

Question ID 8d93d73a

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 8d93d73a

$$y < 5x + 6$$

For which of the following tables are all the values of x and their corresponding values of y solutions to the given inequality?

A.

x	y
3	17
5	27
7	37

B.

x	y
3	17
5	35
7	37

C.

x	y
3	25
5	35
7	45

D.

x	y
3	21
5	31
7	41

ID: 8d93d73a Answer

Correct Answer: A

Rationale

Choice A is correct. Substituting **3** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 5(3) + 6$, or $y < 21$. Therefore, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is less than **21**. Substituting **5** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 5(5) + 6$, or $y < 31$. Therefore, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is less than **31**. Substituting **7** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 5(7) + 6$, or $y < 41$. Therefore, when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is less than **41**. For the table in choice A, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **17**, which is less than **21**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **27**, which is less than **31**; and when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **37**, which is less than **41**. Therefore, the table in choice A gives values of x and their corresponding values of y that are all solutions to the given inequality.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID 84f5f182

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 84f5f182

A salesperson's total earnings consist of a base salary of x dollars per year, plus commission earnings of 11% of the total sales the salesperson makes during the year. This year, the salesperson has a goal for the total earnings to be at least 3 times and at most 4 times the base salary. Which of the following inequalities represents all possible values of total sales s , in dollars, the salesperson can make this year in order to meet that goal?

- A. $2x \leq s \leq 3x$
- B. $\frac{2}{0.11}x \leq s \leq \frac{3}{0.11}x$
- C. $3x \leq s \leq 4x$
- D. $\frac{3}{0.11}x \leq s \leq \frac{4}{0.11}x$

ID: 84f5f182 Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. It's given that a salesperson's total earnings consist of a base salary of x dollars per year plus commission earnings of 11% of the total sales the salesperson makes during the year. If the salesperson makes s dollars in total sales this year, the salesperson's total earnings can be represented by the expression $x + 0.11s$. It's also given that the salesperson has a goal for the total earnings to be at least 3 times and at most 4 times the base salary, which can be represented by the expressions $3x$ and $4x$, respectively. Therefore, this situation can be represented by the inequality $3x \leq x + 0.11s \leq 4x$. Subtracting x from each part of this inequality yields $2x \leq 0.11s \leq 3x$. Dividing each part of this inequality by 0.11 yields $\frac{2}{0.11}x \leq s \leq \frac{3}{0.11}x$. Therefore, the inequality $\frac{2}{0.11}x \leq s \leq \frac{3}{0.11}x$ represents all possible values of total sales s , in dollars, the salesperson can make this year in order to meet their goal.

Choice A is incorrect. This inequality represents a situation in which the total sales, rather than the total earnings, are at least 2 times and at most 3 times, rather than at least 3 times and at most 4 times, the base salary.

Choice C is incorrect. This inequality represents a situation in which the total sales, rather than the total earnings, are at least 3 times and at most 4 times the base salary.

Choice D is incorrect. This inequality represents a situation in which the total earnings are at least 4 times and at most 5 times, rather than at least 3 times and at most 4 times, the base salary.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID 90f7af74

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 90f7af74

A small business owner budgets **\$2,200** to purchase candles. The owner must purchase a minimum of **200** candles to maintain the discounted pricing. If the owner pays **\$4.90** per candle to purchase small candles and **\$11.60** per candle to purchase large candles, what is the maximum number of large candles the owner can purchase to stay within the budget and maintain the discounted pricing?

ID: 90f7af74 Answer

Correct Answer: 182

Rationale

The correct answer is **182**. Let s represent the number of small candles the owner can purchase, and let ℓ represent the number of large candles the owner can purchase. It's given that the owner pays **\$4.90** per candle to purchase small candles and **\$11.60** per candle to purchase large candles. Therefore, the owner pays $4.90s$ dollars for s small candles and 11.60ℓ dollars for ℓ large candles, which means the owner pays a total of $4.90s + 11.60\ell$ dollars to purchase candles. It's given that the owner budgets **\$2,200** to purchase candles. Therefore, $4.90s + 11.60\ell \leq 2,200$. It's also given that the owner must purchase a minimum of **200** candles. Therefore, $s + \ell \geq 200$. The inequalities $4.90s + 11.60\ell \leq 2,200$ and $s + \ell \geq 200$ can be combined into one compound inequality by rewriting the second inequality so that its left-hand side is equivalent to the left-hand side of the first inequality. Subtracting ℓ from both sides of the inequality $s + \ell \geq 200$ yields $s \geq 200 - \ell$. Multiplying both sides of this inequality by 4.90 yields $4.90s \geq 4.90(200 - \ell)$, or $4.90s \geq 980 - 4.90\ell$. Adding 11.60ℓ to both sides of this inequality yields $4.90s + 11.60\ell \geq 980 - 4.90\ell + 11.60\ell$, or $4.90s + 11.60\ell \geq 980 + 6.70\ell$. This inequality can be combined with the inequality $4.90s + 11.60\ell \leq 2,200$, which yields the compound inequality $980 + 6.70\ell \leq 4.90s + 11.60\ell \leq 2,200$. It follows that $980 + 6.70\ell \leq 2,200$. Subtracting **980** from both sides of this inequality yields $6.70\ell \leq 2,200$. Dividing both sides of this inequality by **6.70** yields approximately $\ell \leq 182.09$. Since the number of large candles the owner purchases must be a whole number, the maximum number of large candles the owner can purchase is the largest whole number less than **182.09**, which is **182**.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID e1a1754e

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: e1a1754e

In a set of four consecutive odd integers, where the integers are ordered from least to greatest, the first integer is represented by x . The product of **12** and the fourth odd integer is at most **26** less than the sum of the first and third odd integers. Which inequality represents this situation?

- A. $12(x + 6) \leq x + (x + 4) - 26$
- B. $12(x + 6) \geq 26 - (x + (x + 4))$
- C. $12(x + 4) \leq x + (x + 3) - 26$
- D. $12(x + 4) \geq 26 - (x + (x + 3))$

ID: e1a1754e Answer

Correct Answer: A

Rationale

Choice A is correct. It's given that the four odd integers are consecutive, ordered from least to greatest, and that the first odd integer is represented by x . It follows that the second odd integer is represented by $x + 2$, the third odd integer is represented by $x + 4$, and the fourth odd integer is represented by $x + 6$. Therefore, the product of **12** and the fourth odd integer is represented by $12(x + 6)$, and **26** less than the sum of the first and third odd integers is represented by $x + (x + 4) - 26$. Since the product of **12** and the fourth odd integer is at most **26** less than the sum of the first and third odd integers, it follows that $12(x + 6) \leq x + (x + 4) - 26$.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID 8ac533d5

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 8ac533d5

A business owner plans to purchase the same model of chair for each of the 81 employees. The total budget to spend on these chairs is \$14,000, which includes a 7% sales tax. Which of the following is closest to the maximum possible price per chair, before sales tax, the business owner could pay based on this budget?

- A. \$148.15
- B. \$161.53
- C. \$172.84
- D. \$184.94

ID: 8ac533d5 Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. It's given that a business owner plans to purchase 81 chairs. If p is the price per chair, the total price of purchasing 81 chairs is $81p$. It's also given that 7% sales tax is included, which is equivalent to $81p$ multiplied by 1.07, or $81(1.07)p$. Since the total budget is \$14,000, the inequality representing the situation is given by $81(1.07)p \leq 14,000$. Dividing both sides of this inequality by $81(1.07)$ and rounding the result to two decimal places gives $p \leq 161.53$. To not exceed the budget, the maximum possible price per chair is \$161.53.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect. This is the maximum possible price per chair including sales tax, not the maximum possible price per chair before sales tax.

Choice D is incorrect. This is the maximum possible price if the sales tax is added to the total budget, not the maximum possible price per chair before sales tax.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID b2d50dc7

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: b2d50dc7

$$y < 6x + 2$$

For which of the following tables are all the values of x and their corresponding values of y solutions to the given inequality?

A.

x	y
3	20
5	32
7	44

B.

x	y
3	16
5	36
7	40

C.

x	y
3	16
5	28
7	40

D.

x	y
3	24
5	36
7	48

ID: b2d50dc7 Answer

Correct Answer: C

Rationale

Choice C is correct. All the tables in the choices have the same three values of x , so each of the three values of x can be substituted in the given inequality to compare the corresponding values of y in each of the tables. Substituting **3** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 6(3) + 2$, or $y < 20$. Therefore, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is less than **20**. Substituting **5** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 6(5) + 2$, or $y < 32$. Therefore, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is less than **32**. Substituting **7** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 6(7) + 2$, or $y < 44$. Therefore, when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is less than **44**. For the table in choice C, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **16**, which is less than **20**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **28**, which is less than **32**; when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **40**, which is less than **44**. Therefore, the table in choice C gives values of x and their corresponding values of y that are all solutions to the given inequality.

Choice A is incorrect. In the table for choice A, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **20**, which is not less than **20**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **32**, which is not less than **32**; when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **44**, which is not less than **44**.

Choice B is incorrect. In the table for choice B, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **36**, which is not less than **32**.

Choice D is incorrect. In the table for choice D, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **24**, which is not less than **20**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **36**, which is not less than **32**; when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **48**, which is not less than **44**.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID b2d50dc7

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: b2d50dc7

$$y < 6x + 2$$

For which of the following tables are all the values of x and their corresponding values of y solutions to the given inequality?

A.

x	y
3	20
5	32
7	44

B.

x	y
3	16
5	36
7	40

C.

x	y
3	16
5	28
7	40

D.

x	y
3	24
5	36
7	48

ID: b2d50dc7 Answer

Correct Answer: C

Rationale

Choice C is correct. All the tables in the choices have the same three values of x , so each of the three values of x can be substituted in the given inequality to compare the corresponding values of y in each of the tables. Substituting **3** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 6(3) + 2$, or $y < 20$. Therefore, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is less than **20**. Substituting **5** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 6(5) + 2$, or $y < 32$. Therefore, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is less than **32**. Substituting **7** for x in the given inequality yields $y < 6(7) + 2$, or $y < 44$. Therefore, when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is less than **44**. For the table in choice C, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **16**, which is less than **20**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **28**, which is less than **32**; when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **40**, which is less than **44**. Therefore, the table in choice C gives values of x and their corresponding values of y that are all solutions to the given inequality.

Choice A is incorrect. In the table for choice A, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **20**, which is not less than **20**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **32**, which is not less than **32**; when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **44**, which is not less than **44**.

Choice B is incorrect. In the table for choice B, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **36**, which is not less than **32**.

Choice D is incorrect. In the table for choice D, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is **24**, which is not less than **20**; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is **36**, which is not less than **32**; when $x = 7$, the corresponding value of y is **48**, which is not less than **44**.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID 56d2643d

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 56d2643d

The triangle inequality theorem states that the sum of any two sides of a triangle must be greater than the length of the third side. If a triangle has side lengths of **6** and **12**, which inequality represents the possible lengths, x , of the third side of the triangle?

- A. $x < 18$
- B. $x > 18$
- C. $6 < x < 18$
- D. $x < 6$ or $x > 18$

ID: 56d2643d Answer

Correct Answer: C

Rationale

Choice C is correct. It's given that a triangle has side lengths of **6** and **12**, and x represents the length of the third side of the triangle. It's also given that the triangle inequality theorem states that the sum of any two sides of a triangle must be greater than the length of the third side. Therefore, the inequalities $6 + x > 12$, $6 + 12 > x$, and $12 + x > 6$ represent all possible values of x . Subtracting **6** from both sides of the inequality $6 + x > 12$ yields $x > 12 - 6$, or $x > 6$. Adding **6** and **12** in the inequality $6 + 12 > x$ yields $18 > x$, or $x < 18$. Subtracting **12** from both sides of the inequality $12 + x > 6$ yields $x > 6 - 12$, or $x > -6$. Since all x -values that satisfy the inequality $x > 6$ also satisfy the inequality $x > -6$, it follows that the inequalities $x > 6$ and $x < 18$ represent the possible values of x . Therefore, the inequality $6 < x < 18$ represents the possible lengths, x , of the third side of the triangle.

Choice A is incorrect. This inequality gives the upper bound for x but does not include its lower bound.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID 46f90b4a

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 46f90b4a

$$\begin{aligned}y &\leq x + 7 \\y &\geq -2x - 1\end{aligned}$$

Which point (x, y) is a solution to the given system of inequalities in the xy -plane?

- A. $(-14, 0)$
- B. $(0, -14)$
- C. $(0, 14)$
- D. $(14, 0)$

ID: 46f90b4a Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. A point (x, y) is a solution to a system of inequalities in the xy -plane if substituting the x -coordinate and the y -coordinate of the point for x and y , respectively, in each inequality makes both of the inequalities true. Substituting the x -coordinate and the y -coordinate of choice D, 14 and 0, for x and y , respectively, in the first inequality in the given system, $y \leq x + 7$, yields $0 \leq 14 + 7$, or $0 \leq 21$, which is true. Substituting 14 for x and 0 for y in the second inequality in the given system, $y \geq -2x - 1$, yields $0 \geq -2(14) - 1$, or $0 \geq -29$, which is true. Therefore, the point $(14, 0)$ is a solution to the given system of inequalities in the xy -plane.

Choice A is incorrect. Substituting -14 for x and 0 for y in the inequality $y \leq x + 7$ yields $0 \leq -14 + 7$, or $0 \leq -7$, which is not true.

Choice B is incorrect. Substituting 0 for x and -14 for y in the inequality $y \geq -2x - 1$ yields $-14 \geq -2(0) - 1$, or $-14 \geq -1$, which is not true.

Choice C is incorrect. Substituting 0 for x and 14 for y in the inequality $y \leq x + 7$ yields $14 \leq 0 + 7$, or $14 \leq 7$, which is not true.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID 89f5185f

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: 89f5185f

$$y > 13x - 18$$

For which of the following tables are all the values of x and their corresponding values of y solutions to the given inequality?

A.

x	y
3	21
5	47
8	86

B.

x	y
3	26
5	42
8	86

C.

x	y
3	16
5	42
8	81

D.

x	y
3	26
5	52
8	91

ID: 89f5185f Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. All the tables in the choices have the same three values of x , so each of the three values of x can be substituted in the given inequality to compare the corresponding values of y in each of the tables. Substituting 3 for x in the given inequality yields $y > 13(3) - 18$, or $y > 21$. Therefore, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is greater than 21. Substituting 5 for x in the given inequality yields $y > 13(5) - 18$, or $y > 47$. Therefore, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is greater than 47. Substituting 8 for x in the given inequality yields $y > 13(8) - 18$, or $y > 86$. Therefore, when $x = 8$, the corresponding value of y is greater than 86. For the table in choice D, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is 26, which is greater than 21; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is 52, which is greater than 47; when $x = 8$, the corresponding value of y is 91, which is greater than 86. Therefore, the table in choice D gives values of x and their corresponding values of y that are all solutions to the given inequality.

Choice A is incorrect. In the table for choice A, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is 21, which is not greater than 21; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is 47, which is not greater than 47; when $x = 8$, the corresponding value of y is 86, which is not greater than 86.

Choice B is incorrect. In the table for choice B, when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is 42, which is not greater than 47; when $x = 8$, the corresponding value of y is 86, which is not greater than 86.

Choice C is incorrect. In the table for choice C, when $x = 3$, the corresponding value of y is 16, which is not greater than 21; when $x = 5$, the corresponding value of y is 42, which is not greater than 47; when $x = 8$, the corresponding value of y is 81, which is not greater than 86.

Question Difficulty: Hard

Question ID c729c1d7

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear inequalities in one or two variables	Hard

ID: c729c1d7

A number x is at most 2 less than 3 times the value of y . If the value of y is -4 , what is the greatest possible value of x ?

ID: c729c1d7 Answer

Correct Answer: -14

Rationale

The correct answer is -14 . It's given that a number x is at most 2 less than 3 times the value of y . Therefore, x is less than or equal to 2 less than 3 times the value of y . The expression $3y$ represents 3 times the value of y . The expression $3y - 2$ represents 2 less than 3 times the value of y . Therefore, x is less than or equal to $3y - 2$. This can be shown by the inequality $x \leq 3y - 2$. Substituting -4 for y in this inequality yields $x \leq 3(-4) - 2$ or, $x \leq -14$. Therefore, if the value of y is -4 , the greatest possible value of x is -14 .

Question Difficulty: Hard