	<ul><li>Storage</li><li>Spark Executor</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>○ Local CPU</li><li>○ Worker Node</li></ul>	
	Driver Program	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
2.	How does lazy evaluation work in Spark?  Transformations are guard and evacuted at a certain threshold	1/1 point
	<ul> <li>Transformations are queued and executed at a certain threshold.</li> <li>Actions are not executed until the transformation stage.</li> </ul>	
	Actions are queued and executed at a certain threshold.	
	Transformations are not executed until the action stage.	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
3.	What are the consequences of lazy evaluation as mentioned in lecture?  Hiccups within the system during queue execution.	1/1 point
	There are no consequences.	
	Errors sometimes do not show up until the action stage.	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
4.	What is a wide transformation?	1/1 point
	<ul> <li>The name for the most used transformations.</li> <li>Transformations that take a lot of nodes to complete.</li> </ul>	
	A longer time-taking transformation compared to narrow transformations.	
	A transformation that requires data shuffling across node partitions.	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
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5.	Where does the data for each worker node get sent to after a collect function is called?  Spark SQL	1/1 point
	Spark Streaming	
	None; Stays in the Same Node	
	Spark Context     Other Worker Nodes	
	⊘ Correct	
6.	What are DataFrames?	1/1 point
	A special type of data node that contains framework to manipulate SQL.	
	A column like data format that can be read by Spark SQL.  A type of parrow transformation	
	<ul> <li>○ A type of narrow transformation.</li> <li>○ Correct</li> </ul>	
7.	Can RDD's be converted into DataFrames directly without manipulation?	1/1 point
	No: lines have to be converted into row.	
	O ves	
	No: RDD's needed to be made relational first.  No: RDD's cannot be converted into DataFrames.	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
8.	What is the function of Spark SQL as mentioned in lecture? (Choose 3)	1/1 point
	Better ability to manipulate big data.	
	<ul><li>✓ Enables relational queries on Spark.</li><li>✓ Correct</li></ul>	
	Better worker node interpolation.	
	Efficient data manipulation using SQL like structure.	
	Connect to variety of databases.	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
	✓ Deploy business intelligence tools over Spark.	
	<b>⊘</b> Correct	
9.	What is a triplet in GraphX?  A type of data to contain both edge and vertex info	1/1 point
	<ul> <li>A type of data to contain both edge and vertex info.</li> <li>A type of data to contain the information on connections between vertices and edges.</li> </ul>	
	A type of data to contain vertex info.	
	A type of data to contain edge info.	

**⊘** Correct