1.2.23 Matgeo

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Question:

Represent graphically a displacement of 40 km, 30° west of south.

Solution:

We choose the coordinate axes such that:

- +x axis \rightarrow East
- +y axis \rightarrow North

The given displacement has magnitude

$$|D| = 40 \text{ km}$$

and direction 30° west of south.

South corresponds to 270° , hence the angle from the positive x-axis is

$$\theta = 270^{\circ} - 30^{\circ} = 240^{\circ}$$
.

The vector components are:

$$D_x = 40\cos 240^\circ = -20$$
 , $D_y = 40\sin 240^\circ = -20\sqrt{3}$.

Therefore,

$$\mathbf{D} = -20\hat{i} - 20\sqrt{3}\,\hat{j}$$
.

Thus, the displacement vector is drawn from (0,0) to

$$(-20, -20\sqrt{3}).$$

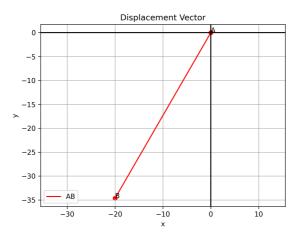


Fig. 1: Displacement vector: 40 km, 30° west of south