Introduction to Machine Learning and Python Programming

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What is Machine Learning?

We want computers act like human (Al paradigm)

Human learn from past experiences Computers Follow instructions



https://www.ibm.com/ibm/history/ibm100/us/en/i cons/ibm700series/impacts/

Field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed

(Arthur Samuel 1951)

The Samuel Checkers-playing Program was among the world's first successful self-learning programs.

He coined the term "machine learning" in 1959

Identifying relationship (learning) between Features & output: supervised learning

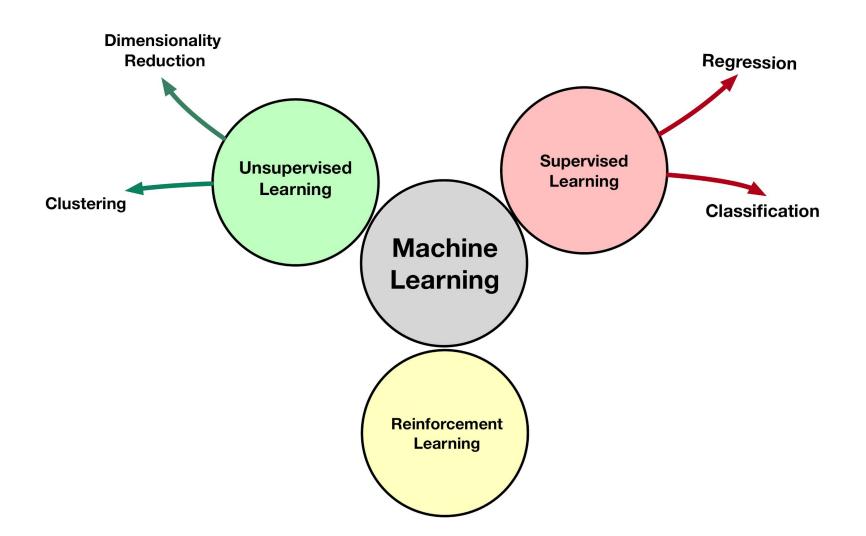
Features themselves: dimensionality reduction and feature engineering

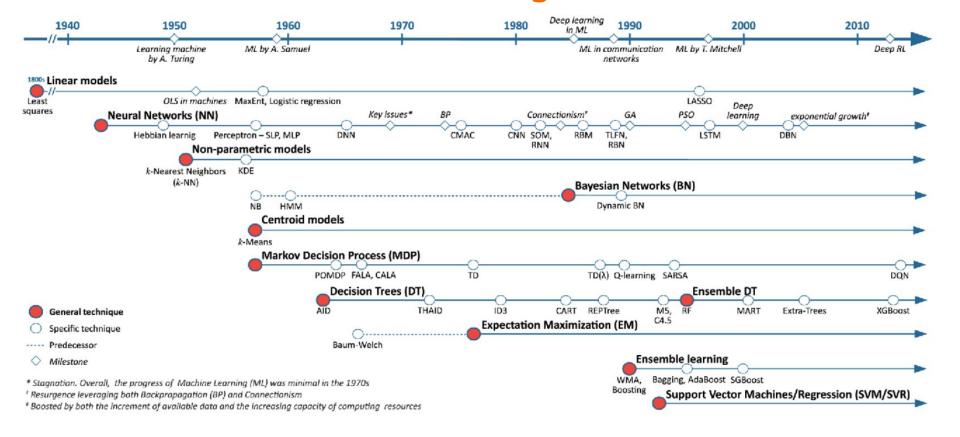
Datapoints: clustering

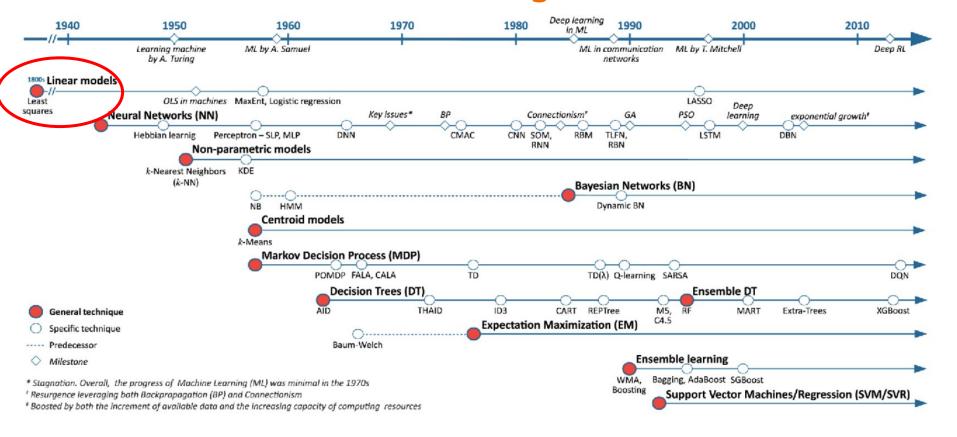
Relationship identification with delayed rewarding: reinforcement learning

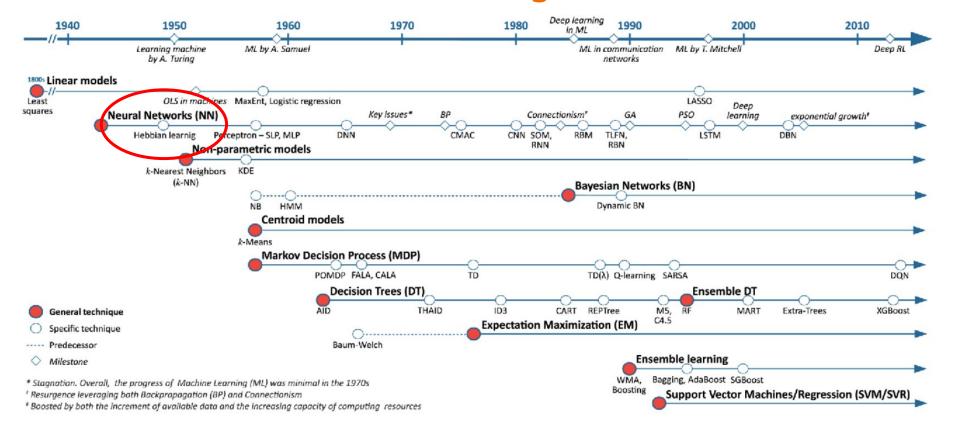
Different variable types

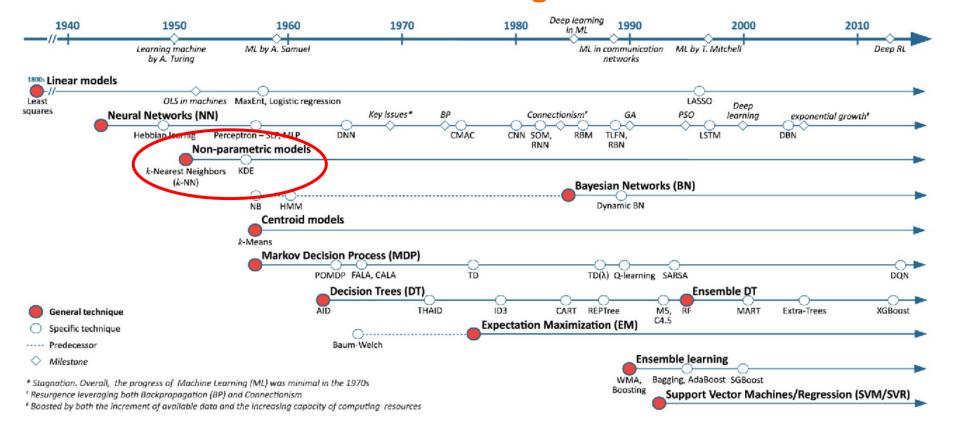
- Continuous
- Discrete
 - Nominal
 - Ordinal
- ..

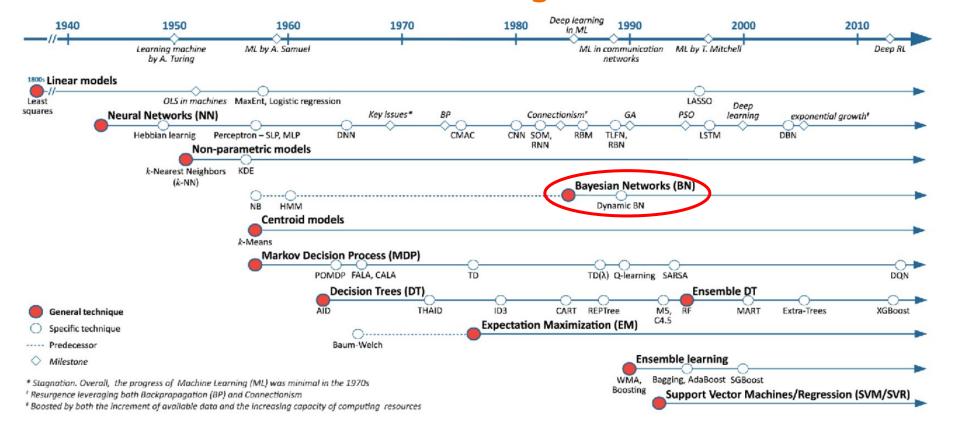


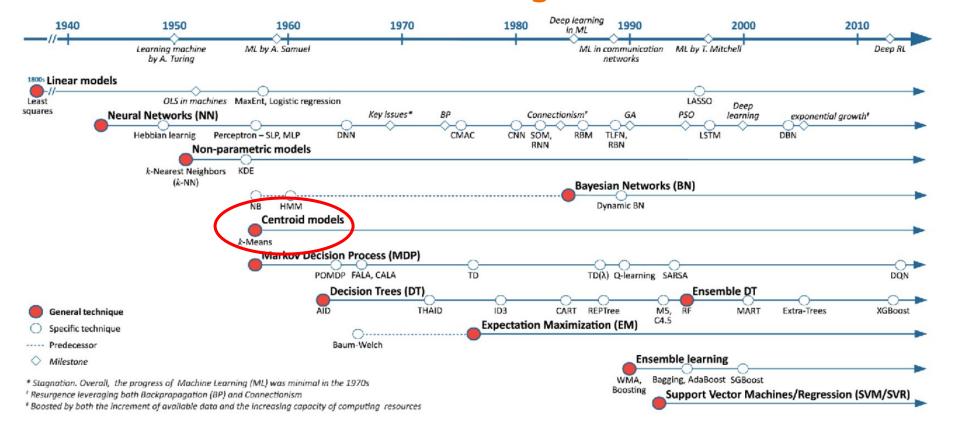


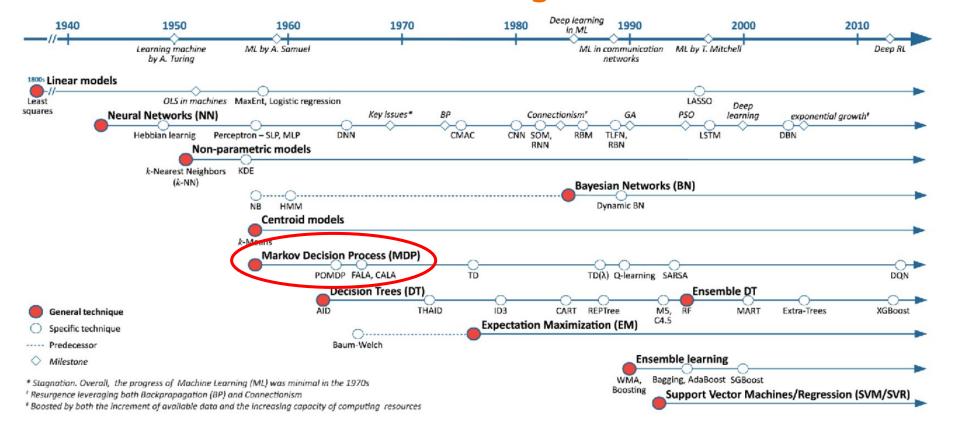


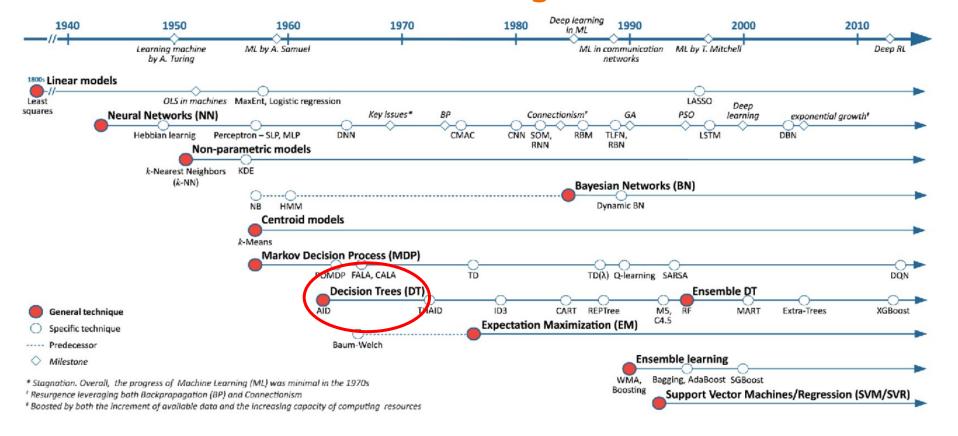


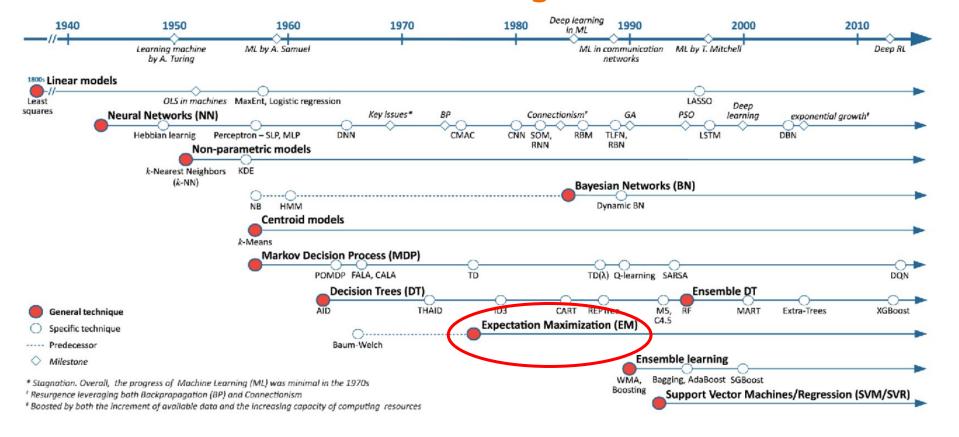


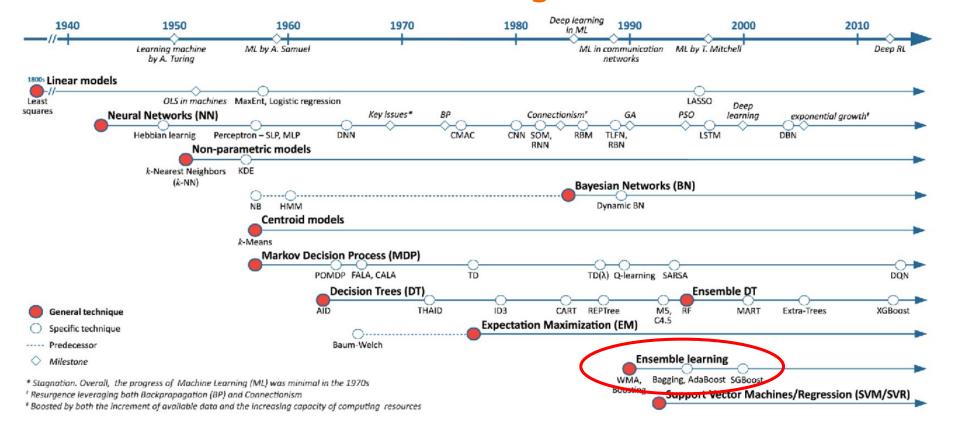


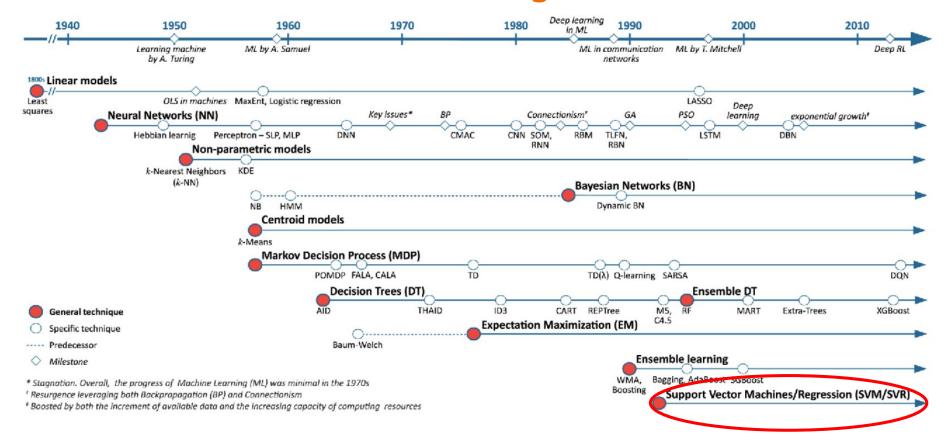












We are lucky

Because of the following reasons, learning how to implement ML and use it in industrial setting became much easier

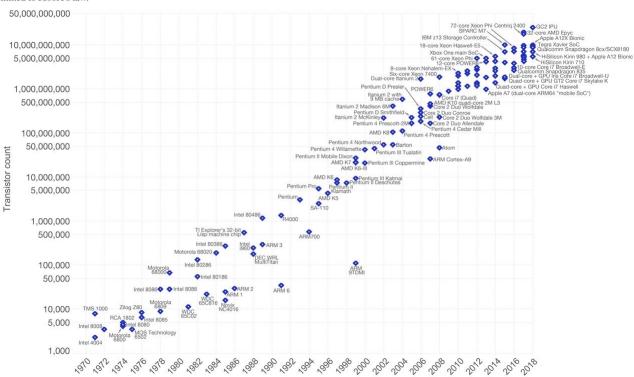
- Programming became easier
- Computational power
- Data availability

Computational power and Moore's law

Moore's Law – The number of transistors on integrated circuit chips (1971-2018)



Moore's law describes the empirical regularity that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles approximately every two years. This advancement is important as other aspects of technological progress – such as processing speed or the price of electronic products – are linked to Moore's law.



We have huge responsibility

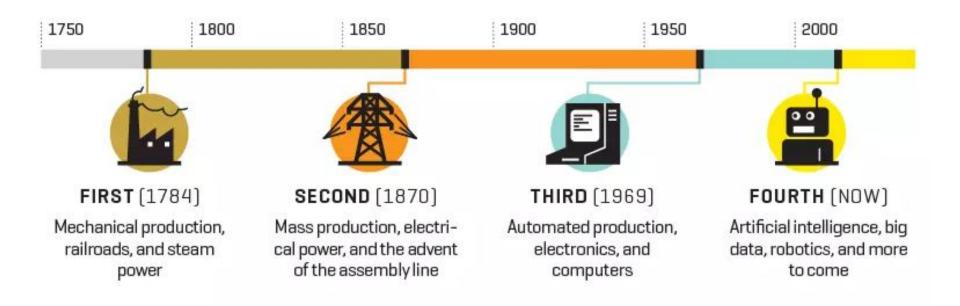
- Do not overpromise
 - It is not magic if
 - we are not magicians
 - the proper ingredient (data) is not available
 - the goal is properly defined

We have huge responsibility

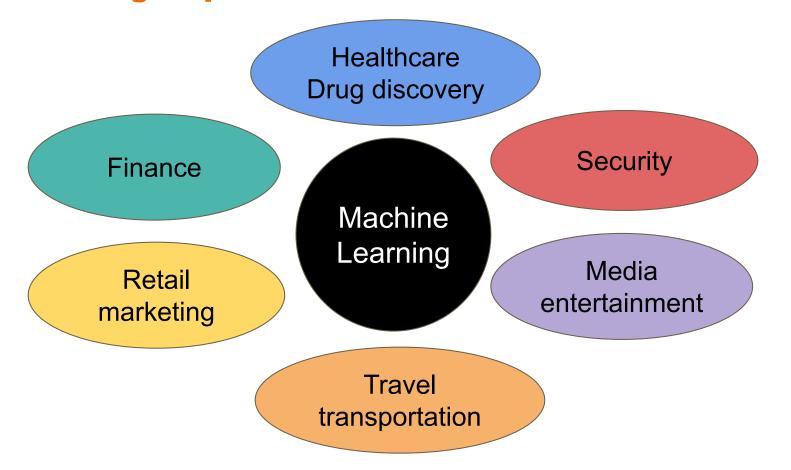
- Do not overpromise
 - It is not magic if
 - we are not magicians
 - the proper ingredient (data) is not available
 - the goal is properly defined
- Proper implementation of ML models
- Proper interpretation

Machine learning application

Four industrial revolutions



ML had big impact in some of the industries



Example of ML in healthcare and drug discovery

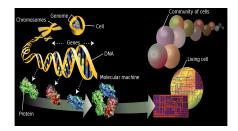


Genentech





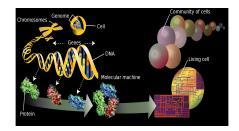
Example of ML in healthcare and drug discovery



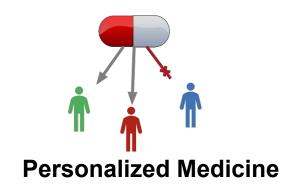
Drug Discovery and Manufacturing

- New drugs (chemical compounds)
- Identifying new targets
- Optimizing manufacturing pipeline

Example of ML in healthcare and drug discovery



Drug Discovery and Manufacturing





Medical Imaging (Diagnosis; Prognosis)

Example of ML in finance



Money-Laundering Prevention



Loan/ Insurance Underwriting



Fraud Detection

Example of ML in finance













Example of ML in retail and marketing

Make an accurate forecast for many products

Detect fraudulent activities

Offer customer-specific product recommendations

Example of ML in retail and marketing









Example of ML in media and entertainment

Recommendation engines

Personalized targeting

Search Optimization

Example of ML in media and entertainment





Example of ML in media and entertainment







Example of ML in transportation





Machine learning Project steps:

- 1. Problem Definition.
- 2. Data Preparation.

Gathering Data

Cleaning Data

- 3. Model Building
- 4. Algorithms Evaluation.
- 5. Results Improvement.
- 6. Results Presentation.

Feature Representation







A matrix of color values(pixels)

322 SOUTHERN LITE IN SOUTHERN LITERATURE retreated to substance and from one by presented to outside a retreated collection and from one by present process of the Course owner. Some are represented periodic rother of the Course owner. Some are represented to the Course owner. Some are represented to the Course of the Cours

List of words with their frequency count

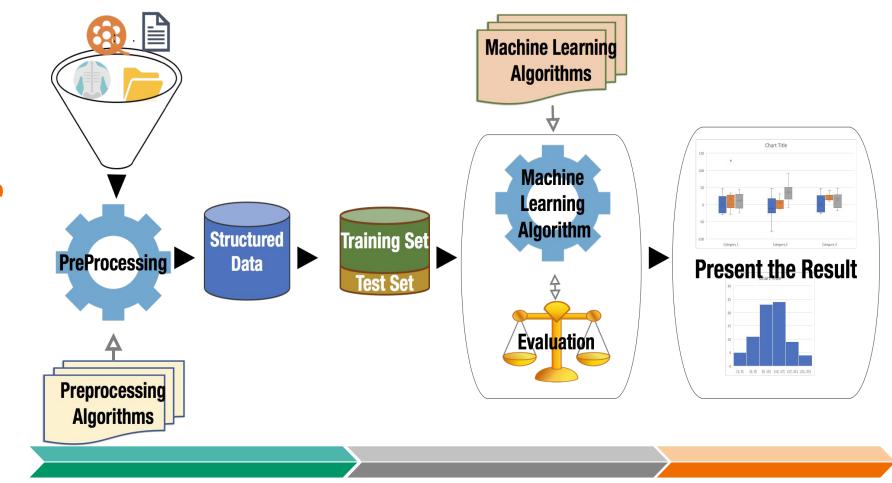
DataSet

Features(Variable/Attribute)

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Size	Location	 #Rooms	Output

A data set (or dataset) is a collection of data Every column of the table represents a particular variable, Each row corresponds to a given member of the data set



Gathering and Cleaning data

Model building and Model evaluation

Deploy selected Model and present result 40

Machine learning in practice

environment setup

Python

Read, understand and prepare data for ML

-Reading: pandas

-Understanding: matplotlib, numpy, etc.

-Preparing: pandas, sklearn

Build ML models and assessing their performances

-sklearn

Preparing the results and saving the outputs

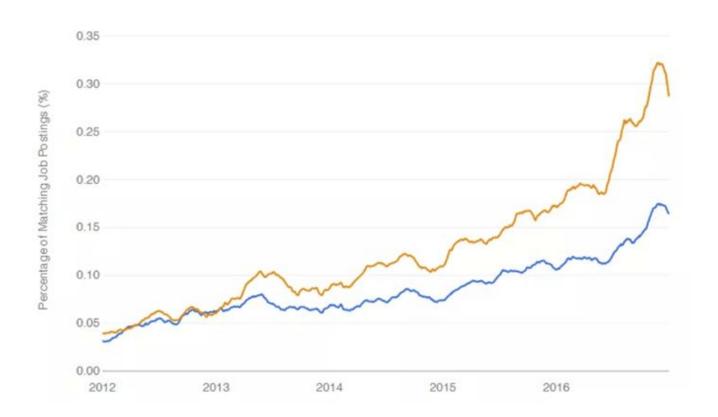
-pandas, matplotlib

Introduction to Python programming

Why Python?

easy to use open sourced **Extensive Support** Libraries multi-paradigm

Python vs R?



Environment: IDLE, Shell

- IDLE ,**Integrated DeveLopment Environment**, is the standard Python development environment.
- It works well on both Unix and Windows platforms.
- It has a Python shell window, which gives you access to the Python interactive mode.
- It also has a file editor that lets you create and edit existing Python source files.

Environment: Jupyter Notebook

An open-source web application that allows you to create and share documents that contain:

- ☐ live code
- Equations
- visualizations
- narrative text.

Algebraic operations

- Rank, determinant, trace, etc. of an array.
- Eigen values of matrices
- Matrix and vector products (dot, inner, outer,etc. product), matrix exponentiation
- Solve linear or tensor equations and much more!

Working with numbers, tuples and strings

There are three **numeric** types in Python: Int, float, complex

String literals in python are surrounded by either single quotation marks, or double quotation marks.

(link to the example)

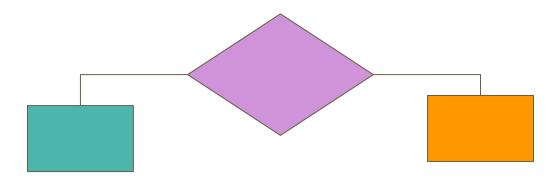
Set, lists, dictionaries in Python

- **List:** ordered and changeable. Allows duplicate members.
- **Tuple:** ordered and unchangeable. Allows duplicate members.
- **Set:** unordered and unindexed. No duplicate members.
- **Dictionary:** unordered, changeable and indexed. No duplicate members.

Conditioning in Python

Python uses boolean variables to evaluate conditions.

The boolean values True and False are returned when an expression is compared or evaluated.



Loops in Python

Python provides three ways for executing the loops.

While all the ways provide similar basic functionality, they differ in their syntax and condition checking time.

for val in sequence: Body of for while test_expression:
Body of while

Writing function in Python

Function is a group of related statements that perform a specific task.

Functions help break our program into smaller and modular chunks. As our program grows larger and larger, functions make it more organized, manageable and readable.

Function avoids repetition and makes code reusable.

```
def function_name(parameters):
"""docstring"""
statement(s)
```

Fundamental packages in Python: numpy

core library for scientific computing

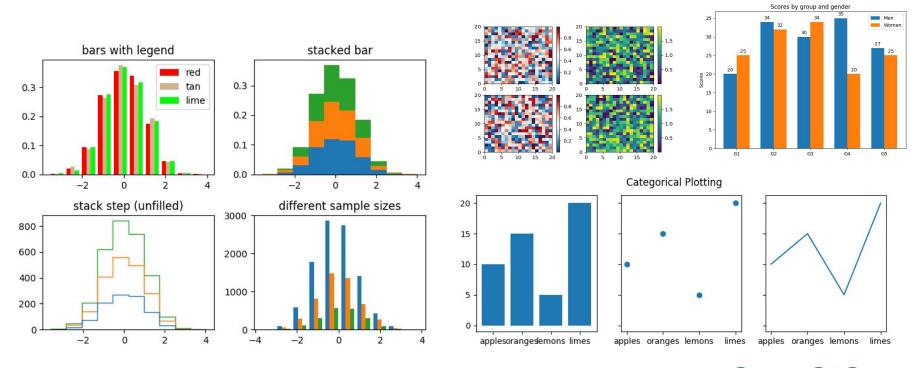
High-performance multidimensional array object

Operations related to linear algebra.

Fundamental packages in Python: matplotlib

- python library used to create 2D graphs and plots by using python scripts.
- pyplot makes things easy for plotting by providing feature to control line styles, font properties, formatting axes etc.
- It supports a very wide variety of graphs and plots namely

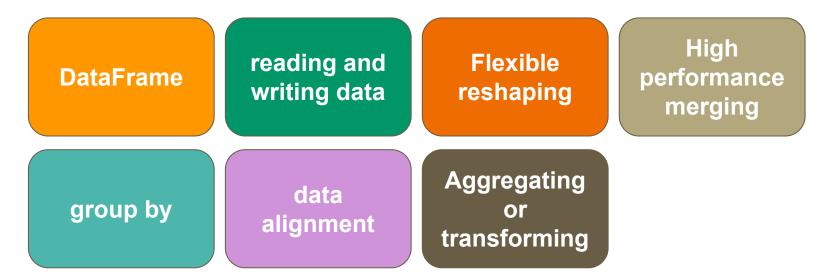
Plotting in Python





Fundamental packages in Python: pandas

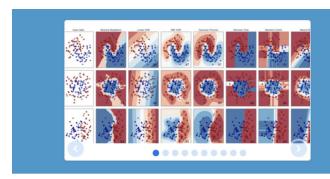
pandas is an open source, BSD-licensed library providing high-performance, easy-to-use data structures and data analysis tools for the Python programming language.



Working with dataframes in Python

index	col1	col2	col3
1			
2			
3			

Machine learning in Python using sklearn



scikit-learn

Machine Learning in Python

- · Simple and efficient tools for data mining and data analysis
- · Accessible to everybody, and reusable in various contexts
- · Built on NumPy, SciPy, and matplotlib
- Open source, commercially usable BSD license

Classification

Identifying to which category an object belongs to.

Applications: Spam detection, Image recognition

Algorithms: SVM, nearest neighbors, random forest, ... — Examples

Regression

Predicting a continuous-valued attribute associated with an object.

Applications: Drug response, Stock prices. **Algorithms**: SVR, ridge regression, Lasso,

Examples

Clustering

Automatic grouping of similar objects into sets.

Applications: Customer segmentation, Grouping experiment outcomes

Algorithms: k-Means, spectral clustering, mean-shift, ... — Examples

Dimensionality reduction

Reducing the number of random variables to consider.

Applications: Visualization, Increased efficiency

Algorithms: PCA, feature selection, nonnegative matrix factorization. — Examples

Model selection

Comparing, validating and choosing parameters and models.

Goal: Improved accuracy via parameter tuning

Modules: grid search, cross validation, metrics. — Examples

Preprocessing

Feature extraction and normalization.

Application: Transforming input data such as text for use with machine learning algorithms. **Modules**: preprocessing, feature extraction.

Examples