

```
In [13]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC, SVC
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('bankData.csv')
df.drop(labels=['campaign', 'pdays', 'previous', 'contact', 'day', 'month'], axis = 1,

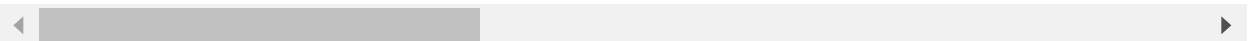
df = pd.get_dummies(df)

df.head()
```

Out[2]:

| | age | balance | duration | job_admin. | job_blue-collar | job_entrepreneur | job_housemaid | job_managemer |
|---|-----|---------|----------|------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 0 | 58 | 2143 | 261 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1 | 44 | 29 | 151 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2 | 33 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 3 | 47 | 1506 | 92 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4 | 33 | 1 | 198 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

5 rows × 34 columns



```
In [3]: X_and_Y = df.values
np.random.shuffle(X_and_Y)
X = X_and_Y[:,1:]
Y = X_and_Y[:,0]

print(X.shape)
print(Y.shape)
```

```
(45211, 33)
(45211,)
```

In [4]: *#establish training and test data in 20/50/80 partition*

```
#1 = 0.2
#2 = 0.5
#3 = 0.8

X_train1 = X[:int(0.2*len(X))]
X_test1 = X[int(0.2*len(X)):]

Y_train1 = Y[:int(0.2*len(Y))]
Y_test1 = Y[int(0.2*len(Y)):]

print(X_train1.shape, X_test1.shape, Y_train1.shape, Y_test1.shape)

X_train2 = X[:int(0.5*len(X))]
X_test2 = X[int(0.5*len(X)):]

Y_train2 = Y[:int(0.5*len(Y))]
Y_test2 = Y[int(0.5*len(Y)):]

print(X_train2.shape, X_test2.shape, Y_train2.shape, Y_test2.shape)

X_train3 = X[:int(0.8*len(X))]
X_test3 = X[int(0.8*len(X)):]

Y_train3 = Y[:int(0.8*len(Y))]
Y_test3 = Y[int(0.8*len(Y)):]

print(X_train3.shape, X_test3.shape, Y_train3.shape, Y_test3.shape)
```

```
(9042, 33) (36169, 33) (9042,) (36169,)
(22605, 33) (22606, 33) (22605,) (22606,)
(36168, 33) (9043, 33) (36168,) (9043,)
```

In [5]: `def heatmap(training_acc, gamma, C_list):`
plt.figure(figsize = (1,5))
ax = sns.heatmap(data = training_acc, annot = True, fmt = '.3f', xticklabels
ax.collections[0].colorbar.set_label("Accuracy")
ax.set(xlabel = '\$\gamma\$', ylabel='\$C\$')
plt.title('Training Accuracy w.r.t \$C\$ and \$\gamma\$')
plt.show()

In [6]: *#knn classifier using train/test #1*

```
def knn(X_train,Y_train,X_test,Y_test):

    K_list = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]    #10 features in data

    clf = GridSearchCV(KNeighborsClassifier(), iid= False, param_grid = {'n_neighl
    clf.fit(X_train,Y_train)

    heatmap(clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score'].reshape(10,1), 'KNN Training Acco

    opt_k = clf.best_params_['n_neighbors']

    clf_test = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=opt_k)
    clf_test.fit(X_train,Y_train)

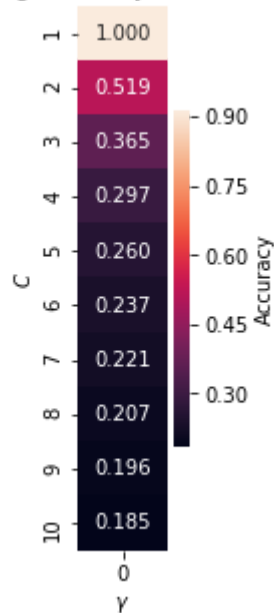
    knn_accuracy = clf_test.score(X_test,Y_test)
    training_acc = clf.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
    for x,y in enumerate(K_list):
        if y == opt_k:
            opt_training_acc = training_acc[x]

    return knn_accuracy, opt_training_acc, opt_k
```

```
In [7]: test_acc_KNN1,best_train_KNN1,C_KNN1 = knn(X_train1,Y_train1,X_test1,Y_test1)
test_acc_KNN2,best_train_KNN2,C_KNN2 = knn(X_train2,Y_train2,X_test2,Y_test2)
test_acc_KNN3,best_train_KNN3,C_KNN3 = knn(X_train3,Y_train3,X_test3,Y_test3)
```

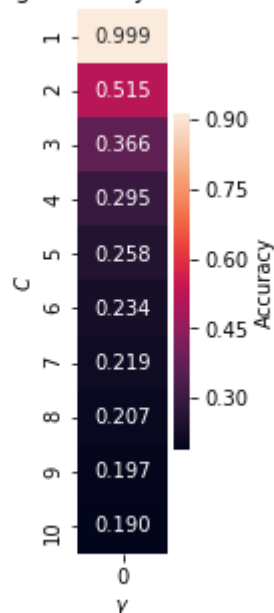
C:\Users\baria\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection_split.py:65
 2: Warning: The least populated class in y has only 1 members, which is too few.
 The minimum number of members in any class cannot be less than n_splits=5.
 % (min_groups, self.n_splits)), Warning)

Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



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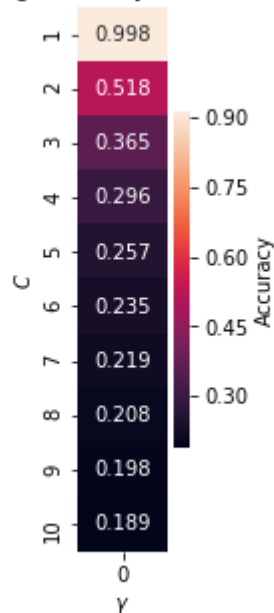


C:\Users\baria\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection_split.py:
 652: Warning: The least populated class in y has only 1 members, which is too

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```
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```

Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



```
In [8]: def decisionTree(X_train,Y_train,X_test,Y_test):
        D_list = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]

        clf = GridSearchCV(DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy'),cv=5,iid = False)
        clf.fit(X_train,Y_train)
        heatmap(clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score'].reshape(10,1),'Decision Tree Training Accuracy')

        opt_D = clf.best_params_['max_depth']
        clf_test = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=opt_D, criterion='entropy')

        clf_test.fit(X_train,Y_train)

        tree_accuracy = clf_test.score(X_test,Y_test)

        train_accuracy = clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score']

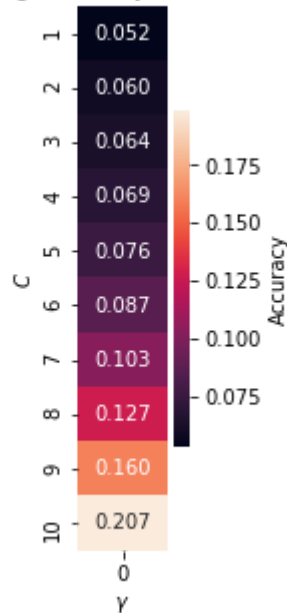
        for x,y in enumerate(D_list):
            if y == opt_D:
                best_train_accuracy = train_accuracy[x]

        return tree_accuracy, best_train_accuracy, opt_D
```

```
In [9]: tree_acc1, tree_train_acc1, opt_D1 = decisionTree(X_train1,Y_train1,X_test1,Y_test1)
tree_acc2, tree_train_acc2, opt_D2 = decisionTree(X_train2,Y_train2,X_test2,Y_test2)
tree_acc3, tree_train_acc3, opt_D3 = decisionTree(X_train3,Y_train3,X_test3,Y_test3)
```

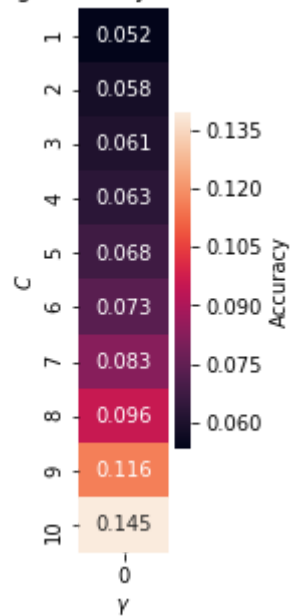
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Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



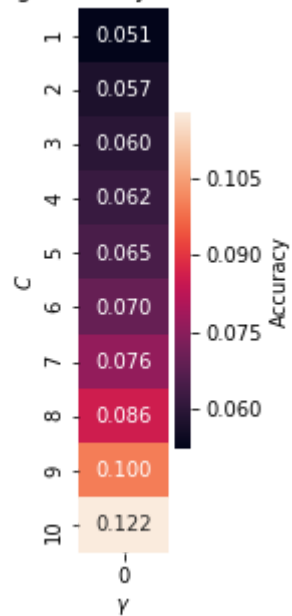
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Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



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Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



```

In [10]: def svm(X_train,Y_train,X_test,Y_test):
    #C_list = [10**-5, 10**-4, 10**-3, 10**-2, 10**-1, 1,10]
    C_list = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
    gamma_list = [1e-6, 1e-5, 1e-4, 1e-3, 1e-2]
    svc = SVC(C= C_list, kernel = 'linear')
    clf = GridSearchCV(svc, cv=5, iid=False, param_grid={'C':C_list}, return_train_score=True)

    #clf = GridSearchCV(LinearSVC(max_iter = 1000000), cv=5, iid=False, param_grid={'C':C_list}, return_train_score=True)

    clf.fit(X_train,Y_train)

    train_accuracy = clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score']
    heatmap(train_accuracy.reshape(10,1), 'SVM Training Accuracy', C_list)
    opt_C = clf.best_params_['C']
    clf_test = SVC(C = opt_C, kernel='linear')

    clf_test.fit(X_train,Y_train)

    svm_accuracy = clf_test.score(X_test,Y_test)
    train_accuracy = clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score']

    for x,y in enumerate(C_list):
        if y == opt_C:
            best_train_accuracy = train_accuracy[x]

    return svm_accuracy, best_train_accuracy, opt_C

```



```
In [42]: def randomForest(X_train,Y_train,X_test,Y_test):

    rf_list = np.arange(1,7)

    param_grid = {'max_depth':rf_list, 'n_estimators':[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]}
    rf = RandomForestClassifier(criterion = 'entropy')

    clf = GridSearchCV(rf, param_grid= param_grid, cv = 5, iid = False, return_t

    clf.fit(X_train,Y_train)
    train_accuracy = clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score']

    heatmap(train_accuracy.reshape(42,1), 'RF Train Acc', C_list = rf_list)
    opt_rf = clf.best_params_['max_depth']

    clf_test = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth = opt_rf, criterion = 'entropy')

    clf_test.fit(X_train,Y_train)

    rf_accuracy = clf_test.score(X_test,Y_test)

    train_accuracy = clf.cv_results_['mean_train_score']

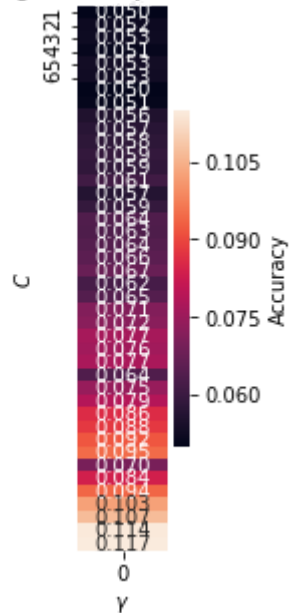
    for x,y in enumerate(rf_list):
        if y == opt_rf:
            best_train_accuracy = train_accuracy[x]

    return rf_accuracy, best_train_accuracy, opt_rf
```

```
In [43]: rf_acc1, rf_train_acc1, opt_rf1 = randomForest(X_train1,Y_train1,X_test1,Y_test1)
rf_acc2, rf_train_acc2, opt_rf2 = randomForest(X_train2,Y_train2,X_test2,Y_test2)
rf_acc3, rf_train_acc3, opt_rf3 = randomForest(X_train3,Y_train3,X_test3,Y_test3)
```

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Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y

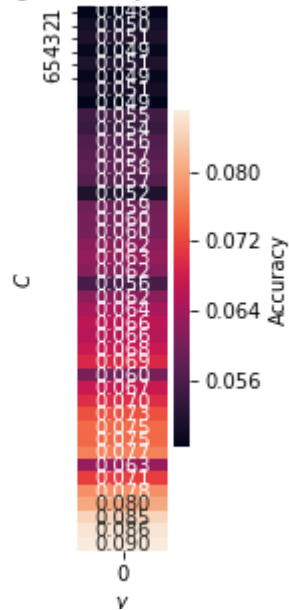


C:\Users\baria\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\forest.py:246: FutureWarning: The default value of n_estimators will change from 10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.

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Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



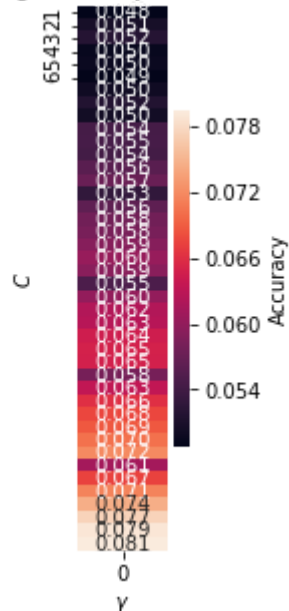
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"10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.", FutureWarning)

C:\Users\baria\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection_split.py:652: Warning: The least populated class in y has only 1 members, which is too few. The minimum number of members in any class cannot be less than n_splits=5.

%(min_groups, self.n_splits)), Warning)

Training Accuracy w.r.t C and y



C:\Users\baria\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\forest.py:246: FutureWarning: The default value of n_estimators will change from 10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.

"10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.", FutureWarning)

```
In [44]: d = {'Classifier Accuracy':[test_acc_KNN1,test_acc_KNN2,test_acc_KNN3,tree_acc1,
      'Best Training Accuracy':[best_train_KNN1,best_train_KNN2,best_train_KNN3,t
      'Optimal Feature':[C_KNN1,C_KNN2,C_KNN3,opt_D1,opt_D2,opt_D3,opt_rf1,opt_rf

results = pd.DataFrame(data = d)
```

```
In [46]: #results.index = {'KNN 20/80','KNN 50/50', 'KNN 80/20', 'Decision Tree 20/80', 'L

results.rename(index={0:'KNN 20/80'},inplace=True)
results.rename(index={1:'KNN 50/50'},inplace=True)
results.rename(index={2:'KNN 80/20'},inplace=True)

results.rename(index={3:'Decision Tree 20/80'},inplace=True)
results.rename(index={4:'Decision Tree 50/50'},inplace=True)
results.rename(index={5:'Decision Tree 80/20'},inplace=True)

results.rename(index={6:'Random Forest 20/80'},inplace=True)
results.rename(index={7:'Random Forest 50/50'},inplace=True)
results.rename(index={8:'Random Forest 80/20'},inplace=True)
```

```
In [47]: results
```

Out[47]:

| | Classifier Accuracy | Best Training Accuracy | Optimal Feature |
|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| KNN 20/80 | 0.033150 | 0.035941 | 10 |
| KNN 50/50 | 0.034593 | 0.036232 | 2 |
| KNN 80/20 | 0.033175 | 0.034227 | 4 |
| Decision Tree 20/80 | 0.058503 | 0.075785 | 5 |
| Decision Tree 50/50 | 0.054145 | 0.082968 | 7 |
| Decision Tree 80/20 | 0.057061 | 0.062230 | 4 |
| Random Forest 20/80 | 0.058033 | 0.053422 | 5 |
| Random Forest 50/50 | 0.057374 | 0.049117 | 6 |
| Random Forest 80/20 | 0.063143 | 0.049828 | 5 |

```
In [ ]:
```