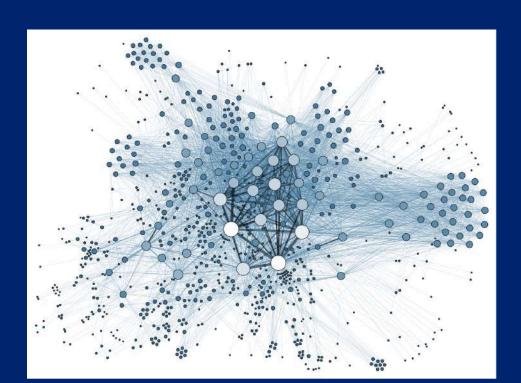
# Summary of Introduction to Big Data



#### After this video you will be able to...

- Recall what started the big data era and the three main big data sources
- Summarize the volume, variety, velocity and veracity issues related to each source
- Explain the 5-step data science process to gain value from big data
- Remember the main elements of the Hadoop stack

## Big Data Era



**Data Torrent** 



Computing
Anytime, Anywhere

## Three major sources of big data

Machines

People

Organizations

### Getting Value from Big Data

Value comes from integrating different types of data sources

#### Data integration



Reduce data complexity

Increase data availability

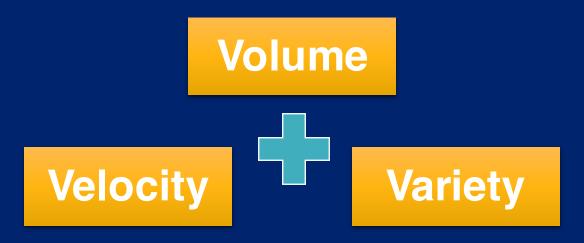
Unify your data system

Increase data collaboration

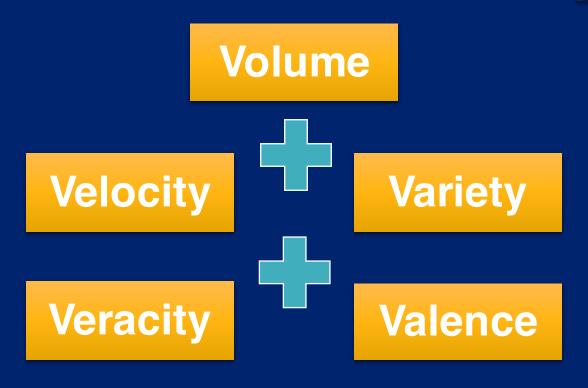


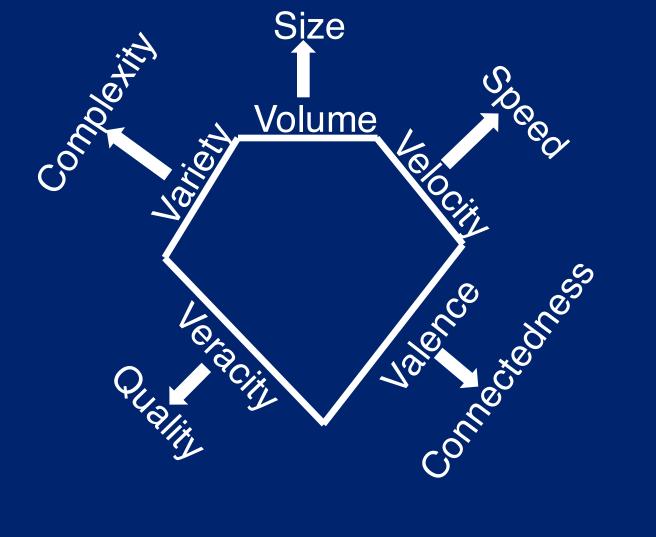
Add value to your big data!

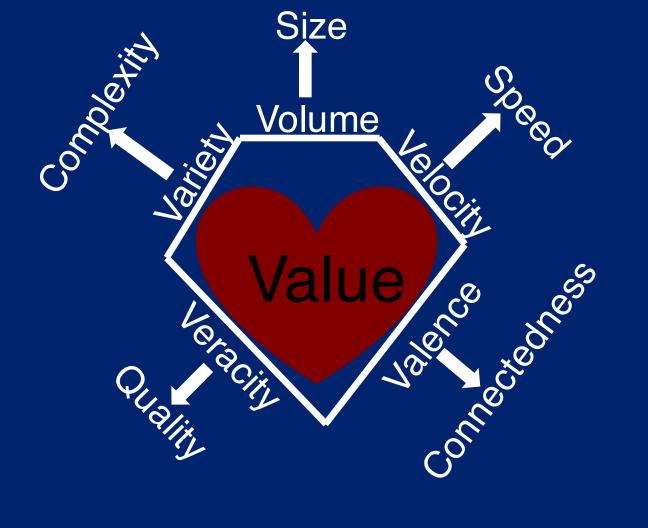
### Characteristics of Big Data



## Characteristics of Big Data









#### Insight Data Product

Big Data



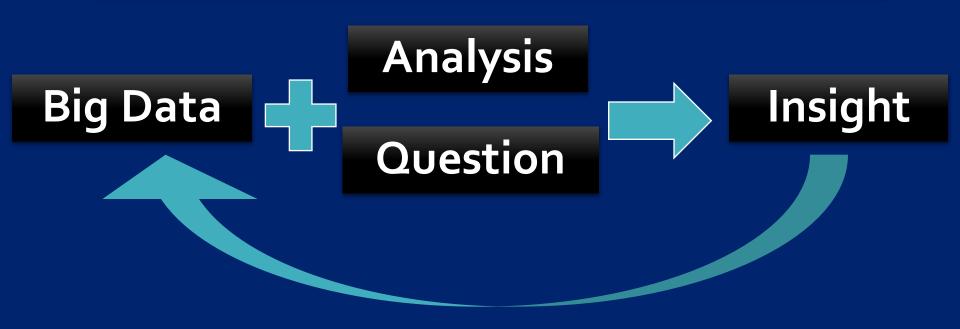
Analysis

Question



Insight

#### Insight Data Product



Big Data Engineering

Computational Big Data Science

ACQUIRE

PREPARE

ANALYZE

**REPORT** 

ACT

Big Data Engineering Computational Big Data Science

ACQUIRE PREPARE ANALYZE REPORT ACT

Scale Scale Scale Scale

#### Step 1: Acquire Data



Identify data sets

Retrieve data

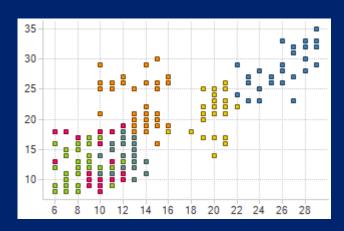
Query data

#### Step 2: Prepare Data

Step 2-A: Explore

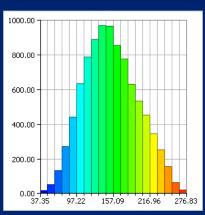
Step 2-B: Pre-process

#### Step 2-A: Explore Data

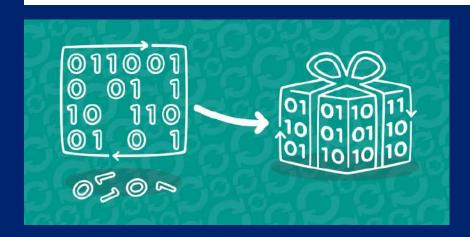


Preliminary analysis

## Understand nature of data



#### Step 2-B: Pre-process Data



Clean

Integrate

Package

ACQUIRE PREPARE ANALYZE REPORT ACT

#### Step 3: Analyze Data



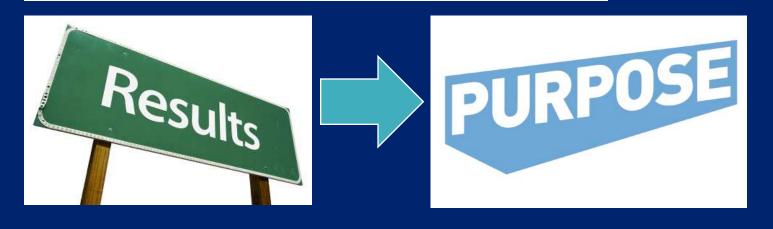
Select analytical techniques

**Build models** 

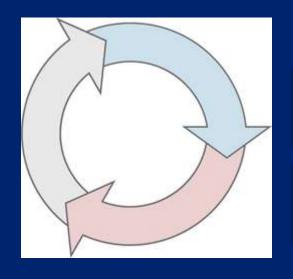
#### **Step 4: Communicate Results**



#### **Step 5: Apply Results**



ACQUIRE PREPARE ANALYZE REPORT ACT

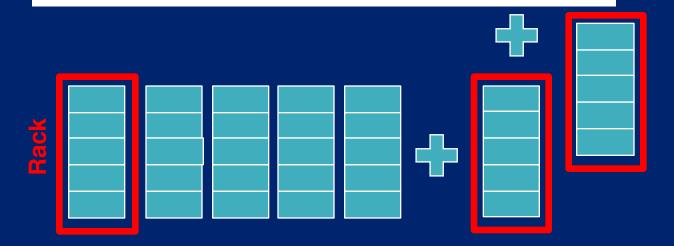


Iterative process

Scalable tools

#### 1. Enable Scalability

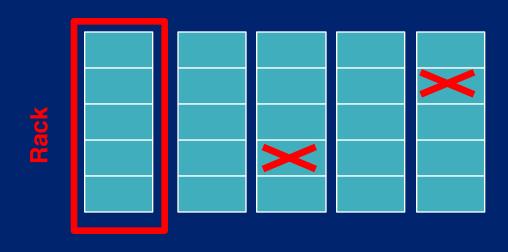
Commodity hardware is cheap



#### 2. Handle Fault Tolerance

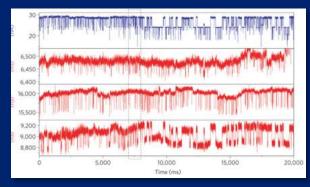
Be ready: crashes happen



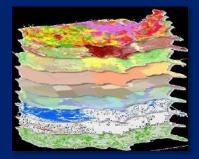


#### 3. Optimized for a Variety Data Types

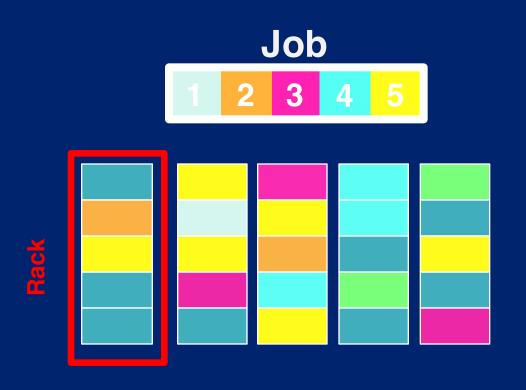




		Cars marketpla	ce	
vendor	Model	Price	Mileage	VIN Code
Chevrolet	Convette	17226	25965.0	ILLAKAWAZDZ -
Chevrolet	Corvette	34229	46429.0	RCPNSRY GXON
Chevrolet	Convette	27982	50209.0	NWLGCEVE+GI
Chevrolet	Corvette	51825	72998.0	NGVZSCIZGSV
Chevrolet	Corvette	52845	34364 0	PSORUYYOUG.
Chevrolet	Malbu	37874	37273.0	VLFPQPWNEFC
Chevrolet	Malbu	15600	714410	EXL.XGDW0ZS4
Chevrolet	Malbu	52447	46700.0	NUMGJZAKBRO
Chevrolet	Malbu	27129	36254.0	OPFUEVLEHS)
Chevrolet	Malbu	28846	77162.0	WRCOOFREZLE
Chevrolet	Malbu	46165	60590.0	HUFTTHQHSFJF
Chevrolet	Malbu	18263	37790.0	JUHNAFSHVC 1
		14	80	



#### 4. Facilitate a Shared Environment



#### 5. Provide Value

Community-supported

Wide range of applications

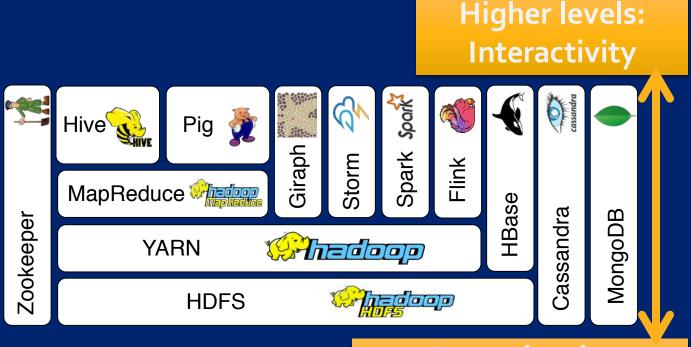




#### One possible layer diagram for Hadoop Ecosystem



#### One possible layer diagram for Hadoop



Lower levels: Storage and scheduling

#### Distributed file system as foundation

Scalable storage

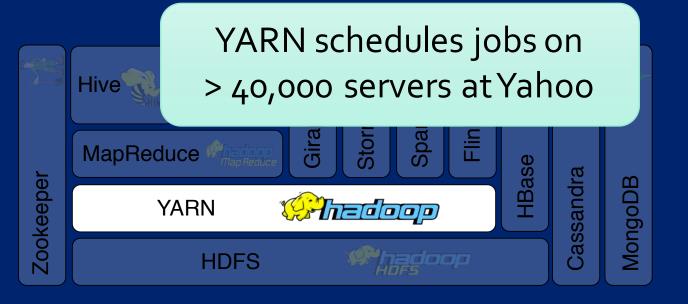
Fault tolerance





## Flexible scheduling and resource management





#### Simplified programming model

 $Map \rightarrow apply()$ 

Reduce → summarize()



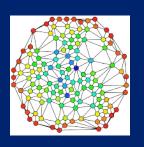
#### Higher-level programming models

Pig = dataflow scripting

Hive = SQL-like queries



## Specialized models for graph processing



Giraph used by Facebook to analyze social graphs



## Real-time and in-memory processing



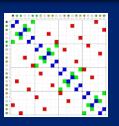
In-memory → 100x faster for some tasks



#### NoSQL for non-files

#### Key-values

#### Sparse tables



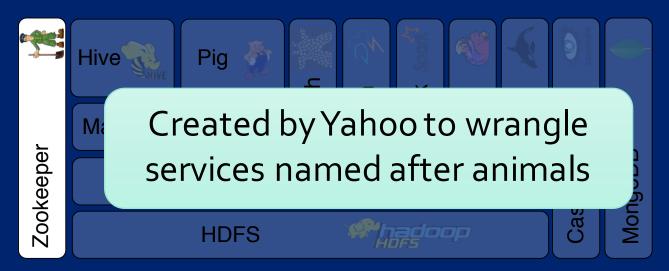


#### Zookeeper for management

Synchronization

Configuration

High-availability



# Many Big Data Modeling and Management Challenges



Big Data Platforms and Management Systems