

Alternating Series and Conditional Convergence

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- The same series can converge to different values depending on the arrangement of terms — known as *conditional convergence*

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- We can use the *alternating series test* to find if a series converges conditionally.

- The same series can converge to different values depending on the arrangement of terms — known as *conditional convergence*
- We can use the *alternating series test* to find if a series converges conditionally.
- However, we would need to use other tools to find *absolute convergence*, stronger than conditional convergence.

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Consider the following series:

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Consider the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n}$$

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Consider the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1$$

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Consider the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

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Consider the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

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$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$$

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Consider the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} - \dots$$

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Consider the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} - \dots$$

This series appears to be related to the harmonic series, but also very different:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots$$

Harmonic Series

Divergence of the Harmonic Series

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We can show that the harmonic series is divergent using the series comparison test:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \cdots$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} &= 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \cdots \\ &\geq 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \cdots\end{aligned}$$

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However, our alternating harmonic series is different. Let's look at partial sums.

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However, our alternating harmonic series is different. Let's look at partial sums.

$$s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k}$$

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However, our alternating harmonic series is different. Let's look at partial sums.

$$s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k}$$

$$s_1 = 1$$

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However, our alternating harmonic series is different. Let's look at partial sums.

$$s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k}$$

$$s_1 = 1$$

$$s_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

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However, our alternating harmonic series is different. Let's look at partial sums.

$$s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k}$$

$$s_1 = 1$$

$$s_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$s_3 = \frac{5}{6}$$

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However, our alternating harmonic series is different. Let's look at partial sums.

$$s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k}$$

$$s_1 = 1$$

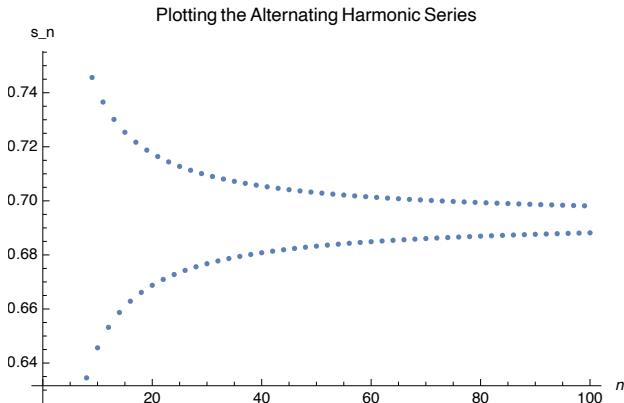
$$s_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$s_3 = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$s_4 = \frac{7}{12}$$

\vdots

Clearly, this sequence does not grow without bound — it is bounded above by 1, and doesn't seem to dip below $\frac{1}{2}$.



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The alternating harmonic does converge. Courtesy of Wolfram MathWorld, we know that the series converges to the following:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = \ln 2$$

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The alternating harmonic does converge. Courtesy of Wolfram MathWorld, we know that the series converges to the following:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} = \ln 2$$

...or does it?

Rearranging the Alternating Harmonic Series

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Rearrange the series as follows:

$$1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \dots = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}\right) - \frac{1}{8} + \dots$$

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Rearrange the series as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \dots &= \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}\right) - \frac{1}{8} + \dots \\ &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{8} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

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Rearrange the series as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \dots &= \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}\right) - \frac{1}{8} + \dots \\&= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{8} + \dots \\&= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \\&= \frac{1}{2} \ln 2\end{aligned}$$

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- We saw that our alternating harmonic series converges to $\ln 2$, but should it not converge to $\ln 2$ all the time?

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- We saw that our alternating harmonic series converges to $\ln 2$, but should it not converge to $\ln 2$ all the time?
- For example, no matter how we arrange

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n},$$

The sum should always equal 1.

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- We saw that our alternating harmonic series converges to $\ln 2$, but should it not converge to $\ln 2$ all the time?
- For example, no matter how we arrange

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n},$$

The sum should always equal 1.

- Maybe we should redefine convergence?

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- The answer is that the alternating harmonic series is *conditionally* convergent.

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- The answer is that the alternating harmonic series is *conditionally* convergent.
- We can always rearrange the terms of the alternating harmonic series to form whatever sum we want.

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- The answer is that the alternating harmonic series is *conditionally* convergent.
- We can always rearrange the terms of the alternating harmonic series to form whatever sum we want.
- In general, alternating series, of the form

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} a_n$$

can be convergent, while at the same time

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$

is divergent.

Alternating Series Test

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- In general, we can find if an alternating series is *conditionally* convergent as follows:

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- In general, we can find if an alternating series is *conditionally* convergent as follows:
 - The (absolute value) series terms are strictly positive and decreasing.

$$0 < a_{n+1} < a_n$$

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- In general, we can find if an alternating series is *conditionally* convergent as follows:
 - The (absolute value) series terms are strictly positive and decreasing.

$$0 < a_{n+1} < a_n$$

- The series terms tend to zero:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$$

Questions?

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Thank you for listening. Any questions?