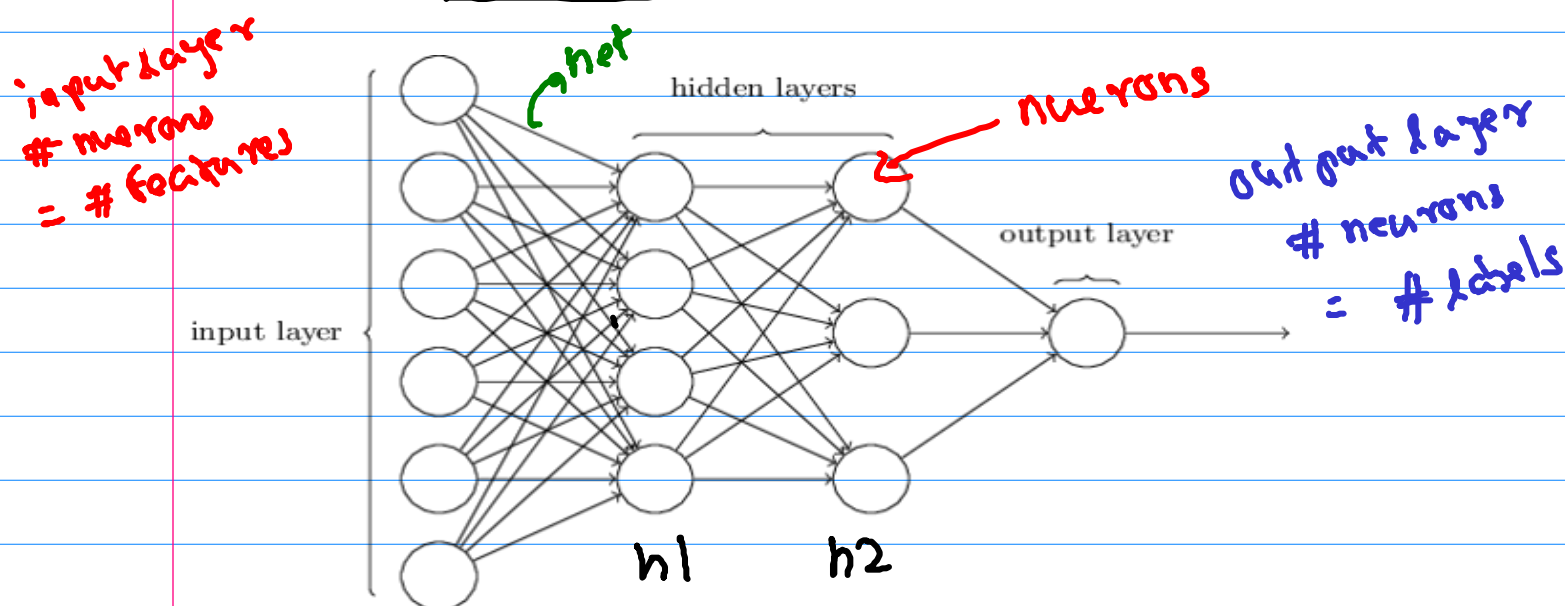


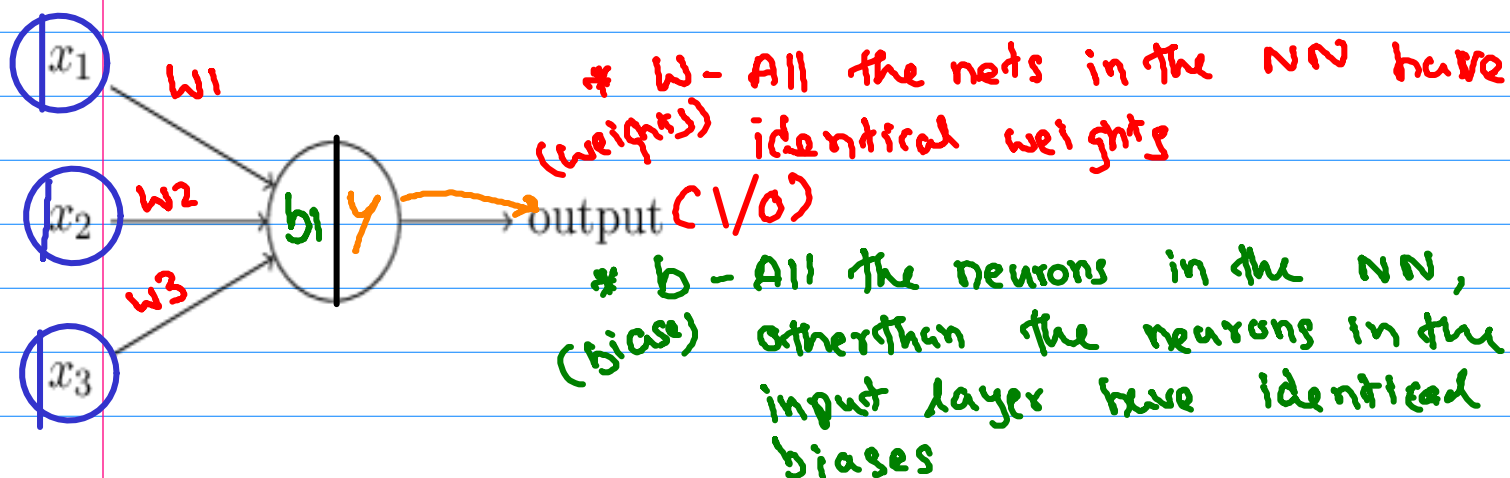
Anaconda module installer

- (i) opencv
- ~~(ii) scikit learn~~ inbuilt library
- (iii) tensorflow
- (iv) keras

Neural Network Architecture



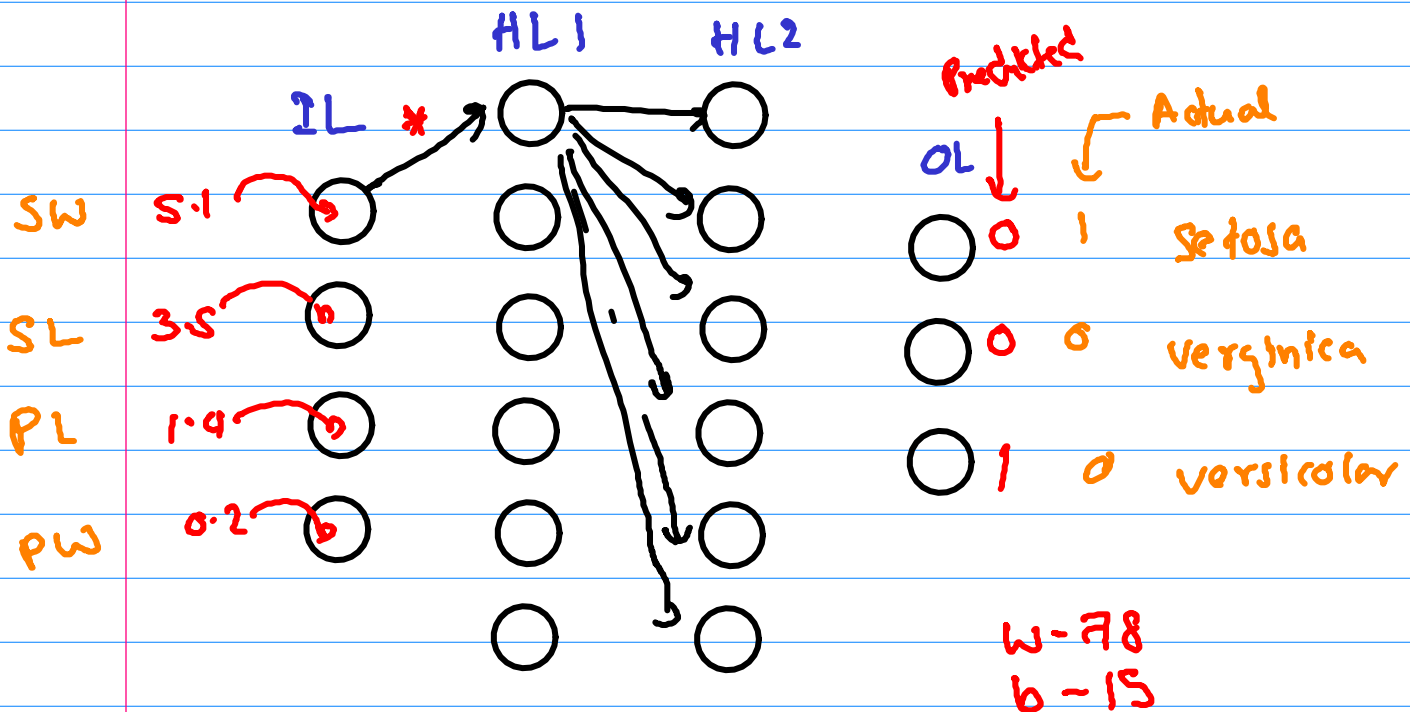
Perceptron (Artificial neuron model)



$$Z = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \cdot x_i = (w_1 \cdot x_1 + w_2 \cdot x_2 + w_3 \cdot x_3)$$

$$Y = \begin{cases} 1; & Z + b > 1 \\ 0; & Z + b \leq 0 \end{cases} \quad -\infty < w, b < +\infty$$

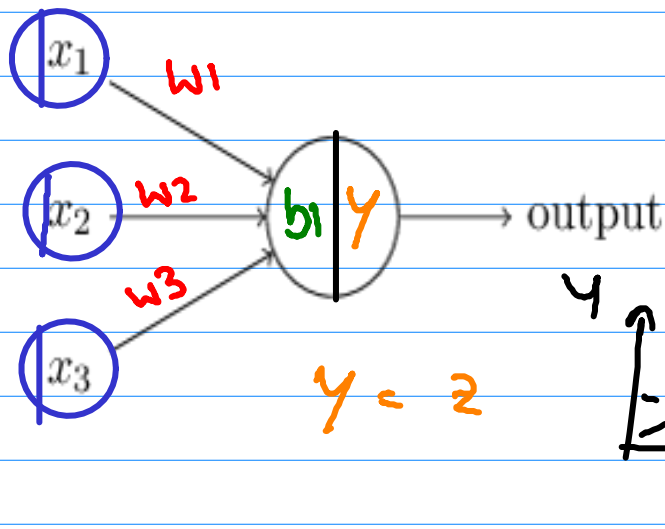
Training a NN



Activation Functions

- (1) Linear
- (2) Non Linear

Linear Activation



$$z = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \cdot x_i + b$$

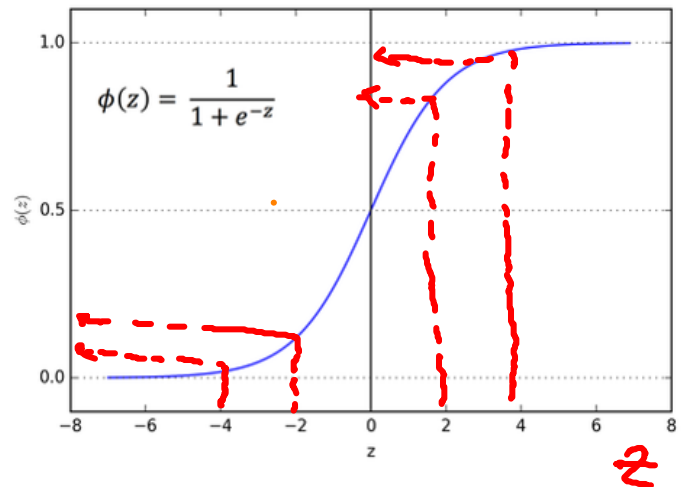
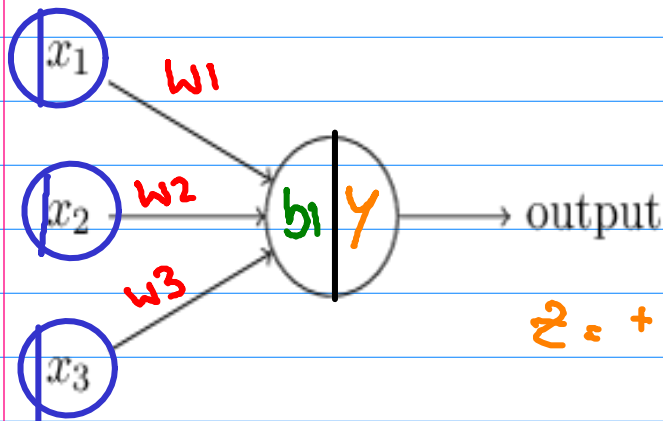
$$z = w_1 \cdot x_1 + w_2 \cdot x_2 + w_3 \cdot x_3 + b$$

* mostly used in Regression problems

Non-Linear

(i) Sigmoid

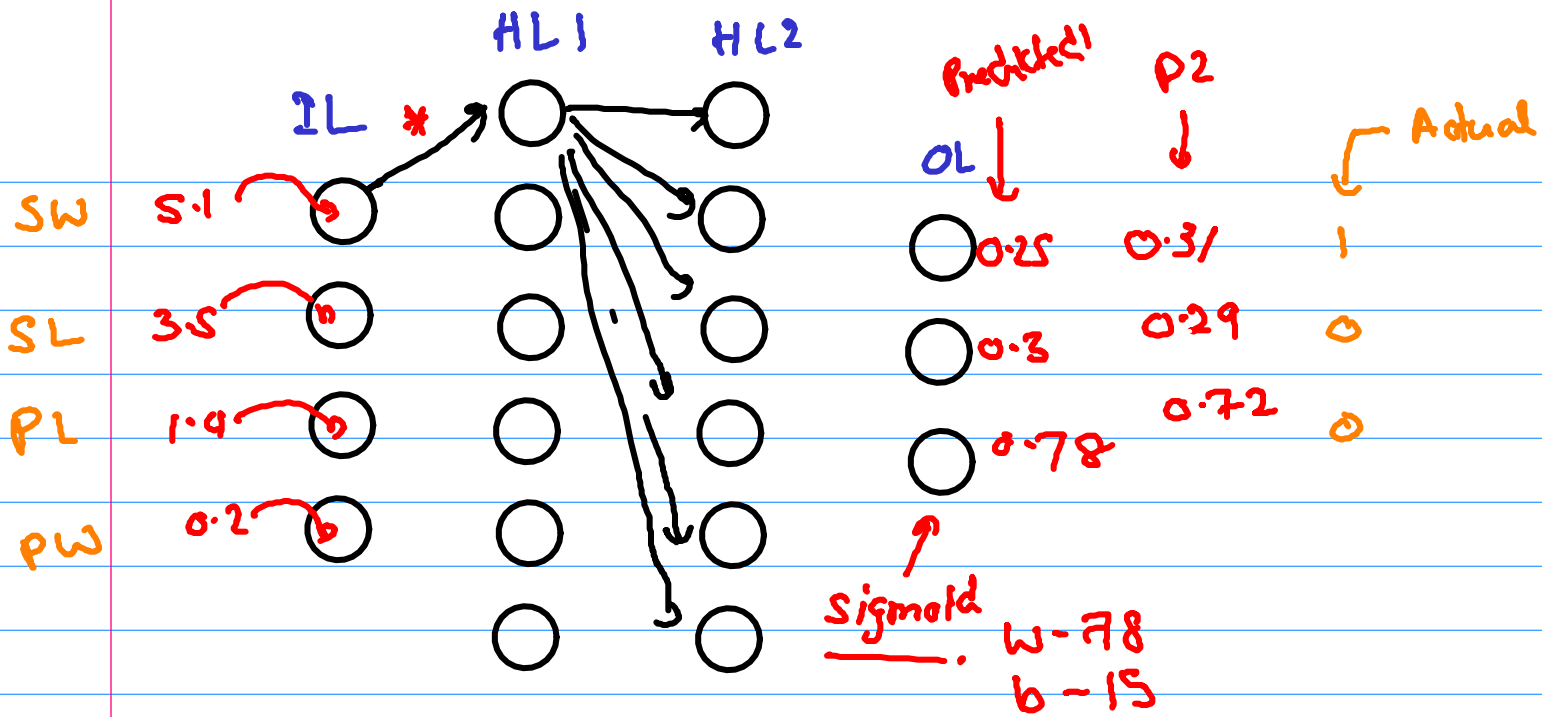
$$y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} ; z = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i + b$$



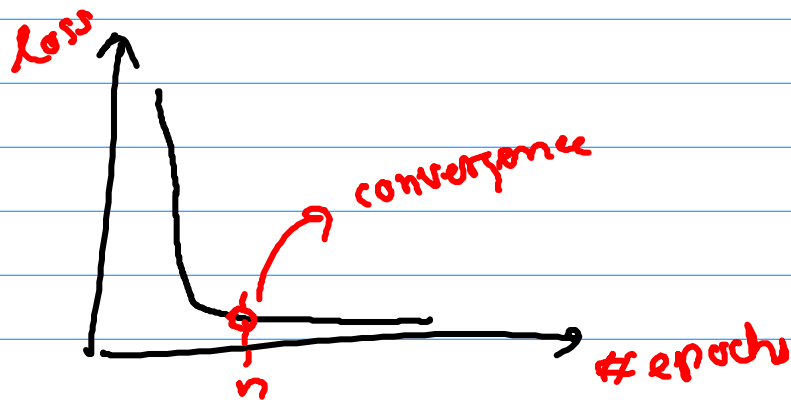
$$z = +\infty ; y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\infty}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{e^{\infty}}}$$

$$z = -\infty ; y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\infty}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\infty}} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$

$$y = \frac{1}{1 + \infty} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$



Loss Function



Softmax Activation

output layer

Sigmoid

- 0.8
- 0.7
- 0.3

Softmax

- $0.8 / (0.8 + 0.7 + 0.3)$
- $0.7 / (0.8 + 0.7 + 0.3)$
- $0.3 / (0.8 + 0.7 + 0.3)$

Loss Functions

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n [y^{(i)} \log(\hat{y}^{(i)}) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})]$$

(i) crossentropy loss (classification)

y - actual result, \hat{y} - predicted result

output layer

| Predicted | Actual |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> 0.8 | <input type="radio"/> 1 |
| <input type="radio"/> 0.7 | <input type="radio"/> 0 |
| <input type="radio"/> 0.3 | <input type="radio"/> 0 |

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{3} \left[1 \log(0.8) + (1-1) \log(1-0.8) \right. \\ \left. + 0 \log(0.7) + (1-0) \log(1-0.7) \right. \\ \left. + 0 \log(0.3) + (1-0) \log(1-0.3) \right]$$

(ii) MSE (Regression problems)

output layer

| Actual | Predicted |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> 0.8 | <input type="radio"/> 2.2 |

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{(0.8 - 2.2)^2}{2}$$

Gradient Descent optimizer

$w + \Delta w$

