



# LIBRARIES

- numpy
- matplotlib
- pandas
- scikit-learn
- Karas
- Tensorflow
- ...







• Field of study that gives "computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed" (Arthur Samuel, 1959)

• A computer program is said to **learn** from experience *E* with respect to some class of task *T* and performance measure *P*, if its performance at task *T*, as measured by *P*, improves with experience *E*. (Tom Mitchell 1997)

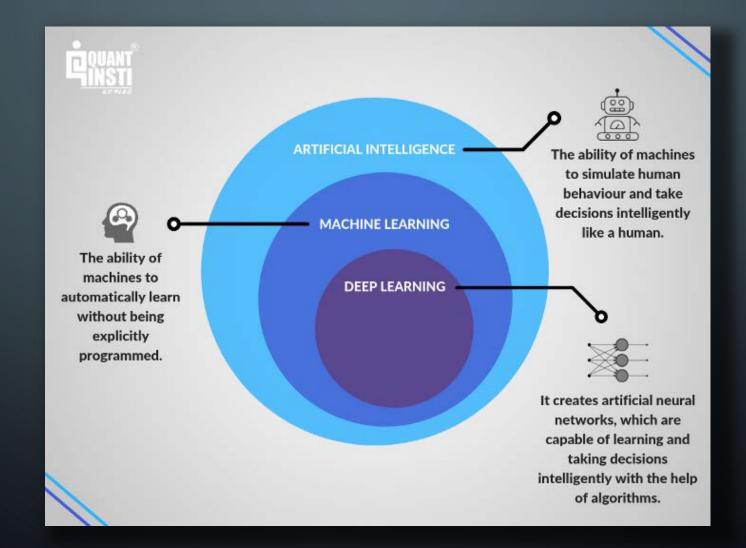
# WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?





## WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING









Detection

Text & Speech

Image interpretation

Human behavior & identity

Abuse & Fraud

Prediction

Recommendations

Individual behavior & condition

Collective behavior

Generation

Visual art

Music

Text

Design

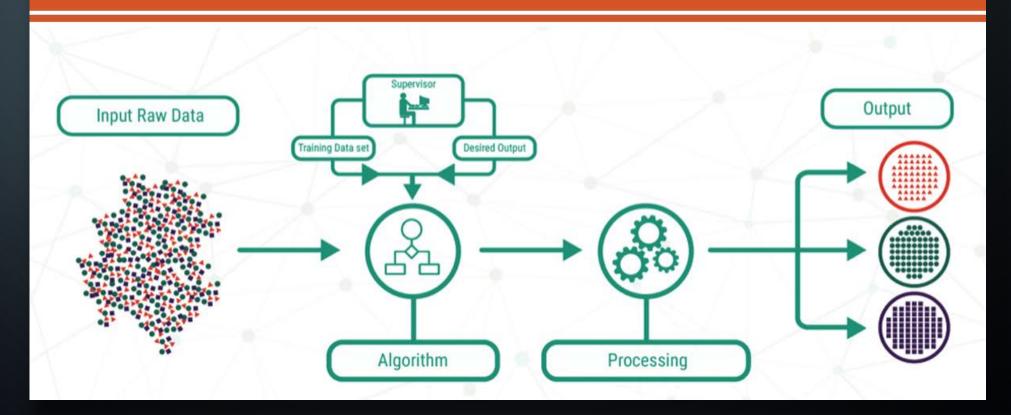
### TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING

- Supervised Learning
- Unsupervised Learning
- Semi-Supervised Learning
- Reinforcement Learning





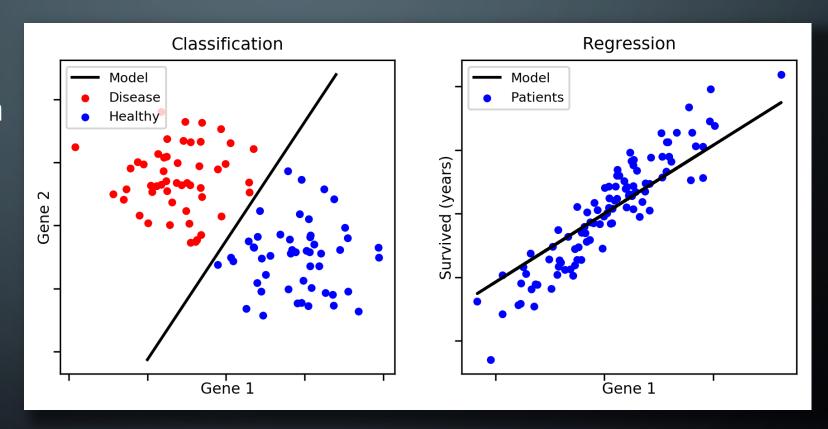
# Supervised Learning





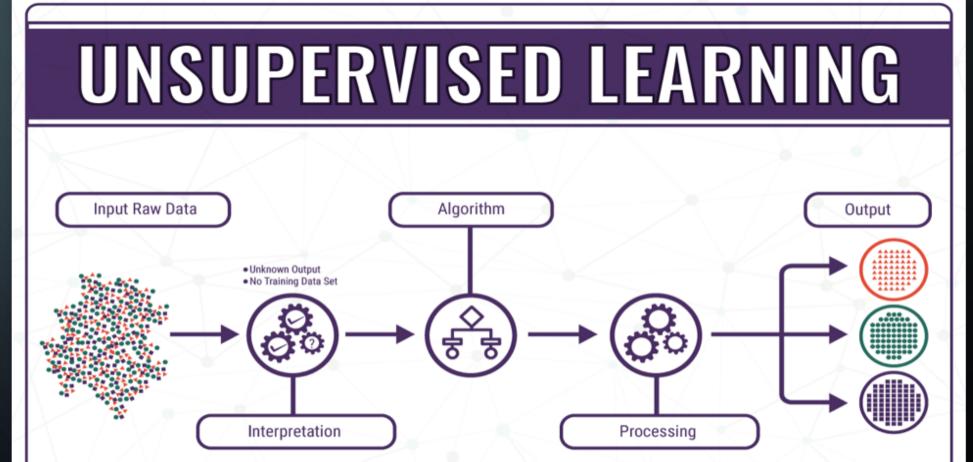


- Regression
- Classification



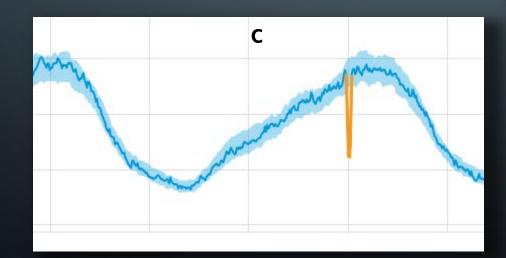
## UNSUPERVISED LEARNING

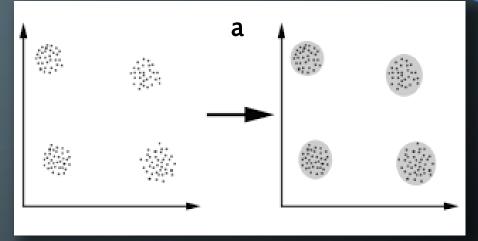


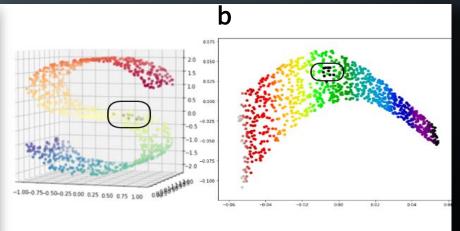


# UNSUPERVISED LEARNING

- Clustering
- Dimensionality Reduction
- Anomaly Detection

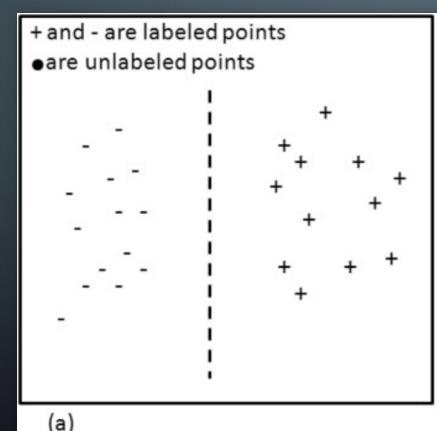


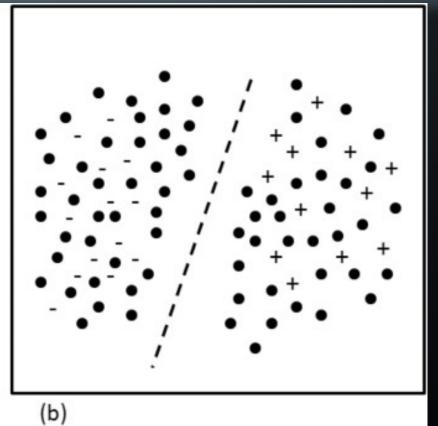






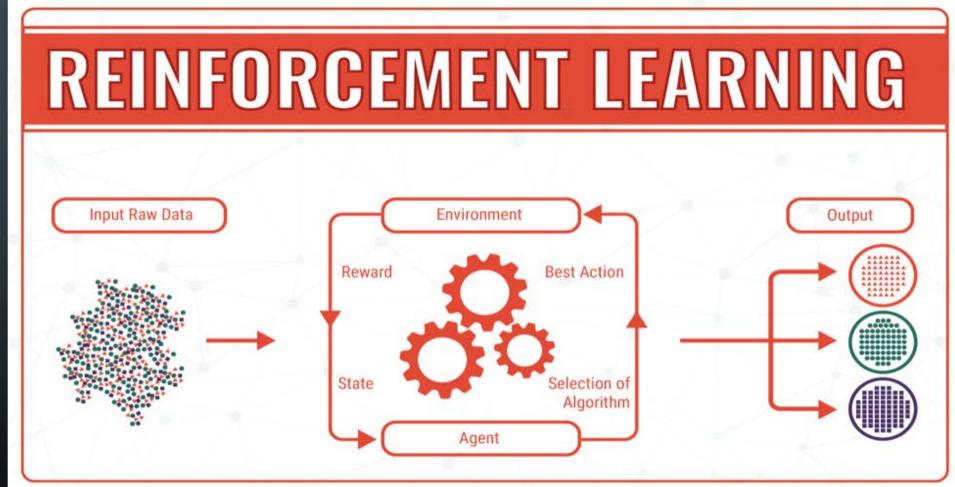






### REINFORCEMENT LEARNING





#### WHY ML? WHERE?



- You don't know what you are looking for
- You can't write program explicitly
- You can write program explicitly but performance is not satisfactory
- Data is dynamic and it changes over time
- There is more than one solution