Floating	Point	Instruction	n (Sin	gle precision)
Call	Argl	Arg 2	Arg3	Description
abs.s	fd	fs		fd = absolute value of fs
add.s	fd	fs	ft	fd = fs+ft
bclf	label			branch to label if float-flag is false.
bclt	label			branch to label if float-float is true.
C.eq.S	fs	ft		if (fs==ft) then float-flag is TRUE, else its False.
c.le.s	fs	ft		if (fs < ft) then float-flag is TRUE else its False.
c.lt.s	fs	Ft	OPA-mme Efficient is straight enterprise and straight	if (fs <ft) else="" false.<="" float-flag="" is="" its="" td="" the="" then=""></ft)>
CVt.s.W	fd	fs	was a state of the	convert integer in fs to single-precision float in fd.
cvt.w.s	fd	fs		convert single-precision float in fs to integer in fd.
div.s	fd	fs -	ft	fd = fs/ft

Floating	Point	Instruction	(Single	precision)
Call	Arg 1	Arg 2	Arg 3	Description
	fd	address		load the single-precision at address into fd.
li.s	fd	number		load the number fd.
move.s	fd	fs		move single-precision from fs to fd.
mfc	rd	YS		move integer rs to float rd.
mtc	YS	rd		move integer rs to float rd.
mul.s	fd	fs	ft	fd = fs * ft
neg.s	fd	fs		fd = -fs
S.S	fd	address		储存fd 内容的記憶體 位置到 address。
sub.s	fd	f s	ft	fd = fs - ft.

FPU (CPI) Registers

Name	Register	Function
‡fo	(float)	hold floating point type function results.
\$f2	(float)	hold floating point type function results
\$f4	(float)	temporary register
\$76 \$78 \$10		
\$f12	(float)	pass the first of two float arguments.
\$f14	(float)	pass the second of two float arguments.
\$716 \$718	(float)	temporary register
\$\f20 \$\f24 \$\f26 \$\f26 \$\f28 \$\f30	(float)	Saved register