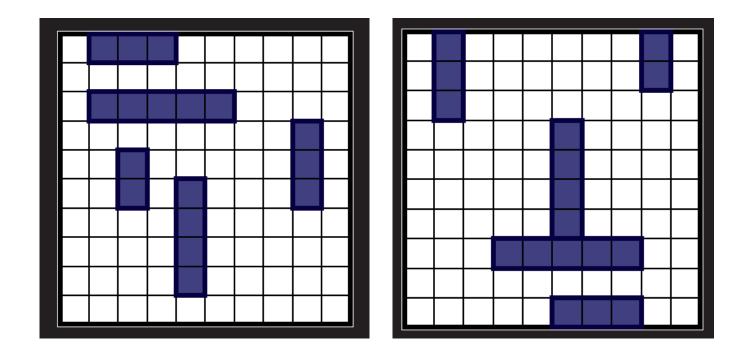
Data Structures in Object Oriented Programming: An example

Battleship Game Iterative Development

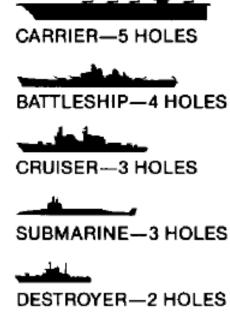
Tugkan Tuglular, Ph.D.

• On a board (typically 10 x 10 grid), 2 players "hide" ships of mixed length; horizontally or vertically (not diagonally) without any overlaps. The exact types and number of ships varies by rule.



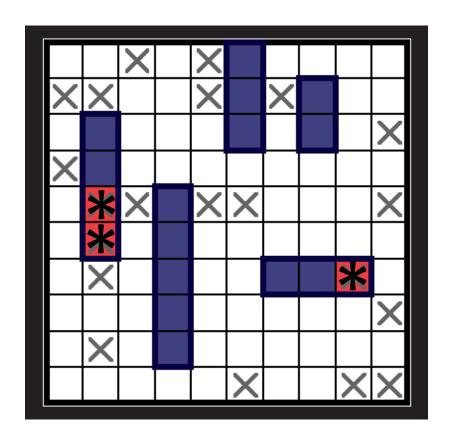
We will be using ships of lengths: 5, 4, 3, 3, 2
 (which results in 17 possible targets out of the total of 100 squares).

Aircraft Carrier 5 Battleship 4 Submarine 3 Cruiser 3		
Battleship 4 Submarine 3 Cruiser 3		Size
Submarine 3 Cruiser 3	Aircraft Carrier	5
Cruiser 3	Battleship	4
	Submarine	3
Destroyer	Cruiser	3
Destroyer	Destroyer	2



- After each player has hidden his fleet, players alternate taking shots at each other by specifying the coordinates of the target location. After each shot, the opponent responds with either a call HIT or MISS indicating whether the target coordinates have hit part of a boat, or open water.
- Misses are shown by crosses (x) and hits by stars (*).
- The first player to sink his opponent's fleet (hitting every location covered with part of a boat) wins the game.

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Analysis

Battleship Game Class

attribute

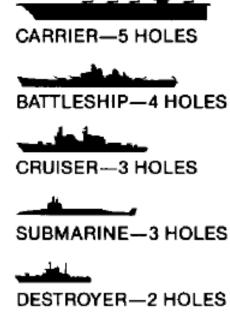
On a <u>board</u> (typically 10 x 10 grid), 2 <u>players</u> "hide" <u>ships</u> of mixed length; *horizontally or vertically (not diagonally) without any overlaps*.

pre-condition

 The exact types and number of ships varies by rule.

We will be using ships of lengths: 5, 4, 3, 3, 2
 (which results in 17 possible targets out of the total of 100 squares).

Aircraft Carrier 5 Battleship 4 Submarine 3 Cruiser 3		
Battleship 4 Submarine 3 Cruiser 3		Size
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Cruiser 3	Battleship	4
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Destroyer	Destroyer	2



Enumaration

- After each player has hidden his <u>fleet</u>, play a laternate taking <u>shot</u>s at each other by specifying the <u>coordinates</u> of the <u>target location</u>. After each shot, the opponent responds with either a call <u>HIT or MISS</u> indicating whether the target coordinates have hit part of a boat, or open water.
 presentation layer
- Misses are shown by crosses (x) and hits by stars (*).
- The first player to sink his opponent's fleet (hitting every location covered with part of a boat) wins the game.

endGame condition

Design

Design (Textual) – Iteration 1-2

- BattleshipGame has 2 Board and 2 Player
- 1 Player has 1 Fleet
- 1 Fleet has 1 Carrier, 1 Battleship, 1 Submarine,
 1 Cruiser and 1 Destroyer
- 1 Player takes N Shot
- 1 Shot has 1 Target and 1 Response
- 1 Target has 1 Coordinate

Design (Textual) – Iteration 3

- BattleshipGame has 2 Board and 2 Player
- 1 Player has 1 Board and 1 Fleet
- 1 Fleet has 1 Carrier, 1 Battleship, 1 Submarine,
 1 Cruiser and 1 Destroyer
- Carrier, Battleship, Submarine, Cruiser,
 Destroyer have 1 Position
- 1 Player takes N Shot
- 1 Shot has 1 Coordinate and 1 Response

Design (Textual) – Iteration 4

- BattleshipGame has 2 Board and 2 Player
- 1 Player has 1 Board and 1 Fleet
- 1 Fleet has 1 Carrier , 1 Battleship, 1 Submarine, 1
 Cruiser and 1 Destroyer
- Carrier, Battleship, Submarine, Cruiser, Destroyer have 1 Position
- 1 Player takes N Shot
- 1 Shot has 1 Coordinate and 1 Response
- 1 Board has 1 ResultMatrix
- 1 Board has 1 BoardPresentatiom

Implementation

BattleshipApp

- Main method
 - Just create an BattleshipGame object (initialize through arguments or a configuration file)
 - And call its start() method
 - That's all !!!
 - The rest will be taken care of by BattleshipGame object

- BattleshipGameApp
 - main method calls BattleshipGame constructor and its start method
- BattleshipGame
 - just constructor and start()

- BattleshipGame
 - start() creates board1, board2, player1 and player2
- Board
- Player

- Player
 - constructor creates fleet
- Fleet
 - constructor creates fleet ships

Iteration 2 - output

BattleshipGame created Board 1 created Board 2 created Carrier [id=1, size=5] created Battleship [id=1, size=4] created Submarine [id=1, size=3] created Cruiser [id=1, size=3] created Destroyer [id=1, size=2] created Fleet 1 created Player 1 created Carrier [id=2, size=5] created Battleship [id=2, size=4] created Submarine [id=2, size=3] created Cruiser [id=2, size=3] created Destroyer [id=2, size=2] created Fleet 2 created Player 2 created

- BattleshipGame
 - in start(), ask players to place fleet
- PlaceFleetMethod Enumaration
 - DEFAULT, FILE, MANUAL, RANDOM
- Coordinate
 - two constructors for two different formats and their converters

- attribute ArrayList<Coordinate> position to all ships
- Player
 - placeFleet(PlaceFleetMethod placeFleetMethod)

- Board
 - holds the matrix now
- BoardPresentation
 - Prints board to the screen

Iteration 4 - output

```
Player 1
0123456789
A #
        ##
B #
C##
D##
E##
  # #
    # #
     #
     #
Player 2
0123456789
        ##
A #
B #
C##
D##
E##
  # #
    # #
     #
      #
```

- BattleshipGame
 - in start(), build the game loop (modify it as required)
 while (!endOfGame) {
 processInput();
 update();
 render();
 }

- Shot
- Response Enumaration
- Player
 - takeShot, getResponse, checkShot, checkEndOfGame
- Board
 - setResultMatrixCell

Many Many Iterations To Come

- Board ADT
- Fleet ships Inheritance
- PlaceFleetFromFile DAO
- BoardPresentation and takeShot Swing
- and many TODOs in the source code
- and then REFACTORING
- and HumanPlayer & ComputerPlayer Inheritance

To compare

- https://github.com/dariajung/battleship/tree/master/src
- https://glot.io/snippets/eeoqad7syj
- https://amorykcwong.ca/ICT/ProgJava/BattleShip.java
- http://www.progressivejava.net/2012/10/Battleship-game-in-Java--How-to-program25.html