CS 350 Database Systems Term Project Part 3: Design and Implementation

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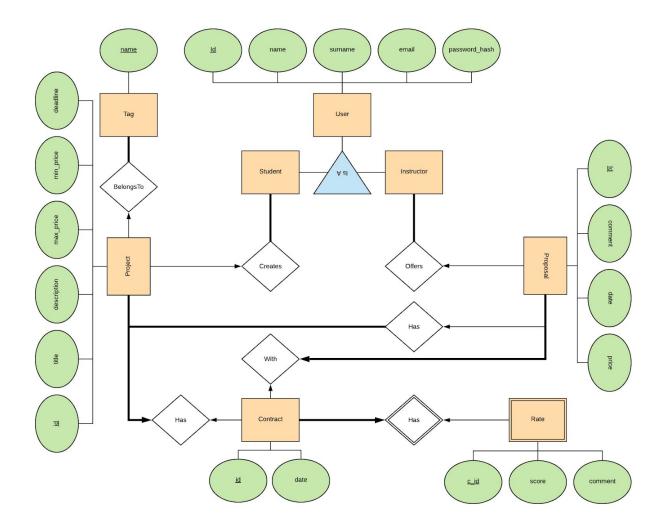
1. Motivation and Requirements:

Most of the teachers who is not employed by the school or any organization working "freelance" and researching market by themself. We believe exist applications that let people to search for works is not capable to serve for this purpose since, they are designed for remote works but teaching is a process and needs more interaction than a normal job. Moreover, students who want to find supervisor for a specific subject or instructor for a lecture, has no much online solution.

Features:

- Students will be able to create a course which may include a lecture or a homework in order to find a supervisor or a instructor.
- Instructors able to filter courses or homeworks by according to their interest.
- Instructors will be able to offer themself to that created opportunities.
- Students able to search about instructors that offered to their project, by looking their previous works and references messages.
- Students will be able to select best option and have contract with the selected instructor.
- After a contract fulfil students will write his thoughts about instructor to rate instructor for other students

2. Conceptual Database Design:

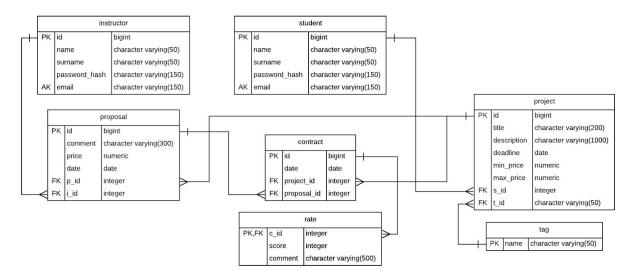


Data Requirements:

- Each student has id, name, surname, email, password hash.
- Each instructor has id, name, surname, email, password hash.
- Each project has id, title, description, max price, min price, deadline.
- Each proposal has id, comment, date, price.
- Each contract has id, date.
- Each rate has c_id, score, comment.
- Each tag has name.
- Students can create zero or many projects.
- Instructor can offer zero or many proposal..
- Instructor can offer one proposal to one project.
- Project can has zero or many proposal
- Project can has zero or one contract.

- Project has a tag.
- Tag can has zero or many project.
- Contract can has one proposal and one project.
- Contract can has zero or one rate...
- Rate cannot exist without contract.

3. Logical Database Design:



Functional Dependencies:

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For student table:
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 $id \rightarrow \{id, name, surname, email, password hash\}$

 $email \rightarrow \{id, name, surname, email, password hash\}$

For instructor table:

 $id \rightarrow \{id, name, surname, email, password hash\}$

 $email \rightarrow \{id, name, surname, email, password hash\}$

For project table:

 $id \rightarrow \{id, title, description, max price, min price, deadline, s id, t id\}$

For proposal table:

 $id \rightarrow \{id, comment, date, price, i id, p id\}$

 $\{i \text{ id}, p \text{ id}\} \rightarrow \{id, \text{ comment}, \text{ date}, \text{ price}, i \text{ id}, p \text{ id}\}\$

For contract table:

 $id \rightarrow \{id, date, project id, proposal id\}$

 $\{\text{project id, proposal id}\} \rightarrow \{\text{id, date, project id, proposal id}\}\$

For rate table:

 $c id \rightarrow \{c id, score, comment\}$

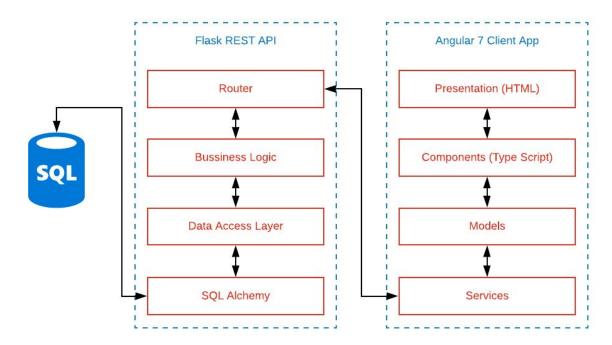
For tag table:

name \rightarrow {name}

Normalization:

All the schemas are in Boyce-Codd Normal Form since: All the functional dependencies dependent to super or candidate key and they uniquely identifying the all attributes/ whole schema. Also, all the functional dependencies are non-trivial.

4. Application Design and Implementation:



The whole project consist of 3 tier; Database, Backend and Frontend. In database layer, PostgreSQL is used as DBMS. In backend, Flask REST API is running. SQLAlchemy is used for database connection and executing queries by api. All the queries are created in Data Access Layer. Business Layer is responsible for validations, data transformations and other high level processes. Router is responsible for incoming requests. In frontend, Angular 7 application is running. Services are bridge between frontend and backend. All requests are send by services and return json objects. Models are TypeScript classes that represent json objects returned from api. Components are logic behind presentation, all the html pages. Responsible for form datas,

validations, management of data that returned from services. Presentation layer is html pages that users will interact with.

Tech-Stack: PostgreSQL, Python, SQLAlchemy, TypeScript, JavaScript, Html

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Queries:
Semantic: Get instructor with the specified id.
SELECT *
 FROM instructor
WHERE id = {id}
Semantic: Register instructor.
 INSERT INTO instructor(name, surname, email, password hash)
VALUES('{name}', '{surname}', '{email}', '{password_hash}')
Semantic: Get instructor with specified credentials for login.
SELECT *
 FROM instructor
WHERE email = '{email}'
  AND password_hash = '{password_hash}'
Semantic: Update instructor informations with the specified id.
UPDATE instructor
 SET name='{name}', surname='{surname}',
password_hash='{password_hash}', email='{email}'
WHERE id = {id}
Semantic: Get studentwith the specified id.
 INSERT INTO student(name, surname, email, password_hash)
VALUES('{name}', '{surname}', '{email}', '{password_hash}')
Semantic: Get student with specified credentials for login.
 SELECT *
 FROM student
WHERE email = '{email}'
  AND password_hash = '{password_hash}'
Semantic: Update student informations with the specified id.
UPDATE student
SET name='{name}', surname='{surname}',
```

```
password_hash='{password_hash}', email='{email}'
WHERE id = {id}
Semantic: Create project.
 INSERT INTO project (title, description, deadline, max_price,
min price, s id, t id)
VALUES ('{title}', '{description}', '{deadline}', {max_price},
 {min_price}, {s_id}, '{t_id}')
Semantic: List all projects.
SELECT *
FROM project
Semantic: List contracted projects of student with the specified id, its contract and its rate and
instructor.
 SELECT instructor.name, instructor.surname, project.id,
       title, deadline, t id,
       proposal.id AS p id, price,
       contract.id AS c id,
       contract.date, rate.score, rate.comment
 FROM project, proposal, instructor, contract
 LEFT JOIN rate ON rate.c id = contract.id
WHERE s id = \{s id\}
 AND p id = project.id
  AND proposal.i id = instructor.id
  AND contract.project id = project.id
  AND contract.proposal id = proposal.id
Semantic: List projects belongs to student with the specified id and not contracted yet.
SELECT *
 FROM project
WHERE s id = \{s id\}
  AND id NOT IN (SELECT project id
                  FROM contract)
Semantic: List projects not contracted yet.
SELECT *
 FROM project
WHERE id NOT IN (SELECT project_id
                  FROM contract)
```

Semantic: List contracted projects of instructor with the specified id., its contract and its rate and project owner student

```
SELECT student.name, student.surname, project.id,
       title, deadline, t id,
       proposal.id AS p_id, price,
       contract.id AS c_id, contract.date, rate.score, rate.comment
FROM proposal, student, project, contract
    LEFT JOIN rate ON rate.c id = contract.id
WHERE i_id = {i_id}
 AND p id = project.id
 AND project.s id = student.id
 AND contract.project id = project.id
 AND contract.proposal id = proposal.id
Semantic: Get project with the specified id
SELECT *
FROM project
WHERE id = '{p_id}'
Semantic: Update project with the specified id
UPDATE project
SET title='{title}', description='{description}',
deadline='{deadline}', min price={min price}, max price={max price}
WHERE id = {id}
Semantic: Delete project with the specified id.
DELETE FROM project
WHERE id = {id}
Semantic: Create proposal.
INSERT INTO proposal (comment, price, date, p_id, i_id)
VALUES('{comment}', {price}, '{date}', {p_id}, {i_id})
Semantic: Update proposal with the specified id.
UPDATE proposal
SET comment='{comment}', price={price}
WHERE id = {id}
DELETE FROM proposal
WHERE id = {id}
```

Semantic: List all proposal belongs to project with the specified id, and its instructors' contracts count, and average of rates.

```
SELECT proposal.id, name, surname, proposal.comment, proposal.price,
proposal.date, proposal.i id, proposal.p id,
       (SELECT count(*) AS count
       FROM proposal AS p, contract AS c, rate AS r
       WHERE p.i id = proposal.i id
         AND c.project id = p.p id
         AND c.proposal id = p.id
         AND r.c id = c.id
       GROUP BY i id),
       (SELECT avg(score) AS avg
       FROM proposal AS p, contract AS c, rate AS r
       WHERE p.i id = proposal.i id
         AND c.project id = p.p id
         AND c.proposal_id = p.id
         AND r.c id = c.id
       GROUP BY i id)
FROM proposal, instructor AS i
WHERE p id = {id}
AND proposal.i id = i.id
Semantic: Select all active(not selected by any student for contract) proposals of
instructor with the specified id.
SELECT proposal.id, comment, price, date, p_id, title, deadline
FROM proposal, project
WHERE i id = {i id}
 AND p id = project.id
 AND proposal.id NOT IN (SELECT proposal_id
                           FROM contract)
Semantic: Create contract.
INSERT INTO contract (date, project id, proposal id)
VALUES ('{date}', {project_id}, {proposal id})
Semantic: Create rate.
INSERT INTO rate (c id, score, comment)
VALUES ({c id}, {score}, '{comment}')
```

Semantic: Update rate with the specified id.

```
UPDATE rate
SET score={score}, comment='{comment}'
WHERE c_id = {c_id}
```

Screenshots:

