

# Bash cheatsheet

This is a quick reference cheat sheet to getting started with linux bash shell scripting.

## # Getting Started

### hello.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
VAR="world"
echo "Hello $VAR!" # => Hello world!
```

Execute the script

```
$ bash hello.sh
```

### Variables

```
NAME="John"
```

```
echo ${NAME}      # => John (Variables)
echo $NAME        # => John (Variables)
echo "$NAME"      # => John (Variables)
echo '$NAME'      # => $NAME (Exact string)
echo "${NAME}!"   # => John! (Variables)
```

```
NAME = "John"     # => Error (about space)
```

### Comments

```
# This is an inline Bash comment.
```

```
: '
This is a
very neat comment
in bash
'
```

Multi-line comments use : ' to open and ' to close

### Arguments

\$1 ... \$9	Parameter 1 ... 9
-------------	-------------------

\$0	Name of the script itself
-----	---------------------------

\$1	First argument
-----	----------------

\${10}	Positional parameter 10
--------	-------------------------

\$#	Number of arguments
-----	---------------------

\$\$	Process id of the shell
------	-------------------------

\$*	All arguments
-----	---------------

### Functions

```
get_name() {
    echo "John"
}

echo "You are $(get_name)"
```

See: [Functions](#)

### Conditionals

```
if [[ -z "$string" ]]; then
    echo "String is empty"
elif [[ -n "$string" ]]; then
    echo "String is not empty"
fi
```

See: [Conditionals](#)

<code>\$@</code>	All arguments, starting from first
<code>\$-</code>	Current options
<code>\$_</code>	Last argument of the previous command
See: <a href="#">Special parameters</a>	

Brace expansion	
<code>echo {A,B}.js</code>	
<code>{A,B}</code>	Same as A B
<code>{A,B}.js</code>	Same as A.js B.js
<code>{1..5}</code>	Same as 1 2 3 4 5
See: <a href="#">Brace expansion</a>	

Shell execution	
<code># =&gt; I'm in /path/of/current</code>	
<code>echo "I'm in \$(PWD)"</code>	
<code># Same as:</code>	
<code>echo "I'm in `pwd`"</code>	
See: <a href="#">Command substitution</a>	

# Bash Parameter expansions

Syntax	
<code>\${F00%suffix}</code>	Remove suffix
<code>\${F00#prefix}</code>	Remove prefix
<code>\${F00%%suffix}</code>	Remove long suffix
<code>\${F00##prefix}</code>	Remove long prefix
<code>\${F00/from/to}</code>	Replace first match
<code>\${F00//from/to}</code>	Replace all
<code>\${F00/%from/to}</code>	Replace suffix
<code>\${F00/#from/to}</code>	Replace prefix
Substrings	
<code>\${F00:0:3}</code>	Substring (position, length)
<code>\${F00:(-3):3}</code>	Substring from the right
Length	
<code>\${#F00}</code>	Length of \$F00
Default values	
<code>\${F00:-val}</code>	\$F00, or val if unset

Substitution	
<code>echo \${food:-Cake}</code>	<code>#=&gt; \$food or "Cake"</code>
<code>STR="/path/to/foo.cpp"</code>	
<code>echo \${STR%.cpp}</code>	<code># /path/to/foo</code>
<code>echo \${STR%.cpp}.o</code>	<code># /path/to/foo.o</code>
<code>echo \${STR%/*}</code>	<code># /path/to</code>
<code>echo \${STR##*.}</code>	<code># cpp (extension)</code>
<code>echo \${STR##*/}</code>	<code># foo.cpp (basepath)</code>
<code>echo \${STR#*/}</code>	<code># path/to/foo.cpp</code>
<code>echo \${STR##*/}</code>	<code># foo.cpp</code>
<code>echo \${STR/foo/bar}</code>	<code># /path/to/bar.cpp</code>

Slicing	
<code>name="John"</code>	
<code>echo \${name}</code>	<code># =&gt; John</code>
<code>echo \${name:0:2}</code>	<code># =&gt; Jo</code>
<code>echo \${name::2}</code>	<code># =&gt; Jo</code>
<code>echo \${name::-1}</code>	<code># =&gt; Joh</code>
<code>echo \${name: (-1)}</code>	<code># =&gt; n</code>
<code>echo \${name: (-2)}</code>	<code># =&gt; hn</code>
<code>echo \${name: (-2):2}</code>	<code># =&gt; hn</code>
<code>length=2</code>	
<code>echo \${name:0:length}</code>	<code># =&gt; Jo</code>
See: <a href="#">Parameter expansion</a>	

<code>\${F00:=val}</code>	Set \$F00 to val if unset
<code>\${F00:+val}</code>	val if \$F00 is set
<code>\${F00:?message}</code>	Show message and exit if \$F00 is unset

basepath & dirpath	
<code>SRC="/path/to/foo.cpp"</code>	
<code>BASEPATH=\${SRC##*/}</code> <code>echo \$BASEPATH # =&gt; "foo.cpp"</code>	
<code>DIRPATH=\${SRC%\$BASEPATH}</code> <code>echo \$DIRPATH # =&gt; "/path/to/"</code>	

Transform	
<code>STR="HELLO WORLD!"</code> <code>echo \${STR,} # =&gt; hELLO WORLD!</code> <code>echo \${STR,,} # =&gt; hello world!</code>	
<code>STR="hello world!"</code> <code>echo \${STR^} # =&gt; Hello world!</code> <code>echo \${STR^^} # =&gt; HELLO WORLD!</code>	
<code>ARR=(hello World)</code> <code>echo "\${ARR[@],}" # =&gt; hello world</code> <code>echo "\${ARR[@]^}" # =&gt; Hello World</code>	

## # Bash Arrays

Defining arrays
<code>Fruits=('Apple' 'Banana' 'Orange')</code>
<code>Fruits[0]="Apple"</code> <code>Fruits[1]="Banana"</code> <code>Fruits[2]="Orange"</code>
<code>ARRAY1=(foo{1..2}) # =&gt; foo1 foo2</code> <code>ARRAY2=({A..D}) # =&gt; A B C D</code>
<code># Merge =&gt; foo1 foo2 A B C D</code> <code>ARRAY3=(\${ARRAY1[@]} \${ARRAY2[@]})</code>
<code># declare construct</code> <code>declare -a Numbers=(1 2 3)</code> <code>Numbers+=(4 5) # Append =&gt; 1 2 3 4 5</code>

Indexing	
<code>\${Fruits[0]}</code>	First element
<code>\${Fruits[-1]}</code>	Last element
<code>\${Fruits[*]}</code>	All elements
<code>\${Fruits[@]}</code>	All elements
<code>\${#Fruits[@]}</code>	Number of all
<code>\${#Fruits}</code>	Length of 1st
<code>\${#Fruits[3]}</code>	Length of nth
<code>\${Fruits[@]:3:2}</code>	Range
<code>\${!Fruits[@]}</code>	Keys of all

Iteration
<code>Fruits=('Apple' 'Banana' 'Orange')</code>  <code>for e in "\${Fruits[@]}"; do</code> <code>echo \$e</code> <code>done</code>
With index
<code>for i in "\${!Fruits[@]}"; do</code> <code>printf "%s\t%s\n" "\$i" "\${Fruits[\$i]}"</code> <code>done</code>

```
Fruits=("${Fruits[@]}" "Watermelon")      # Push
Fruits+=('Watermelon')                    # Also Push
Fruits=( ${Fruits[@]/Ap*/} )              # Remove by regex match
unset Fruits[2]                           # Remove one item
Fruits=("${Fruits[@]}")                   # Duplicate
Fruits=("${Fruits[@]}" "${Veggies[@]}")   # Concatenate
lines=(`cat "logfile"`)                   # Read from file
```

```
function extract()
{
    local -n myarray=$1
    local idx=$2
    echo "${myarray[$idx]}"
}
Fruits=('Apple' 'Banana' 'Orange')
extract Fruits 2      # => Orange
```

## # Bash Dictionaries

### Defining

```
declare -A sounds

sounds[dog]="bark"
sounds[cow]="moo"
sounds[bird]="tweet"
sounds[wolf]="howl"
```

### Working with dictionaries

```
echo ${sounds[dog]} # Dog's sound
echo ${sounds[@]}   # All values
echo ${!sounds[@]}  # All keys
echo ${#sounds[@]}  # Number of elements
unset sounds[dog]   # Delete dog
```

### Iteration

```
for val in "${sounds[@]"; do
    echo $val
done

for key in "${!sounds[@]"; do
    echo $key
done
```

## # Bash Conditionals

Integer conditions	
<code>[[ NUM -eq NUM ]]</code>	Equal
<code>[[ NUM -ne NUM ]]</code>	Not equal
<code>[[ NUM -lt NUM ]]</code>	Less than
<code>[[ NUM -le NUM ]]</code>	Less than or equal
<code>[[ NUM -gt NUM ]]</code>	Greater than
<code>[[ NUM -ge NUM ]]</code>	Greater than or equal
<code>(( NUM &lt; NUM ))</code>	Less than
<code>(( NUM &lt;= NUM ))</code>	Less than or equal
<code>(( NUM &gt; NUM ))</code>	Greater than
<code>(( NUM &gt;= NUM ))</code>	Greater than or equal

String conditions	
<code>[[ -z STR ]]</code>	Empty string
<code>[[ -n STR ]]</code>	Not empty string
<code>[[ STR == STR ]]</code>	Equal
<code>[[ STR = STR ]]</code>	Equal (Same above)
<code>[[ STR &lt; STR ]]</code>	Less than (ASCII)
<code>[[ STR &gt; STR ]]</code>	Greater than (ASCII)
<code>[[ STR != STR ]]</code>	Not Equal
<code>[[ STR =~ STR ]]</code>	Regex

Example
String <pre>if [[ -z "\$string" ]]; then     echo "String is empty" elif [[ -n "\$string" ]]; then     echo "String is not empty" else     echo "This never happens" fi</pre>
Combinations <pre>if [[ X &amp;&amp; Y ]]; then     ... fi</pre>
Equal <pre>if [[ "\$A" == "\$B" ]]; then     ... fi</pre>
Regex <pre>if [[ '1. abc' =~ ([a-z]+) ]]; then     echo \${BASH_REMATCH[1]} fi</pre>
Smaller <pre>if (( \$a &lt; \$b )); then     echo "\$a is smaller than \$b" fi</pre>
Exists <pre>if [[ -e "file.txt" ]]; then     echo "file exists" fi</pre>

File conditions	
<code>[[ -e FILE ]]</code>	Exists
<code>[[ -d FILE ]]</code>	Directory
<code>[[ -f FILE ]]</code>	File
<code>[[ -h FILE ]]</code>	Symlink
<code>[[ -s FILE ]]</code>	Size is > 0 bytes
<code>[[ -r FILE ]]</code>	Readable
<code>[[ -w FILE ]]</code>	Writable
<code>[[ -x FILE ]]</code>	Executable
<code>[[ f1 -nt f2 ]]</code>	f1 newer than f2
<code>[[ f1 -ot f2 ]]</code>	f2 older than f1
<code>[[ f1 -ef f2 ]]</code>	Same files

More conditions	
<code>[[ -o noclobber ]]</code>	If OPTION is enabled
<code>[[ ! EXPR ]]</code>	Not
<code>[[ X &amp;&amp; Y ]]</code>	And
<code>[[ X    Y ]]</code>	Or

logical and, or
<pre>if [ "\$1" = 'y' -a \$2 -gt 0 ]; then     echo "yes" fi  if [ "\$1" = 'n' -o \$2 -lt 0 ]; then     echo "no" fi</pre>

# # Bash Loops

## Basic for loop

```
for i in /etc/rc.*; do
    echo $i
done
```

## C-like for loop

```
for ((i = 0 ; i < 100 ; i++)); do
    echo $i
done
```

## Ranges

```
for i in {1..5}; do
    echo "Welcome $i"
done
```

## With step size

```
for i in {5..50..5}; do
    echo "Welcome $i"
done
```

## Auto increment

```
i=1
while [[ $i -lt 4 ]]; do
    echo "Number: $i"
    ((i++))
done
```

## Auto decrement

```
i=3
while [[ $i -gt 0 ]]; do
    echo "Number: $i"
    ((i--))
done
```

## Continue

```
for number in $(seq 1 3); do
    if [[ $number == 2 ]]; then
        continue;
    fi
    echo "$number"
done
```

## Break

```
for number in $(seq 1 3); do
    if [[ $number == 2 ]]; then
        # Skip entire rest of loop.
        break;
    fi
    # This will only print 1
    echo "$number"
done
```

## Until

```
count=0
until [ $count -gt 10 ]; do
    echo "$count"
    ((count++))
done
```

## Forever

```
while true; do
    # here is some code.
done
```

## Forever (shorthand)

```
while ;; do
    # here is some code.
done
```

## Reading lines

```
cat file.txt | while read line; do
    echo $line
done
```

# # Bash Functions

## Defining functions

```
myfunc() {
    echo "hello $1"
}

# Same as above (alternate syntax)
function myfunc() {
    echo "hello $1"
}

myfunc "John"
```

## Returning values

```
myfunc() {
    local myresult='some value'
    echo $myresult
}

result="$(myfunc)"
```

## Raising errors

```
myfunc() {
    return 1
}

if myfunc; then
    echo "success"
else
    echo "failure"
fi
```

## # Bash Options

## Options

```
# Avoid overlay files
# (echo "hi" > foo)
set -o noclobber

# Used to exit upon error
# avoiding cascading errors
set -o errexit

# Unveils hidden failures
set -o pipefail

# Exposes unset variables
set -o nounset
```

## Glob options

```
# Non-matching globs are removed
# ('*.foo' => '')
shopt -s nullglob

# Non-matching globs throw errors
shopt -s failglob

# Case insensitive globs
shopt -s nocaseglob

# Wildcards match dotfiles
# ("*.sh" => ".foo.sh")
shopt -s dotglob

# Allow ** for recursive matches
# ('lib/**/*.rb' => 'lib/a/b/c.rb')
shopt -s globstar
```

## # Bash History

Commands	
<code>history</code>	Show history
<code>sudo !!</code>	Run the previous command with sudo
<code>shopt -s histverify</code>	Don't execute expanded result immediately

Expansions	
<code>!\$</code>	Expand last parameter of most recent command
<code>!*</code>	Expand all parameters of most recent command
<code>!-n</code>	Expand nth most recent command
<code>!n</code>	Expand nth command in history
<code>!&lt;command&gt;</code>	Expand most recent invocation of command <command>

Operations	
<code>!!</code>	Execute last command again
<code>!!:s/&lt;FROM&gt;/&lt;TO&gt;/</code>	Replace first occurrence of <FROM> to <TO> in most recent command
<code>!!:gs/&lt;FROM&gt;/&lt;TO&gt;/</code>	Replace all occurrences of <FROM> to <TO> in most recent command
<code>!\$:t</code>	Expand only basename from last parameter of most recent command
<code>!\$:h</code>	Expand only directory from last parameter of most recent command
<code>!!</code> and <code>!\$</code> can be replaced with any valid expansion.	

Slices	
<code>!!:n</code>	Expand only nth token from most recent command (command is 0; first argument is 1)
<code>!^</code>	Expand first argument from most recent command
<code>!\$</code>	Expand last token from most recent command
<code>!!:n-m</code>	Expand range of tokens from most recent command
<code>!!:n-\$</code>	Expand nth token to last from most recent command
<code>!!</code> can be replaced with any valid expansion i.e. <code>!cat</code> , <code>!-2</code> , <code>!42</code> , etc.	

## # Miscellaneous

Numeric calculations	
<code>\$(a + 200)</code>	# Add 200 to \$a
<code>\$(RANDOM%200)</code>	# Random number 0..199

Subshells	
<code>(cd somedir; echo "I'm now in \$PWD")</code>	
<code>pwd</code>	# still in first directory

Inspecting commands	
<code>command -V cd</code>	
<code>#=&gt;</code>	"cd is a function/alias/whatever"



## Redirection

```
python hello.py > output.txt    # stdout to (file)
python hello.py >> output.txt    # stdout to (file), append
python hello.py 2> error.log    # stderr to (file)
python hello.py 2>&1            # stderr to stdout
python hello.py 2>/dev/null     # stderr to (null)
python hello.py &>/dev/null     # stdout and stderr to (null)

python hello.py < foo.txt       # feed foo.txt to stdin for python
```

## Source relative

```
source "${0%/*}/../share/foo.sh"
```

## Directory of script

```
DIR="${0%/*}"
```

## Case/switch

```
case "$1" in
    start | up)
        vagrant up
        ;;

    *)
        echo "Usage: $0 {start|stop|ssh}"
        ;;
esac
```

## Trap errors

```
trap 'echo Error at about $LINENO' ERR
```

or

```
traperr() {
    echo "ERROR: ${BASH_SOURCE[1]} at about ${BASH_LINENO[0]}"
}

set -o errtrace
trap traperr ERR
```

## printf

```
printf "Hello %s, I'm %s" Sven Olga
#=> "Hello Sven, I'm Olga"

printf "1 + 1 = %d" 2
#=> "1 + 1 = 2"

printf "Print a float: %f" 2
#=> "Print a float: 2.000000"
```

## Getting options

```
while [[ "$1" =~ ^- && ! "$1" == "--" ]]; do case $1 in
    -V | --version )
        echo $version
        exit
        ;;
    -s | --string )
        shift; string=$1
        ;;
    -f | --flag )
        flag=1
        ;;
esac; shift; done
if [[ "$1" == "--" ]]; then shift; fi
```

```
if ping -c 1 google.com; then
    echo "It appears you have a working internet connection"
fi
```

#### Check for command's result

```
if grep -q 'foo' ~/.bash_history; then
    echo "You appear to have typed 'foo' in the past"
fi
```

#### Grep check

#### Special variables

<code>\$?</code>	Exit status of last task
<code>\$!</code>	PID of last background task
<code>\$\$</code>	PID of shell
<code>\$0</code>	Filename of the shell script

See [Special parameters](#).

#### Backslash escapes

	<code>!</code>	<code>"</code>	<code>#</code>
<code>&amp;</code>	<code>'</code>	<code>(</code>	<code>)</code>
<code>,</code>	<code>;</code>	<code>&lt;</code>	<code>&gt;</code>
<code>[</code>	<code> </code>	<code>\</code>	<code>]</code>
<code>^</code>	<code>{</code>	<code>}</code>	<code>`</code>
<code>\$</code>	<code>*</code>	<code>?</code>	

```
cat <<END
hello world
END
```

#### Heredoc

#### Go to previous directory

```
pwd # /home/user/foo
cd bar/
pwd # /home/user/foo/bar
cd -
pwd # /home/user/foo
```

Escape these special characters with `\`

#### Reading input

```
echo -n "Proceed? [y/n]: "
read ans
echo $ans
```

```
read -n 1 ans    # Just one character
```

#### Conditional execution

```
git commit && git push
git commit || echo "Commit failed"
```

#### Strict mode

```
set -euo pipefail
IFS=$'\n\t'
```

See: [Unofficial bash strict mode](#)

#### Optional arguments

```
args=("$@")
args+=(foo)
args+=(bar)
echo "${args[@]}"
```

Put the arguments into an array and then append

# # Also see

[Devhints](#) (devhints.io)

[Bash-hackers wiki](#) (bash-hackers.org)

[Shell vars](#) (bash-hackers.org)

[Learn bash in y minutes](#) (learnxinyminutes.com)

[Bash Guide](#) (mywiki.woledge.org)

[ShellCheck](#) (shellcheck.net)

[shell - Standard Shell](#) (devmanual.gentoo.org)

## Related Cheatsheet

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Quick Reference

**Hook Cheatsheet**

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**Powershell Cheatsheet**

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