MANUAL MESH MATERIALIZER

Thank you for your purchase of **Mesh Materializer**.

Please consider writing a review or just rate the asset:

http://u3d.as/bfh

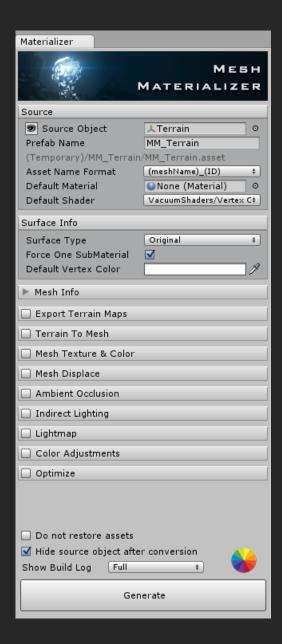
For any question or help use forum:

http://forum.unity3d.com/threads/mesh-materializer.293796/

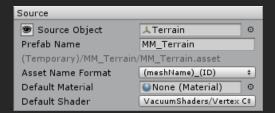
Tutorial video playlist: https://goo.gl/3nSTAq

Mesh Materializer is accessible from menu Window/VacuumShaders/Mesh Materializer.

Hotkey: Ctrl + M



Source



Source Object – Object that will be converted (including its children in hierarchy).

Prefab Name – This is the name of prefab that will be created inside <u>Assets/(Temporary)/ PREFAB NAME / folder.</u>

Mesh Asset Format – Name format of mesh assets created by generator.

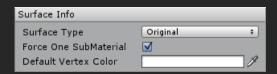
Note, if source object contains meshes with identical names only one of them will be converted and saved as there cannot be two files with same names in one folder. In this case choose asset name format with (ID) parameter, for example (meshName)_(ID) and all meshes from source object will be converted and saved.

Default Material – Generated prefab will use this material.

Default Shader – (If **Default Material** is not defined) after conversion Mesh Materializer will create material for assets using this shader. Material will have same name as **Prefab Name**.

- Button changes *Source Object's* visibility. If *Source Object* is child, than visibility is controlled by its parent object and this button is disabled.

Surface Info

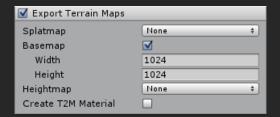


Surface Type – Should be saved original triangle type or it should be flattened. For flattened meshes vertex count = 3 * triangle count. If resultant mesh will have more than 65,000 vertices it will be split.

Force One SubMaterial – Generated mesh will combine all submaterials into one. Meshes with one submaterial require only 1 draw call for rendering.

Default Vertex Color – If during vertex color baking some data cannot be generated or is not provided enough info this color will be used.

Export Terrain Maps



Exports terrain maps.

Splatmap – Exports terrain's splatmaps.

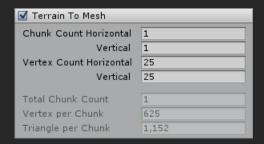
- One file (RGBA) Splatmap texture is saved in one png file. PNG format cannot save alpha value in separate channel, instead it saves it as transparency. While Unity can read transparency as alpha channel, it may be not suitable for raster graphic editors.
- Two files (RGB) and (A) Splatmap texture is saved in two files. One with RGB channels another with only alpha.

Basemap – Exports terrain basemap (diffuse and normal map separately). Requires <u>RenderTextures</u> support. **Heightmap** – Grayscale texture with terrain height data. Exported texture size depends on *Heightmap Resolution* defined inside source *Terrain Settings*.

- Original Exports original heightmap.
- Remap Before exporting terrain heightmap data is remapped to be inside [0, 1] range.

Create T2M Material – Generates T2M material for converted terrain. Available only if splatmap or basemap exporters are enable.

Terrain To Mesh

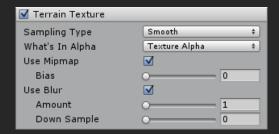


Converts terrain to mesh.

Chunk Count Horizontal/Vertical – Instead of converting source terrain into one mesh, it can be divided into multiple chunks.

Vertex Count Horizontal/Vertical – Chunk vertex count. Each chunk may have max 65,000 vertices.

Terrain Textures



Bakes terrain textures into generated mesh vertex color.

Sampling Type (available only if surface type is Flat)

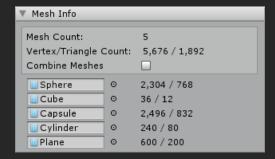
- Smooth
- Flat Hard
- Flat Smooth
- Flat Smoother

What's In Alpha - Defines what is saved inside vertex color's alpha channel.

Use Mipmap – Reads texture data from its mipmap, cheap and fast way for achieving blur effect.

Use Blur - GPU accelerated texture blur effect using Gaussian filters. Requires RenderTextures support.

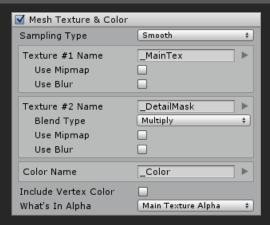
Mesh Info



Displays simple and skinned mesh info (vertex and triangle count).

Combine Meshes – (Available only with simple meshes) can combine meshes into one and saves one mesh asset.

Mesh Texture & Color



Bakes texture and color into generated mesh vertex color. Texture and Color data are taken from material used by mesh.

Sampling Type (available only if surface type is Flat)

- Smooth
- Flat Hard
- Flat Smooth
- Flat Smoother

Texture #1 Name - Texture parameter inside material from where texture data will be read.

Pick-up button displays texture parameters that are available inside material.

To bake texture it must be readable. Check "Read/Write Enabled" inside texture import settings. Unity readable texture formats are - ARGB32, RGBA32, RGB24, Alpha8 and DXT.

Use Mipmap – Reads texture data from its mipmap, cheap and fast way for achieving blur effect.

Use Blur - GPU accelerated texture blur effect using Gaussian filters. Requires RenderTextures support.

Texture #2 Name (available only if Texture #1 is active) – Mesh Materializer can bake two textures blending them by **Blend Type** parameter.

Color Name - Color parameter inside material from where color data will be read.

Pick-up button displays color parameters that are available inside material.

Include Vertex Color – If source mesh has vertex color it can be saved within generated mesh.

Final baked vertex color is calculated by: Texutre * Color * VertexColor. If data cannot be baked **Default Vertex Color** will be used.

What's In Alpha - Defines what is saved inside vertex color's alpha channel.

Mesh Displace



Adds displace baking. Saves data inside vertex color or can modify final mesh vertices position.

Texture Name - Texture parameter inside material from where displace data will be read.

Pick-up button displays texture parameters that are available in material.

To bake texture it should be readable. Check "Read/Write Enabled" inside texture import settings.

Unity readable texture formats are - ARGB32, RGBA32, BGRA32, RGB24, Alpha8 and DXT.

Read From – Displace data can be read from any channel of texture, or from its grayscale value.

Use Mipmap – Reads texture data from its mipmap, cheap and fast way for achieving blur effect.

Use Blur - GPU accelerated texture blur effect using Gaussian filters. Requires RenderTextures support.

Strength – Displace strength.

Power – Mathematical "power" of displace value.

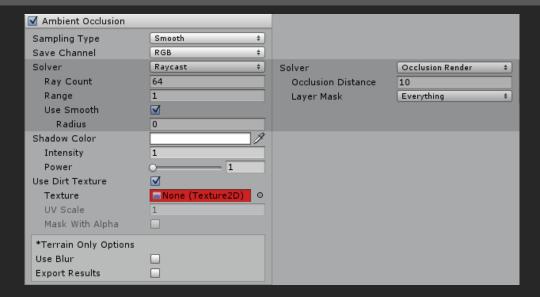
Save Type – How should be saved displace

- Displace Vertex
- Save To Color Instead of displacing vertices, displace data will be saved inside color (RGB or Alpha channel). Color value will be multiplied to already baked color data.
- Displace vertex and save to color.

Recalculate Normals – After displace vertex normals need recalculation.

Recalculate Tangents – After displace tangent buffer needs recalculation.

Ambient Occlusion



Generates ambient occlusion and saves results in vertex color.

Sampling Type (available only if surface type is Flat) – Smooth or Flat

Save Channel – Where in vertex color is saved generated results, Inside RGB or Alpha.

Two ambient occlusion solvers are available: Raycast and Occlusion Render.

Raycast — Generates AO by throwing multiple rays from each vertex. Solver runs on any device. Solver cannot interact with scene's other meshes, only with source object.

Ray Count – More rays produce better quality but need more time to calculate final value.

Range - Ray length

Use Smooth – Smooth results with neighbor vertices.

Radius – Max distance to neighbor vertex.

Occlusion Render - For AO calculating object is rendered from each vertex position and then determined average value. Solver produces smoothest result (as infinity ray count in Raycast solver), is faster on high poly meshes and can interact with other scene meshes. Requires device with <u>RenderTextures</u> support.

Occlusion Distance – Visibility distance of vertex.

Layer mask – Defines object layers that interact with AO solver. If it is set to 'Nothing' – nothing will be rendered, even selected object.

Shadow Color – AO color if it is saved inside RGB channel.

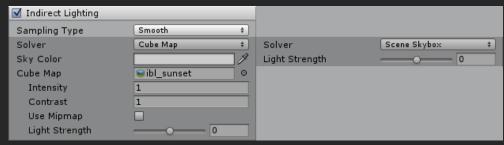
Intensity / Power – AO result intensity and power.

Use Dirt Texture – Final AO color will be multiplied by dirt texture color(RGB) and its alpha(if **Mask With Alpha** is enabled). Check "Read/Write Enabled" inside texture import settings.

Unity readable texture formats are - ARGB32, RGBA32, BGRA32, RGB24, Alpha8 and DXT.

If ambient occlusion is generated for terrain, results can be blurred and exported as texture. Texture is saved inside same folder as main prefab and its dimension equals exported terrain vertex count horizontal and vertical.

Indirect Lighting



Generates indirect lighting and saves results in vertex color.

Sampling Type (available only if surface type is Flat) – Smooth or Flat

Two indirect lighting solvers are available: CubeMap and Scene Skybox.

CubeMap – Generates indirect lighting from simple cubemap. Solver is very fast and runs on any device.

Cubemap must be readable. Unity readable texture formats are - ARGB32, RGBA32, BGRA32, RGB24, Alpha8 and DXT.

Scene Skybox – Indirect lighting is generated from scene's active skybox. Solver works with all types of skybox shaders. Requires device with <u>RenderTextures</u> support.

Lightmap



Bakes lightmap to vertex color (if mesh is lightmap).

For lightmap baking texture must be readable.

Unity readable texture formats are - ARGB32, RGBA32, BGRA32, RGB24, Alpha8 and DXT.

Sampling Type (enabled only if surface type is Flat)

- Smooth
- Flat Hard
- Flat Smooth
- Flat Smoother

Save Channel – where is saved generated lightmap, Inside RGB or Alpha.

Color value will be multiplied with already baked color data.

Gamma/HDR/Intensity -

Grayscale – Instead of colored lightmap will be saved its grayscale values.

Use Mipmap – Reads texture data from its mipmap, cheap and fast way for achieving blur effect.

Use Blur - GPU accelerated texture blur effect using Gaussian filters. Requires RenderTextures support.

Read Lightmap using uv1 - By default Lightmap is read using uv2, but it can also be read by uv1.

Color Adjustments



Applies color adjustments to the generated vertex colors.

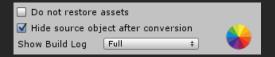
Preset - Color adjustments preset name. Pick-up button displays available color adjustment presets.

Optimize



Optimize mesh by excluding certain buffers from mesh.

Misc



Do not restore assets – If baked textures and meshes are not readable or have unsupported file formats, before conversion Mesh Materializer changes their import settings and forces Unity to reimport them. After conversion files are reimported again with their original import settings. All these steps require much more time then conversion itself. Checking this option speeds up total conversion time minimum twice.

Hide source object after conversion – After conversion new prefab is instantiated in the scene in the same position as source object. It's helpful to hide source object in this case.

Source object's visibility can be controlled by **Source** icon.

Show Build Log – Outputs useful info about conversion.

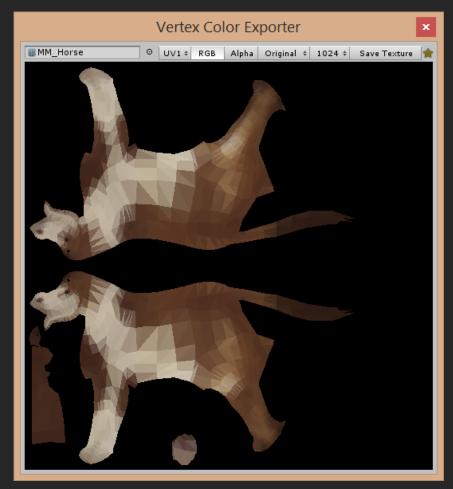
Color Adjustments is accessible from menu <u>Window/VacuumShaders/Color Adjustments</u> or by clicking button inside Mesh Materializer window.



Color adjustments are applied only to the selected mesh vertex colors and only while CA window is active. If CA window losses focus selected mesh will restore its original vertex color.

Apply changes button will apply color adjustments changes to the mesh vertex color (without undo).

Vertex Color Exporter is accessible from menu <u>Window/VacuumShaders/Vertex Color Exporter</u>



Exports mesh vertex color as texture in png format.

Can export only RGB and Alpha channels, or both together.

Exporting texture with antialiasing enabled may crash Unity on some hardware (Unity bug).

Working with presets

Mesh Materializer and Color Adjustments settings can be saved as presets.

Presets are accessible from contex (right click) menu for each window.

