Some Hints for Lab1

Dave Ogle

Question

- If you are going to build a house, which of the following is the better first step?
 - Go to Lowes to buy lumber
 - 2. Work with an architect to plan out the house, understand how it fits together
- If you answered #1, you're in trouble, but.....
 - Most SW engineers immediately want to start coding
- Play around with binary or hex input
 - Figure out how to compare two characters/strings that are binary/hex

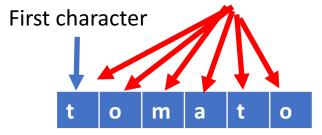
String Matching

- Consider the following example:
 - You are given the search string "tomato"
 - You are given the input of "tomatomator"
 - How many matches do you see?
 - The answer should be 3. Think about how you figured that out, what process did you use in your head.
 - Write those steps down
- Do not read the entire input file into memory
 - Input files might contain terabytes or petabytes of data.
 - Think about how many characters you need to have in memory at any one time, compared to the size of the search string
- Efficiency is not an issue for this lab
 - Think about the tradeoffs between memory usage, and file IO

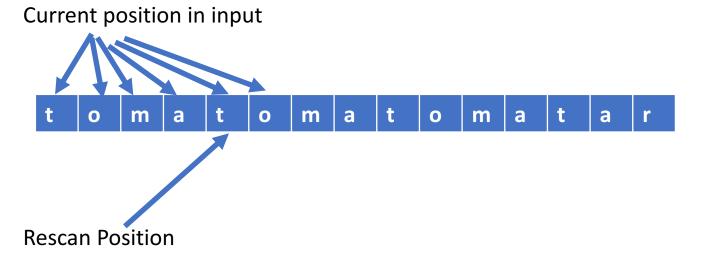
One VERY inefficient way to solve the matching problem

Current position in string

Possible Match = YES!



Found Match = YES!



Comparing Characters

• You may find if you are not careful, that your application works with 'text' files but fails when trying to use binary files (like the jpg files)

- One trick I find works well to only look at a 'byte' of something try to 'and' the char with hex 'ff'
- Example
 - if (buffer[0] == (searchChar & 0xff))