## The 1st HW of Electrodynamics

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1. Prove that  $\mathbf{A} \times (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{C}) = (\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{B} - (\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{C}$ :

$$A \times (B \times C) = A \times [(B_{y}C_{z} - B_{z}C_{y}) \mathbf{i} + (B_{z}C_{x} - B_{x}C_{z}) \mathbf{j} + (B_{x}C_{y} - B_{y}C_{x}) \mathbf{k}]$$

$$= [A_{y} (B_{x}C_{y} - B_{y}C_{x}) - A_{z} (B_{z}C_{x} - B_{x}C_{z})] \mathbf{i}$$

$$+ [A_{z} (B_{y}C_{z} - B_{z}C_{y}) - A_{x} (B_{x}C_{y} - B_{y}C_{x})] \mathbf{j}$$

$$+ [A_{x} (B_{z}C_{x} - B_{x}C_{z}) - A_{y} (B_{y}C_{z} - B_{z}C_{y})] \mathbf{k}$$

$$(A \cdot C) B - (A \cdot B) C = (A_x C_x + A_y C_y + A_z C_z) B - (A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z) C$$

$$= [(A_x C_x + A_y C_y + A_z C_z) B_x - (A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z) C_x] i$$

$$+ [(A_x C_x + A_y C_y + A_z C_z) B_y - (A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z) C_y] j$$

$$+ [(A_x C_x + A_y C_y + A_z C_z) B_z - (A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z) C_z] k$$

$$= [(A_y C_y + A_z C_z) B_x - (A_y B_y + A_z B_z) C_x] i$$

$$+ [(A_x C_x + A_z C_z) B_y - (A_x B_x + A_z B_z) C_y] j$$

$$+ [(A_x C_x + A_y C_y) B_z - (A_x B_x + A_y B_y) C_z] k$$

Therefore we have  $A \times (B \times C) = (A \cdot C) B - (A \cdot B) C$ , and for the same reason,  $\nabla \times (\nabla \times A) = \nabla (\nabla \cdot A) - \nabla^2 A$ 

$$\nabla \times (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) = \nabla \times \left[ \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_y \right) \mathbf{i} + \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_z \right) \mathbf{j} + \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right) \mathbf{k} \right]$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_z \right) \right] \mathbf{i}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_y \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right) \right] \mathbf{j}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_z \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_y \right) \right] \mathbf{k}$$

$$\nabla (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}) - \nabla^2 \mathbf{A} = \nabla \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_z \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) \mathbf{A}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_z \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) A_x \right] \mathbf{i}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_z \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) A_y \right] \mathbf{j}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_z \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) A_z \right] \mathbf{k}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_z \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) A_y \right] \mathbf{j}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) A_z \right] \mathbf{k}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_y \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) A_z \right] \mathbf{k}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_z \right) \right] \mathbf{i}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_y \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right) \right] \mathbf{j}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_z \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right) \right] \mathbf{k}$$

Q.E.D.

2. Prove that  $\nabla \cdot (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{B} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) - \mathbf{A} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{B})$ 

$$\nabla \cdot (\boldsymbol{A} \times \boldsymbol{B}) = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix}$$
$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (A_y B_z - A_z B_y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (A_z B_x - A_x B_z) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (A_x B_y - A_y B_x)$$

and for the same reason:

$$\mathbf{B} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) = B_x \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_y \right) + B_y \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_z \right) + B_z \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x \right)$$
$$-\mathbf{A} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) = -A_x \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial y} B_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} B_y \right) - A_y \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} B_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B_z \right) - A_z \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} B_x \right)$$

They are all equal. Q.E.D.

3. Prove 
$$\nabla \times (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{A} (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) - \mathbf{B} (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{A} - (\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{B}$$

$$\nabla \times (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) = (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{A} - (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}) \mathbf{B}$$

$$\nabla \times (\boldsymbol{A} \times \boldsymbol{B}) = \nabla \times [(A_{y}B_{z} - A_{z}B_{y}) \, \boldsymbol{i} + (A_{z}B_{x} - A_{x}B_{z}) \, \boldsymbol{j} + (A_{x}B_{y} - A_{y}B_{x}) \, \boldsymbol{k}]$$

$$= \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( A_{x}B_{y} - A_{y}B_{x} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( A_{z}B_{x} - A_{x}B_{z} \right) \right] \boldsymbol{i}$$

$$+ \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( A_{y}B_{z} - A_{z}B_{y} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( A_{x}B_{y} - A_{y}B_{x} \right) \right] \boldsymbol{j}$$

$$+ \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( A_{z}B_{x} - A_{x}B_{z} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( A_{y}B_{z} - A_{z}B_{y} \right) \right] \boldsymbol{k}$$

$$\boldsymbol{A} \left( \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{B} \right) - \boldsymbol{B} \left( \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{A} \right) + \left( \boldsymbol{B} \cdot \nabla \right) \boldsymbol{A} - \left( \boldsymbol{A} \cdot \nabla \right) \boldsymbol{B} = \left( \frac{\partial B_{x}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial B_{y}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial B_{z}}{\partial z} + B_{x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + B_{y} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + B_{z} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) \boldsymbol{A}$$

$$- \left( \frac{\partial A_{x}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_{y}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_{z}}{\partial z} + A_{x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + A_{y} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + A_{z} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) \boldsymbol{B}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( A_{x}B_{y} - A_{y}B_{x} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( A_{z}B_{x} - A_{x}B_{z} \right) \right] \boldsymbol{i}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( A_{z}B_{x} - A_{z}B_{y} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( A_{y}B_{z} - A_{z}B_{y} \right) \right] \boldsymbol{k}$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( A_{z}B_{x} - A_{x}B_{z} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( A_{y}B_{z} - A_{z}B_{y} \right) \right] \boldsymbol{k}$$

Q.E.D.