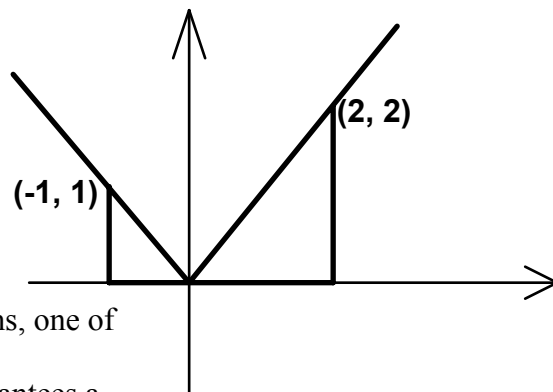


**MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE
CONTEST 1 - OCTOBER 2007 SOLUTION KEY**

Round 5

- A) The region consists of 2 right triangles

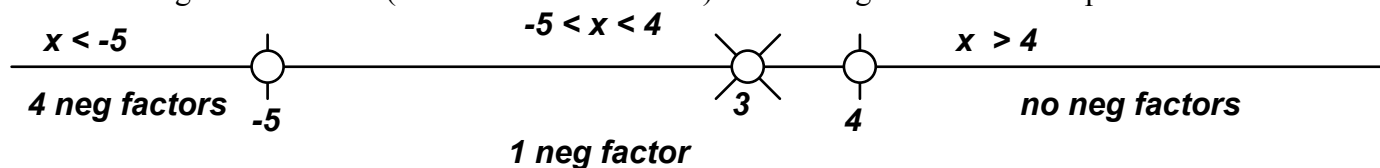
$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = \underline{2.5}$$



- B) The quotient on the left-hand side is comprised of 5 terms, one of which is never negative.

Having an even number of factors that are negative guarantees a positive product.

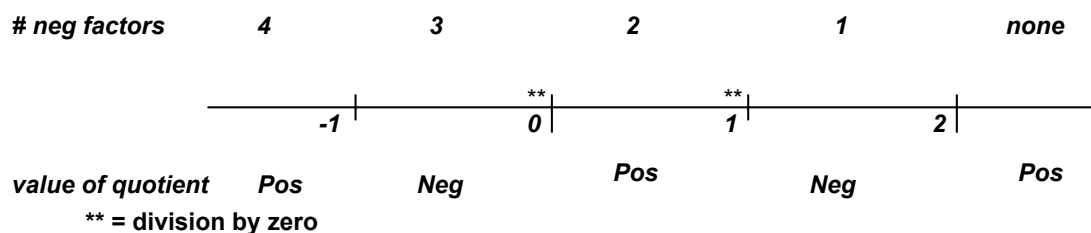
Allowing the numerator (but not the denominator) to be zero guarantees a zero product.



→ $x < -5$ or $x \geq 4$ or $x = 3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{C) } \frac{1}{x} &\leq \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{2x - 2(x-1) - x(x-1)}{2x(x-1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{2+x-x^2}{2x(x-1)} \geq 0 \\ &\rightarrow \frac{(2-x)(1+x)}{2x(x-1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{2x(x-1)} \leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

The critical values for this quotient are -1, 0, 1 and 2.



Thus, the solution intervals are: $-1 \leq x < 0$ or $1 < x \leq 2$.