Visualizing Popularity Predictions: A Logistic Regression Approach with **Custom Color Aesthetics**

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```
# libraries
library(MASS)
library(pls)
##
## Attaching package: 'pls'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       loadings
library(readx1)
library(tidyverse)
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                                 - tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr 1.1.4 √ readr
                                      2.1.5
## √ forcats 1.0.0 √ stringr
                                      1.5.1
## ✓ ggplot2 3.5.1 ✓ tibble 3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3 ✓ tidyr 1.3.1
## √ purrr
               1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
                                                          – tidyverse_conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## X dplyr::select() masks MASS::select()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to becom
e errors
data <-read excel("C:/Users/jacob/Downloads/large song dataset.xlsx")</pre>
head(data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 20
    song_id
##
                             bitrate review_comments songwriter created_on
   <chr>
                               <dbl> <chr>
                                                      <chr>>
                                                                 <dttm>
##
                                 320 Then region hi... Charles J... 2021-05-11 15:23:48
## 1 ae15dc06-c222-469f-b1c...
## 2 d97d144b-b95a-4bee-b4b...
                                320 My partner how... Alexander... 2021-07-07 20:50:45
## 3 3932ef71-220e-4963-9e2...
                                256 Alone answer v... Kathleen ... 2022-10-08 16:18:54
## 4 25bb3810-4d31-4da6-ae9...
                                 320 Office easy do... Christoph... 2022-02-19 21:52:47
                                128 Away PM attorn... Alexis Gr... 2020-11-12 13:07:12
## 5 84588900-d720-4523-a6d...
## 6 957612e2-02a1-4d4e-b92...
                                 320 Prepare exampl... Jordan Ch... 2020-12-03 12:16:23
## # i 15 more variables: recorded on <dttm>, song duration <dbl>,
       favorites count <dbl>, primary genre <chr>, genre list <chr>,
## #
       song info <chr>, popularity index <dbl>, language <chr>,
## #
       usage license <chr>, play count <dbl>, lyric writer <chr>,
## #
## #
       track_number <dbl>, music_publisher <chr>, song_tags <chr>,
## #
       song title <chr>>
```

```
#Data for Modeling

#My most relevant numerical columns
X <- as.matrix(data[, c("bitrate", "favorites_count", "play_count")])
y <- as.vector(data$popularity_index)

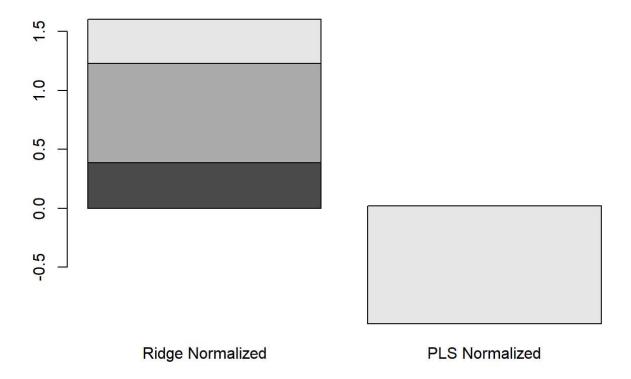
# Checking for missing values in my dataset
X <- na.omit(X)
y <- na.omit(y)</pre>
```

```
# Ridge Regression
lambda <- 1e10
beta_ridge <- solve(t(X) %*% X + lambda * diag(ncol(X))) %*% t(X) %*% y
beta_ridge_normalized <- beta_ridge / sqrt(sum(beta_ridge^2))

# Partial Least Squares (PLS)
pls_model <- plsr(y ~ X, ncomp = 1, validation = "none")
beta_pls <- coef(pls_model, ncomp = 1)
beta_pls_normalized <- beta_pls / sqrt(sum(beta_pls^2))

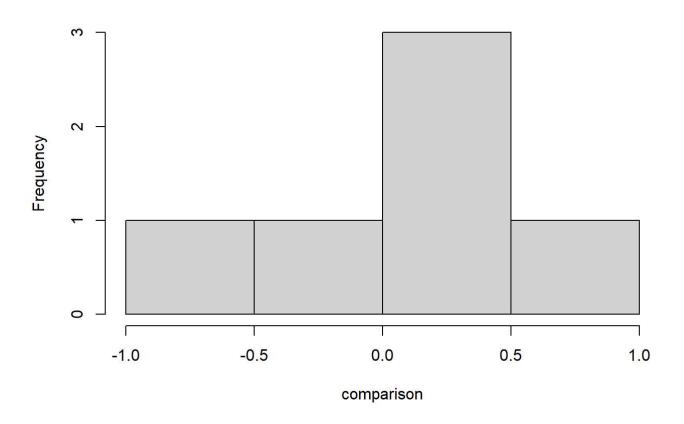
# Comparing the estimates
comparison <- cbind(beta_ridge_normalized, beta_pls_normalized)
colnames(comparison) <- c("Ridge Normalized", "PLS Normalized")
print(comparison)</pre>
```

```
#bar plot to see the comparison of the results
barplot(comparison)
```

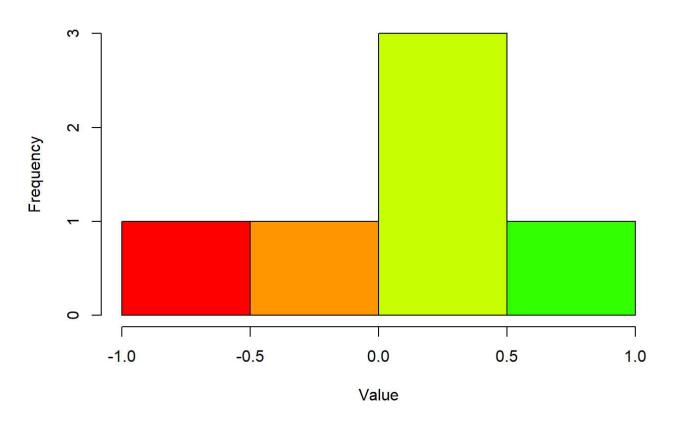


#Histogram to get a better understanding
hist(comparison)

Histogram of comparison



Histogram Example



```
# Testing where on the graph are the points located with a scatter plot
#sample results
ridge_normalized <- c(0.3861142, 0.8430689, 0.3743670)
pls_normalized <- c(-0.003158576, 0.025057827, -0.999681013)

# Scatter plot
plot(ridge_normalized, pls_normalized,
    main = "Scatter Plot of Normalized Coefficients",
    xlab = "Ridge Normalized",
    ylab = "PLS Normalized",
    pch = 19,
    col = rainbow(length(ridge_normalized)),
    cex = 1.5)</pre>
```

Scatter Plot of Normalized Coefficients

