

遞迴特徵方程式題目

Question:

For x, y belonging to the set of positive real numbers, consider the determinant D_n of the n by n matrix $A_{n \times n}$.

$$A_{n \times n} = \begin{bmatrix} y & x & & & 0 \\ x & y & x & & \\ & x & y & x & \\ & & x & y & x \\ \vdots & & & x & y & x \\ 0 & \dots & & x & y \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)

Find the recurrent relation for the value of D_n .

Ans. 找 $A_{n \times n}$ 的 determine D_n 的遞迴關係式

$$D_1 = |y| = y, \quad D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} y & x \\ x & y \end{vmatrix} = y^2 - x^2, \quad D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} y & x & 0 \\ x & y & x \\ 0 & x & y \end{vmatrix} = y^3 - 2x^2y$$

用餘因子找 determine

$$D_n = y \begin{vmatrix} y & x & & \\ x & y & x & \\ & x & y & x \\ & & x & y \end{vmatrix}_{(n-1) \times (n-1)} - x \begin{vmatrix} x & x & & \\ & y & x & \\ & & x & y \end{vmatrix}_{(n-1) \times (n-1)}$$

$$= y \begin{vmatrix} y & x & & \\ x & y & x & \\ & x & y & x \\ & & x & y \end{vmatrix}_{(n-1) \times (n-1)} - x \begin{vmatrix} x & 0 & & \\ & y & x & \\ & & x & y \end{vmatrix}_{(n-1) \times (n-1)}$$

↙
determine 特性是 column 間倍數
相加, determine 不變。

$$= y \begin{vmatrix} y & x \\ x & y \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{vmatrix}_{(n-1) \times (n-1)} - x \begin{vmatrix} x & y \\ y & x \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{vmatrix}_{(n-2) \times (n-2)} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} x & y \\ y & x \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{vmatrix}_{(n-2) \times (n-2)}$$

$$= y \begin{vmatrix} y & x \\ x & y \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{vmatrix}_{(n-1) \times (n-1)} - x^2 \begin{vmatrix} y & x \\ x & y \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{vmatrix}_{(n-2) \times (n-2)}$$

$$= y D_{n-1} - x^2 D_{n-2}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} D_1 = y, D_2 = y^2 - x^2 \\ D_n = y D_{n-1} - x^2 D_{n-2}, n \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

(b) Find the value of D_n as a function of n , when $y = x$

Ans. $D_1 = x, D_2 = 0, D_n = x D_{n-1} - x^2 D_{n-2}$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha^2 - x\alpha + x^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{x \pm \sqrt{x^2 - 4x^2}}{2} = \frac{x \pm \sqrt{-3x^2}}{2} = \frac{x \pm x\sqrt{-3}}{2} = \frac{x \pm x\sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

$$= x \cdot \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

$\text{hint: } \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}i}{2} = \cos \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{1 - \sqrt{3}i}{2} = \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$

$$\Rightarrow D_n = C_1 \cdot x^n \cdot \cos \frac{n\pi}{3} + C_2 \cdot x^n \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} D_1 = x = C_1 \cdot x \cdot \frac{1}{2} + C_2 \cdot x \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ D_2 = 0 = C_1 \cdot x^2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + C_2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x C_1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x C_2 = x \\ -\frac{1}{2}x^2 C_1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x^2 C_2 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} C_1 = 1 \\ C_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow D_n &= 1 \cdot x^n \cdot \cos \frac{n\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot x^n \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \\ &= x^n \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} \right), \forall n \geq 1 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Find the value of D_n as a function of n , when $x=2y$.

Ans.

$$\begin{cases} D_1 = 2x, D_2 = 4x^2 - x^2 = 3x^2 \\ D_n = 2xD_{n-1} - x^2 D_{n-2}, n \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\alpha^2 - 2x\alpha + x^2 = 0, \quad \alpha = \frac{2x \pm \sqrt{4x^2 - 4x^2}}{2} = x$$

$$D_n = C_1 \cdot x^n + C_2 \cdot n x^n$$

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hint: 兩根相同時, 代
 $a_n = C_1 \lambda_1^n + C_2 n \lambda_2^n$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} D_1 = x C_1 + x C_2 = 2x \\ D_2 = x^2 C_1 + 2x^2 C_2 = 3x^2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} C_1 = 1 \\ C_2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore D_n = x^n + n x^n = x^n (1+n), \forall n \geq 1$$