#### 1-1.6.29

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### Question

Show that the points A(2,3,-4), B(1,-2,3) and C(3,8,-11) are collinear.

#### Solution

Given,

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, C = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 8 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix}$$

For Points A, B, C to be collinear if

$$rank (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

#### Solution

$$\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 8 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

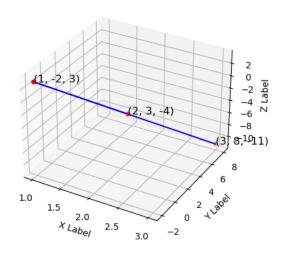
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

Rank 
$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -5 & 5 \\ 7 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (6)

$$rank \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -5 & 5 \\ 7 & -7 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \tag{7}$$

Since, the rank of 
$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) = 1$$
. Therefore,  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $C = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 8 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix}$  are collinear.

# **Figure**



# Python Code I

```
from ctypes import *
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
# Load the shared object file
collinear_lib = CDLL('./collinear.so')
# Define the Point3D structure
class Point3D(Structure):
    _{\text{fields}} = [("x", c_{\text{int}}), ("y", c_{\text{int}}), ("z", c_{\text{int}})]
# Define the argument and return types of the C function
collinear_lib.areCollinear.argtypes = [POINTER(Point3D), POINTER(
    Point3D), POINTER(Point3D)]
```

 $collinear\_lib.areCollinear.restype = c\_int$ 

## Python Code II

```
def check_collinearity(p1, p2, p3):
    return collinear_lib.areCollinear(byref(p1), byref(p2), byref(p3))
# Define three 3D points
point1 = Point3D(2, 3, -4)
point2 = Point3D(1, -2, 3)
point3 = Point3D(3, 8, -11)
# Check if they are collinear
collinear = check_collinearity(point1, point2, point3)
# Print result
if collinear:
    print("The points are collinear.")
```

## Python Code III

```
else:
    print("The points are not collinear.")
# Visualization
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add\_subplot(111, projection='3d')
# Plot points
ax.scatter([point1.x, point2.x, point3.x],
            [point1.y, point2.y, point3.y],
            [point1.z, point2.z, point3.z], color='r')
# Add labels for each point
ax.text(point1.x, point1.y, point1.z, "(2, 3, -4)", color='black', fontsize
    =12)
```

## Python Code IV

```
ax.text(point2.x, point2.y, point2.z, "(1, -2, 3)", color='black', fontsize
    =12)
ax.text(point3.x, point3.y, point3.z, "(3, 8, -11)", color='black', fontsize
    =12)
# Plot lines between points for better visualization
ax.plot([point1.x, point2.x], [point1.y, point2.y], [point1.z, point2.z], color
    ='b')
ax.plot([point2.x, point3.x], [point2.y, point3.y], [point2.z, point3.z], color
    ='b')
# Labels
ax.set_xlabel('X Label')
ax.set_ylabel('Y Label')
ax.set_zlabel('Z Label')
```

# Python Code V

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{plt.savefig}("\,\mathsf{fig\_1.png"}) \\ \mathsf{plt.show}() \end{array}
```

#### C code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "collinear.c"
int areCollinear(Point3D* p1, Point3D* p2, Point3D* p3);
int main() {
    Point3D p1 = \{2, 3, -4\};
    Point3D p2 = \{1, -2, 3\}:
    Point3D p3 = \{3, 8, -11\};
    if (areCollinear(\&p1, \&p2, \&p3)) {
        printf("The points are collinear.\n");
    } else {
        printf("The points are not collinear.\n");
    return 0;
```