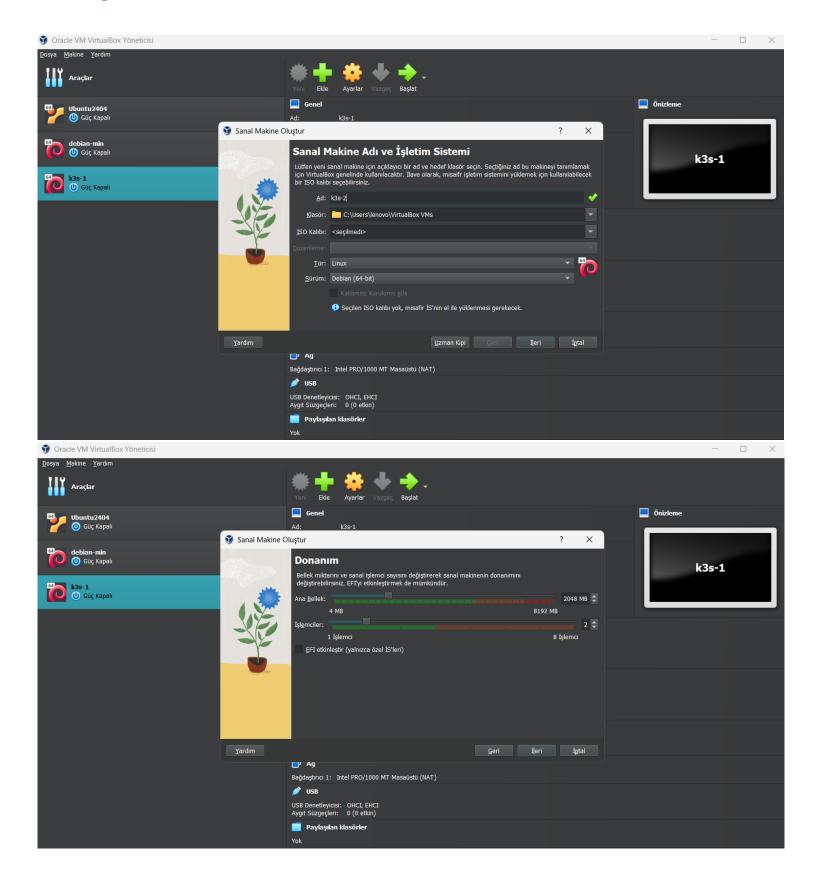
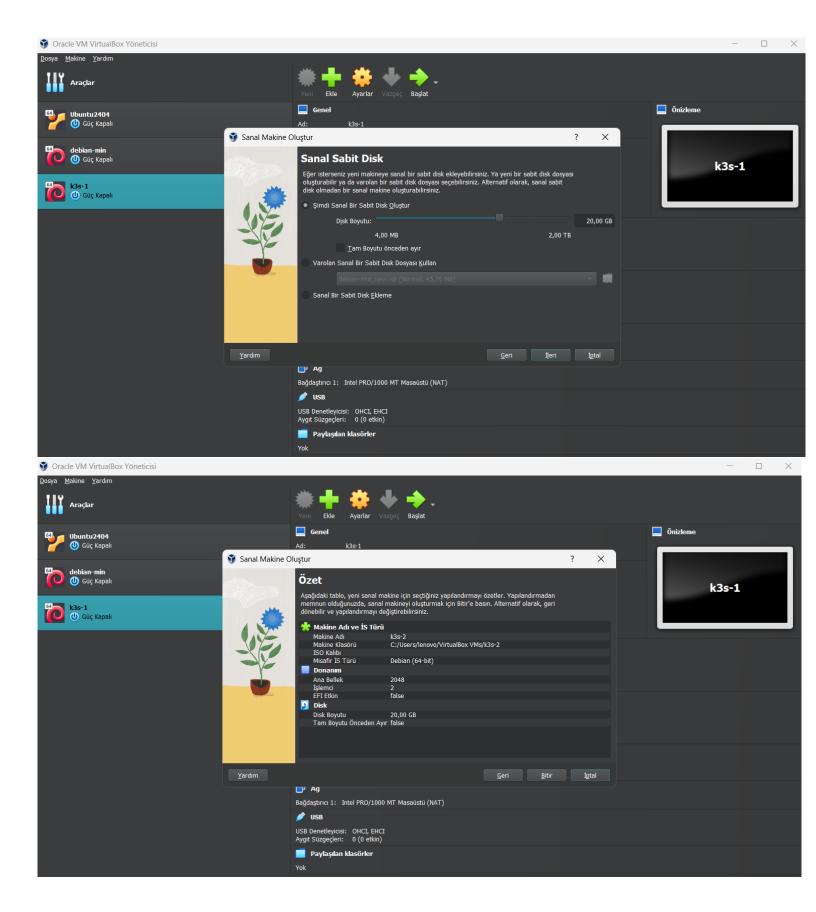
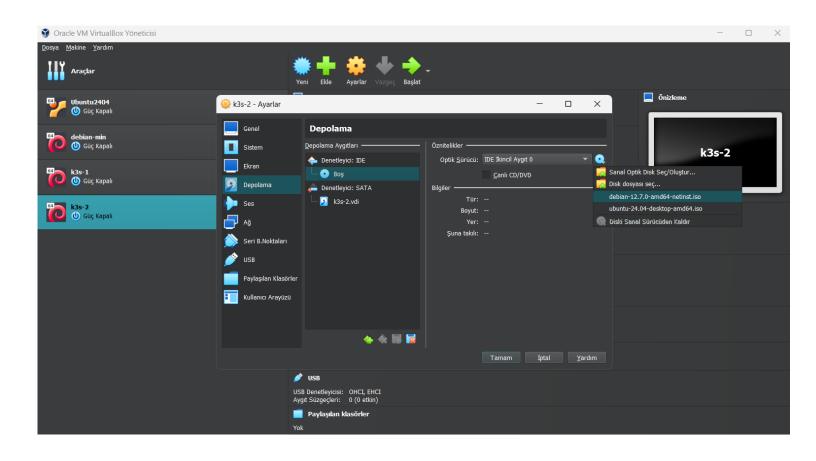
DEBIAN MINIMAL SERVER INSTALLATION GUIDE ON VIRTUAL MACHINE

Ahmet Oğuz Ergin

Creating Virtual Machine in VirtualBox

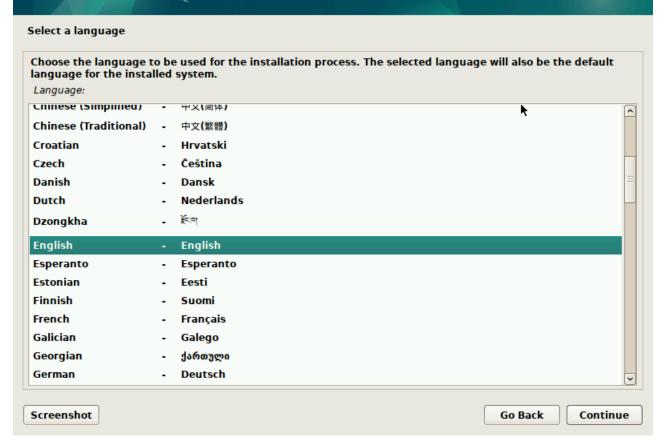








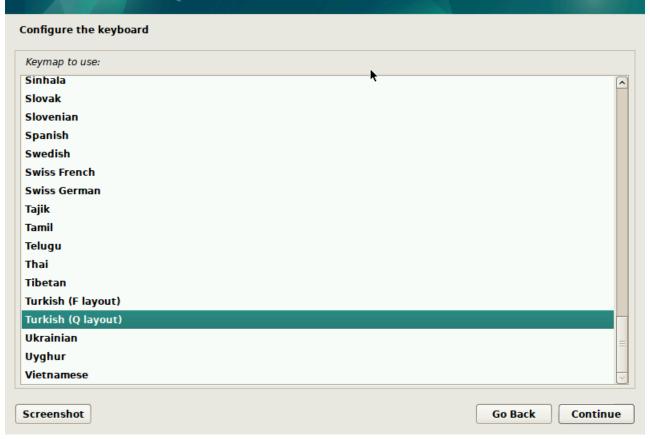
○ debian 12



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Select your location The selected location will be used to set your time zone and also for example to help select the system locale. Normally this should be the country where you live. This is a shortlist of locations based on the language you selected. Choose "other" if your location is not listed. Country, territory or area: India Ireland Israel **New Zealand** Nigeria **Philippines** Seychelles **Singapore South Africa United Kingdom United States** Zambia Zimbabwe other Screenshot Go Back Continue

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⊘ debian 12

Configure the network Please enter the hostname for this system. The hostname is a single word that identifies your system to the network. If you don't know what your hostname should be, consult your network administrator. If you are setting up your own home network, you can make something up here. k3s-2 Screenshot Go Back Continue ○ debian 12 Configure the network The domain name is the part of your Internet address to the right of your host name. It is often something that ends in .com, .net, .edu, or .org. If you are setting up a home network, you can make something up, but make sure you use the same domain name on all your computers. Domain name:

Screenshot Go Back Continue

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Set up users and passwords You need to set a password for 'root', the system administrative account. A malicious or unqualified user with root access can have disastrous results, so you should take care to choose a root password that is not easy to guess. It should not be a word found in dictionaries, or a word that could be easily associated with you. A good password will contain a mixture of letters, numbers and punctuation and should be changed at regular intervals. The root user should not have an empty password. If you leave this empty, the root account will be disabled and the system's initial user account will be given the power to become root using the "sudo" command. Note that you will not be able to see the password as you type it. Root password: •••• ☐ Show Password in Clear Please enter the same root password again to verify that you have typed it correctly. Re-enter password to verify: •••• Show Password in Clear Screenshot Go Back Continue

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Set up users and passwords A user account will be created for you to use instead of the root account for non-administrative activities. Please enter the real name of this user. This information will be used for instance as default origin for emails sent by this user as well as any program which displays or uses the user's real name. Your full name is a reasonable choice. Full name for the new user: [ahmet] Screenshot Go Back Continue

O debian 12 Set up users and passwords Select a username for the new account. Your first name is a reasonable choice. The username should start with a lower-case letter, which can be followed by any combination of numbers and more lower-case letters. Username for your account: ahmet Continue

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Screenshot

© debian 12 Set up users and passwords A good password will contain a mixture of letters, numbers and punctuation and should be changed at regular intervals. Choose a password for the new user: ☐ Show Password in Clear Please enter the same user password again to verify you have typed it correctly. Re-enter password to verify: ••••• ☐ Show Password in Clear Screenshot Go Back Continue

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Configure the clock If the desired time zone is not listed, then please go back to the step "Choose language" and select a country that uses the desired time zone (the country where you live or are located). Eastern Central Mountain Pacific Alaska Hawaii Arizona East Indiana Samoa Screenshot Go Back Continue

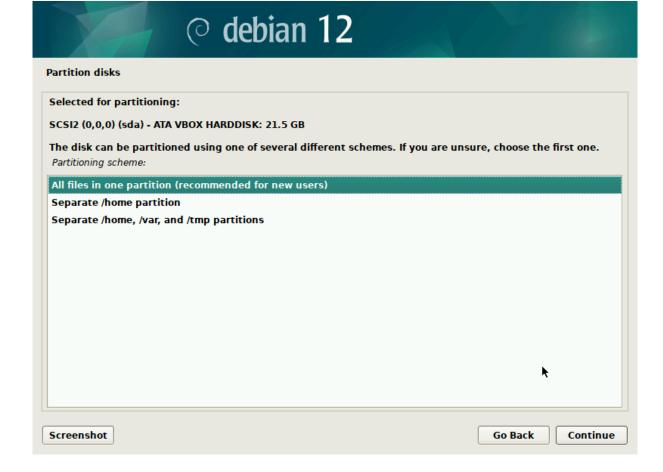
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Partition disks The installer can guide you through partitioning a disk (using different standard schemes) or, if you prefer, you can do it manually. With guided partitioning you will still have a chance later to review and customise the If you choose guided partitioning for an entire disk, you will next be asked which disk should be used. Partitioning method: Guided - use entire disk Guided - use entire disk and set up LVM Guided - use entire disk and set up encrypted LVM Manual Screenshot Go Back Continue

Partition disks Note that all data on the disk you select will be erased, but not before you have confirmed that you really want to make the changes. Select disk to partition: SCS12 (0,0,0) (sda) - 21.5 GB ATA VBOX HARDDISK

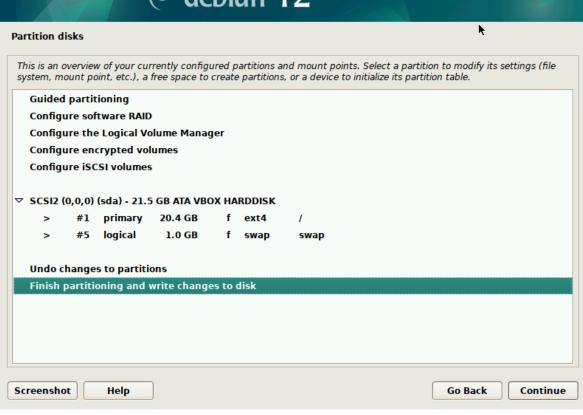
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Configure the package manager Scanning your installation media finds the label: Debian GNU/Linux 12.7.0 _Bookworm _ · Official amd64 NETINST with firmware 20240831-10:38 You now have the option of scanning additional media for use by the package manager (apt). Normally these should be from the same set as the one you booted from. If you do not have any additional media, this step can just be skipped. If you wish to scan more media, please insert another one now. Scan extra installation media? No Yes Screenshot Go Back Continue

○ debian 12 Configure the package manager The goal is to find a mirror of the Debian archive that is close to you on the network -- be aware that nearby countries, or even your own, may not be the best choice. Debian archive mirror country: Slovakia Slovenia South Africa South Korea Spain Sweden Switzerland Taiwan Thailand Türkiye Ukraine **United Kingdom United States** Uruguay Vietnam Screenshot Go Back Continue

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Screenshot

Configure the package manager If you need to use a HTTP proxy to access the outside world, enter the proxy information here. Otherwise, leave this blank. The proxy information should be given in the standard form of "http://[[user][:pass]@]host[:port]/". HTTP proxy information (blank for none): Screenshot Go Back Continue

@ debian 12

Configuring popularity-contest The system may anonymously supply the distribution developers with statistics about the most used packages on this system. This information influences decisions such as which packages should go on the first distribution CD. If you choose to participate, the automatic submission script will run once every week, sending statistics to the distribution developers. The collected statistics can be viewed on https://popcon.debian.org/. This choice can be later modified by running "dpkg-reconfigure popularity-contest". Participate in the package usage survey? No Yes Screenshot

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Software selection
At the moment, only the core of the system is installed. To tune the system to your needs, you can choose to install one or more of the following predefined collections of software. Choose software to install:
□ Debian desktop environment □ GNOME □ Kfce □ KDE Plasma □ Cinnamon □ MATE □ LXDE □ LXQt
□ web server
✓ SSH server ✓ standard system utilities
Screenshot

Install the GRUB boot loader It seems that this new installation is the only operating system on this computer. If so, it should be safe to install the GRUB boot loader to your primary drive (UEFI partition/boot record). Warning: If your computer has another operating system that the installer failed to detect, this will make that operating system temporarily unbootable, though GRUB can be manually configured later to boot it. Install the GRUB boot loader to your primary drive? No Yes

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Screenshot

Install the GRUB boot loader You need to make the newly installed system bootable, by installing the GRUB boot loader on a bootable device. The usual way to do this is to install GRUB to your primary drive (UEFI partition/boot record). You may instead install GRUB to a different drive (or partition), or to removable media. Device for boot loader installation: Enter device manually //dev/sda (ata-VBOX_HARDDISK_VB2f036c33-e31d8697) Screenshot Go Back Continue