

# HTML HANDBOOK

#### **OVERVIEW A SIMPLE HTML PAGE**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Page Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a Heading</h1>
This is a paragraph
</body>
</html>
```

#### Text commands in HTML PAGE

```
The  element stands for paragraph.

The <hr> tag creates a horizontal line

The <br/> tag stands for a line break

<!-- This is a comment--> shortcuts: command+k+u
```

Lorem helps to create ordinary random text

#### FORMATTING ELEMENTS IN HTML

<br/><b> word </b> element is used to define bold text.<br/><strong> word </strong> element uses for semantic important texts.<br/><i>word</i> element is used to define italic text.

<em>word</em> means that the word is "important"

<small>word</small> element is used to define smaller text

<sup>word</sup> element is used to define superscript characters such as the suffixes of dates.

<sub>word</sub> element is used to define subscripted text

<mark>word</mark> element is used to define marked text.

<ins>word</ins> element is used to define inserted text.

<del>word</del> element is used to define deleted text.

### List Elements in HTMP Page

 element is used to create ordered lists with a sequential order And each list item is defined by the tag

If we write inside element reversed, it sorts the list elements in reverse. Like this

If we write start="10" inside element, it sorts the list elements starting from 0.

If we write 'type' inside element, it sorts the list elements any type as we wish

element is used to create unordered lists with no particular orderAnd each list item is defined by the tag

## Table commands in HTML Page

In order to create a table in HTML, we use tag.

tag is used to define a table header.

tag defines a table header.

defined a table cell.

adding border in your table

We can span two or more columns by using the colspan attribute like example below. Java

We can span two or more rows by using the rowspan attribute like example below. Java