

The general equations are:

$$\dot{\delta} = -(1+w)(k v - 3\dot{\phi}) - 3H(c_s^2 - w)\delta \quad (1)$$

$$\dot{v} = -H(1-3w)v - \frac{\dot{w}}{1+w}v + \frac{c_s^2}{1+w}k\delta \quad (2)$$

The individual fluids have

$$\dot{\delta}_i = -(1+w_i)(k v_i - 3\dot{\phi}) \quad (3)$$

$$\dot{v}_i = -H(1-3w_i)v_i + \frac{w_i}{1+w_i}k\delta_i \quad (4)$$

The GDM parameters are defined as follows (using the new v_T):

$$\rho_T \delta_T = \sum \delta_i \rho_i \quad (5)$$

$$v_T = \frac{\sum (1+w_i) \rho_i v_i}{(1+w_T) \sum \rho_i} \quad (6)$$

$$c_s^2 = \frac{\sum \delta_i w_i \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i \delta_T} \quad (7)$$

Taking the derivative of (5), we have:

$$(\sum \dot{\rho}_i) \delta_T + (\sum \rho_i) \dot{\delta}_T = \sum (\dot{\delta}_i \rho_i + \delta_i \dot{\rho}_i) = \sum -(1+w_i)(k v_i - 3\dot{\phi}) \rho_i + \delta_i \dot{\rho}_i \quad (8)$$

$$\dot{\delta}_T = \frac{1}{\sum \rho_i} \left(\sum -(1+w_i)(k v_i - 3\dot{\phi}) \rho_i + \delta_i \dot{\rho}_i - \dot{\rho}_i \delta_T \right) = \frac{1}{\sum \rho_i} \left(\sum -(1+w_i)(k v_i - 3\dot{\phi}) \rho_i + (\delta_i - \delta_T) \dot{\rho}_i \right) \quad (9)$$

At this point we use the background density evolution equation:

$$\dot{\rho}_i = -3H(1+w_i) \rho_i \quad (10)$$

$$\dot{\delta}_T = \frac{1}{\sum \rho_i} \left(\sum -(1+w_i)(k v_i - 3\dot{\phi}) \rho_i - (\delta_i - \delta_T) 3H(1+w_i) \rho_i \right) \quad (11)$$

Just looking at the first term, we have:

$$\frac{1}{\sum \rho_i} \left(\sum (1+w_i) \rho_i v_i + 3\dot{\phi} \sum \rho_i + 3\dot{\phi} \sum w_i \rho_i \right) \quad (12)$$

$$= (1+w_T) \left(-k \frac{\sum (1+w_i) \rho_i v_i}{(1+w_T) \sum \rho_i} \right) + 3\dot{\phi} + 3\dot{\phi} \frac{\sum w_i \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i} \quad (13)$$

$$= (1+w_T)(-k v_T) + 3\dot{\phi} + 3\dot{\phi} w_T = -(1+w_T)(k v_T - 3\dot{\phi}) \quad (14)$$

And for the second term, we have:

$$\dot{\delta}_T = -3H \left(\left(\sum \delta_i (1+w_i) \rho_i - \delta_T \sum (1+w_i) \rho_i \right) / \left(\sum \rho_i \right) \right) \quad (15)$$

$$= -3H \left(\left(\sum \delta_i (1+w_i) \rho_i - \delta_T (\sum w_i \rho_i + \sum \rho_i) \right) / \left(\sum \rho_i \right) \right) \quad (16)$$

$$= -3H \frac{\sum \delta_i (1+w_i) \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i} - \delta_T (1+w_T) \quad (17)$$

$$= -3 H \left(\left(\sum \delta_i (1 + w_i) \rho_i \right) / \left(\sum \rho_i \delta_T \right) - 1 - w_T \right) \delta_T \quad (18)$$

$$= -3 H \left(\left(\sum \delta_i (1 + w_i) \rho_i - \delta_T \sum \rho_i \right) / \left(\sum \rho_i \delta_T \right) - w_T \right) \delta_T \quad (19)$$

$$= -3 H \left(\frac{\sum \delta_i (1 + w_i) \rho_i - \sum \delta_i \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i \delta_T} - w_T \right) \delta_T = -3 H \left(\frac{\sum \delta_i w_i \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i \delta_T} - w_T \right) \delta_T \quad (20)$$

$$-3 H (c_s^2 - w_T) \delta_T \quad (21)$$

And so altogether we have

$$\dot{\delta} = -(1 + w_T) (k v_T - 3 \dot{\phi}) - 3 H (c_s^2 - w_T) \delta_T \quad (22)$$

Now we obtain the equation for \dot{v}_T :

$$v_T (1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i = \sum (1 + w_i) \rho_i v_i \quad (23)$$

$$\dot{v}_T (1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i + v_T \dot{w}_T \sum \rho_i + v_T (1 + w_T) \sum \dot{\rho}_i = \sum (1 + w_i) (\dot{\rho}_i v_i + \rho_i \dot{v}_i) \quad (24)$$

On the right we have

$$\sum (1 + w_i) \left((-3 H (1 + w_i) \rho_i) v_i + \rho_i \left(-H (1 - 3 w_i) v_i + \frac{w_i}{1 + w_i} k \delta_i \right) \right) \quad (25)$$

$$= \sum -3 H (1 + w_i) (1 + w_i) \rho_i v_i - H (1 - 3 w_i) (1 + w_i) \rho_i v_i + w_i \rho_i k \delta_i \quad (26)$$

$$= \sum -3 H (1 + 2 w_i + w_i^2) \rho_i v_i - H (1 - 2 w_i - 3 w_i^2) \rho_i v_i + w_i \rho_i k \delta_i \quad (27)$$

$$= \sum -H \rho_i v_i (3 + 6 w_i + 3 w_i^2 + 1 - 2 w_i - 3 w_i^2) + w_i \rho_i k \delta_i = \sum -H \rho_i v_i (4 + 4 w_i) + w_i \rho_i k \delta_i \quad (28)$$

$$= \sum -4 H \rho_i v_i (1 + w_i) + w_i \rho_i k \delta_i \quad (29)$$

Dividing through by $(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i$ gives

$$\dot{v}_T + \frac{v_T \dot{w}_T \sum \rho_i}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} + \frac{v_T (1 + w_T) \sum \dot{\rho}_i}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} = \frac{\sum -4 H \rho_i v_i (1 + w_i) + w_i \rho_i k \delta_i}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} \quad (30)$$

$$\dot{v}_T \frac{\dot{w}_T}{1 + w_T} v_T + \frac{v_T \sum \dot{\rho}_i}{\sum \rho_i} = \frac{-4 H \sum \rho_i v_i (1 + w_i)}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} + \frac{\sum w_i \rho_i \delta_i}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} k = -4 H v_T + \frac{\sum w_i \rho_i \delta_i}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} k \quad (31)$$

For the second term on the right we get:

$$\frac{\sum w_i \rho_i \delta_i}{(1 + w_T) \sum \rho_i} k = \frac{1}{(1 + w_T)} \frac{\sum w_i \rho_i \delta_i}{\sum \rho_i \delta_T} k \delta_T = \frac{c_s^2}{1 + w_T} k \delta_T \quad (32)$$

Rearranging,

$$\dot{v}_T = -4 H v_T - \frac{v_T \sum \dot{\rho}_i}{\sum \rho_i} - \frac{\dot{w}_T}{1 + w_T} v_T + \frac{c_s^2}{1 + w_T} k \delta_T \quad (33)$$

For the second term we have:

$$-\frac{v_T \sum \dot{\rho}_i}{\sum \rho_i} = -\frac{1}{\sum \rho_i} v_T \sum (-3 H (1 + w_i) \rho_i) = \frac{3 H v_T \sum \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i} + \frac{3 H v_T \sum w_i \rho_i}{\sum \rho_i} = 3 H v_T + 3 H v_T w_T \quad (34)$$

So altogether, we have

$$\dot{v}_T = -4Hv_T + 3Hv_T + 3Hv_Tw_T - \frac{\dot{w}_T}{1+w_T}v_T + \frac{c_s^2}{1+w_T}k\delta_T \quad (35)$$

$$\dot{v}_T = -H(1-3w_T) - \frac{\dot{w}_T}{1+w_T}v_T + \frac{c_s^2}{1+w_T}k\delta_T \quad (36)$$