Clear sky 2018 january 29th camera 2 sw-vers. 1

```
In [1]: import matplotlib
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   %matplotlib inline
   import csv
   import bisect
   import datetime
   from scipy import interpolate
   from matplotlib.dates import DateFormatter

# User defined functions
   from load_data_from_csv import *
```

Import Data

```
In [2]: day = '2018-01-29'  # select day of observation ('2018-09-29' : camera 2, sw-ve
    rs. 1)
    s_time = ' 07:00:00'  # beginning of observation
    e_time = ' 20:00:00'  # end of observation
    start = day + s_time
    end = day + e_time
```

Weather station at Luzern Switzerland

```
In [3]: luz_csv = r'../weather_data/irradiation_luz_2017_2018.csv'

df = process_LUZ(luz_csv)
    df.set_index(df.datetime, inplace=True)
    df_lu = df['gre000z0']  # 10 min mean in W/m²
    lu_rad = df_lu.loc[start:end]  # set distinct observation day

#lu_rad.head(n=2)
```

Clear Sky solar irradiance from SODA using McClear model

Source: http://www.soda-pro.com/web-services/radiation/cams-mcclear (http://www.soda-pro.com/web-services/radiation/cams-mcclear)

```
In [4]: soda_csv = r'../weather_data/irradiation_soda_2017_2018_1min.csv'

df = process_SODA(soda_csv)
df_soda = df['Clear sky GHI']*60  # given in units of Wh/m²
mc_rad = df_soda.loc[start:end]  # set distinct observation day

#mc_rad.head(n=2)
```

Load relative luminance from images

```
In [5]: calc_csv = r'../lumi_data/20180129_cam2_luminance.csv'

df_calc = process_LUMI(calc_csv)
lum_hdr = df_calc['lum_hdr']  # mean luminance from HDR image
lum_hdr_m = df_calc['lum_hdr_m']  # mean luminance from masked HDR image fro
m raw data
lum_jpg_m = df_calc['lum_jpg_m']  # mean luminance from masked HDR image bui
ld from three jpg exposures

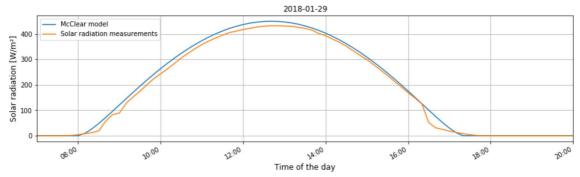
#lum_hdr.head(n=2)
```

Pyranometer measurements vs. McClear model

```
In [6]: matplotlib.rcParams['timezone'] = 'Europe/Zurich'

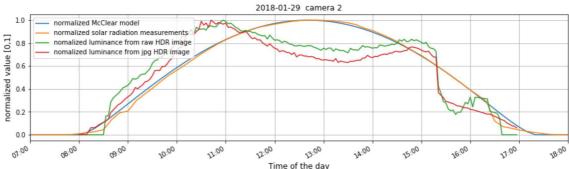
fig = plt.figure(1, figsize=(15,4))
mc_rad.plot(label='McClear model')
lu_rad.plot(label='Solar radiation measurements')

plt.xlabel('Time of the day', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Solar radiation [W/m²]', fontsize=12)
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.grid(b=None, which='major', axis='both')
plt.title(day)
fig.autofmt_xdate()
formatter = DateFormatter('%H:%M')
#formatter.set_tzinfo(timezone('Europe/Zurich'))
plt.gcf().axes[0].xaxis.set_major_formatter(formatter)
```



Plot with normalized data for 2018-01-29 from 9:00 to 15:00

```
In [15]: # Set appropriate timezone
         matplotlib.rcParams['timezone'] = 'Europe/Zurich'
         day = '2018-01-29' # day of observation ('2018-01-29')
         s time = ' 07:00:00' # beginning of observation
         e time = ' 18:00:00' # end of observation
         start = day + s_time
         end = day + e time
         lu rad = df lu.loc[start:end]
                                          # weather station
         mc_rad = df_soda.loc[start:end] # McClear model
         #print(lu rad.head(n=5))
         #print(lum hdr.head(n=5))
         lu rad n = ((lu rad-lu rad.min())/(lu rad.max()-lu rad.min()))
         mc rad n = ((mc rad-mc rad.min())/(mc rad.max()-mc rad.min()))
         lum hdr n = ((lum hdr-lum hdr.min())/(lum hdr.max()-lum hdr.min()))
         lum jpg n = ((lum jpg m-lum jpg m.min())/(lum jpg m.max()-lum jpg m.min()))
         fig = plt.figure(2, figsize=(15,4))
         mc rad n.plot(label ='normalized McClear model')
         lu rad n.plot(label ='normalized solar radiation measurements')
         lum hdr n.plot(label='nomalized luminance from raw HDR image')
         lum jpg n.plot(label='nomalized luminance from jpg HDR image')
         plt.xlabel('Time of the day', fontsize=12)
         plt.ylabel('normalized value [0,1]', fontsize=12)
         plt.legend(loc='upper left')
         plt.grid(b=None, which='major', axis='both')
         plt.title(day + ' camera 2')
         fig.autofmt_xdate()
         formatter = DateFormatter('%H:%M')
         plt.gcf().axes[0].xaxis.set_major_formatter(formatter)
```



Scatterplot mean luminance from HDR images vs. pyranometer measurements

```
In [14]: fig = plt.figure(3, figsize=(5,5))
         day = '2018-01-29'  # day of observation ('2018-01-29' : camera 1, sw-vers. 1)
         s time = ' 10:00:00' # beginning of observation
         e time = ' 11:00:00' # end of observation
         start = day + s time
         end = day + e_time
          _lu_rad_n = lu_rad_n.loc[start:end]
         lum hdr n = lum hdr n.loc[start:end]
         #print(lum hdr.index[1])
         #print(lum hdr.index[-1])
         #print('size _lu_rad:{}'.format(_lu_rad.size))
         lu rad f = lu rad n.asfreq(freq='3T')
         lu rad ip = lu rad f.interpolate(method = 'linear')
         print('lu rad ip:{} lum hdr:{}'.format(lu rad ip[0:-1].size, lum hdr n.size))
         plt.xlabel('Normalized luminance from HDR', fontsize=12)
         plt.ylabel('Normalized solar radiation', fontsize=12)
         plt.scatter(x = lu_rad_ip[0:-1], y = _lum_hdr_n, marker='o', color='blue')
         lu_rad_ip:20 lum_hdr:20
```

Out[14]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x19faf6e1198>

