

### Question 1

$$x(t) = 10 \cos(800\pi t + \pi/4) + 7 \cos(1200\pi t - \pi/3) - 3 \cos(1600\pi t)$$

Fundamental freq of  $x(t)$ ?

$$f_1 = 400 \quad f_2 = 600 \quad f_3 = 800$$

$f_0 = 200$  Hz because that divides all 3 freq.

### Question 2

$$x(t) = \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}t\right) + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}t\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right)$$

The frequencies and periods of three terms are, respectively,

$$\omega_1 = \frac{5\pi}{6}, f_1 = \frac{5}{12}, T_1 = \frac{12}{5}, \omega_2 = \frac{3\pi}{4}, f_2 = \frac{3}{8}, T_2 = \frac{8}{3}, \omega_3 = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$f_3 = \frac{1}{6}, T_3 = 6$$

The fundamental frequency  $f_0$  is the GCD of  $f_1, f_2$  and  $f_3$ :

$$f_0 = \text{GCD}\left(\frac{5}{12}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{6}\right) = \text{GCD}\left(\frac{10}{24}, \frac{9}{24}, \frac{4}{24}\right) = \frac{1}{24}$$

### Question 3

Sketch the spectrum of this signal:

Euler identity:  $e^{\pm j\theta} = \cos\theta \pm j\sin\theta$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{1}{2}(e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta}) \quad \sin\theta = \frac{1}{2j}(e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta})$$

$$10 \cos(800\pi t + \pi/4) = \text{Re} \left\{ 10 e^{j\pi/4} e^{j800\pi t} \right\}$$

$$7 \cos(1200\pi t - \pi/3) = \text{Re} \left\{ 7 e^{-j\pi/3} e^{j1200\pi t} \right\}$$

$$-3 \cos(1600\pi t) = \text{Re} \left\{ 3 e^{j\pi} e^{j1600\pi t} \right\}$$

