



RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

PRIMARY THREE

TERM THREE

THEME: Christians grow in Jesus

Sub- Theme: Tradition/Custom

Customs:

A custom is the acceptable way of behaving in a given society.

Examples of customs.

- (a) greeting people
- (b) paying bride price
- (c) naming children
- (d) last funeral rites
- (e) crying for a dead person.
- (f) welcoming visitors at home.

Importance of customs.

- (i) Greeting people: It creates friendship and a sign of respect.
- (ii) Greeting helps people to feel happy.
- (a) Paying bride price:
This practice is a thank you to the parents for looking after the girl well.
- (b) Naming children:
 - It helps to identify people of the same clan so that they don't marry one another.
 - It helps to create good relationship among people of the same clan.
- (c) Crying for a dead person:
It helps one to express one's sorrow to the dead person.
- (d) Last funeral rites:
 - It brings unity among the family and clan members.
 - It enables the property of the dead person to be looked after well.
 - It is an occasion when people are supposed to stop mourning for the dead person.
 - It helps the bereaved family to forget the sorrow created by the death.

Customs in Christian family.

Examples of Christian customs.

- Family members resting on a Sunday.
- Praying before eating.
- Praying while kneeling down.
- Giving out Christmas cards to people.
- Christians sharing a meal.
- Marriage is a Christian custom.
- Buying and donating clothes to the needy people.

Importance of baptism.

- It washes away the original sin.
- It brings us to the family of God.
- It makes us to be full Christians.

Beliefs

A belief is a feeling that something is true, good or right.

Examples of Christian beliefs.

- All things were created by God.
- Stealing is bad.
- There is life after death
- There is a controller of every living and non living thing.
- Jesus is the son of God.

Examples of Muslim beliefs.

A belief in the Quran

- There is life after death.
- They believe in prophet Mohammed.
- They believe in angels.
- They believe in Allah as the creator.

LEADERSHIP:

A leader is a person who controls or manages something.

Examples of leaders.

- The president
- Bishops
- Pastors

- Headteachers
- Teachers.

Qualities of a good leader.

- Should be kind.
- Should be God fearing.
- Should be honest
- Should be humble.

Levels of leadership.

I. At family level.

- father,
- mother.

II. At school level

- headteacher
- deputy headteacher
- Director of studies
- Senior woman teachers.
- Class teachers
- subject teachers
- Head prefect.

III. At church level

- Arch-bishops
- Bishops
- Parish priest.

IV. Community level.

- LC5 chairperson (district level)
- LC3 chairperson (Parish level)
- LC2 Chairperson (Sub-parish level)
- LC1 Chairperson (Village level)
- LC executive members.

V. Clan level

- Clan head
- Lineage head
- Family head

Leaders in the Old Testament.

Some leaders in the Old Testament.

- Abraham
- Moses
- Joshua
- Ruth

(a) **Abraham:**

The wife of Abraham was Sarah.

Abraham was the grandfather of believers. Canaan was the new land.

The son of Abraham and Sarah was Isaac.

(b) **Moses:** lived in the country called Egypt. Moses lead the people out of Egypt suffering for a long time.

Punishments God gave to the Israelites.

- God sent to them locusts.
- God sent to them heavy rains.
- God killed the animals.

Moses crossed the Red seas and God also gave Moses the ten commandments from Mt. Sinai. Moses died on the way before reaching the promised homeland, God killed him because Moses had disobeyed him.

The ten commandments.

1. Worship no God but me.
2. Do not make idols for worship.
3. Do not use my name for evil purposes.
4. Observe the Sabbath and keep it holy.
5. Respect your father and mother.
6. Do not commit murder.
7. Do not commit adultery.
8. Do not steal.
9. Do not accuse any one falsely.
10. Do not desire another man's wife.

Joshua as a leader; (Joshua 1:1-9)

Joshua led the Israelites to the promise land. Ruth: (Read 1:1-22)

Elimelech with his wife Noami.

Qualities of leaders in the Old Testament.

- (a) They loved the people they led.
- (b) They were God fearing.
- (c) They dealt with all people fairly.
- (d) They always obeyed God.

Jesus as a leader.

God the father sent Jesus Christ to save from our sins and showed us life that pleases God all the time.

Qualities of Jesus as a good leader.

- Jesus was a servant of all people.
- Jesus was a humble leader.
- Jesus was loving and caring.
- Jesus was obedient to the civil leaders.
- Jesus was a teacher to his followers.
- Jesus was God fearing.

Activity:

1. is what we call leadership.
2. Name any five levels of leaders at your schools.
3. Who led the Israelites from Egypt?
4. Which leader led the Israelites to the promised land?
5. Give one example to show that Jesus was a good leader.
6. Write down any four qualities of a good leader.

Messengers of God

How God speaks to us.

- By reading the Bible.
- By listening to God's messengers. Examples of the messengers are; angels, prophets, priests, pastors, evangelists.
- Through vision (Note a vision is a dream through which God talks to the dreamer).
- Through direct communication.
- Through creation.

Prophet:

A prophet is a person who delivers messages directly from God.

Examples of prophets in the Bible.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| ➤ prophet Isaiah | - Prophet king David |
| ➤ Prophet Elijah | - Prophet John the Baptism |
| ➤ Prophet Moses | - Prophet Zechariah |
| ➤ Prophet Noah | - Prophet Aoran |
| ➤ Prophet Job | |
| ➤ Prophet Solomon | |

Qualities of God's Messengers.

- They are trustworthy
- They must be people of sound mind.
- They say the truth all times.
- They are protected by God from doing evil things.
- They are usually behave differently to ordinary people.
- They do miracles by the power of God.

Lessons to learn from the Bible messages.

- **Genesis 1: 29 – 30**
In this message God allows us to eat any of the things he created except human beings.
- **Proverbs: 11:25**
The Message teaches us to give to people in need then God will be pleased and make us successful in what we do.
- **Romans 13: 1-12:**
This message teaches us the following lessons;
 - To obey laws and order of the government.
 - To punish people who do not obey their leaders at village, district and the country as whole.
- **Galatians 6:7:**
This message teaches us that there is nothing that can be hidden from God and God cannot be told a lie, He knows and see everything that we do.

Learning more about Jesus from special messengers.

The messengers who foretold the coming of Jesus.

- Isaiah: He foretold that Jesus would be wounded, beaten and killed.
- Micah: He foretold that a Saviour was to be born in a town called Bethlehem.

- Zachariah: He foretold that Jesus was to be born and live an exemplary life. He also foretold that Jesus was to go to Jerusalem riding a donkey.
- John the Baptist:
 - He preached about the coming of Jesus Christ and baptized many people.
 - He told people to repent for their sins.
 - The mother of John the Baptist was called Elizabeth.
 - Elizabeth was a sister to Mary the Mother of Jesus Christ.
 - The Father of John the Baptist was called Zechariah
 - John the baptized Jesus in River Jordan and other people.
- **Messages brought by angels.**
 - Angels are spirits who live in heaven with God.
 - Angel Gabriel: He announced the birth of John the Baptist and Jesus Christ.
 - Angel Gabriel told Joseph to marry the Virgin Mary.
 - He also told the parents of Jesus Christ to take Baby Jesus to Egypt to run away from King Herod who wanted to kill him.

Ways how God speaks to us:

- Through the things he created.
- Through messengers.
- Through angels
- Through the Bible.

Activity;

1. Write down any four ways how God speaks to Christians.
2. Name any one of the prophet of God.
3. List down any four prophets who foretold the coming of Jesus Christ.
4. Who was the Mother of John the Baptist?
5. Who is an angel?



PRIMARY THREE

TERM THREE

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

WEEK 2 Lesson 1

Spellings

1. Christmas
2. Ash Wednesday
3. Palm Sunday
4. Holy Thursday
5. Good Friday

JESUS GIVES US THE HOLY SPIRIT

Read;

John 4:15-18

1. Jesus promised us the Holy Spirit.
2. The Holy Spirit is the helper Jesus promised to his disciples.
3. Why did Jesus promise the Holy Spirit to the disciples?
 - To guide them.
 - To comfort them.
 - To give them power.
 - To teach them.
4. The Holy Spirit came upon Jesus' disciples on **Pentecost day**.

Activity

Learners read John 4:15-18 and discuss the importance of the Holy Spirit to people today.

Exercise

1. Who said, "behold I send you a helper."
2. Which helper was promised?
3. Give two reasons why Jesus gave us the Holy Spirit.
4. On which day did the Holy Spirit come on the apostles?

WEEK 2 Lesson 2

Spellings

1. Easter Sunday
2. Ascension day
3. Pentecost day
4. Martyrs' day
5. Assumption day

Events that happened on Pentecost day

Read:

Act 2;1-4

- There was a loud voice from heaven.
- The Holy Spirit came upon the disciples in form of flames of fire.
- They started speaking different tongues or languages.
- Peter started preaching.



Activity

Learners read Acts 2 and sing a song about Pentecost (Fire, fire follow me)

Exercise

1. In which form did the Holy Spirit come on the disciples?

2. Name any event that happened on the Pentecost day.
3. Who preached on the Pentecost day?
4. Draw, frame and color the Holy Spirit coming upon the disciples.

WEEK: 2 Lesson 3

Spellings

1. apostle
2. disciple
3. holy
4. spirit
5. tongue

How the Holy Spirit helped the early Christian

Read;

Acts3:38-47

1. Ways how the Holy Spirit helped the apostles.

- To preach the word of God.
- To live and share things together.
- To perform miracles.
- To endure hardships
- To speak to leaders without fear.

2. How the Holy Spirit helps us today.

- To know what is right and wrong.
- Gives us hope in times of trouble.
- Protects us from sin and Satan.
- Guides us in prayer and worship.
- To endure hardships.

Activity

Learners read Acts 3:38-47 and discuss how the Holy Spirit has helped the church today.

Exercise

1. State two ways how the Holy Spirit helped the first Christians.
2. How does the Holy Spirit help the Christians today?

WEEK: 3 Lesson 1

Spellings

1. Christ
2. Christmas
3. Christian
4. Bethlehem
5. Nazareth

Gifts of the Holy Spirit and how to use them

Read;

1Corinthians 12:1-11

1. There are nine gifts of the holy spirit namely;

- Wisdom
- Knowledge
- Faith
- Healing
- Working miracles
- Prophecy
- Speaking new tongues
- Interpreting tongues
- Knowing a person with an evil spirit(discernment)

2. **Activities we do together when guided by the holy spirit:**

- Reading the Bible.
- Praying together
- Sharing experiences
- Sharing meals
- Helping one another.

Activity

Learners read 1Corinthians 12:1-11 and identify and demonstrate some of the gifts of the Holy spirit.

Exercise

1. Identify any four gifts of the Holy Spirit.
2. Which gift would you desire to have?
3. Apart from the above, name any other two gifts that God gave us.

WEEK: 3 Lesson 2

Spellings

1. miracles
2. healing
3. knowledge
4. wisdom
5. tongues

THE WORSHIPPING COMMUNITY

1. What is worship?

Worship is a way of praying and showing respect to God.

2. **Ways of worshipping God**

Read;

Psalms 150:1-6

- Offering to God.
- Reading the bible.
- Singing hymns /religious songs.
- Dancing
- Waving hands
- Playing musical instruments.
- Clapping
- Jumping



Activity

Learners read Psalms 150:1-6 and sing a worship song for the Lord.

Exercise

1. What is worship?
2. Give three ways of worshipping God.
3. Draw people worshipping God.

WEEK: 3 Lesson 3

Spellings

1. singing
2. dancing
3. waving
4. clapping
5. worshipping

Why should Christians worship God?

Read;

Psalms 100: 1-5

1. Christians worship God because;
 - God saved us from sins.
 - He is our creator.
 - God is greater than all gods and people
 - He is the kings of kings.

- He will judge all the people.
- He gives us life, food and other needs.
- He rules over all the people of the world.

2. Examples of people who worshiped God are;

- Jacob
- Isaac
- King David
- King Solomon
- Daniel

Activity

Learners read Psalms 100: 1-5 and discuss the reasons why we worship God.

Exercise

1. Identify any two people in the Bible who worshipped God.
2. Give three reasons why we worship God.

WEEK: 4 Lesson 1

Spellings

1. Abraham
2. Isaac
3. Jacob
4. Esau
5. Joseph

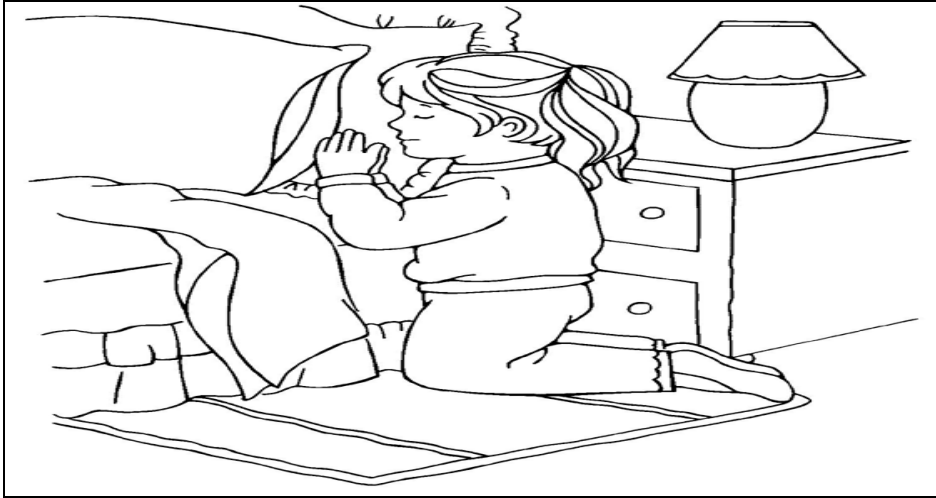
PRAYING TO GOD

Read;

Matthew 6: 5-8

1. What is prayer?
Prayer is a way of talking to God
2. What should a Christian do before praying?
 - Repenting(ask God for forgiveness)
 - Forgive those who anger him /her.

- Humble himself/her self.
- Turn his /her mind towards God.
- Kneel down when praying



3. Reasons why people pray to God

- To ask for forgiveness.
- People ask for protection and wisdom.
- People pray to get blessings.
- To thank God for what he has done for them.
- People pray to get daily needs ;like food, clothes, shelter etc

Activity

Learners read Matthew 6: 5-8 and discuss the reasons why people pray to God.

-Demonstrating how we pray to God.

Exercise

1. What is prayer?
2. Write two things a Christian should do before praying.
3. Give two reasons why people pray.

4. Draw yourself praying.

WEEK: 4 Lesson 2

Spellings

1. kneeling
2. praying
3. repenting
4. forgiving
5. forgiveness

PERSONAL PRAYERS

Read;

Matt7: 7 -11

1. What is a personal prayer?

A personal prayer is a prayer said alone / individually.

2. **Types of personal prayers**

- a) **Thanks-giving prayer**

Is prayer said to thank God for something he has done e.g. healing.

- b) **Confession prayer**

Is a prayer said to ask God to forgiveness.

- c) **Petition prayer**

Is prayer said to ask for daily needs e.g. healing, food, shelter etc.

- d) **Intercession prayer;**

Is a prayer where one prays for others.

3. When do we pray?

- Before a meal
- Before sleeping.
- After bed
- When in troubles
- When going for a journey etc.

Activity

Learners read Matt7: 7 -11 and demonstrate how they say different their personal prayers.

Exercise

1. Define a personal prayer.
2. Name two types of personal prayers.
3. Which type of prayer is said to ask for forgiveness?
4. Identify any two times when we pray.

WEEK: 4 Lesson 3

Spellings

1. person
2. confess
3. Personal
4. Confessional
5. Thanks-giving

Matthew 6:6-7

1. People who need to be prayed for;

- children
- teachers
- the sick
- the prisoners
- the mad
- the leaders
- the war victims
- parents
- the dumb and deaf

2. Places where we can pray from:

-You can pray from anywhere in case you feel to pray.

- From the church
- Classroom
- Bed room
- In a vehicle
- On a mountain or hill etc

3. Examples of people who prayed God and were answered:

- Abraham
- Jacob
- Jesus
- King David
- Daniel
- Samson

- Ruth
- Simon Peter

- Jeremiah etc

Activity

Learners read Matthew 6:6-7 and identify groups of people who need to be prayed for.

Exercise

1. Name three groups of people who should be prayed for.
2. Apart from a church, where else can a Christian pray from?
3. What do you know about these people in the Bible?
 - a. Samson
 - b. Daniel

WEEK: 5 Lesson 1

Spellings

1. deaf
2. blind
3. dumb
4. churches
5. mountains

THE LORD'S PRAYER

Read;

Matthew 6:9-14

1. What is the Lord's Prayer?
This is the prayer Jesus taught his apostles.

2. Requests are made in the Lord's Prayer

- God's kingdom to come.
- God's will to be done.
- To give us our daily food. (bread)
- To forgive our trespasses.
- Not to lead us into temptations.
- To deliver us from evil.

Activity

Learners read Matthew 6:9-14 and recite the Lord's Prayer.

Exercise

1. Which prayer did Jesus teach his apostles?
2. Identify any two requests made in the Lord's Prayer.
3. Why did Jesus teach his disciples this prayer?

WEEK: 5 Lesson 2

Spellings

1. feel
2. daily
3. forgive
4. trespasses
5. temptations

THE TEACHINGS OF JESUS

Read;

Matt 5:43-48

1. Jesus teaches us Christian values.
2. What are values?

Values are beliefs about what is right and wrong.

3. Example of Christian values.

- Being honest/ faithful.
- Being responsible.
- Helping others.
- Respecting elders.
- Loving one another.
- Forgiving one another.

4. How Jesus helped others.

- He healed the sick.
- Jesus fed the hungry.
- He raised the dead.
- He healed the deaf and the dumb.

- He healed the blind. etc

Activity

Learners read Matt 5:43-48 and discuss the examples of Christian values.

Exercise

1. Name any two Christian values.
2. Mention any two needy groups of people.
3. Identify four ways you can help the needy.

WEEK: 5 Lesson 3

Spellings

1. heal
2. healed
3. faithful
4. helpful
5. careful

Parables taught by Jesus

1. What is a parable?

A parable is a short story with hidden meaning.

2. Examples of parables used by Jesus.

- The parable of the sower (Mark 4:1-9)
- Parable of the lost son prodigal son (Luke 15:11-31)
- Parable of the Good Samaritan (Luke 10:25-37)
- Parable of the ten virgins (Matt 25:1-13)
- Parable of the lost coin (Luke 15:8-10)
- Parable of the lost sheep (Luke 15:1-7)
- Parable of the talents (Matt 25:1-13)
- Parable of the tenants (Luke 20:9-16) etc

3. Jesus used parables because; (Matt 13:10-14)

- He didn't want others to know what he was saying.
- For the disciples to understand well.

- To fulfill what was said about him.

Activity

Learners read and listen to the parables told by Jesus.

Exercise

1. Define a parable.
2. Name any two parables in the Bible.
3. Why did Jesus use parables in his teachings?

WEEK: 6 Lesson 1

Spellings

1. story
2. hidden
3. parable
4. meaning
5. teaching

GOD-GIVEN ABILITIES (TALENTS)

Read;

Matt25:13-30

1. What is a talent?
A talent is a gift from God.

2. Examples of talents:

- singing
- dancing
- drama
- painting
- drawing
- Playing games and sports.
- Good public speaking.

3. How to use your talent(s) well:

- Never be proud.
- Use it to help others.
- Use it to glorify God.
- Do not hide your talent.
- Use your talent to make it perfect.
- Use it to earn a living.

Activity

Learners read Matthew 25:13-30 and identify some of the talents that God gave us.

Exercise

1. What is a talent?
2. Name any two talents God gave us?
3. What is your talent?
4. How can one misuse his/her talent?

WEEK: 6 Lesson 2

Spellings

1. singing
2. dancing
3. painting
4. drawing
5. speaking

The Characteristics of God found in Jesus

Read;

John3:16

1. Children adopt some characteristics from their parents.
2. Jesus also had characteristics from God, his father.
 - Jesus was loving
 - He was kind

- Jesus was holy
- He had divine power
- He was eternal
- He knew people's thoughts.
- Jesus knew the past, the present and the future.



Activity

Learners discuss some of the features which showed that Jesus was a son of God.

Exercises

1. Identify any two things which showed that Jesus was a son of God.
2. Name the three persons in the Trinity.
3. Why did God send his son on earth?

THE END



PRIMARY THREE

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

LESSON NOTES

TERM III

WEEK1: Lesson 1

FORGIVENESS AND ACCEPTANCE

1. What is forgiveness?

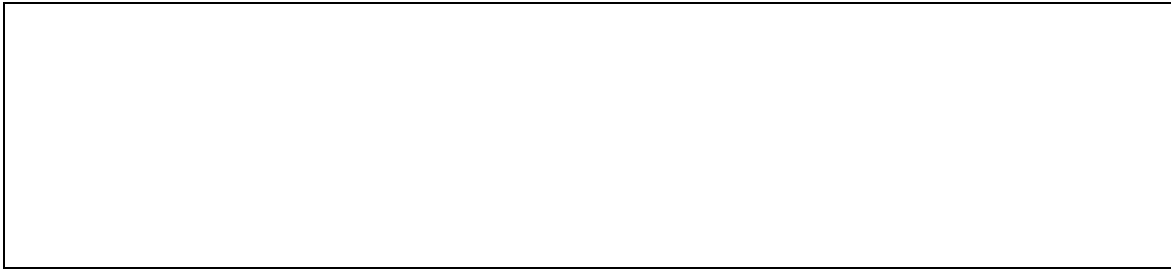
Forgiveness means stopping being angry with some body for something he/she has done wrong.

2. If you want somebody to stop being angry with you, say, “please forgive me” or “please, am sorry.”

3. Traditional ways of encouraging forgiveness

- Paying a fine i.e. a cock, goat etc.
- Sharing a meal.
- Saying sorry to a person wronged.
- Using another person (mediator) to reconcile the two people friends again.
- Re-accepting the offender into the family.

4. Draw, name and colour any one traditional way of encouraging forgiveness



WEEK1: Lesson 2

1. Reasons why we need to forgive

We need to forgive others because:

- God also forgives us
- Everybody makes mistakes
- Forgiveness helps us to live and work together happily
- Forgiveness prevents bad outcomes like hatred, fighting etc.
- It serves as a lesson to the person forgiven to also forgive others who wrong him/her.
- Jesus showed us an example when he forgave those who hated him.

2. Examples of people who forgave one another in the Bible

- Jacob and Esau(Genesis33:1-11)
- Joseph and his brothers(Genesis45:1-5)

- King Darius and Daniel(Daniel 6:13-23)
- The prodigal son and his father(Luke 15:11-31)

WEEK2: Lesson 1

Resolving misunderstanding without violence

1. To resolve means to find a solution or an answer to a problem.
2. The word violence means an act of using physical force e.g. fighting.
3. **How Jesus teaches about resolving misunderstanding without violence**

(Matthew 18:15-16)

Steps:

- Solve it in private with a person who has wronged you.
- If the person does not listen, take/call other two people.
- If he/she does not listen to the two, take it to the church (group).
- If he/she does not listen to the church (group) take the case to LC or court.

WEEK2: Lesson 2

1. Causes of misunderstandings/violence

- Physical differences e.g. height, colour and body shape.
 - Religious differences e.g. some are Catholics, Protestants, Pentecostals etc.
 - Cultural differences e.g. Buganda, Acholi, Karamajong.
 - Racial differences e.g. the black and white.
 - Home differences e.g. the rich and the poor.
 - Differences in education.
2. We are all God's children regardless of our differences.
 3. We should accept and be tolerant to other peoples' differences to live peacefully.

4. Ways of accepting and tolerating other peoples' differences

- Loving and caring for one another.
- Over looking our differences
- Praying together
- Sharing time of sorrow and joy
- Knowing that we are all God's children

WEEK3: Lesson 1

TOPICAL TEST

1. What should you do after annoying a friend?
2. Name any two traditional ways of encouraging forgiveness.
3. Give two reasons why we should forgive others.
4. What lesson do we learn from the parable of the lost son?
5. Name one group of people who forgave one another.
6. Mention any two differences that exist among people.
7. Which prophet was thrown in the lion's den?

WEEK3: Lesson 2

TREATING OTHERS FAIRLY

1. Being fair means treating each person equally.
2. Unfairness is the opposite of fairness.

2. Common examples of fair behaviour

- Marking all pupils' books and awarding right marks.
- Allowing all family members to have meals.
- Buying clothes to all children in a family.
- Punishing all late comers at school.

4. Common examples of unfairness

- Marking some pupil's books and leaving others unmarked.
- Punishing some late comers and leaving others unpunished.
- Forcing an adult to follow a certain religion.
- Buying clothes for children and leaving others.
- Giving food to some children and starving others.

WEEK4: Lesson 1

1. Results of fair behavior.

- Bring happiness to people.
- It pleases God.
- It solves mis-understandings.
- It brings God's blessing.
- It brings unity among people in the family.

2. Results of unfair behavior

- Fighting
- Hatred
- Unhappiness

- Quarreling
- Revenge
- Annoying God
- Curses
- Spread of diseases among the people

WEEK4: Lesson 2

1. Reasons why some people behave unfairly

- Too much love for money.
- Failure to obey God's commandments.
- Need to please one person/group of people.
- Failure to know the right way of doing things.
- Too much love for success.
- Failure to listen to advice.
- Need to revenge.
- Failure to follow the rules and laws.

2. Ways how you can act fairly

- Doing what you wish others to do for you.
 - Being God fearing.
 - Doing things according to the set rules or laws.
 - Doing good to those who have wronged you.
 - Reporting unfair people to authorities.
 - Pray to God to help you act fairly.
 - Pray to God to change unfair people into fair ones.
2. Draw and colour yourself acting fairly.



WEEK5: Lesson 1

How John the Baptist teaches us to be fair

(Luke 3:10-13)

John the Baptist teaches us the following:

- To share with others.
- Not to collect money (tax) more than what the Law requires.
- Not to take away ones money by force.
- To be contented of our pay.

WEEK5: Lesson 2

Cheating

1. What is cheating?

It means to take away something from somebody dishonestly or unfairly.

2. Forms of cheating

- Not giving back balance/change to your parents after buying something.
- Getting answers from a book, paper or friend in exams.
- Exchanging a bad pencil or pen with another person without his/ her knowledge.
- Exchanging cards in a play.
- Embezzling company/church funds.
- Diverting school fees to buying personal needs.

WEEK6: Lesson 1

Examples of people who cheated in the Bible

a)Jacob ;

- Cheated his brother, Esau's blessing .(Genesis27:1-33)
- He also cheated his uncle, Laban's flock.(Genesis3:31-43)

b)Judas Iscariot;

- He used to cheat church funds (John12:1-6)
- He was bribed for 30 silver pieces to betray Jesus.(Matthew26:14-16)

c) The sons of priest Eli:

- Used to cheat God's offerings.(1Samuel2:12-17}

WEEK6: Lesson 2

1. Reasons why cheating is bad

- It is against God's commandments.
- It stops some people from being successful.
- People do not trust a cheat.
- Cheating is punishable
- It leads to curses
- It stops God's blessing i.e. God does not bless a cheat
- Cheats will not go to heaven

2. Ways how you can avoid cheating

- Following God's commandments.
- Avoid being money greed.
- Respect rules and laws of an area or place.
- Report cheats to police, teachers or parents.
- Work hard for success.

WEEK7:Lesson1

TOPICAL TEST

1. Mention two examples of unfair behaviour.
2. Give two reasons why some people behave unfairly.
3. How does John the Baptist teach us about fairness in Luke 3:10-13
4. What is cheating?
5. Identify two forms of cheating.
6. Who cheated his brother's blessing in the book of Genesis?
7. Give two reasons why some people cheat.
8. Give two reasons why cheating is a bad act.
9. What can you do to a person who cheats an examination?

WEEK7: Lesson 2

JESUS BRINGS JOY

Old prophecies about Jesus

The following were fore told about Jesus' birth and were true:

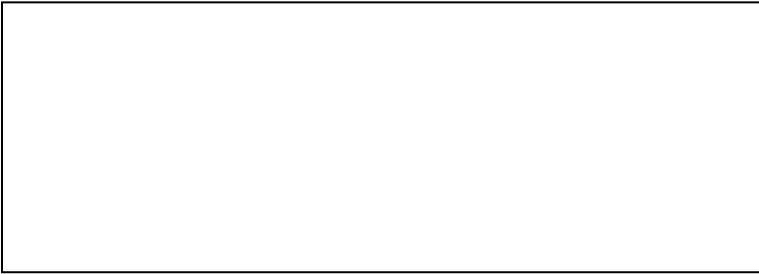
- That Jesus was to be born by a virgin woman.(Isaiah7:14)
- That Jesus would be born in a small town called Bethlehem.(Micah5:2)
- That he would be born in the lineage of King David.(Luke2:4)
- That Jesus would be a saviour for all people.

Preparation for Christmas

1. Jesus was born on the first **Christmas**.
2. Christians celebrate the birth of Jesus Christ on **25th December** every year.
3. What things do Christians do during Christmas celebrations?

- Repenting their sin
- Buying new clothes and shoes.
- Cleaning the compound.
- Sending Christmas cards to friends and relatives.
- Praying together in churches.
- Singing Christmas carols.

4. Draw and colour baby Jesus in a manger.

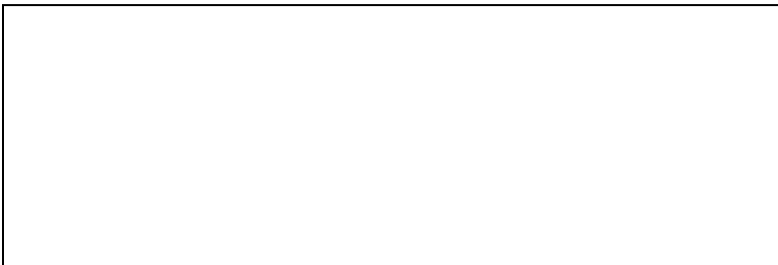


WEEK8: Lesson 1

1. Ways how we can share Christmas joy with others

- By reading the bible together.
- Praying together.
- Singing Christmas songs / carols.
- Listening to Christmas carols.
- Exchanging gifts.
- Eating and drinking together.

2. Draw and colour yourself and your family celebrating a Christmas day.



WEEK8: Lesson 2

Meaning of different names

a) Jesus; The saviour

b)Emmanuel: God is with us

C) Peter: A rock

d))Abraham: Father of many nations

e)Sarah; Mother of many nations

f)Jacob: A liar or a cheat

TOPICAL TEST

1. On which day do Christians celebrate the birth of Jesus Christ?
2. In which town was Jesus Christ born?
3. Name three things you do during Christmas season.
4. Why Jesus was called the saviour?
5. Who was Jesus' mother?
- 6, Give two ways in which Jesus fulfilled what was said about him by the old prophets?

THE END