# Longitudinal Data: Repeated Measures

Mixed Models 2

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#### Read in data

```
dat = read_csv("phco2.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## co2 = col_integer(),
## co2 = col_integer(),
## ph = col_double(),
## prph = col_double(),
## visit = col_integer(),
## eye = col_integer(),
```

#### tbl\_df(dat)

```
## # A tibble: 72 x 6
          co2
                ph prph visit
##
    <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <int> <int>
            0 7.43 76.4
            5 6.96 59.4

2 23 80.3
## 3 1 3 7.23 80.3
                                1
## 4 1 7 6.98 74.2
## 5 2 0 7.59 67.8
## 6 2 7 6.93 61.1
## 7 2 3 7.23 73.4
                                1
## 8 2 5 7.07 65.9
            3 7.33 87.6
                                1
                                2
            7 6.96 55.8
## 10
    ... with 62 more rows
```

Plot patterns among subjects

### Set of models to be fit

$$Y_{ijk} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{ijk} + \beta_2 X_{ijk}^2 + e_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \beta_0 + \beta_{0i} + \beta_1 X_{ijk} + \beta_2 X_{ijk}^2 + e_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \beta_0 + \beta_{0i} + \beta_{0ij} + \beta_1 X_{ijk} + \beta_2 X_{ijk}^2 + e_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \beta_0 + \beta_{0i} + (\beta_1 + \beta_{1i})X_{ijk} + \beta_2 X_{ijk}^2 + e_{ijk}$$

```
# Make a co2^2 variable
dat \le dat \%\% mutate(co22 = co2^2)
# NLS
lm_1 \leftarrow glm(ph \sim co2 + co22, data = dat,
   family = "gaussian")
summarv(lm 1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = ph ~ co2 + co22, family = "gaussian", data = dat)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min 10 Median
                                        30
                                                 Max
## -0.216127 -0.059279 0.000826 0.042823 0.239671
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 7.646126 0.021202 360.635 < 2e-16 ***
## co2 -0.137314 0.013800 -9.951 7.84e-15 ***
## co22 0.007350 0.001911 3.847 0.000269 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 0.007799385)
##
      Null deviance: 4.13819 on 69 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 0.52256 on 67 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## ATC: -136.17
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# Residual SD
sigma(lm_1)
```

```
## Est CI pvalue

## 3 vs 0 "-0.346" "-0.396 - -0.296" "0.000"

## 5 vs. 0 "-0.503" "-0.556 - -0.449" "0.000"

## 7 vs. 0 "-0.601" "-0.657 - -0.545" "0.000"
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: ph ~ co2 + co22 + (1 | id)
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -153.3
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -1.9844 -0.5218 -0.0148 0.6545 1.6826
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## id (Intercept) 0.005116 0.07153
## Residual
                      0.002639 0.05137
## Number of obs: 70, groups: id, 18
##
## Fixed effects:
##
             Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 7.645670 0.020982 364.390
## co2 -0.137277 0.008029 -17.097
## co22 0.007355 0.001112 6.616
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) co2
## co2 -0.388
## co22 0.268 -0.954
```

### Model 2 Stats

## 0.6596925

```
library(sjstats)
# ICC - var(b0i)/(var(b0i)+var(eij))
icc(lme_2)
##
## Linear mixed model
##
## Family : gaussian (identity)
## Formula: ph ~ co2 + co22 + (1 | id)
##
##
   ICC (id): 0.6597
AIC(lme_2)
## [1] -143.2945
# Now do by grabbing relevant objects
rand_vars2 <- re var(lme_2)
rand vars2
##
         Within-group-variance:
                                   0.003
        Between-group-variance:
                                  0.005 (id)
##
rand vars2[2]/(rand vars2[1] + rand vars2[2])
## id_tau.00
```

```
## Est CI pvalue

## 3 vs 0 "-0.346" "-0.375 - -0.317" "0.000"

## 5 vs. 0 "-0.503" "-0.534 - -0.471" "0.000"

## 7 vs. 0 "-0.601" "-0.634 - -0.568" "0.000"
```

```
lme_3 <- lmer(ph ~ co2 + co22 + (1 | id/visit),
    data = dat)
summary(lme_3)</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: ph ~ co2 + co22 + (1 | id/visit)
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -153.9
## Scaled residuals:
      Min 10 Median 30
                                       Max
## -1.85077 -0.48073 -0.02356 0.63698 1.74510
##
## Random effects:
                    Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups Name
## visit:id (Intercept) 0.0004291 0.02071
## id (Intercept) 0.0049795 0.07057
## Residual
                       0.0023540 0.04852
## Number of obs: 70, groups: visit:id, 35; id, 18
##
## Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error t value
##
## (Intercept) 7.644453 0.020910 365.593
         -0.136463 0.007963 -17.137
## co2
## co22 0.007266 0.001101 6.597
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) co2
## co2 -0.386
## co22 0.270 -0.956
AIC(lme_3)
```

#### Model 3 Stats

## visit:id\_tau.00

0.05527483

##

```
# TCC
icc(lme_3)
##
## Linear mixed model
##
## Family : gaussian (identity)
## Formula: ph ~ co2 + co22 + (1 | id/visit)
##
##
   ICC (visit:id): 0.0553
##
          TCC (id): 0.6415
# Now do by grabbing relevant objects
rand_vars3 <- re_var(lme_3)
rand vars3
##
         Within-group-variance:
                                   0.002
        Between-group-variance:
                                  0.000 (visit:id)
##
##
        Between-group-variance:
                                  0.005 (id)
# TCC i.d.
rand vars3[3]/(sum(rand vars3))
## id tau.00
## 0.6414773
# ICC visit in id
rand_vars3[2]/(sum(rand_vars3))
```

```
## Est CI pvalue

## 3 vs 0 "-0.344" "-0.373 - -0.315" "0.000"

## 5 vs. 0 "-0.501" "-0.532 - -0.470" "0.000"

## 7 vs. 0 "-0.599" "-0.631 - -0.567" "0.000"
```

```
lme_4 <- lmer(ph - co2 + (co2 | id) + co22,
    data = dat)
summary(lme_4)</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: ph ~ co2 + (co2 | id) + co22
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -160.6
## Scaled residuals:
     Min 10 Median 30
                                      Max
## -2.12176 -0.40438 0.01508 0.61809 1.79975
##
## Random effects:
                   Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Groups Name
## id
       (Intercept) 9.389e-03 0.096897
##
          co2
                  4.297e-05 0.006555 -1.00
## Residual
                      2.259e-03 0.047525
## Number of obs: 70, groups: id, 18
##
## Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error t value
##
## (Intercept) 7.645652 0.025695 297.550
         -0.137245 0.007597 -18.065
## co2
## co22 0.007350 0.001028 7.149
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) co2
## co2 -0.472
## co22 0.204 -0.933
AIC(lme_4)
```

#### Model 4 Stats

## id\_tau.00

```
# TCC
icc(lme 4)
## Caution! ICC for random-slope-intercept models usually not meaningful. See 'Note' in `?icc`.
##
## Linear mixed model
##
## Family : gaussian (identity)
## Formula: ph ~ co2 + (co2 | id) + co22
##
##
   ICC (id): 0.8061
# Now do by grabbing relevant objects
rand_vars4 <- re_var(lme_4)
rand_vars4
         Within-group-variance:
                                  0.002
##
        Between-group-variance:
##
                                 0.009 (id)
##
         Random-slope-variance:
                                 0.000 (id.co2)
    Slope-Intercept-covariance:
                                  -0.001 (id.(Intercept))
## Slope-Intercept-correlation:
                                  -1.000 (id)
# ICC id at Xijk=0
rand vars4[2]/(rand vars4[1] + rand vars4[2])
```

```
## Est CI pvalue

## 3 vs 0 "-0.346" "-0.374 - -0.317" "0.000"

## 5 vs. 0 "-0.502" "-0.535 - -0.470" "0.000"

## 7 vs. 0 "-0.601" "-0.638 - -0.563" "0.000"
```

## Summary stats

Table 1: Estimates(SE) and Akaike's Information Criterion (AIC) of four Hierarchical linear mixed effects models for PH versus  $\mathcal{C}0_2$ 

	Model 1		Model 2		Model 3		Model 4	
Parameter	Est	SE	Est	SE	Est	SE	Est	SE
$\beta_0$	7.6	.021	7.6	.021	7.6	.021	7.6	.026
$\beta_1$	14	.014	14	.008	14	.0080	14	.0076
$\beta_2$	.0073	.0019	.0074	.0011	.0073	.0011	.0073	.0010
$\sigma_{\beta_{0i}}$			.071		.071		.097	
$\sigma_{eta_{0ij}}$					.021			
$\sigma_{\beta_{1i}}$							.0065	
$\sigma_e$	.088		.051		.048		.047	
AIC	-136		-143		-142		-147	

### Model vs. Association of Interest

