

Python102

Python for Data Science Bootcamp

(6) Introduction to Machine Learning

AIAT Academy

Introduction to Machine Learning

- Textbook

- Introduction to Statistical Learning by Gareth James

<http://www-bcf.usc.edu/~gareth/ISL/index.html>

- <https://github.com/JWarmenhoven/ISLR-python>

An Introduction to Statistical Learning

with Applications in R

Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie and Robert Tibshirani

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[R Code for Labs](#)

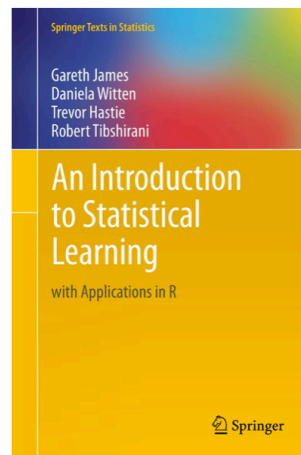
[Data Sets and Figures](#)

[ISLR Package](#)

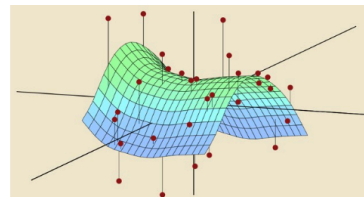
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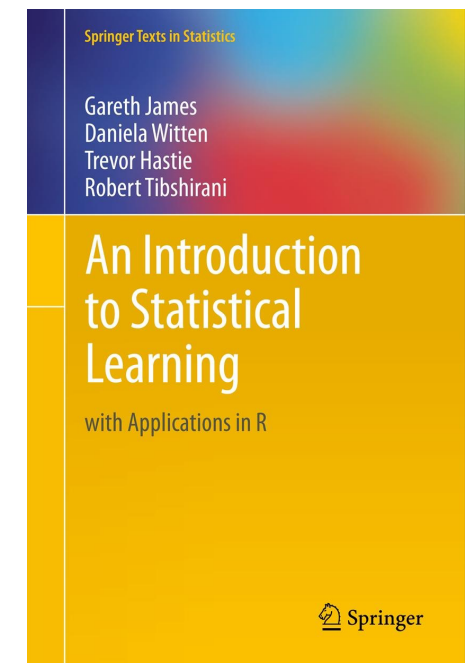
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Statistical Learning MOOC covering the entire ISL book offered by Trevor Hastie and Rob Tibshirani. Start anytime in self-paced mode.

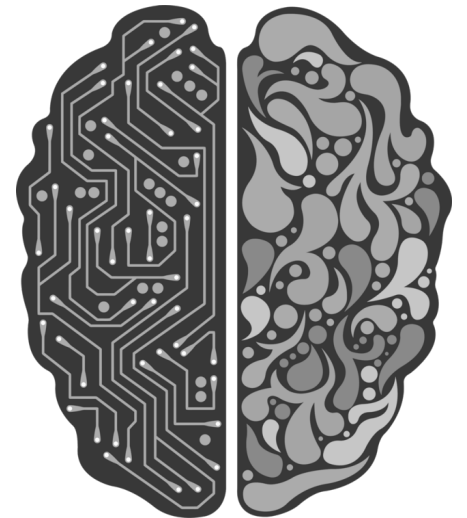
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Introduction to Machine Learning

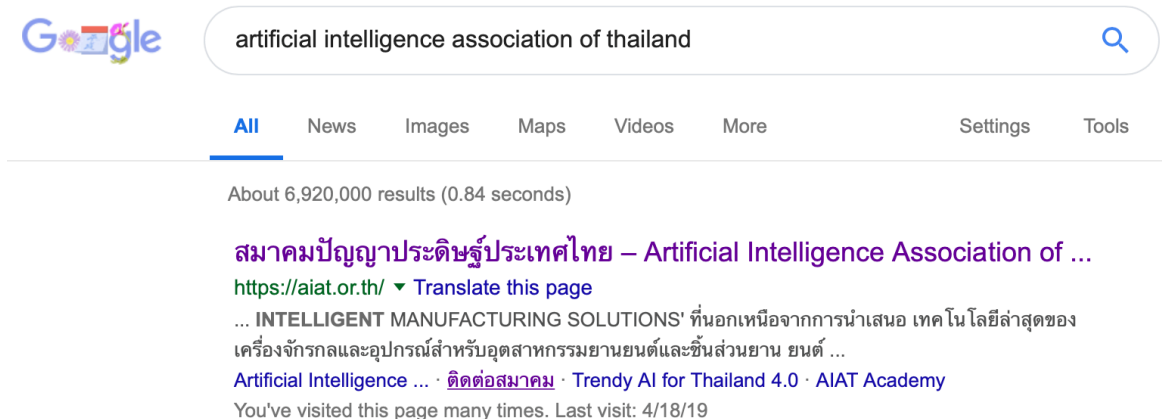
- Machine Learning (ML) is a method of **data analysis** that **automates** analytical model building
- Using algorithms that **iteratively learning** from data to **find hidden insights** in the data



Introduction to Machine Learning

- What is it used for?
 - License plate recognition
 - Optical Character Recognition (OCR)
 - Recommendation Systems

...



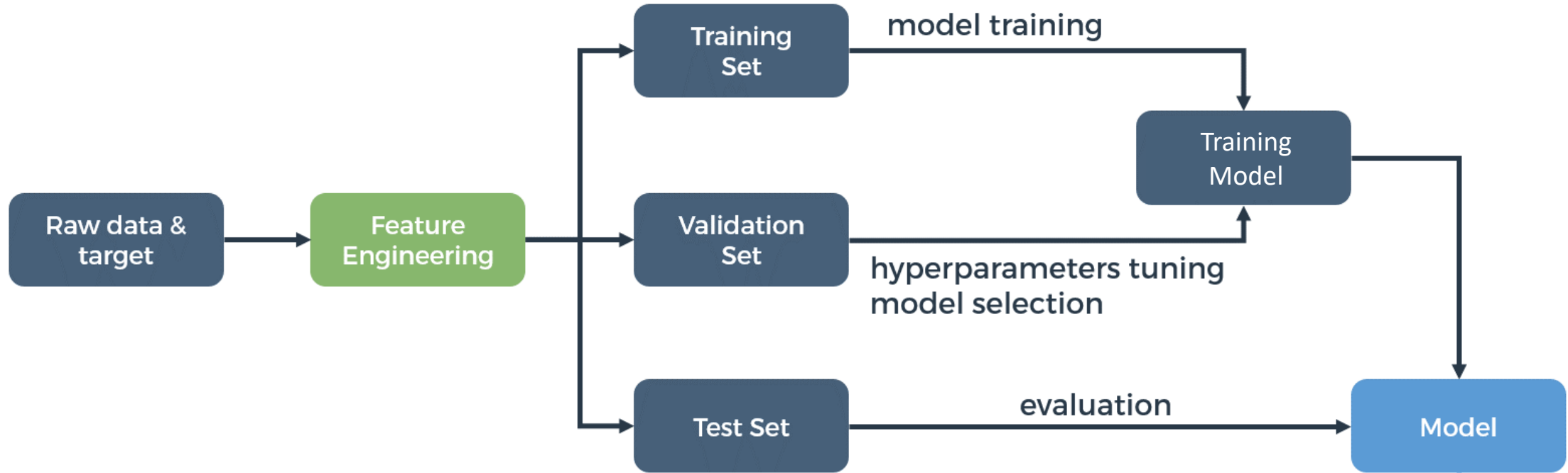
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Introduction to Machine Learning (Process)

TRAINING



PREDICTING



Introduction to Machine Learning

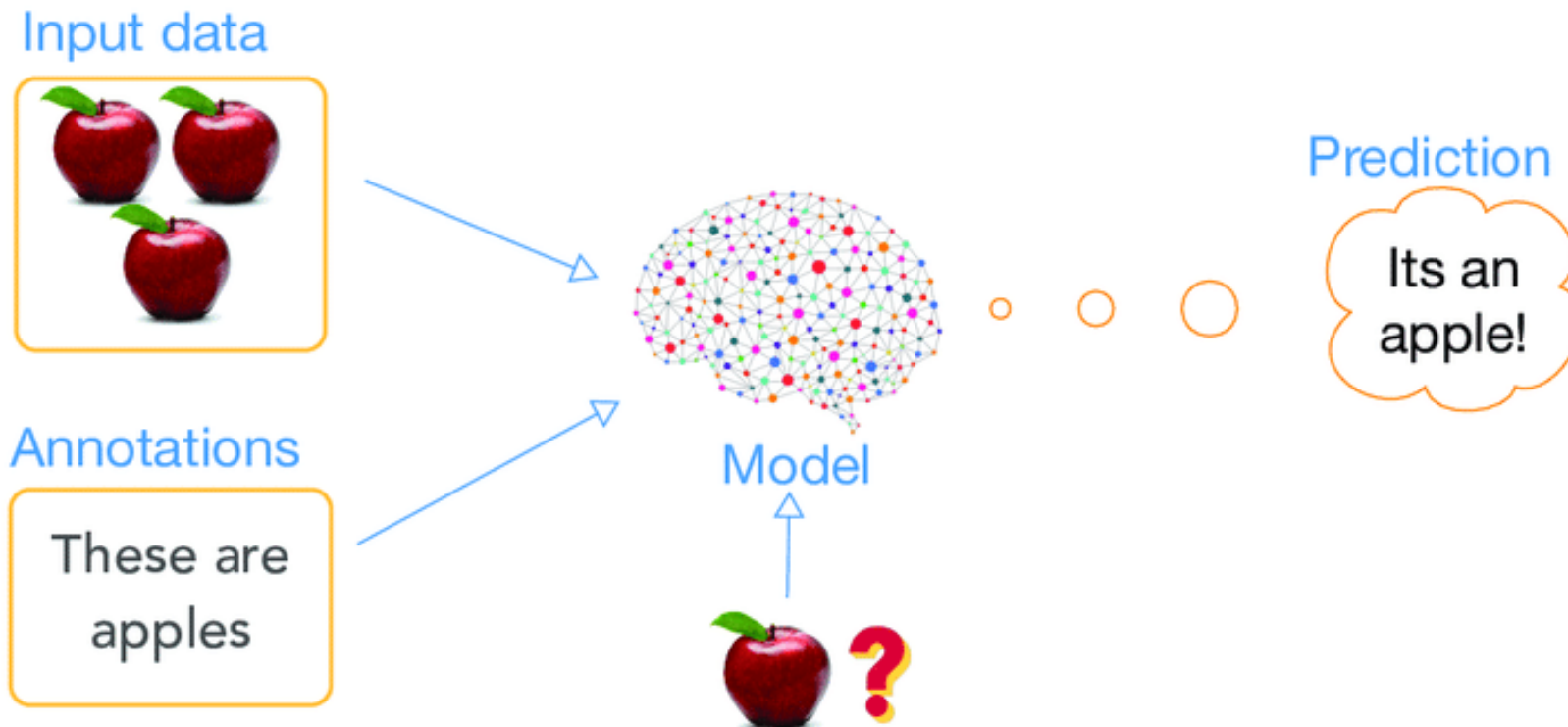
- 3 main types of ML algorithms
 - Supervised Learning
 - Unsupervised Learning
 - Reinforcement Learning

Introduction to Machine Learning

- Supervised Learning
 - You have **labelled data** and trying to **predict** a label on new data
- Unsupervised Learning
 - You have **unlabelled data** and trying to **group together similar** data points
- Reinforcement Learning
 - Algorithm **learns** to perform an action **from experience**

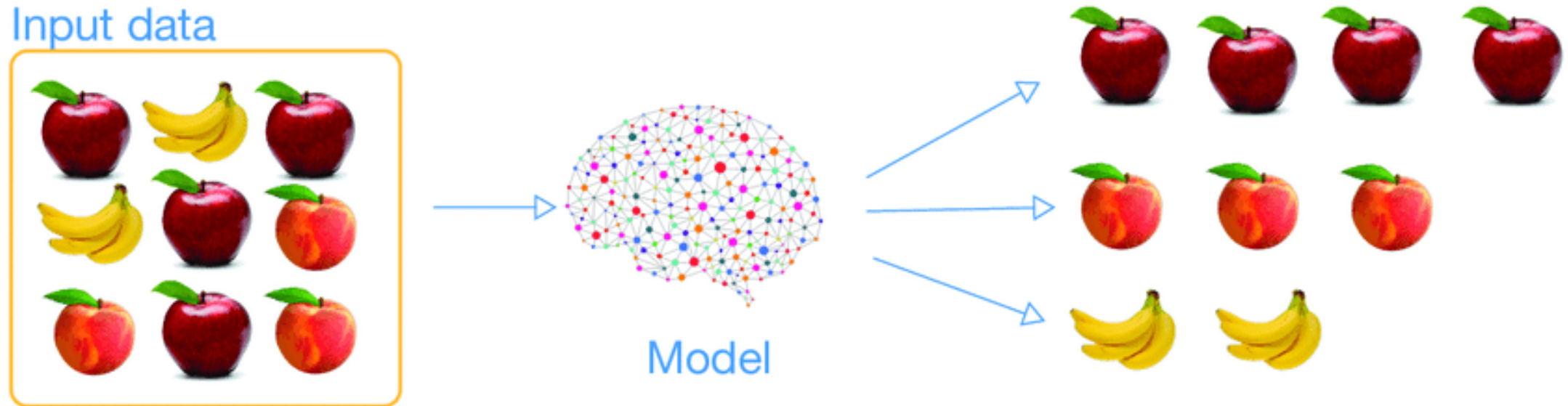
Introduction to Machine Learning

- **Supervised Learning** algorithms are trained using **labelled** example (an input that we know desired output)
- Supervised learning is commonly used in application where historical data predicts likely future events (**Classification**)



Introduction to Machine Learning

- **Unsupervised Learning** is used for data that has no labels
- The system is not told the **right answer** but explore the data and find some structure for **grouping (Clustering)**



Introduction to Machine Learning

- **Reinforcement Learning** is often used for robotics, gaming and navigation
- The algorithm discovers through trial and error which action yield the greatest reward



GO + POSITIVE ODOUR
(REWARD)



GO + NEGATIVE ODOUR
(PUNISHMENT)



NO-GO + POSITIVE ODOUR
(NO-PUNISHMENT
NO-REWARD)



NO-GO + NEGATIVE ODOUR
(NO-PUNISHMENT
NO-REWARD)