

I. VOCABULARY: From Unit 4 to Unit 6

1. Ethnic groups of Viet Nam.
2. Our customs and traditions.
3. Lifestyles.

II. GRAMMAR POINTS: From Unit 4 to Unit 6

1. Yes / No and Wh-questions.
2. Countable and uncountable nouns.
3. Many/ much; a few/a little; a/an
4. Zero article.
5. Future simple.
6. First conditional.

PRACTICE

I. PHONETICS

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. th <u>in</u> | B. la <u>nd</u> | C. traditio <u>n</u> | D. thi <u>ng</u> |
| 2. A. p <u>in</u> k | B. tha <u>n</u> k | C. bri <u>ng</u> | D. lon <u>g</u> evity |
| 3. A. la <u>n</u> tern | B. inva <u>d</u> er | C. na <u>t</u> ion | D. r <u>a</u> ce |
| 4. A. c <u>a</u> rrot | B. c <u>i</u> ty | C. c <u>a</u> ke | D. c <u>l</u> ass |
| 5. A. a <u>g</u> e | B. g <u>i</u> ve | C. g <u>a</u> rden | D. g <u>u</u> itar |

II. MULTIPLE CHOICE

* Choose the best answer

1. How _____ ethnic groups in Viet Nam do you know?
A. much B. often C. many D. tall
2. _____ stilt houses stand on wood, bamboo, and _____.
A. Do - leaf B. Does - leaves C. Does - leaf D. Do - leaves
3. _____ your grandmother like folk _____.
A. Do - music B. Do - musics C. Does - music D. Is - music
4. _____ there 54 ethnic groups in Viet Nam?
A. Are B. Is C. Do D. Does
5. _____ does it cost to visit this bamboo village?
A. How many B. How much C. How often D. How
6. A: _____ do you play tennis? B: For exercise.
A. Why B. When C. How D. What
7. _____ picture do you prefer, this one or that one?
A. Which B. Where C. Why D. How
8. How many people were there at the family _____ last weekend?
A. unit B. united C. union D. reunion
9. My uncle works in _____ coffee plantation in Dak Lak.

- A. a B. an C. some D. much
10. _____ people in remote areas travel on foot.
- A. Much B. Many C. A D. A little
11. Don't wear _____ hat when you go into a temple or a pagoda.
- A. the B. a C. an D. x
12. _____ sugar is not good for your health.
- A. a B. an C. x D. the
13. Thank you. That was _____ lovely gift.
- A. an B. x C. the D. a
14. The Ok Om Bok festival takes place in _____ October.
- A. the B. a C. an D. x
15. Ba: Will online learning improve our IT skills? Nam: _____.
- A. Yes, it will. B. Yes, it won't C. Yes, it does D. Yes, it is
16. He will have sore eyes if he _____ too much time on the computer.
- A. spend B. spends C. spent D. spending
17. Joe broke with _____ when he went to an art college.
- A. culture B. habit C. tradition D. custom
18. If he (eat) _____ this cake, he (be) _____ sick.
- A. eats/is B. eat/will be C. eats/will be D. eat/be
19. What (you/do) _____ if she refuses your invitation?
- A. will you do B. do you do C. are you do D. did you do
20. If we meet at 9:00, we _____ plenty of time to talk.
- A. have B. is having C. will have D. had
21. Linh and Quan have similar _____ about online learning.
- A. problem B. ideas C. idea D. ideal
22. What do people do to _____ traditional lifestyles?
- A. maintain B. stay C. carry D. serve
23. It was _____ best film I had ever read.
- A. an B. a C. x D. the
24. If I get up early, I _____ to school on time.
- A. went B. am going C. will go D. go
25. In many cultures, knocking on wood is a way to chase _____ bad spirits.
- A. away B. of C. to D. at

* Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction.

26. How many cheese do you need to make three pizzas?

A B C D

27. If we travel to London, we visit the museums.

A B C D

28. We went to Ha Noi by the plane.

A B C D

29. You will fail the test unless you don't study harder.

A B C D

30. It takes more than a hour to drive to Ho Chi Minh city.

A B C D

III. READING

A. Read the following passage and choose the correct word for each gap.

Tet holiday is celebrated on (1) _____ first day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam. Several weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls. New clothes are bought for the occasion. One or two days before the festival, people make Banh Chung, (2) _____ is the traditional cake, and kinds of jam. On New Year's Eve, the whole family gets together for a (3) _____ dinner. On New Year morning, the young members of the family pay their respects (4) _____ the elders. And the children receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelopes. Then people go to visit their neighbours, friends and relatives.

1. A. a B. an C. x D. the
2. A. which B. when C. where D. why
3. A. reunited B. union C. reunite D. reunion
4. A. at B. to C. about D. in

B. Read the text and answer the questions below.

Last week Nick and some of his classmates went to visit a farm of Nick's uncle in the countryside. They left early in the morning and went there by bus. Nick's uncle, Mr. Brown met them at the bus stop and took them to his farm. On the way, uncle Brown showed them the field of wheat and vegetables where some tractors were running up and down, ploughing and breaking soil, distributing manure and planting potatoes.

After lunch, they all went for a walk. In the large yard of the farm, they saw some farm machines. Among them is the biggest machine which is called a combine harvester. In the afternoon, they went to the place where cattle such as horses, sheep and cows were raised. They were very excited to see how cows were milked by the workers there. Uncle Brown also spoke about many interesting things in the countryside. After having some fruits and cakes, they said goodbye and went home.

1. How did Nick and his classmates go to uncle Brown's farm?
A. by bus B. by car C. by taxi D. on foot
2. Where did Nick and his classmates meet uncle Brown?
A. at an office B. at the market C. at the bus stop D. at a coffee shop

3. What does his uncle grow on his farm?

- A. wheat B. vegetables C. potatoes D. All are correct

4. What did they do after lunch?

- A. went swimming B. went climbing C. went for a walk D. went cycling

C. Read the following passage and choose the correct word for each gap.

Viet Nam is a multi-nationality country with 54 ethnic (1) _____. The Viet (Kinh) people account (2) _____ 87% of the country's population and mainly inhabit the Red River delta, the central coastal delta, the Mekong delta and major cities.

A number of ethnic minorities had mastered some farming techniques. (3) _____ grew rice plants in swamped paddy fields and carried out irrigation. Others (4) _____ hunting, fishing, collecting and lived a semi-nomadic life. Each group has its own culture, diverse and special. Beliefs and religions of the Vietnamese ethnic minority groups were also disparate from each other.

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. groups | B. team | C. minorities | D. majorities |
| 2. A. in | B. for | C. of | D. at |
| 3. A. They | B. We | C. I | D. You |
| 4. A. did | B. made | C. went | D. used |

D. Read the text and answer the questions below.

In Viet Nam, a market is a trading place, but many markets are not only about buying and selling things. They reflect the life of the community. A traditional market is a social gathering point for people of all ages and it is a new and exciting experience for children, a trading place for local craftsmen, and a chance for young people to meet. People go to the traditional market not only to buy and sell things but also to eat, drink, play games, and socialize. For example, if you go to Sa Pa Market, which is the highlands in the north of Viet Nam, you can see people wearing their nicest clothes and spending all day long at the market. They buy things, play the flute, dance, and sing. This is also a time to meet, make friends or look for lovers. That is why this kind of gathering is also called "Love Market". Some other countryside markets in the Mekong Delta are held on boats. Most of the goods are sold at a floating market. The most exciting time is in the early morning when boats arrive loaded up with agricultural products.

1. In Viet Nam, all markets are _____.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| A. only trading places | B. only about buying things |
| C. only about selling things | D. not only about buying and selling things |

2. What can people do at the traditional market?

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| A. Sell and buy things only. | B. Buy and sell things, eat, drink and play games. |
| C. Buy things and eat. | D. Buy and sell things, eat, drink, play games and socialize. |

3. Some of the markets in the Mekong Delta are held _____ are called floating markets.

A. along the roads B. on the paddy fields C. on boats D. in the morning

4. At the floating markets, the most exciting time is _____.

A. at night B. in the morning C. in the afternoon D. in the evening

IV. DO AS DIRECTED

1. Yes. I attended the Khmer's Moon Worship festival last year. (Make a question for the underlined part)

→ _____

2. It took us about half an hour to get to work. (Make a question for the underlined part)

→ _____

3. He travelled to Mexico by train. (Make a question for the underlined part)

→ _____

4. He plays volleyball three times a week. (Make a question for the underlined part)

→ _____

5. first-term / soon. / our / exams / take / **We** / will / very// (Reorder the words to make a correct sentence).

→ _____

6. if / to / will / I / **I** / go / Ha Noi / summer. / come / this / see / to / you// (Reorder the words to make a correct sentence).

→ _____

7. semester. / learning / choose / in / online / **I** / won't / the / second// (Reorder the words to make a correct sentence).

→ _____

8. You should bring a compass; otherwise, you will be lost in the forest. (Rewrite the sentence with **IF**)

→ _____

9. If Tom doesn't finish his homework, his mother won't let him watch TV. (Rewrite the sentence with **UNLESS**)

→ _____

10. We will cancel the picnic. The weather will be really bad. (Rewrite the sentence with **IF**)

→ _____

*Topics for writing (Approximately 70 words)

1. Write a passage of what you often do at home to help your parents.
2. Write a passage of one of your family celebrations.

