Derivation of Likelihood Ratio Policy Gradient Step

Monday, December 28, 2020 10:13 PM

$$\nabla_{\theta} U(\theta) \approx \hat{g} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \nabla_{\theta} \log_{\theta} \pi_{\theta} \left(a_{k}^{(i)} \middle| s_{k}^{(i)} \middle| R(r^{(i)}) \right)$$

Likelihood Ratio Policy Gradient

$$\nabla_{\theta} U(\theta) = \nabla_{\theta} \sum_{\tau} P(T; \theta) R(\tau) \qquad (1)$$

$$= \sum_{\tau} \nabla_{\theta} P(T; \theta) R(\tau) \qquad (2)$$

$$= \sum_{\tau} \frac{P(T; \theta)}{P(T; \theta)} \nabla_{\theta} P(T; \theta) R(\tau) \qquad (3)$$

$$= \sum_{\tau} P(T; \theta) \nabla_{\theta} \frac{P(T; \theta)}{P(T; \theta)} R(\tau) \qquad (4)$$

$$= \sum_{\tau} P(T; \theta) \nabla_{\theta} \log P(T; \theta) R(\tau) \qquad (5)$$

Log Recall
$$V_x$$
 log $f(x) = \frac{V_x f(x)}{f(x)}$ thus
$$V_\theta \log P(T;\theta) = \frac{V_\theta P(T;\theta)}{P(T;\theta)} \quad \text{(likelihood)}$$

$$P(T;\theta) \quad \text{(likelihood)}$$

Simple - Based Estimale:

$$\nabla_{\theta} V(\theta) = \sum_{\tau} P(T;\theta) \nabla_{\theta} \log P(T;\theta) R(\tau)$$

$$\nabla_{\theta} \log P(T; \theta) \gg \exp \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t+1} | S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right) \right]$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \log \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t+1} | S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right) \right]$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}) \right] \times \left(\frac{\partial_{t}}{\partial s_{t}} | S_{t}\right)$$

$$= \nabla_{\theta} \left[\frac{H}{H} P(S_{t}, a_{t}$$

Overell:

$$\nabla_{\theta} U(\theta) \approx \hat{g} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{t=0}^{H} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(a_{t}^{(i)}|S_{t}^{(i)}) R(\tau^{(i)})$$