

SHTxx

Humidity & Temperature Sensmitter

Application Note Sample Code

1 Introduction

This application note gives an example for microcontroller C code. It includes code for:

- Readout of Humidity (RH) or Temperature (T) with basic error handling
- Calculation of RH linearization and temperature compensation
- Access to status register
- Dewpoint calculation from RH and T
- UART handling

2 Sample Code

```
Project:
                  SHT11 demo program (V2.0)
                 SHT11.c
Filename:
Prozessor: 80C51 family Compiler: Keil Version 6.14
Autor:
                  MST
Autor: MST
Copyrigth: (c) Sensirion AG
#include <AT89s53.h> //Microcontroller specific library, e.g. port definitions
#include <intrins.h> //Keil library (is used for _nop()_ operation)
#include <math.h> //Keil library
#include <stdio.h>
                    //Keil library
typedef union
{ unsigned int i;
  float f:
} value:
// modul-var
enum {TEMP, HUMI};
#define DATA P1 1
#define SCK
              P1_0
#define noACK 0
#define ACK
                            //adr command r/w
                            //000
#define STATUS REG W 0x06
                                   0011
                           //000
#define STATUS REG R 0x07
                                     0011
#define MEASURE TEMP 0x03
                                   0001
                                             1
                                   0010
1111
                            //000
//000
#define MEASURE_HUMI 0x05
                                             1
#define RESET
                    0x1e
char s write byte(unsigned char value)
// writes a byte on the Sensibus and checks the acknowledge
  unsigned char i,error=0;
                                   //shift bit for masking
//masking value with i , write to SENSI-BUS
  for (i=0x80;i>0;i/=2)
  { if (i & value) DATA=1;
    else DATA=0;
    SCK=1;
                                     //clk for SENSI-BUS
     _nop_();_nop_();_nop_();
                                     //pulswith approx. 5 us
    SCK=0;
  DATA=1;
                                     //release DATA-line
  SCK=1;
                                     //clk #9 for ack
                                     //check ack (DATA will be pulled down by SHT11)
  error=DATA:
  SCK=0;
```



```
//error=1 in case of no acknowledge
 return error;
//-----
char s read byte(unsigned char ack)
// reads a byte form the Sensibus and gives an acknowledge in case of "ack=1"
  unsigned char i, val=0;
  DATA=1;
                                  //release DATA-line
  for (i=0x80; i>0; i/=2)
                                  //shift bit for masking
  { SCK=1;
                                  //clk for SENSI-BUS
   if (DATA) val=(val | i);
                                  //read bit
   SCK=0;
 ĎATA=!ack;
                                  //in case of "ack==1" pull down DATA-Line
 SCK=1;
                                   //clk #9 for ack
  _nop_();_nop_();_nop_();
                                  //pulswith approx. 5 us
  \overline{SCK=0};
 DATA=1;
                                   //release DATA-line
 return val;
void s transstart(void)
// generates a transmission start
// DATA: -
// SCK : ___| __ |___|__|__
  DATA=1; SCK=0;
                                  //Initial state
   nop ();
   SCK=1;
   nop ();
   DATA=0;
   nop ();
   \overline{SCK=0};
   _nop_();_nop_();_nop_();
  SCK=1;
   _nop_();
  \overline{DATA}=1;
   _nop_();
   SCK=0;
}
void s connectionreset(void)
// communication reset: DATA-line=1 and at least 9 SCK cycles followed by transstart
//
// sck : _|<sup>-</sup>|_|<sup>-</sup>|_|<sup>-</sup>|_|<sup>-</sup>|_|<sup>-</sup>|
 unsigned char i;
                                  //Initial state
 DATA=1; SCK=0;
  for (i=0; i<9; i++)
                                  //9 SCK cycles
  { SCK=1;
   SCK=0:
  s_transstart();
                                  //transmission start
char s softreset(void)
// resets the sensor by a softreset \{
 unsigned char error=0;
                                  //reset communication
  s connectionreset();
  error+=s_write_byte(RESET);
                                 //send RESET-command to sensor
  return error;
                                  //error=1 in case of no response form the sensor
//-----
char s_read_statusreg(unsigned char *p_value, unsigned char *p_checksum)
// reads the status register with checksum (8-bit)
  unsigned char error=0;
```



```
s transstart();
                                        //transmission start
  error=s_write_byte(STATUS_REG_R); //send command to sensor
                                     //read status register (8-bit); //read checksum (8-bit)
  *p_value=s_read_byte(ACK);
  *p_checksum=s_read_byte(noACK);
  return error:
                                        //error=1 in case of no response form the sensor
char s write statusreg(unsigned char *p value)
//----
// writes the status register with checksum (8-bit)
  unsigned char error=0;
  s transstart();
                                        //transmission start
  error+=s_write_byte(STATUS_REG_W);//send command to sensor
  error+=s_write_byte(*p_value); //send value of status register
                                        //error>=1 in case of no response form the sensor
char s_measure(unsigned char *p_value, unsigned char *p_checksum, unsigned char mode)
// makes a measurement (humidity/temperature) with checksum
  unsigned error=0;
  unsigned int i;
  s transstart():
                                        //transmission start
  switch(mode){
                                         //send command to sensor
    case TEMP : error+=s_write_byte(MEASURE_TEMP); break;
case HUMI : error+=s_write_byte(MEASURE_HUMI); break;
                : break;
  for (i=0;i<65535;i++) if(DATA==0) break; //wait until sensor has finished the measurement
                                      // or timeout (~2 sec.) is reached
//read the first byte (MSB)
  if(DATA) error+=1;
  *(p value) =s read byte(ACK);
  *(p_value+1) = s_read_byte(ACK); //read the seco:
*p_checksum = s_read_byte(noACK); //read checksum
                                        //read the second byte (LSB)
  return error;
//-----
void init_uart()
//----
//9600 bps @ 11.059 MHz
\{SCON = 0x52;
 TMOD = 0x20;
 TCON = 0x69;
 TH1 = 0xfd;
void calc_sth11(float *p_humidity ,float *p_temperature)
// calculates temperature [\squareC] and humidity [%RH]
// input : humi [Ticks] (12 bit)
// temp [Ticks] (14 bit)
// output: humi [%RH]
            temp [\Box C]
                                       // for 12 Bit
// for 12 Bit
{ const float C1=-4.0;
  const float C2= 0.0405;
                                        // for 12 Bit
// for 12 Bit
// for 14 Bit @ 5V
  const float C3=-0.0000028;
  const float T1=0.01;
  const float T2=0.00008;
                                        // for 14 Bit @ 5V
  float rh=*p_humidity;
                                        // rh:
                                                     Humidity [Ticks] 12 Bit
  float t=*p temperature;
                                        // t:
                                                      Temperature [Ticks] 14 Bit
  float rh_lin;
                                        // rh_lin: Humidity linear
                                        // rh_true: Temperature compensated humidity // t_C : Temperature [□C]
  float rh_true;
float t_C;
  t_C=t*0.01 - 40;
rh_lin=C3*rh*rh + C2*rh + C1; //calc. Humidity 110m c10m
rh_true=(t_C-25)*(T1+T2*rh)+rh_lin; //calc. Temperature compensation true=100; //cut if the value is outside of //cho physical possible range
                                        //calc. Temperature from ticks to [\Box C]
  t C=t*0.01 - 40;
                                        //calc. Humidity from ticks to [%RH]
                                            //calc. Temperature compensated humidity [%RH]
   *p_temperature=t_C;
                                        //return temperature [□C]
  *p_humidity=rh_true;
                                        //return humidity[%RH]
```



```
float calc dewpoint(float h,float t)
// calculates dew point
// input: humidity [%RH], temperature [\squareC] // output: dew point [\squareC]
{ float logEx,dew_point ;
  logEx=0.66077+7.5*t/(237.3+t)+(log10(h)-2)
  dew point = (\log Ex - 0.66077)*237.3/(0.66077+7.5-\log Ex);
  return dew point;
void main()
//----
// sample program that shows how to use SHT11 functions
// 1. connection reset
// 2. measure humidity [ticks](12 bit) and temperature [ticks](14 bit)
// 3. calculate humidity [%RH] and temperature [\squareC]
// 4. calculate dew point [□C]
// 5. print temperature, humidity, dew point
{ value humi val, temp val;
  float dew_point;
  unsigned char error, checksum;
  unsigned int i;
  init uart();
  s connectionreset():
  while(1)
  { error=0;
    error+=s_measure((unsigned char*) &humi_val.i,&checksum,HUMI); //measure humidity error+=s_measure((unsigned char*) &temp_val.i,&checksum,TEMP); //measure temperature
    if(error!=0) s_connectionreset();
                                                       //in case of an error: connection reset
    { humi_val.f=(float)humi_val.i;
                                                        //converts integer to float
      temp val.f=(float)temp val.i;
                                                        //converts integer to float
      //calculate humidity, temperature
      printf("temp:%5.1fC humi:%5.1f%" dew point:%5.1fC\n",temp_val.f,humi_val.f,dew_point);
    //-----wait approx. 0.8s to avoid heating up SHTxx-----
                            //(be sure that the compiler doesn't eliminate this line!)
    for (i=0; i<40000; i++);
```

3 Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
November 20, 2001	0.9 (Preliminary)	Initial revision
February 19, 2001	1.00	
July 10, 2002	2.00	Added delay of 0.8s between measurements to prevent selfheating
		Connection reset only after error during transmission
		Checks for RH<0% and >100%
October 23, 2002	2.01	Changed sign of Temperature coefficient T1 to match datasheet.

The latest version of this document and all application notes can be found at: www.sensirion.com/en/download/humiditysensor/SHT11.htm

Headquarters and Sales Office

 SENSIRION AG
 Phone:
 + 41 (0)1 306 40 00

 Eggbühlstr. 14
 Fax:
 + 41 (0)1 306 40 30

 P.O. Box
 e-mail:
 info@sensirion.com

CH-8052 Zürich http://www.sensirion.com/

Switzerland