

Assignment: Notebook for Graded Assessment

Introduction

Using this Python notebook you will:

- 1. Understand three Chicago datasets
- 2. Load the three datasets into three tables in a SQLIte database
- 3. Execute SQL queries to answer assignment questions

Understand the datasets

To complete the assignment problems in this notebook you will be using three datasets that are available on the city of Chicago's Data Portal:

- 1. Socioeconomic Indicators in Chicago
- 2. Chicago Public Schools
- 3. Chicago Crime Data

1. Socioeconomic Indicators in Chicago

This dataset contains a selection of six socioeconomic indicators of public health significance and a "hardship index," for each Chicago community area, for the years 2008 – 2012.

A detailed description of this dataset and the original dataset can be obtained from the Chicago Data Portal at:

2. Chicago Public Schools

This dataset shows all school level performance data used to create CPS School Report Cards for the 2011-2012 school year. This dataset is provided by the city of Chicago's Data Portal.

A detailed description of this dataset and the original dataset can be obtained from the Chicago Data Portal at:

3. Chicago Crime Data

This dataset reflects reported incidents of crime (with the exception of murders where data exists for each victim) that occurred in the City of Chicago from 2001 to present, minus the most recent seven days.

A detailed description of this dataset and the original dataset can be obtained from the Chicago Data Portal at:

https://data.cityofchicago.org/Public-Safety/Crimes-2001-to-present/ijzp-q8t2

Download the datasets

This assignment requires you to have these three tables populated with a subset of the whole datasets.

In many cases the dataset to be analyzed is available as a .CSV (comma separated values) file, perhaps on the internet.

Use the links below to read the data files using the Pandas library.

Chicago Census Data

 $https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DB0201EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/FinalModule_Coursera_V5/data/\\ ChicagoCensusData.csv?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id=NA-SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkD80201ENSkillsNetwork20127838-2021-01-01$

• Chicago Public Schools

 $https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DB0201EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/FinalModule_Coursera_V5/data/\\ ChicagoPublicSchools.csv?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id=NA-SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkDB0201ENSkillsNetwork20127838-2021-01-01$

• Chicago Crime Data

https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DB0201EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/FinalModule_Coursera_V5/data/ChicagoCrimeData.csv?utm_medium=Exinfluencer&utm_source=Exinfluencer&utm_content=000026UJ&utm_term=10006555&utm_id=NA-SkillsNetwork-Channel-SkillsNetworkCoursesIBMDeveloperSkillsNetworkDB0201ENSkillsNetwork20127838-2021-01-01

NOTE: Ensure you use the datasets available on the links above instead of directly from the Chicago Data Portal. The versions linked here are subsets of the original datasets and have some of the column names modified to be more database friendly which will make it easier to complete this assignment.

Execute the below code cell to avoid prettytable default error.

```
In [ ]: !pip install ipython-sql prettytable
    import prettytable
    prettytable.DEFAULT = 'DEFAULT'
```

Store the datasets in database tables

To analyze the data using SQL, it first needs to be loaded into SQLite DB. We will create three tables in as under:

- 1. CENSUS_DATA
- 2. CHICAGO_PUBLIC_SCHOOLS
- 3. CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA

Load the pandas and sqlite3 libraries and establish a connection to FinalDB.db

```
In [4]: import pandas as pd
    import sqlite3
conn = sqlite3.connect("FinalDB.db")
```

Out[4]: 533

Load the SQL magic module

```
In [7]: %load_ext sql
```

```
The sql extension is already loaded. To reload it, use: %reload ext sql
```

Use Pandas to load the data available in the links above to dataframes. Use these dataframes to load data on to the database FinalDB.db as required tables.

Establish a connection between SQL magic module and the database FinalDB.db

```
In [ ]: %sql sqlite:///FinalDB.db
```

You can now proceed to the the following questions. Please note that a graded assignment will follow this lab and there will be a question on each of the problems stated below. It can be from the answer you received or the code you write for this problem. Therefore, please keep a note of both your codes as well as the response you generate.

Problems

Now write and execute SQL queries to solve assignment problems

Problem 1

Find the total number of crimes recorded in the CRIME table.

Problem 2

List community area names and numbers with per capita income less than 11000.

```
In [10]: areas = %sql select COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME, COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER from Census where PER_CAPITA_INCOME < 11000
areas</pre>
```

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Done

Out[10]: COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER

West Garfield Park	26.0
South Lawndale	30.0
Fuller Park	37.0
Riverdale	54.0

Problem 3

List all case numbers for crimes involving minors?(children are not considered minors for the purposes of crime analysis)

In [15]: %sql SELECT DISTINCT CASE_NUMBER FROM Crimes WHERE DESCRIPTION LIKE '%MINOR%'

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Done.

Out[15]: CASE_NUMBER

HL266884

HK238408

Problem 4

List all kidnapping crimes involving a child?

In [16]: %sql select * from Crimes where PRIMARY_TYPE = 'KIDNAPPING'

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Done.

Out[16]:	index	ID	CASE_NUMBER	DATE	BLOCK	IUCR	PRIMARY_TYPE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION_DESCRIPTION	ARREST	DOMESTIC	BEAT	DISTRICT	WARD	CON
					050XX W			CHILD							
	520	5276766	HN144152	2007-01-26	VAN BUREN ST	1792	KIDNAPPING	ABDUCTION/ STRANGER	STREET	0	0	1533	15	29.0	

Problem 5

List the kind of crimes that were recorded at schools. (No repetitions)

In [17]: %sql select PRIMARY_TYPE from Crimes where LOCATION_DESCRIPTION like '%School%'

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Out[17]:

[17]: PRIMARY_TYPE

BATTERY

BATTERY

BATTERY

BATTERY

BATTERY

CRIMINAL DAMAGE

NARCOTICS

NARCOTICS

ASSAULT

CRIMINAL TRESPASS

PUBLIC PEACE VIOLATION

PUBLIC PEACE VIOLATION

Problem 6

List the type of schools along with the average safety score for each type.

In [18]: %sql select "Elementary, Middle, or High School", AVG(SAFETY_SCORE) AVERAGE_SAFETY_SCORE from Schools group by "Elementary, Middle, or High School";

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Done.

 ${\tt Out[18]:} \quad \textbf{Elementary, Middle, or High School} \quad \textbf{AVERAGE_SAFETY_SCORE}$

49.52038369304557	ES
49.62352941176471	HS
48.0	MS

Problem 7

List 5 community areas with highest % of households below poverty line

In [19]: %sql select COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME, PERCENT_HOUSEHOLDS_BELOW_POVERTY from Census order by PERCENT_HOUSEHOLDS_BELOW_POVERTY desc limit 5

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Done.

Out[19]: COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME PERCENT_HOUSEHOLDS_BELOW_POVERTY Riverdale Fuller Park 51.2 Englewood 46.6 North Lawndale 43.1 East Garfield Park 42.4

Problem 8

Which community area is most crime prone? Display the coumminty area number only.

In [32]: %%sql select COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME, D.COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER from Census, (select COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER, count(COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER) Frequency from Crimes group by COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER order by Frequency desc limit 1) D where Census.COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER=D.COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Out[32]: COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER

Double-click here for a hint

Problem 9

Use a sub-query to find the name of the community area with highest hardship index

In [35]: %sql select COMMUNITY AREA NAME from Census where HARDSHIP INDEX = (select max(HARDSHIP INDEX) from Census)

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Out[35]: COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME

Riverdale

Problem 10

Use a sub-query to determine the Community Area Name with most number of crimes?

In [36]: %%sql select COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME from Census where COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER = (select COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER from Crimes group by COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER order by count(COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER) desc limit 1)

* sqlite:///FinalDB.db

Done.

Out[36]: **COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME**

Austin

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<!-- ## Change log <table> Date Version Changed by Change Description 2023-10-18 2.6 Abhishek Gagneja Modified instruction set 2022-03-04 2.5 Lakshmi Holla Changed markdown. 2021-05-19 2.4 Lakshmi Holla Updated the question 2021-04-30 2.3 Malika Singla Updated the libraries 2021-01-15 2.2 Rav Ahuja Removed problem 11 and fixed changelog 2020-11-25 2.1 Ramesh Sannareddy Updated the problem statements, and datasets 2020-09-05 2.0 Malika Singla Moved lab to course repo in GitLab 2018-07-18 1.0 Rav Ahuja Several updates including loading instructions 2018-05-04 0.1 Hima Vasudevan Created initial version

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