

# 23MAC260 Problem Sheet 3

## Week 3

Last updated February 8, 2024

1. Put each of the following curves in Weierstrass form:

(a)  $y^2 = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x - 1$

(b)  $y^2 = 8x^3 - 4x^2 - 2x + 1$

(c)  $y^2 = \omega x^3 + \omega^2 x^2 + x$  (where  $\omega = \exp(2\pi i/3)$ ).

Which of these equations define elliptic curves?

2. We defined the discriminant  $\Delta$  of a cubic polynomial

$$f(x) = x^3 + ax + b$$

in Weierstrass form to be

$$\Delta = -4a^3 - 27b^2.$$

Now suppose that  $f$  has roots  $x_0, x_1, x_2$ .

(a) Write  $a$  and  $b$  in terms of  $x_0, x_1$ , and  $x_2$ . What is  $x_0 + x_1 + x_2$ ?

(b) Prove that

$$\Delta = (x_0 - x_1)^2(x_0 - x_2)^2(x_1 - x_2)^2.$$

(This gives a different proof that  $\Delta = 0$  if and only if  $f$  has a multiple root.)

3. (Week 3 notes, p.8) For the elliptic curve

$$y^2 = x^3 + 73$$

and the point  $P = (2, 9)$ , use the formula from lectures to compute the points

$$2P, 3P, 4P.$$

(A calculator will be useful here.)

Do you think there is an integer  $n$  such that  $nP = O$ ? We will provide a definite answer later in the module.

4. Consider the curve  $C_t$  given by the equation

$$Y^2Z = tX^3 - XZ^2 - Z^3$$

where  $t \in \mathbb{C}$  is a parameter. As we vary the parameter  $t$ , we get a family of cubic curves in  $\mathbb{P}^2$ .

- (a) Find all values of  $t$  such that  $C_t$  is not an elliptic curve. (Hint: use the discriminant  $\Delta$ .)
- (b) What does the curve  $C_0$  (obtained by setting  $t = 0$  in the equation above) look like?