

## RPC

In this laboratory work I implemented scientific calculator in form of RPC server and client. Which does the following tasks: Client enters the number(s) and choose some mathematical operation to do, they are "factorization", "is prime", "factorial", "exponentiation". All calculations are done on server side and return answer to client.

This project was written on Ruby on Rails. For working with message queuing I used RabbitMQ server. And Bunny gem, which is ruby client for working with RabbitMQ.

Let's analyze code:

This is our client view, which sends messages to the HomeController#lab5(I updated lab5, so action's name remained "lab5")

```
#lab5-1/app/views/home/about.html.erb
<div style="width: 400px; margin: 0 auto;">
  <select name="type" style="float: left">
    <option value="factorization">Factorization</option>
    <option value="is_prime">Is Prime</option>
    <option value="factorial">Factorial</option>
    <option value="exponentiation">Exponentiation</option>
  </select>
  <br><br>
  <input id="val1" name="value" placeholder="Enter your value"
style="float: left" type="number">
  <input id="hid" name="value1" placeholder="Enter second value"
style="float: left; visibility: hidden" type="number">
  <br><br><br>
  <button id="sub">Submit</button>
  <br><br>
  <label>Answer: </label>
  <div id="answer"></div>
</div>
<script>
  $(document).ready(function(){
    $("select").change(function(){
      var val = $(this).val()
      if (val == 'exponentiation')
      {
        $("#hid").css('visibility', 'visible')
      }
      else
```

```

        {
            $("#hid").css('visibility', 'hidden')
        }
    });
    $("#sub").click(function(){
        var type = $("#select").val();
        var val1 = $("#val1").val();
        var val2 = $("#hid").val();
        $.ajax({
            method: "POST",
            url: "/lab5",
            dataType: "json",
            data: { type: type, value: val1, value1: val2 }
        })
        .success(function(data){
            $("#answer").html(data.status)
        });
    });
});
</script>

```

HomeController, which creates channel and calls server, answer comes to response

```
#lab5-1/app/controllers/home_controller.rb
```

```

def lab5
  type = params[:type]
  value = params[:value]
  value1 = params[:value1]
  if type == 'exponentiation'
    value = value.to_s+" "+value1.to_s
  end
end

```

```

require "bunny"
require "thread"

```

```

conn = Bunny.new(:automatically_recover => false)
conn.start

```

```
ch = conn.create_channel
```

```

client = CalculatorClient.new(ch, "rpc_queue")
puts " [x] Requesting "+value+" "
response = client.call(type.to_s+" "+value.to_s)
puts " [.] Got #{response}"

```

```
ch.close
conn.close
```

```
@s = {}
@s[:status] = response
render json: @s
end
```

Here is class which makes calculations on server

```
#lab5-2/app/services/calculator_server.rb
```

```
class CalculatorServer
```

```
  def initialize(ch)
    @ch = ch
  end
```

```
  def start(queue_name)
    @q = @ch.queue(queue_name)
    @x = @ch.default_exchange
```

```
    @q.subscribe(:block => true) do |delivery_info, properties, payload|
      #   n = payload.to_i
```

```
      my_arr = payload.split('+')
      type = my_arr[0]
      value = my_arr[1]
      if type == "factorization"
        r = self.class.factorization(value)
      elsif type == "is_prime"
        r = self.class.is_prime(value)
      elsif type == "factorial"
        r = self.class.factorial(value)
      elsif type == "exponentiation"
        r = self.class.exponentiation(value)
      end
      #   r = self.class.fib(n)
      @x.publish(r.to_s, :routing_key => properties.reply_to, :correlation_id =>
properties.correlation_id)
    end
  end
end
```

```
  def self.factorization(value)
    require 'prime'
```

```
@pd = (value.to_i).prime_division
return "factorization of "+value.to_s+": "+@pd.to_s
end
```

```
def self.is_prime(value)
  require 'prime'
  if (value.to_i).prime?
    return value.to_s+" is prime"
  else
    return value.to_s+" is not prime"
  end
end
```

```
def self.factorial(value)
  f = 1; for i in 1..value.to_i; f *= i; end; f
  return "factorial of "+value.to_s+": "+f.to_s
end
```

```
def self.exponentiation(value)
  my_arr = value.split(' ')
  val1 = my_arr[0].to_i
  val2 = my_arr[1].to_i
```

```
  return "exponentiation of "+val1.to_s+" to degree "+val2.to_s+" is equal to "+(val1**val2).to_s
end
```

```
def self.fib(n)
  case n
  when 0 then 0
  when 1 then 1
  else
    fib(n - 1) + fib(n - 2)
  end
end
```