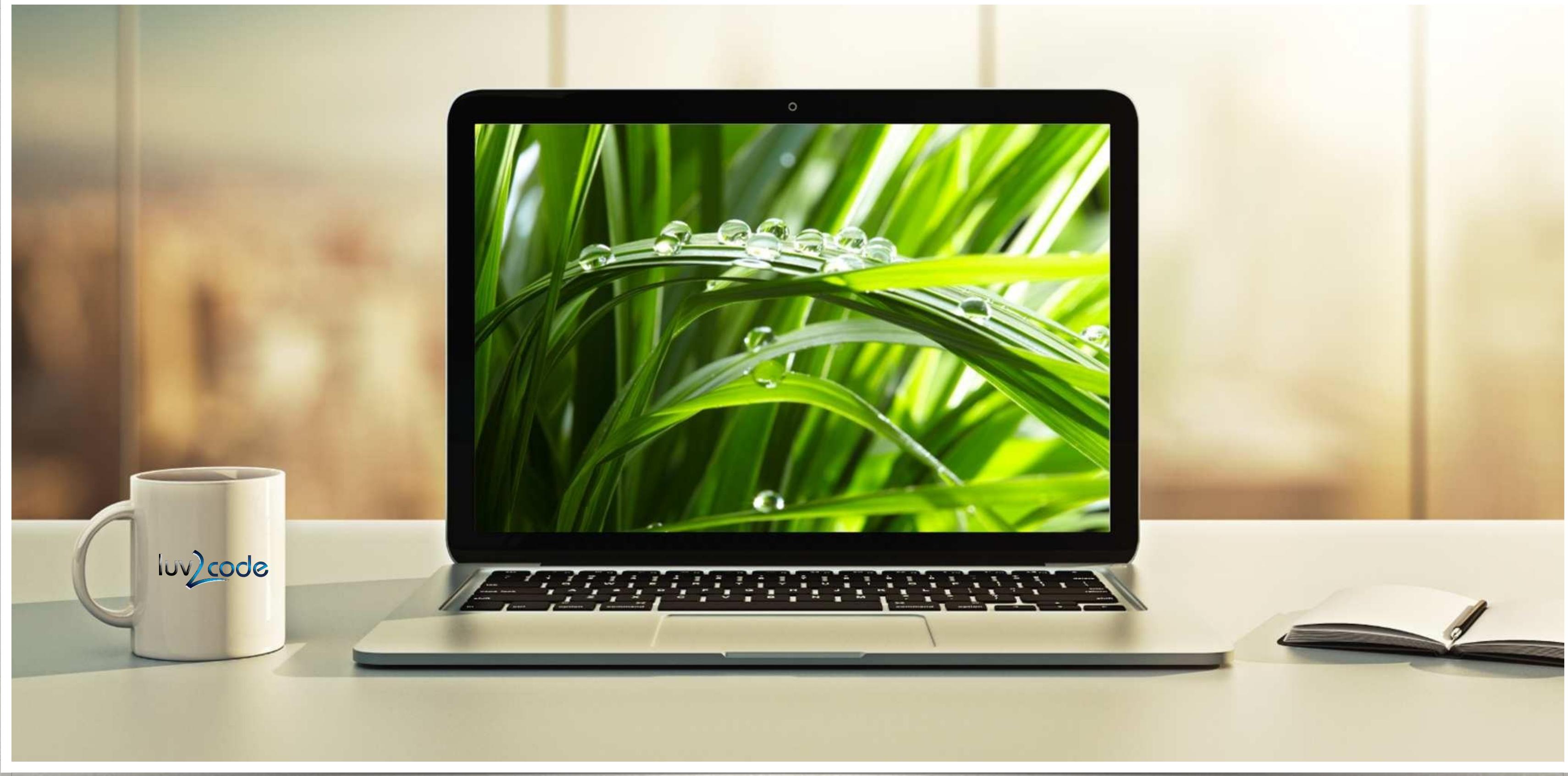
```
@Order(123)  
public class MyLoggingDemoAspect { ... }
```

The order at
this point is
undefined

Will still
run AFTER
MyCloudLogAspect
and BEFORE
MyLoggingDemoAspect

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Reading Method Arguments with JoinPoints



Problem

- When we are in an aspect (ie for logging)
- How can we access method parameters?

Development Process

Step-By-Step

1. Access and display Method Signature
2. Access and display Method Arguments

Step 1 - Access and display Method Signature

```
@Before("...")  
public void beforeAddAccountAdvice(JoinPoint theJoinPoint) {  
  
}
```

Step 1 - Access and display Method Signature

```
@Before("...")  
public void beforeAddAccountAdvice(JoinPoint theJoinPoint) {  
  
    // display the method signature  
    MethodSignature methodSig = (MethodSignature) theJoinPoint.getSignature();  
  
    System.out.println("Method: " + methodSig);  
  
}
```

Method: void com.luv2code.aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.addAccount(Account,boolean)

Step 2 - Access and display Method Arguments

```
@Before("...")  
public void beforeAddAccountAdvice(JoinPoint theJoinPoint) {  
  
    // display method arguments  
  
    // get args  
    Object[] args = theJoinPoint.getArgs();  
  
    // loop thru args  
    for (Object tempArg : args) {  
        System.out.println(tempArg);  
    }  
}
```

com.luv2code.aopdemo.Account@1ce24091

true

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

Progress Check



Progress Check

Work Completed

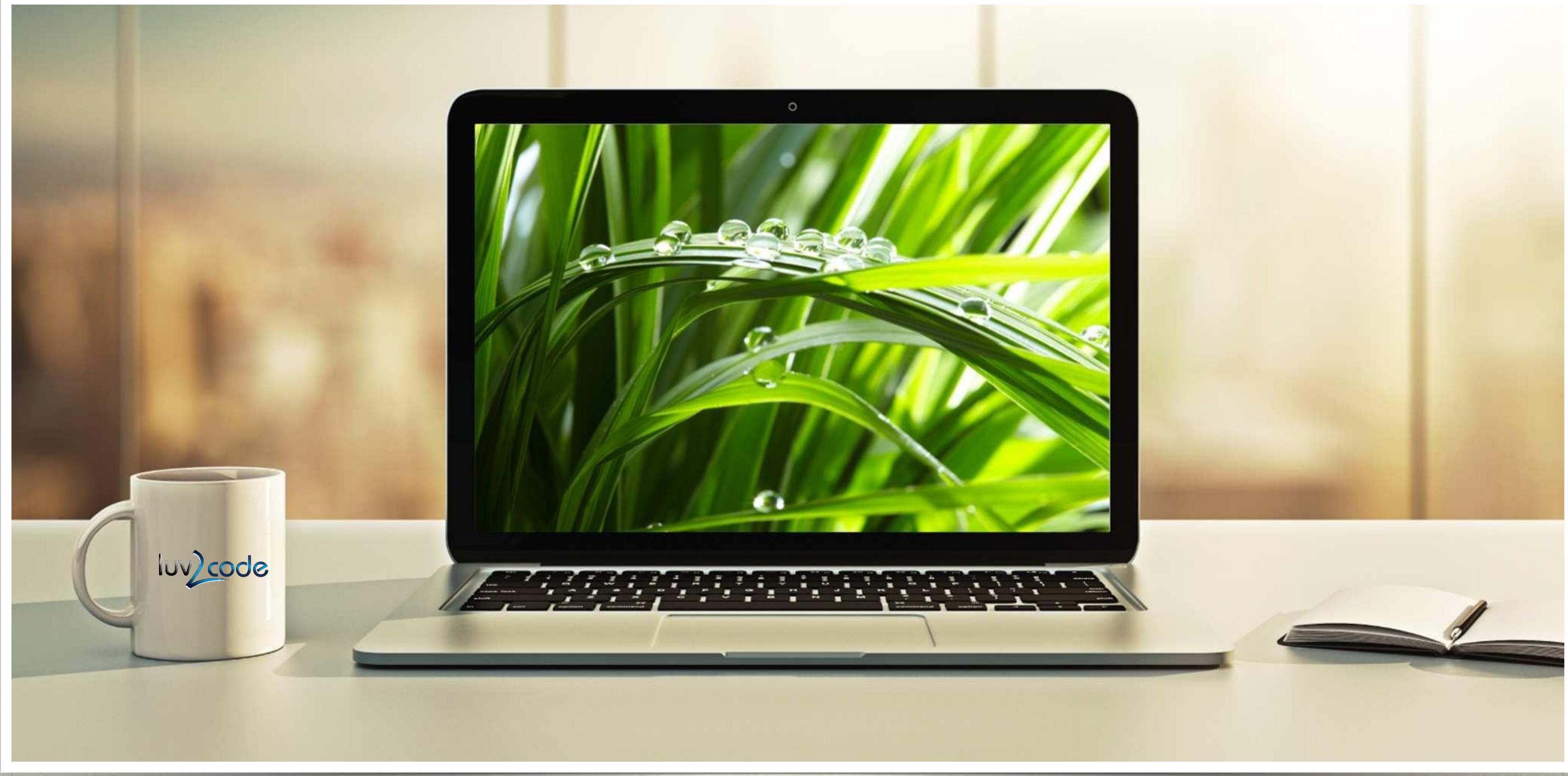
- **@Before** advice type
- Pointcut Expressions
- JoinPoints

Work To Do - More Advice Types

- **@AfterReturning**
- **@AfterThrowing**
- **@After**
- **@Around**

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

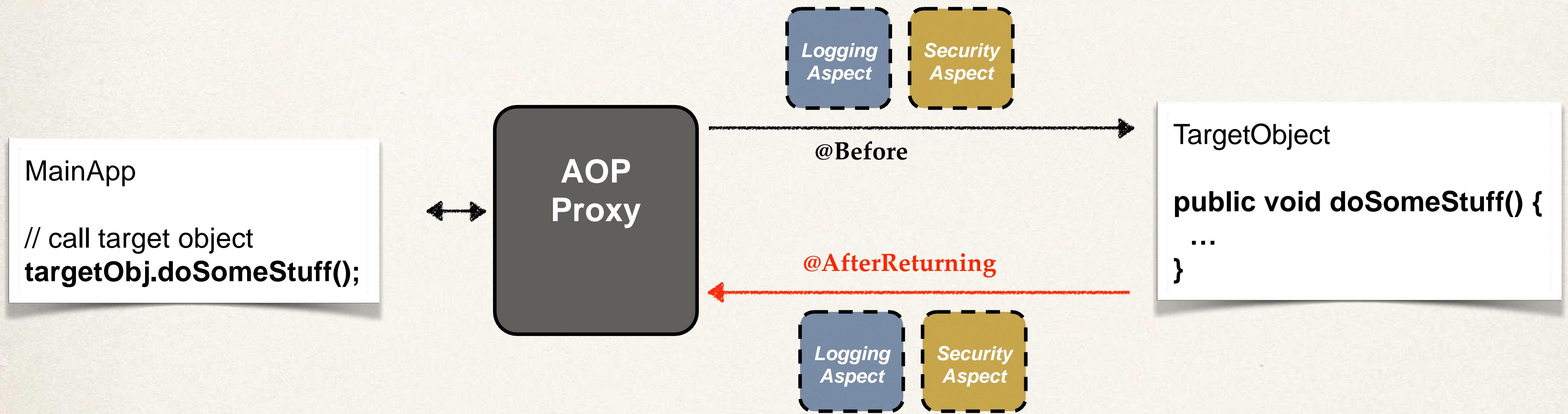
@AfterReturning Advice



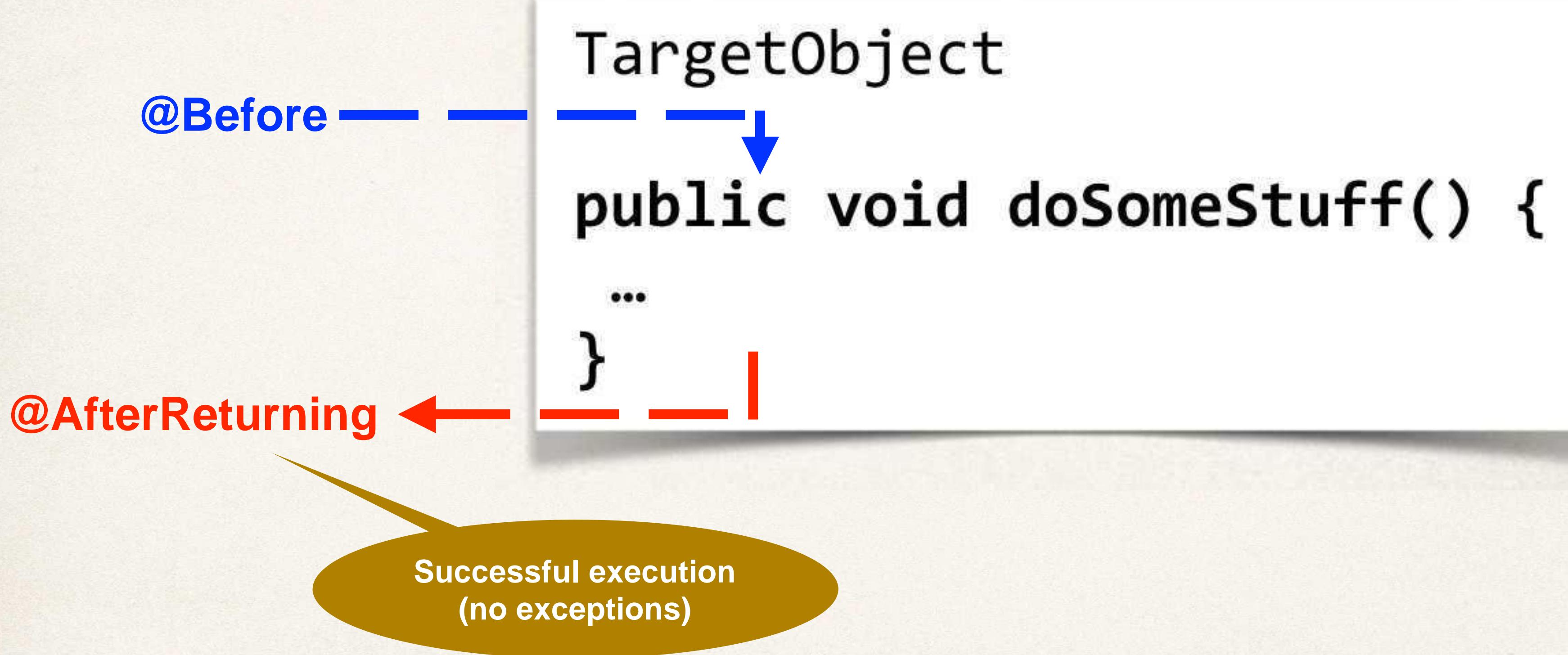
Advice Types

- **Before advice:** run before the method
- **After returning advice:** run after the method (success execution)
- **After throwing advice:** run after method (if exception thrown)
- **After finally advice:** run after the method (finally)
- **Around advice:** run before and after method

@AfterReturning Advice - Interaction



Advice - Interaction



@AfterReturning Advice - Use Cases

- **Most common**
 - logging, security, transactions
- **Audit logging**
 - who, what, when, where
- **Post-processing Data**
 - Post process the data before returning to caller
 - Format the data or enrich the data (really cool but be careful)

Example

- Create an advice that will run after a method call (success execution)



@AfterReturning Advice

- This advice will run after the method call (success execution)

```
@AfterReturning("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))")
public void afterReturningFindAccountsAdvice() {

    System.out.println("Executing @AfterReturning advice");

}
```

Access the Return Value

- Need to access the return value of method called



Access the Return Value

```
@AfterReturning(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    returning="result")  
public void afterReturningFindAccountsAdvice() {  
}  
}
```

Access the Return Value

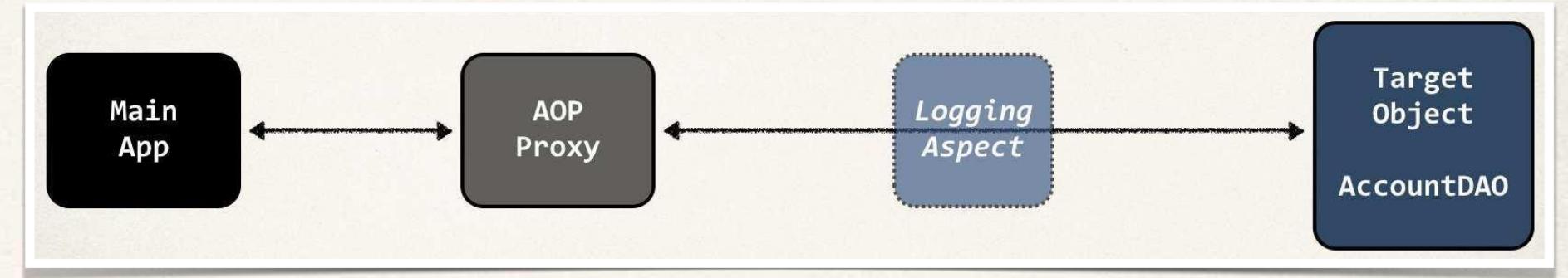
```
@AfterReturning(  
    pointcut="execution(* com..aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    returning="result")  
public void afterReturningFindAccountsAdvice(  
    JoinPoint theJoinPoint, List<Account> result) {  
  
}
```

Access the Return Value

```
@AfterReturning(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    returning="result")  
public void afterReturningFindAccountsAdvice(  
    JoinPoint theJoinPoint, List<Account> result) {  
  
    // print out the results of the method call  
    System.out.println("\n=====>>> result is: " + result);  
}
```

Best Practices: Aspect and Advices

- Keep the code small
- Keep the code fast
- Do not perform any expensive / slow operations
- Get in and out as QUICKLY as possible



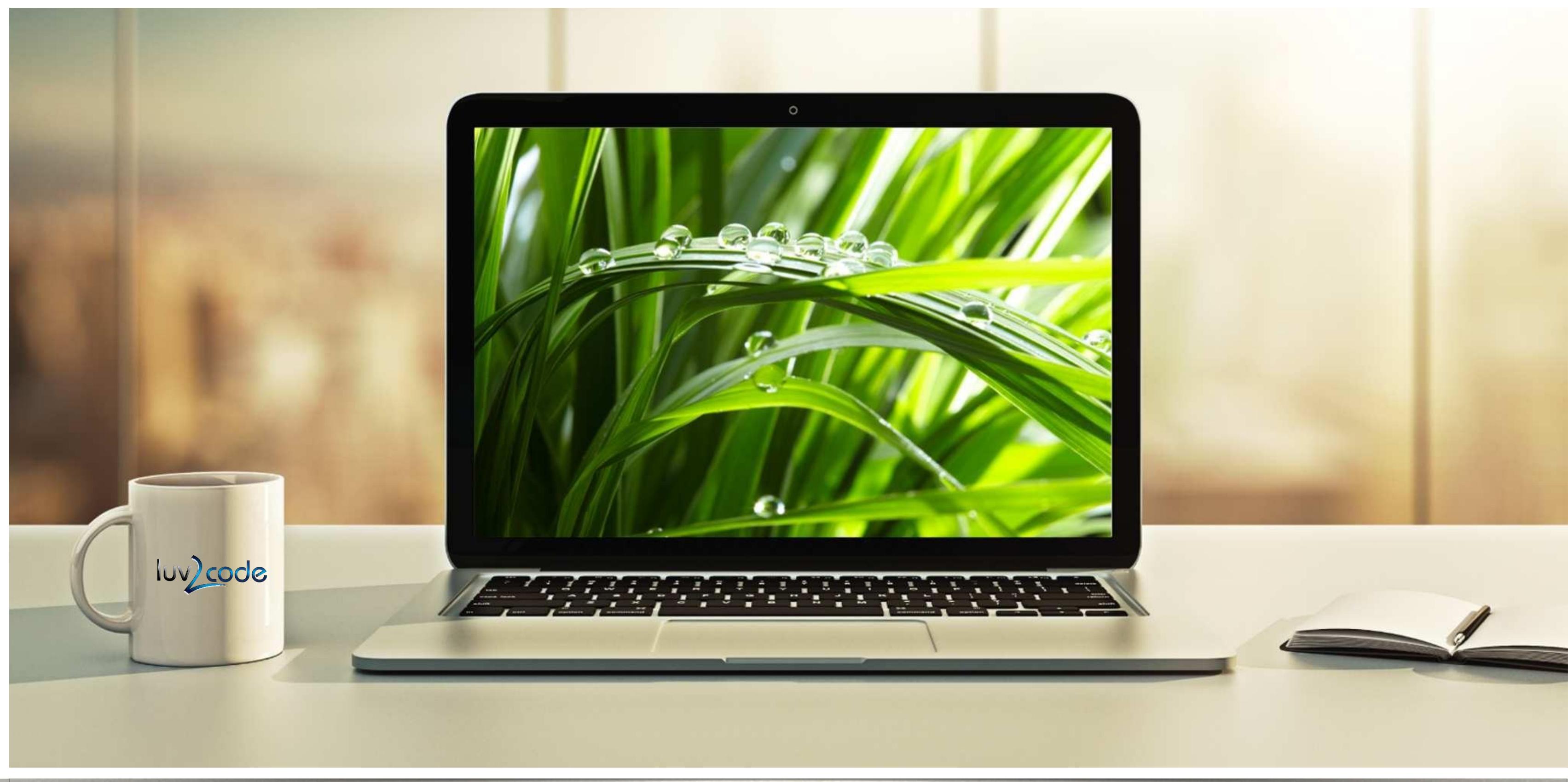
Development Process - @AfterReturning

Step-By-Step

1. Prep Work: Add constructors to Account class
2. Add new method: `findAccounts()` in AccountDAO
3. Update main app to call the new method: `findAccounts()`
4. Add `@AfterReturning` advice

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

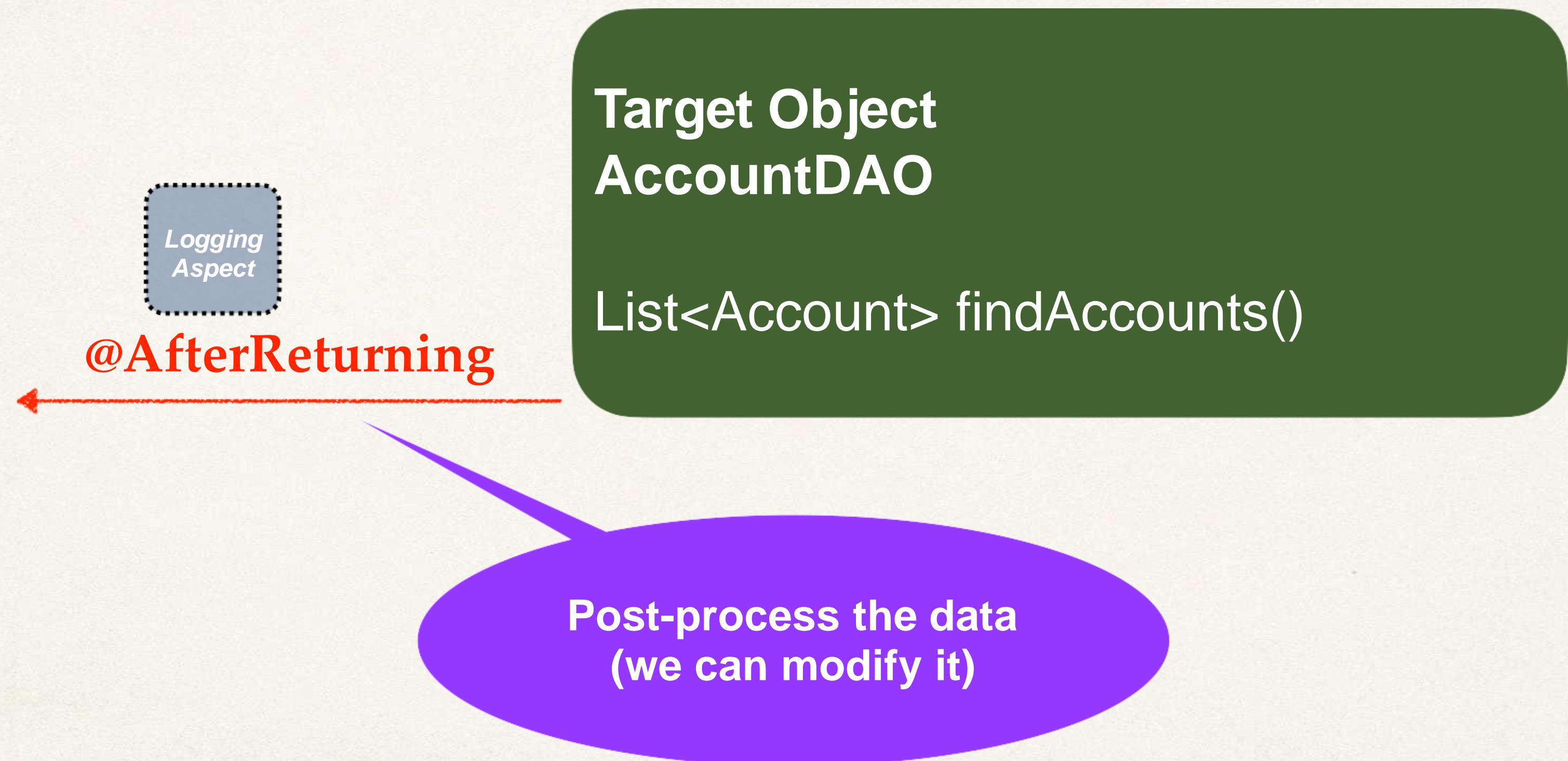
@AfterReturning Advice - Modify Return Value



@AfterReturning Advice - Use Cases

- **Most common**
 - logging, security, transactions
- **Audit logging**
 - who, what, when, where
- **Post-processing Data**
 - Post process the data before returning to caller
 - Format the data or enrich the data (really cool but be careful)

Post-Process / Modify Data



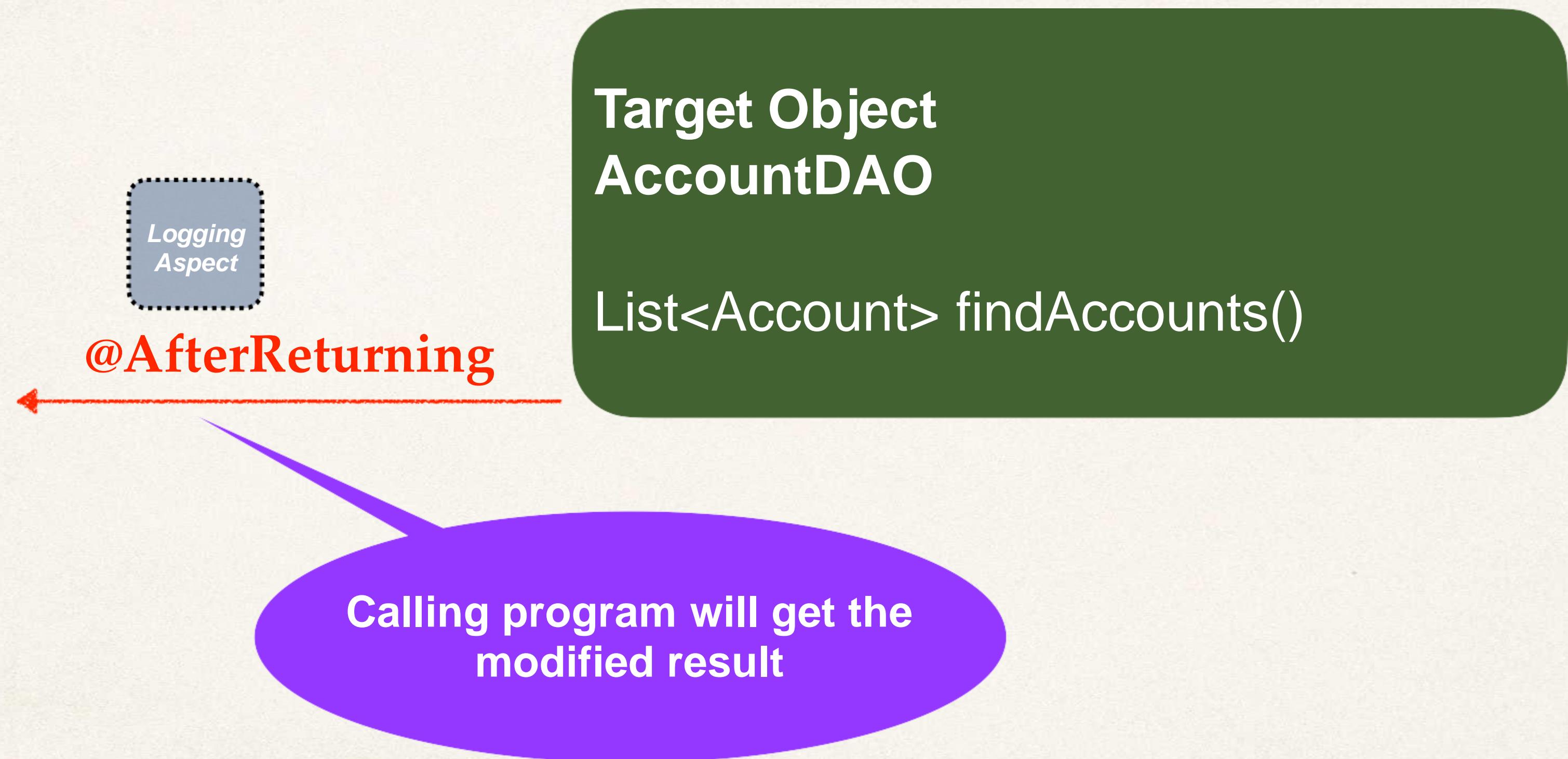
Modify the Return Value

```
@AfterReturning(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    returning="result")  
public void afterReturningFindAccountsAdvice(  
    JoinPoint theJoinPoint, List<Account> result) {  
  
    // modify "result" list: add, remove, update, etc ...  
  
}
```

Modify the Return Value

```
@AfterReturning(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    returning="result")  
public void afterReturningFindAccountsAdvice(  
    JoinPoint theJoinPoint, List<Account> result) {  
  
    // modify "result" list: add, remove, update, etc ...  
    if (!result.isEmpty()) {  
  
        Account tempAccount = result.get(0);  
  
        tempAccount.setName("Daffy Duck");  
    }  
}
```

Post-Process / Modify Data



Calling program

```
// call method to find the accounts  
List<Account> theAccounts = theAccountDAO.findAccounts();
```

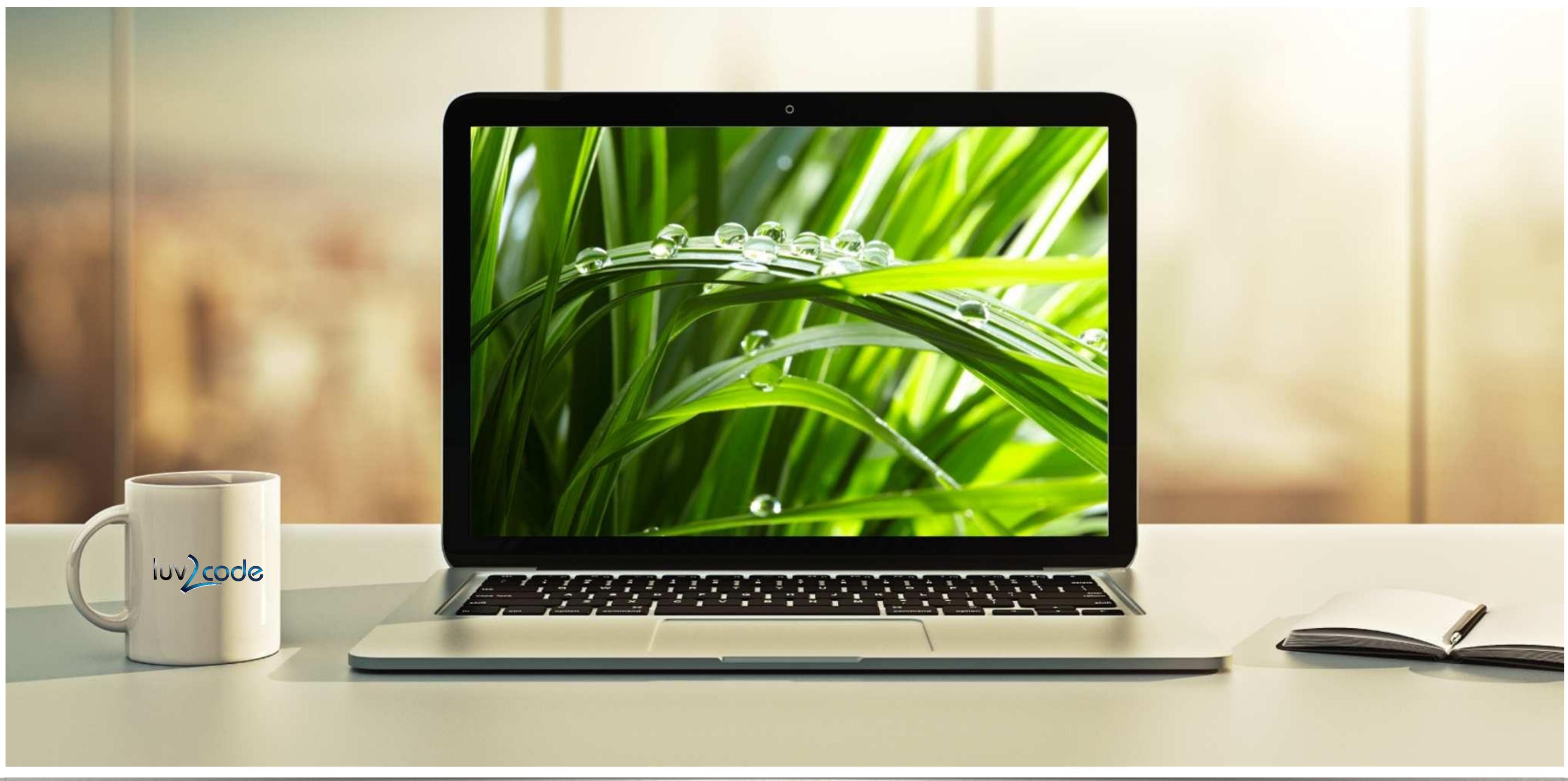
Logging Aspect

@AfterReturning

Calling program will get the modified result

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

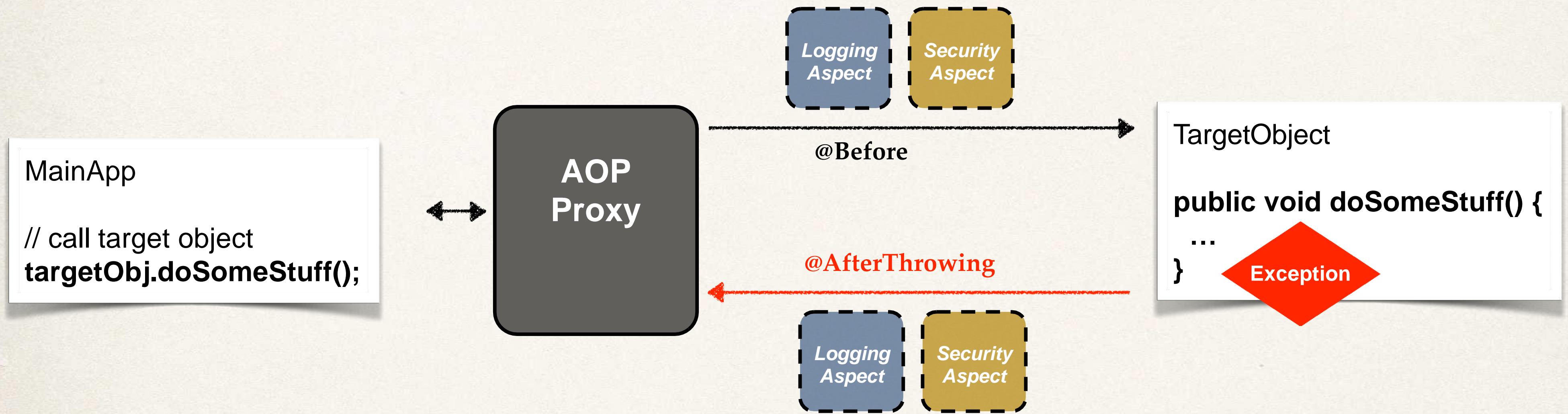
@AfterThrowing Advice



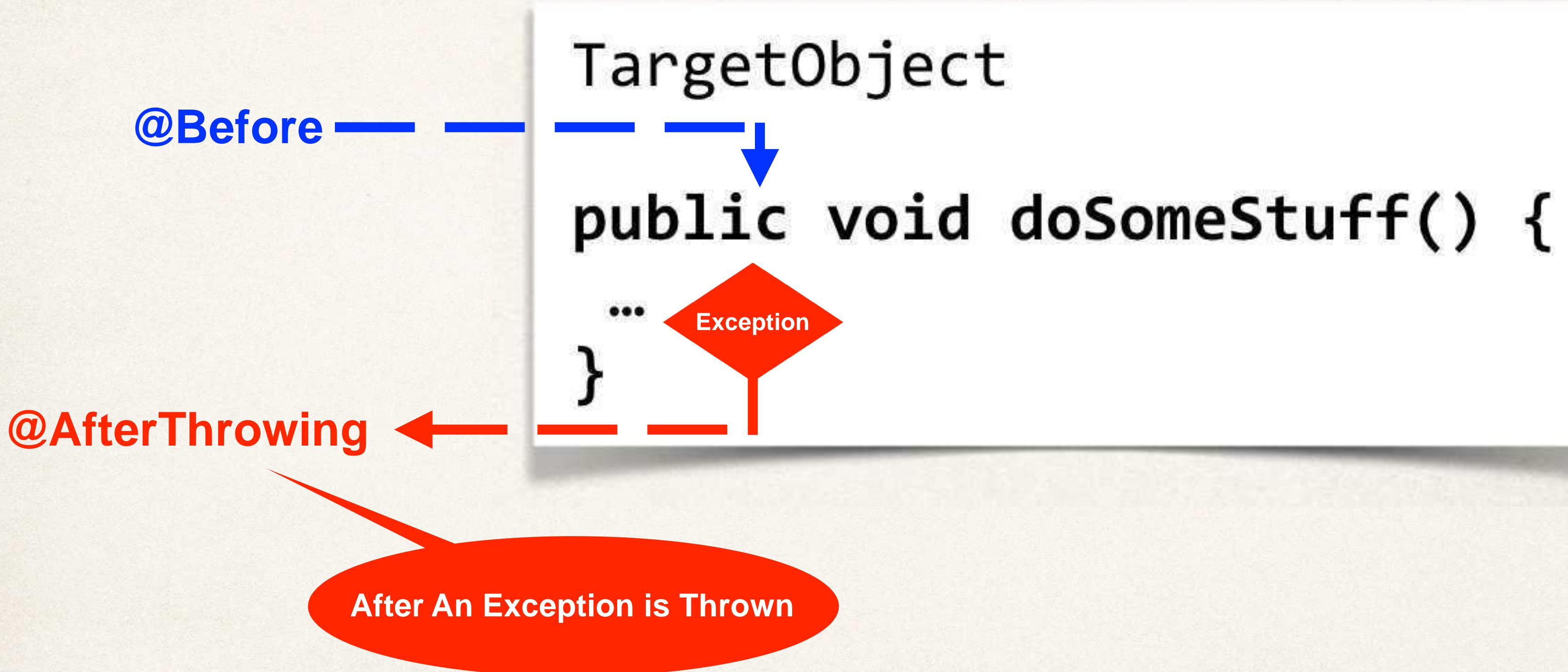
Advice Types

- **Before advice:** run before the method
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- **Around advice:** run before and after method

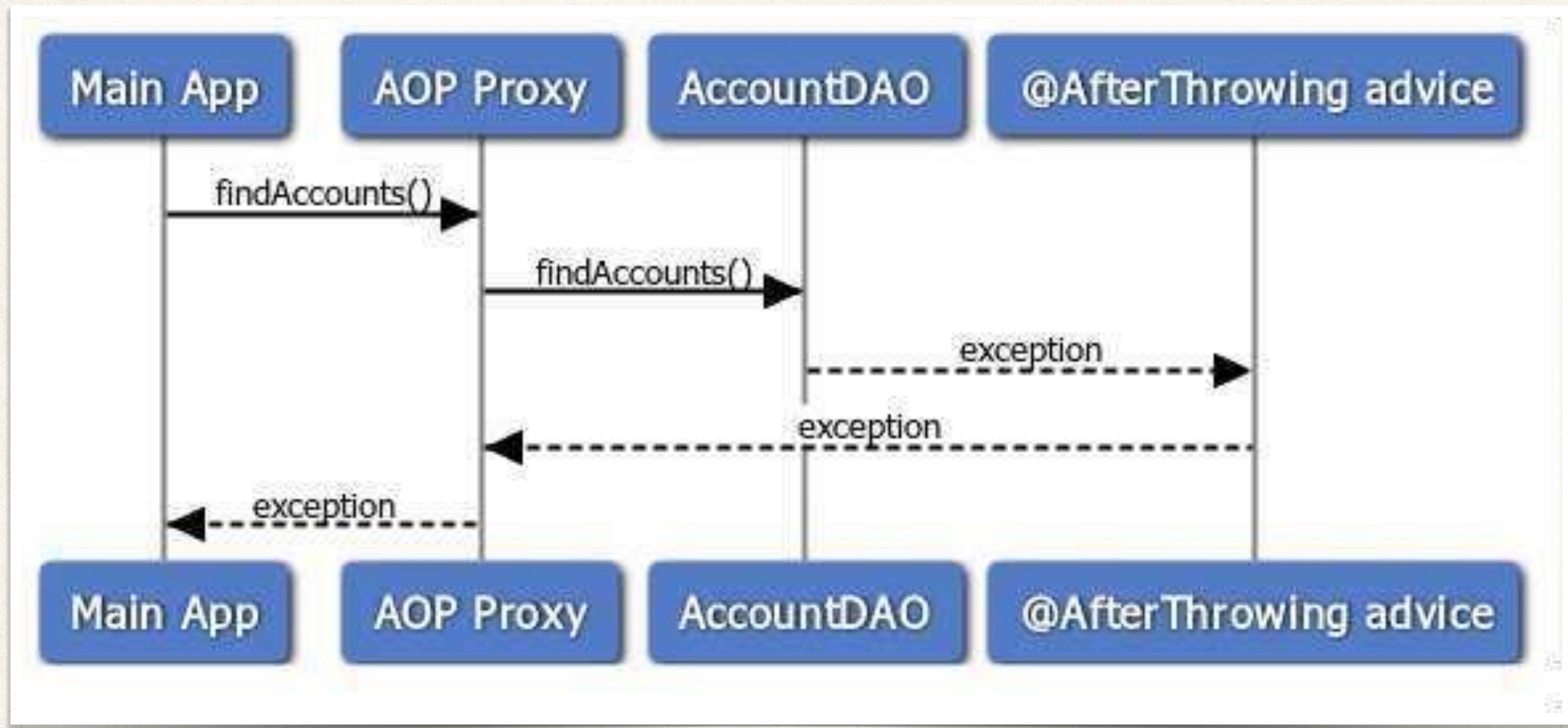
@AfterThrowing Advice - Interaction



Advice - Interaction



Sequence Diagram



@AfterThrowing Advice - Use Cases

- Log the exception
- Perform auditing on the exception
- Notify DevOps team via email or SMS
- Encapsulate this functionality in AOP aspect for easy reuse

Example

- Create an advice that will run after an exception is thrown



@AfterThrowing Advice

- This advice will run after an exception is thrown

```
@AfterThrowing("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))")
public void afterThrowingFindAccountsAdvice() {

    System.out.println("Executing @AfterThrowing advice");

}
```

Access the Exception object

- Need to access the exception object



Access the Exception

```
@AfterThrowing(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    throwing="theExc")  
public void afterThrowingFindAccountsAdvice() {  
  
}
```

Access the Exception

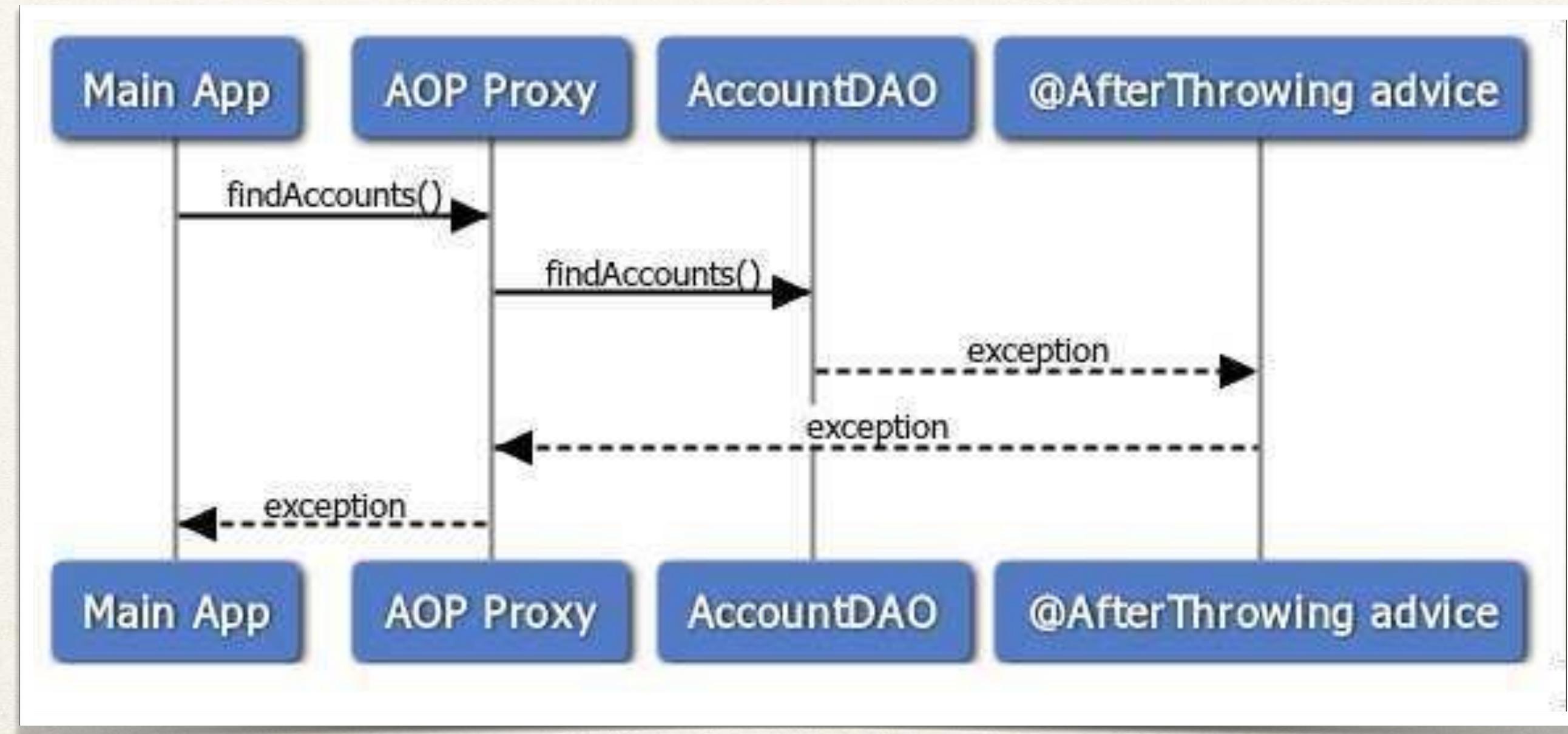
```
@AfterThrowing(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    throwing="theExc")  
public void afterThrowingFindAccountsAdvice(  
    JoinPoint theJoinPoint, Throwable theExc) {  
  
}
```

Access the Exception

```
@AfterThrowing(  
    pointcut="execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))",  
    throwing="theExc")  
public void afterThrowingFindAccountsAdvice(  
    JoinPoint theJoinPoint, Throwable theExc) {  
  
    // log the exception  
    System.out.println("\n=====>>> The exception is: " + theExc);  
}
```

Exception Propagation

- At this point, we are only intercepting the exception (reading it)
- However, the exception is still propagated to calling program



Exception Propagation

- If you want to stop the exception propagation
 - then use the **@Around** advice
 - covered in later videos

Development Process - @AfterThrowing

Step-By-Step

1. In Main App, add a try/catch block for exception handling
2. Modify AccountDAO to simulate throwing an exception
3. Add @AfterThrowing advice

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

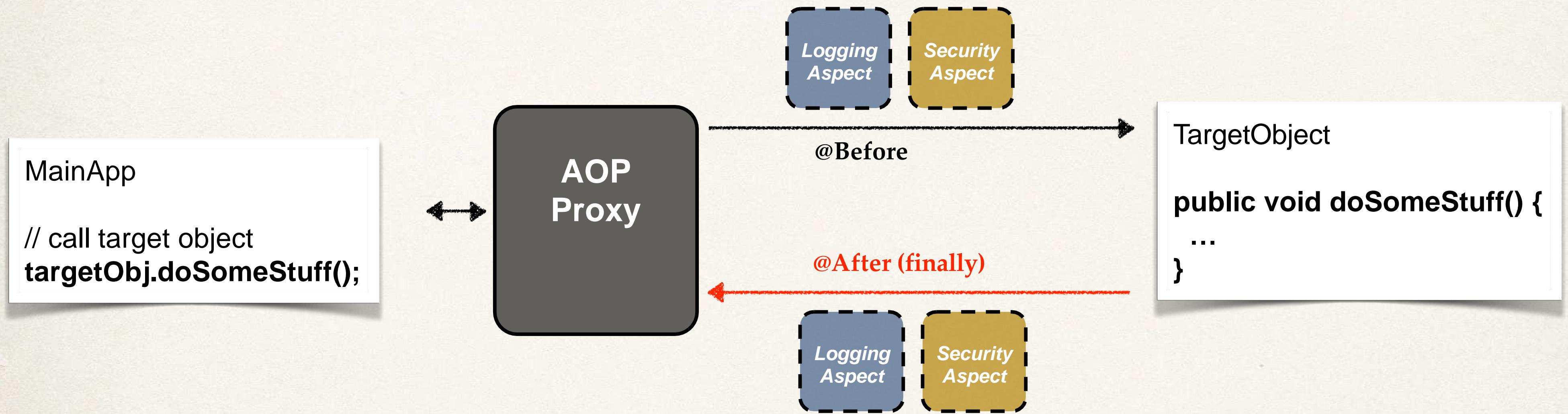
@After Advice



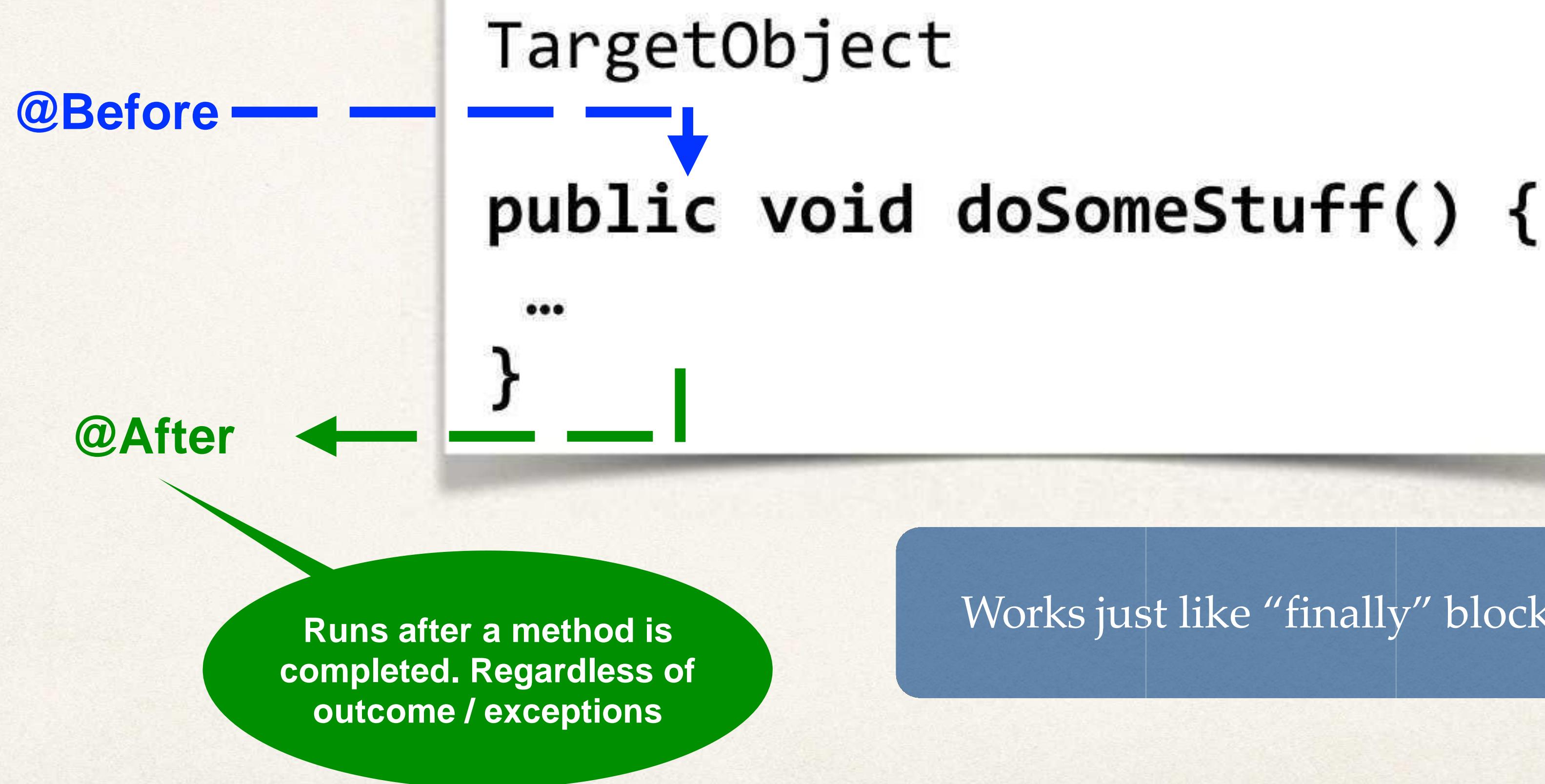
Advice Types

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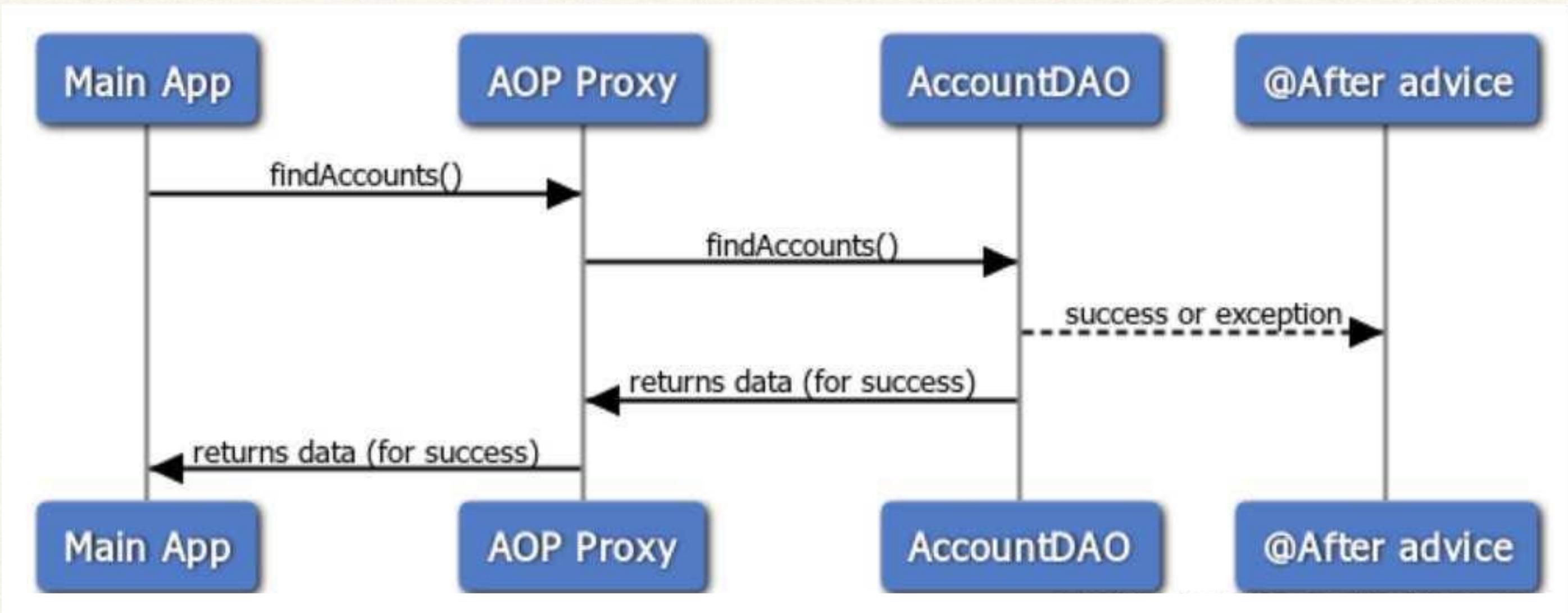
@After (finally) Advice - Interaction



Advice - Interaction



Sequence Diagram



@After Advice - Use Cases

- Log the exception and/or perform auditing
- Code to run regardless of method outcome
- Encapsulate this functionality in AOP aspect for easy reuse

Example

- Create an advice to run after the method (finally ... success/failure)



@After Advice

- This advice will run after the method (finally ... success/failure)

```
@After("execution(* com. .aopdemo.dao.AccountDAO.findAccounts(..))")
public void afterFinallyFindAccountsAdvice() {

    System.out.println("Executing @After (finally) advice");

}
```

@After Advice - Tips

- The @After advice does not have access to the exception
 - If you need exception, then use @AfterThrowing advice
- The @After advice should be able to run in the case of success or error
 - Your code should not depend on happy path or an exception
 - Logging / auditing is the easiest case here

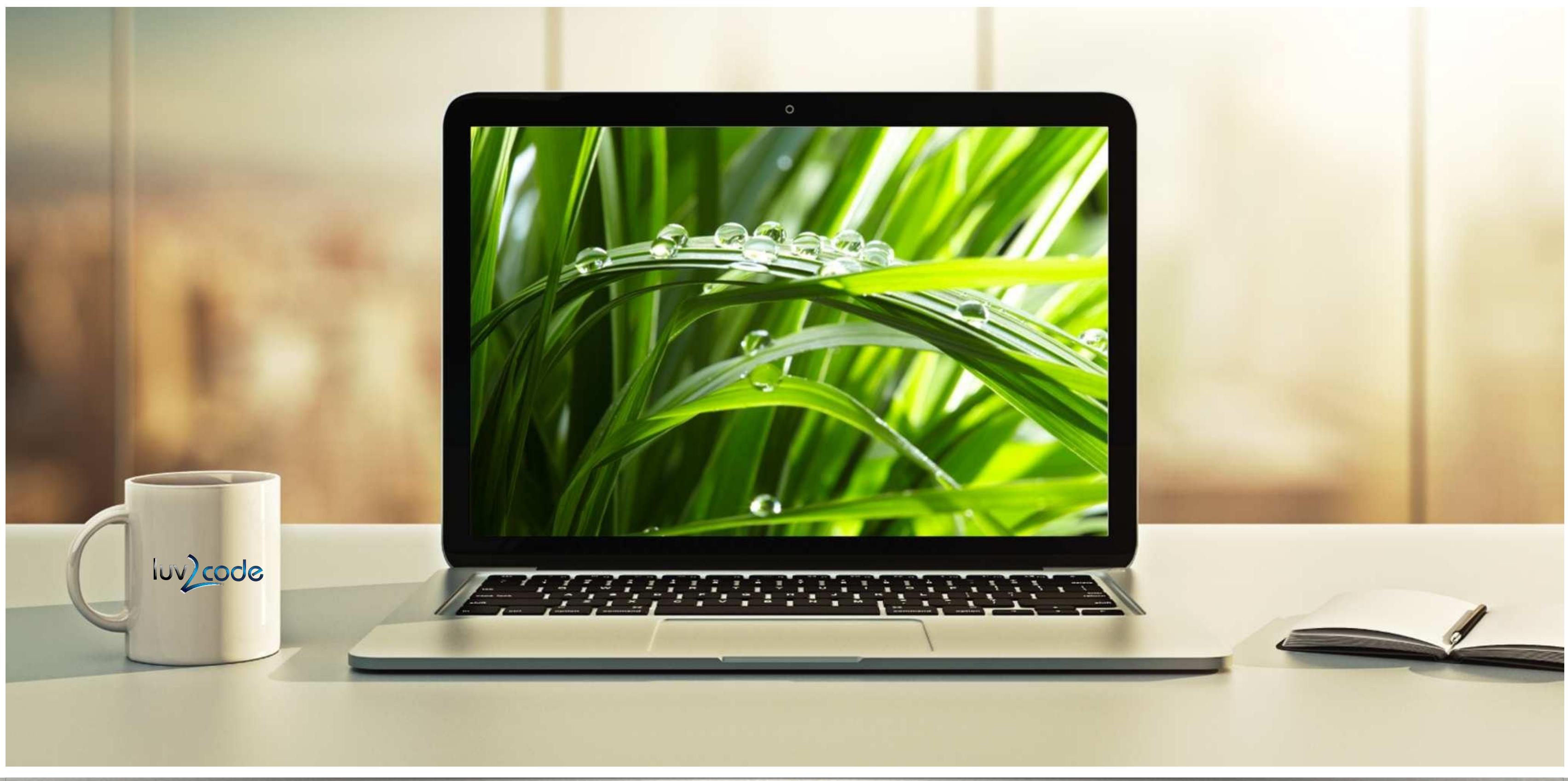
Development Process - @After

Step-By-Step

1. Prep work
2. Add @After advice
3. Test for failure/exception case
4. Test for success case

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

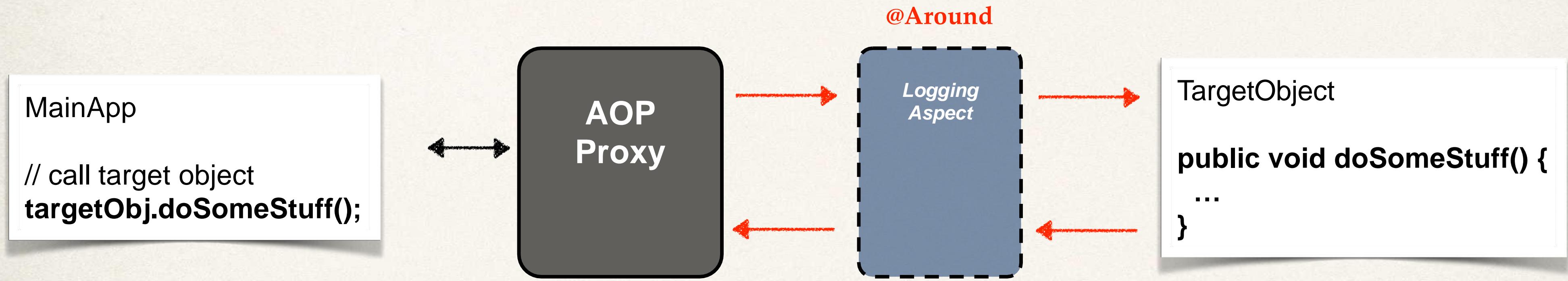
@Around Advice



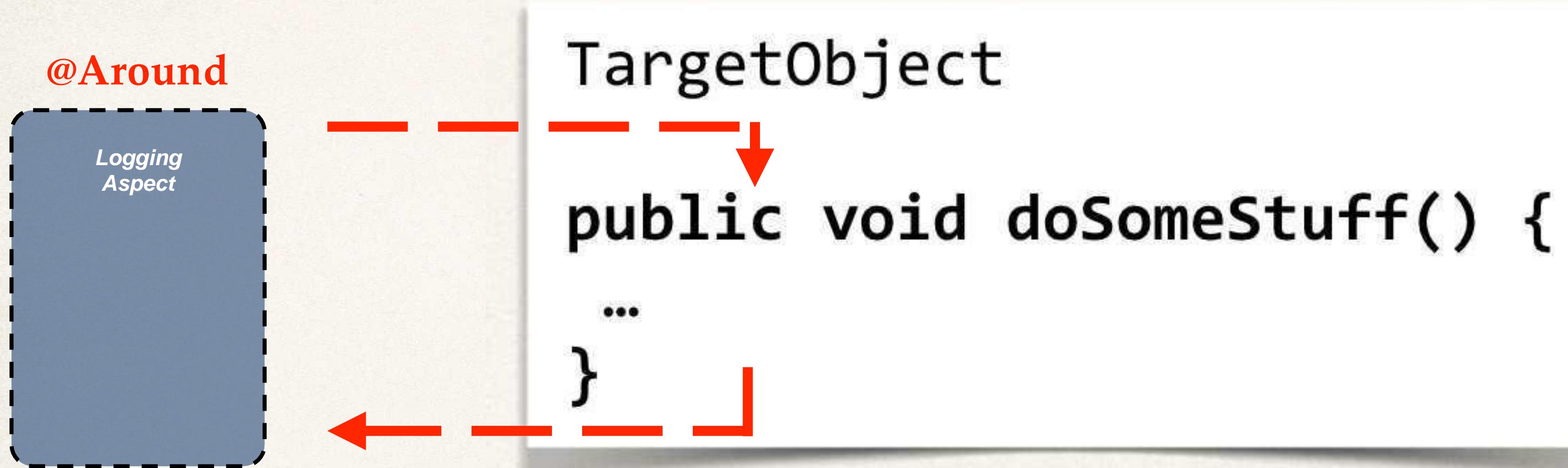
Advice Types

- **Before advice:** run before the method
- **After returning advice:** run after the method (success execution)
- **After throwing advice:** run after method (if exception thrown)
- **After finally advice:** run after the method (finally)
- **Around advice:** run before and after method

@Around Advice - Interaction



Advice - Interaction



@Around: Like a combination of @Before and @After
But gives you more fine-grained control

@Around Advice - Use Cases

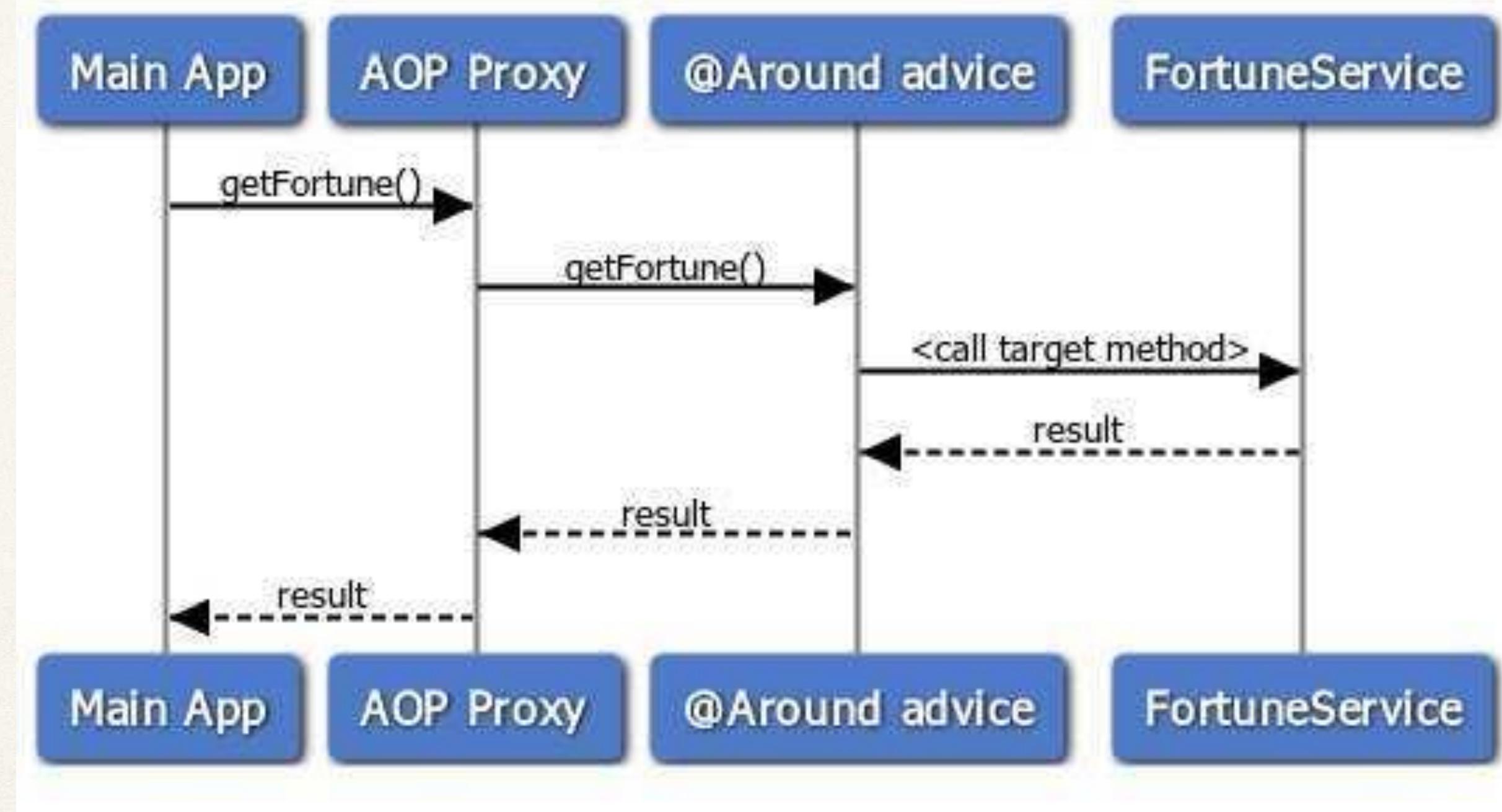
- Most common: logging, auditing, security
- Pre-processing and post-processing data
- Instrumentation / profiling code
 - How long does it take for a section of code to run?
- Managing exceptions
 - Swallow / handle / stop exceptions

Our FortuneService Example - Revisited

**Target Object
FortuneService**

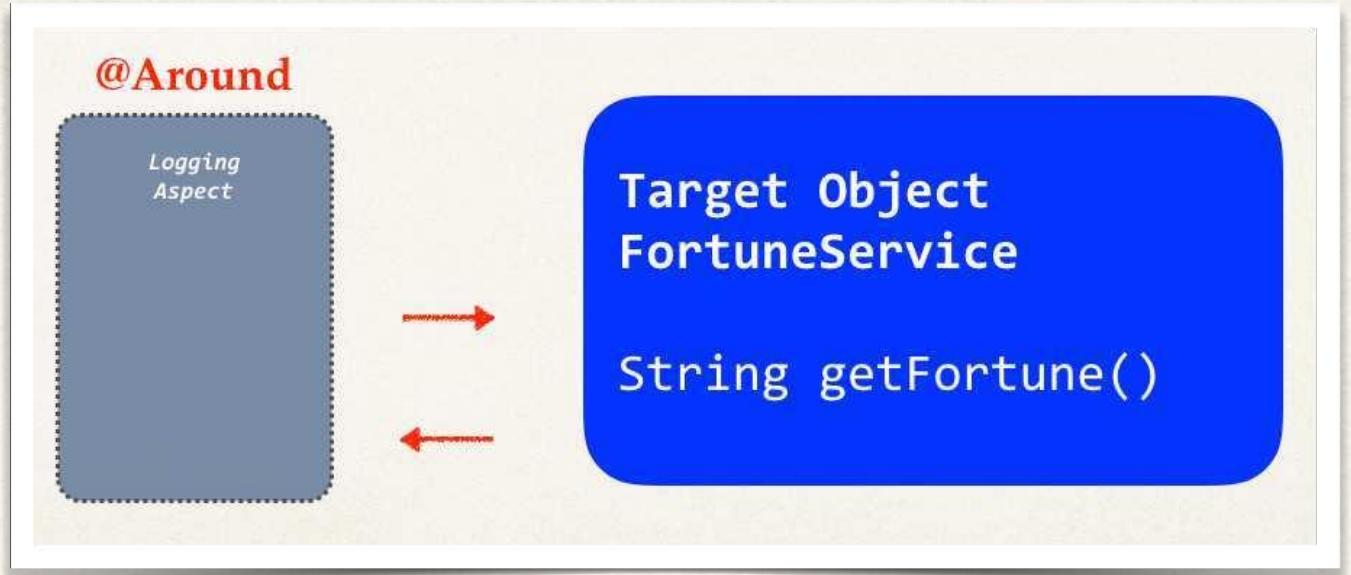
`String getFortune()`

Sequence Diagram



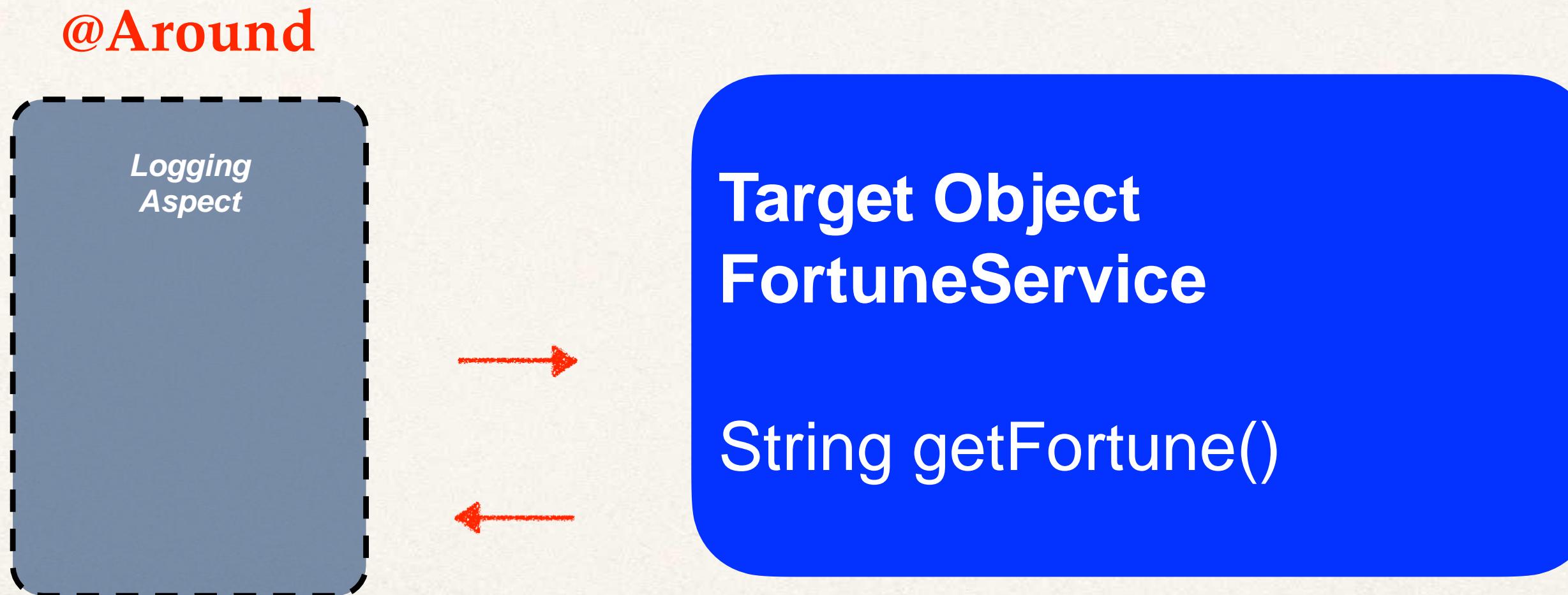
ProceedingJoinPoint

- When using @Around advice
- You will get a reference to a “proceeding join point”
- This is a handle to the target method
- Your code can use the proceeding join point to execute target method



Example

- Create an advice for instrumentation / profiling code
 - How long does it take for a section of code to run?



@Around Advice

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
}  
}
```

@Around Advice

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public
Object afterGetFortune(
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {
    // get begin timestamp
    long begin = System.currentTimeMillis();

    // now, let's execute the method
    Object result = theProceedingJoinPoint.proceed();

    // get end timestamp
    long end = System.currentTimeMillis();

    // compute duration and display it
    long duration = end - begin;
    System.out.println("\n===== Duration: " + duration + " milliseconds");

    return result;
}
```

Development Process - @Around

Step-By-Step

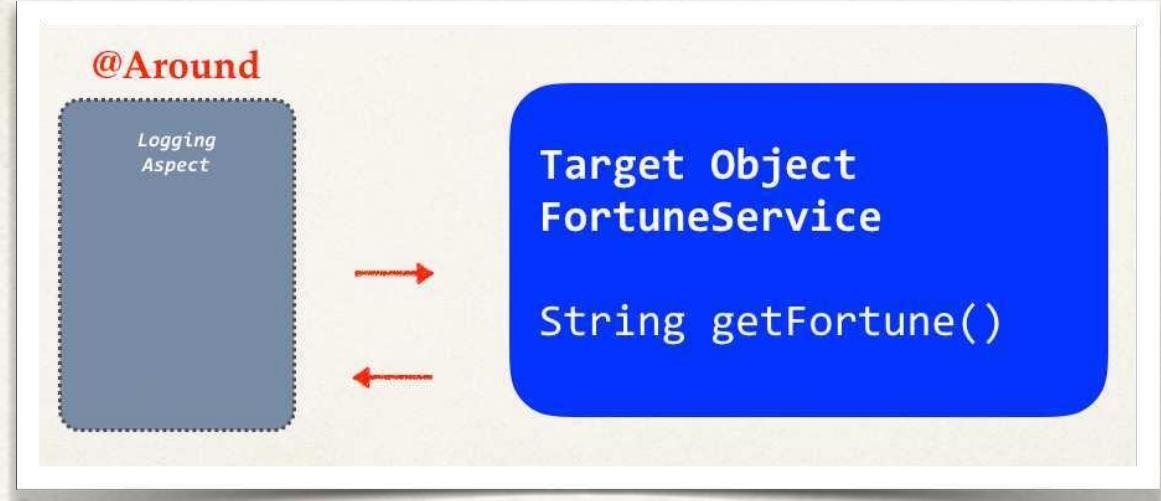
1. Create TrafficFortuneService
2. Update main app to call TrafficFortuneService
3. Add @Around advice

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

@Around Advice - Handle Exception

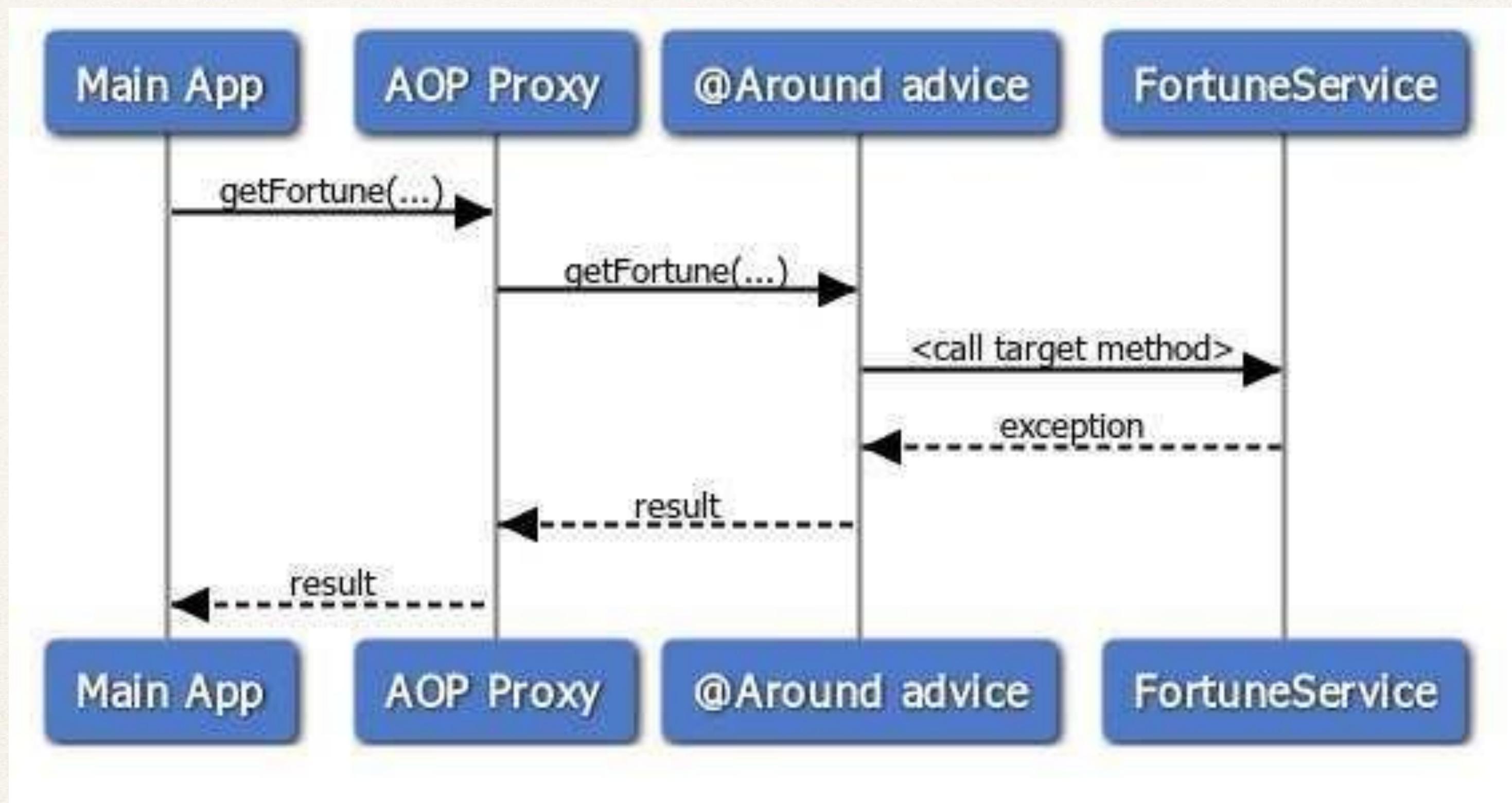


ProceedingJoinPoint - Revisited



- For an exception thrown from proceeding join point
 - You can handle / swallow /stop the exception
 - Or you can simply rethrow the exception
- This gives you fine-grained control over how the target method is called

Sequence Diagram



Handle Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
}  
}
```

Handle Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
    Object result = null;  
  
    // ...  
  
    return result;  
}
```

Handle Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
    Object result = null;  
  
    try {  
        // let's execute the method  
        result = theProceedingJoinPoint.proceed();  
  
    }  
  
}
```

Handle Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
    Object result = null;  
  
    try {  
        // let's execute the method  
        result = theProceedingJoinPoint.proceed();  
  
    } catch (Exception exc) {  
        // log exception  
        System.out.println("@Around advice: We have a problem " + exc);  
  
        // handle and give default fortune ... use this approach with caution  
        result = "Nothing exciting here. Move along!";  
    }  
  
}
```

Handle Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
    Object result = null;  
  
    try {  
        // let's execute the method  
        result = theProceedingJoinPoint.proceed();  
  
    } catch (Exception exc) {  
        // log exception  
        System.out.println("@Around advice: We have a problem " + exc);  
  
        // handle and give default fortune ... use this approach with caution  
        result = "Nothing exciting here. Move along!";  
    }  
  
    return result;  
}
```

Development Process - @Around

Step-By-Step

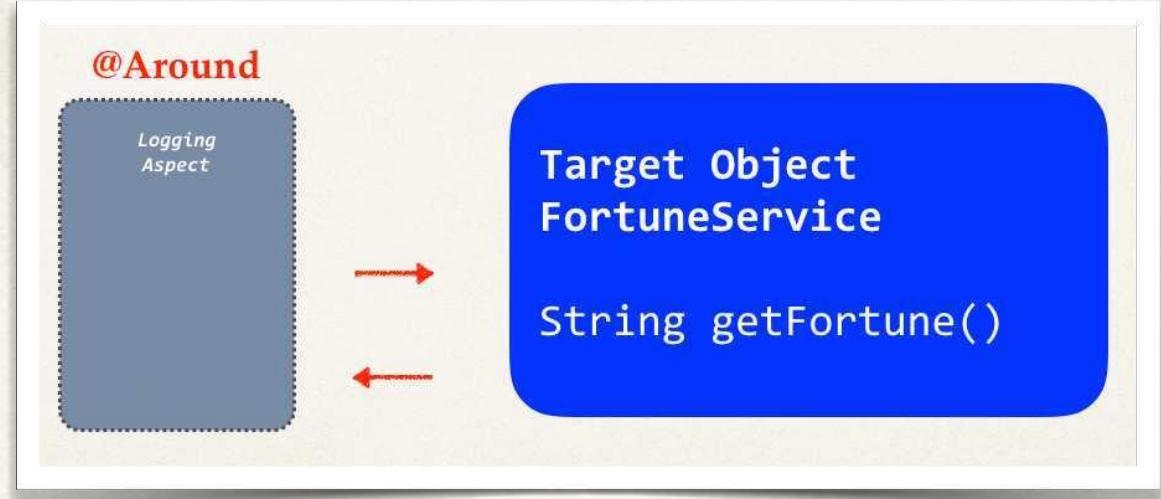
1. Add trip wire to simulate an exception
2. Modify @Around advice to handle exception

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

@Around Advice - Rethrow Exception

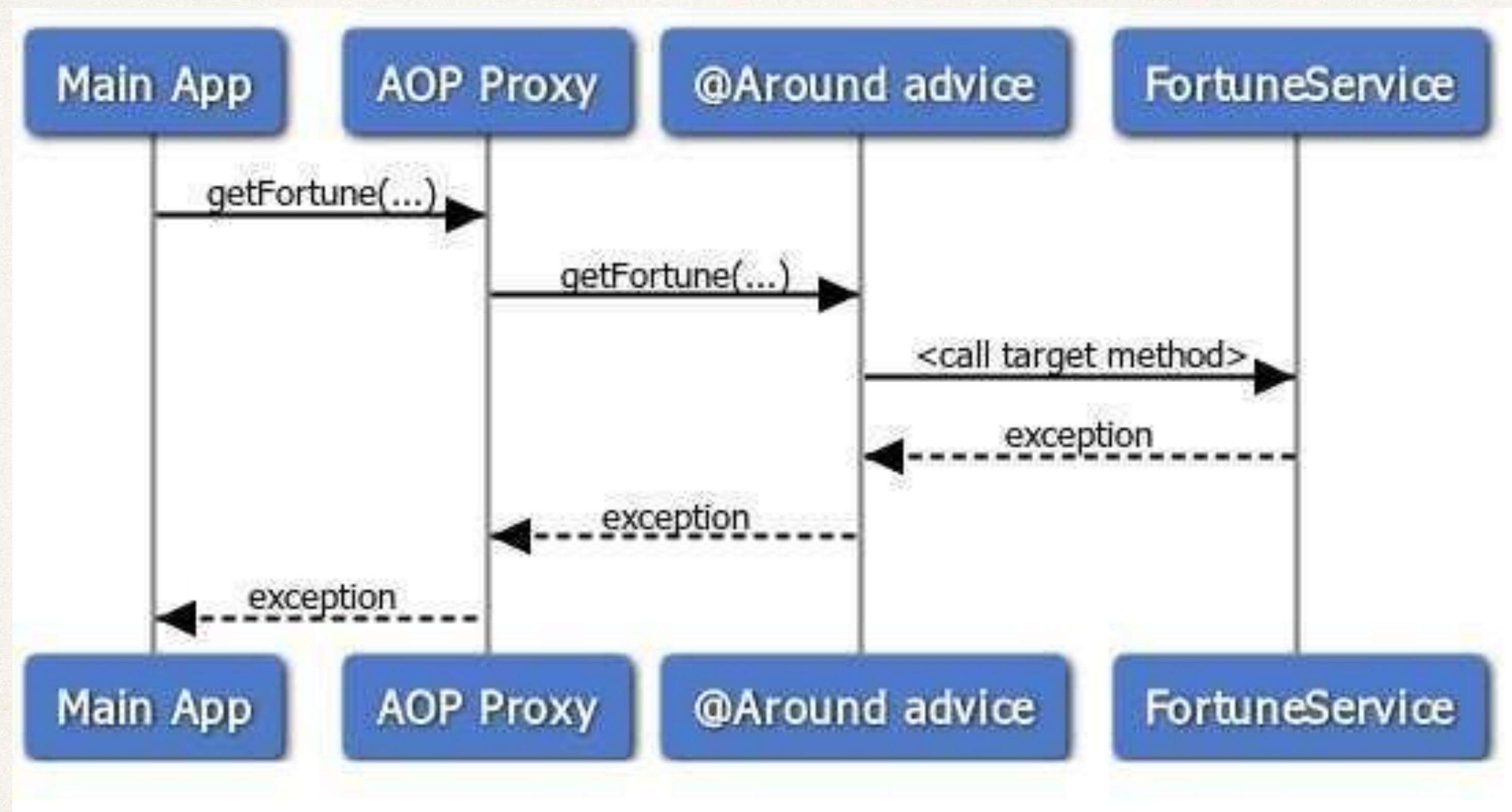


ProceedingJoinPoint - Revisited



- For an exception thrown from proceeding join point
 - You can handle / swallow /stop the exception
 - **Or you can simply rethrow the exception**

Sequence Diagram



Rethrow Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
}  
}
```

Rethrow Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public  
Object afterGetFortune(  
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {  
  
    try {  
        // let's execute the method  
        Object result = theProceedingJoinPoint.proceed();  
  
        return result;  
    }  
  
}
```

Rethrow Exception

```
@Around("execution(* com..aopdemo.service.*.getFortune(..))") public
Object afterGetFortune(
    ProceedingJoinPoint theProceedingJoinPoint) throws Throwable {

    try {
        // let's execute the method
        Object result = theProceedingJoinPoint.proceed();

        return result;
    }
    catch (Exception exc) {
        // log exception
        System.out.println("@Around advice: We have a problem " + exc);

        // rethrow it
        throw exc;
    }
}
```

FAQ: JoinPoint vs ProceedingJoinPoint

- When to use **JoinPoint** vs **ProceedingJoinPoint**?
- Use **JoinPoint** with following advice types
 - @Before, @After, @AfterReturning, @AfterThrowing
- Use **ProceedingJoinPoint** with following advice type
 - @Around

Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)

AOP and Spring MVC

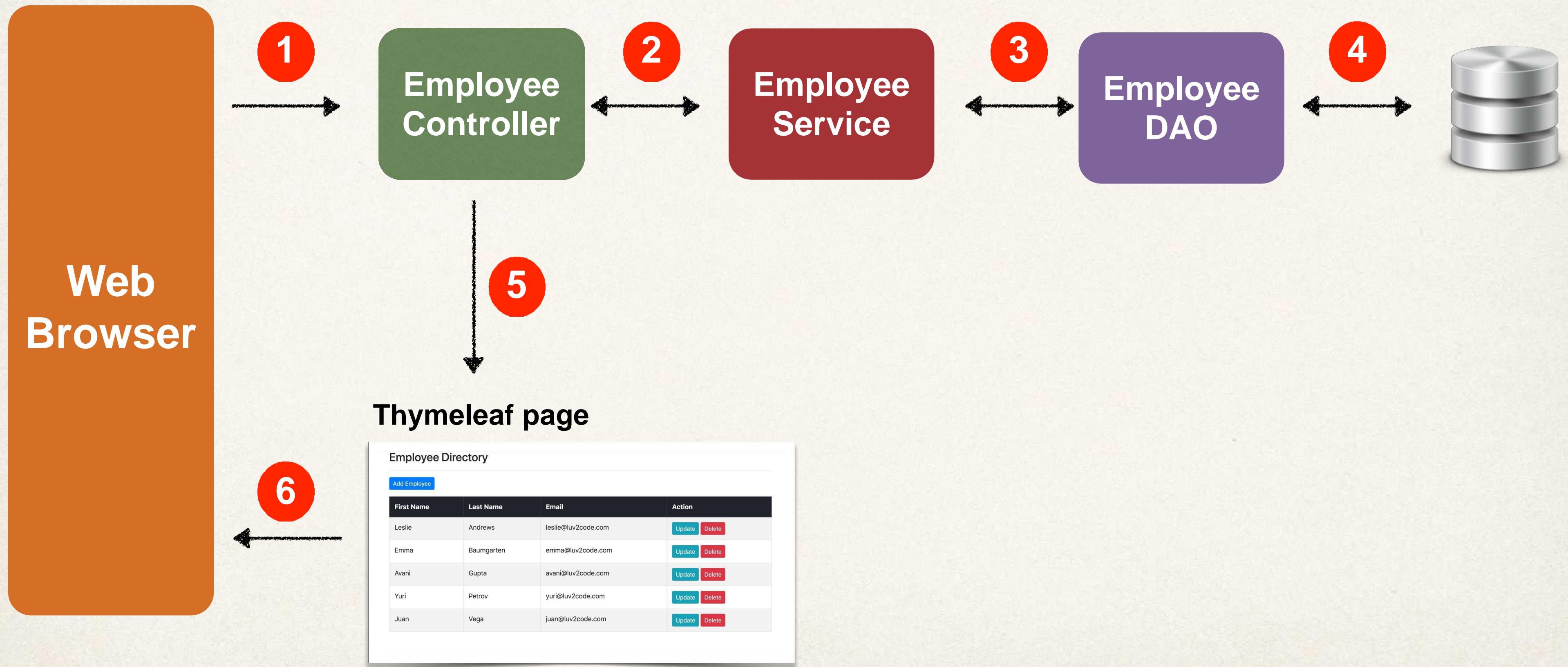


Goal

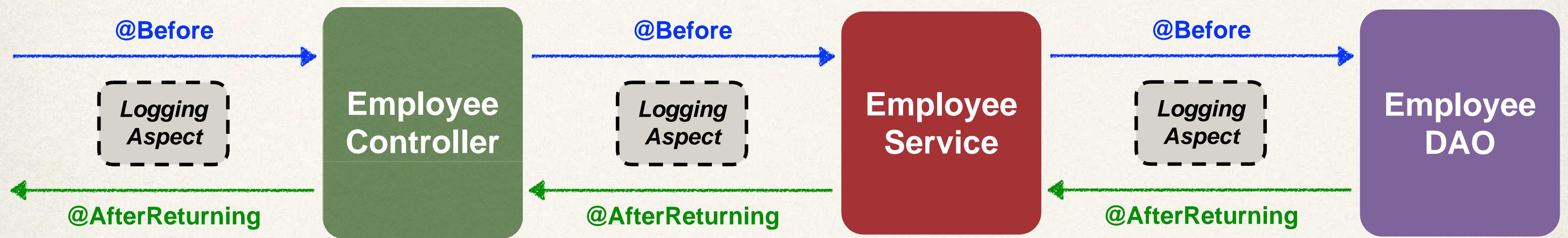
- Add AOP Logging support to our Spring MVC CRUD app

Employee Directory			
First Name	Last Name	Email	Action
Leslie	Andrews	leslie@luv2code.com	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Emma	Baumgarten	emma@luv2code.com	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Avani	Gupta	avani@luv2code.com	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Yuri	Petrov	yuri@luv2code.com	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Juan	Vega	juan@luv2code.com	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>

Big Picture



Logging Aspect



Development Process

Step-By-Step

1. Add Spring Boot AOP Starter to Maven pom file
2. Create Aspect
 1. Add logging support
 2. Setup pointcut declarations
 3. Add @Before advice
 4. Add @AfterReturning advice

Step 1: Spring Boot AOP Starter

- Add the dependency for Spring Boot AOP Starter

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-aop</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

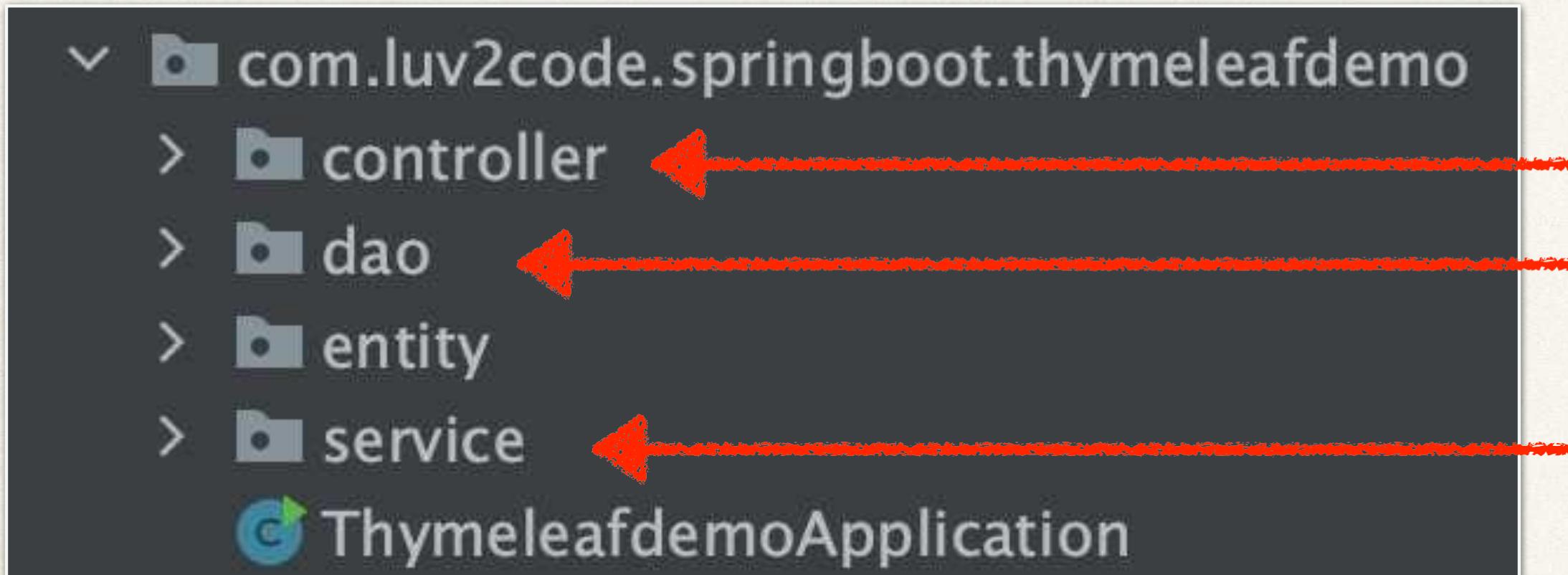
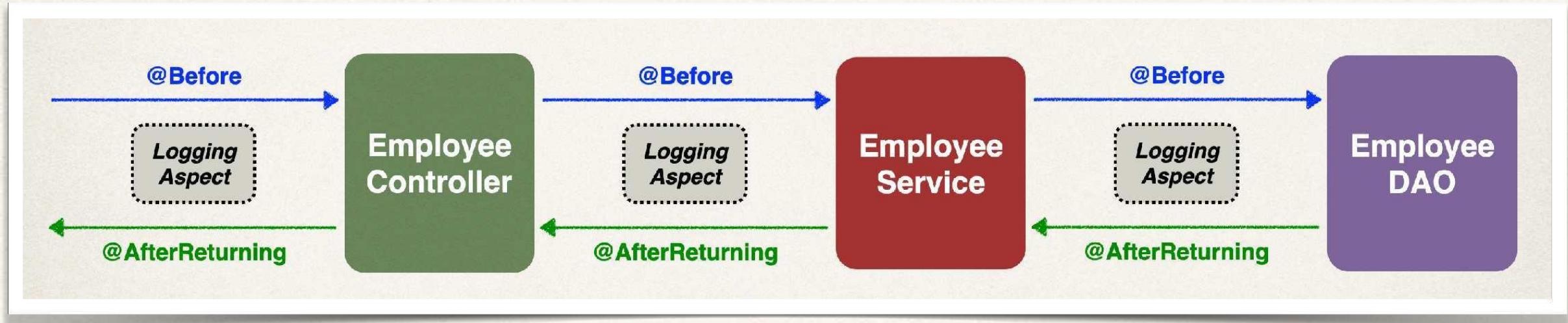
- Since this dependency is part of our pom.xml
 - Spring Boot will **automatically** enable support for AOP

Development Process

Step-By-Step

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Pointcut Declarations



Only match on these three packages