

**MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE**  
**CONTEST 5 - FEBRUARY 2009**  
**ROUND 7 TEAM QUESTIONS**  
**ANSWERS**

A) \_\_\_\_\_ D) \_\_\_\_\_

B) \_\_\_\_\_ E) \_\_\_\_\_

C) \_\_\_\_\_ F) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Consider the following function defined parametrically, i.e. in terms of a third variable

(in this case  $t$ ): 
$$\begin{cases} x = 1 - a^t \\ y = 1 + a^{-t} \end{cases} \text{ . If } x = \frac{2}{3}, \text{ compute } y.$$
  
 $a > 1$

B) For how many positive integers  $A < 360$  can the fraction  $\frac{A}{360}$  be simplified?

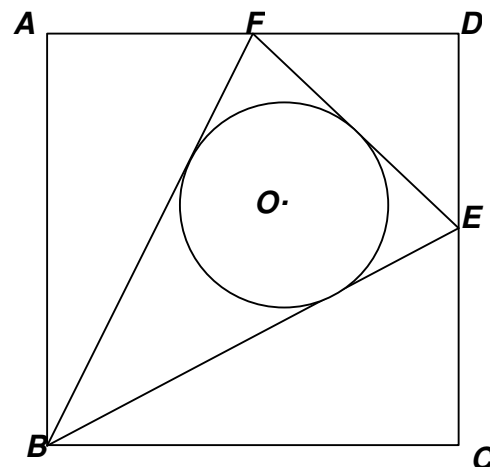
C) If  $\tan^{-1}(x) + \sin^{-1}(x) = \pi/2$  and  $x > 0$ , compute  $x^2$ .

D) The sum of the reciprocals of two integers  $A$  and  $B$ , not necessarily distinct, equals  $k$  times the reciprocal of the sum of  $A$  and  $B$ .

For certain integer values of  $k$ , the ratio  $R = \frac{A}{B}$  is rational.

Determine all possible ordered pairs  $(k, R)$ .

E) Given: Square  $ABCD$ ,  $\overline{AB} = 12$ ,  $E$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{CD}$ ,  $F$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AD}$  and circle  $O$  is inscribed in  $\triangle BEF$ . Compute the length of the radius of circle  $O$ .



F) For a finite sequence  $A = (a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n)$  of numbers, the Cesaro sum of  $A$  is

defined to be  $\frac{S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + \dots + S_n}{n}$ , where  $S_k = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_k$ .

Determine for how many integers  $t > 1$ , the Cesaro sum of  $(a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_t)$  is 180 and the Cesaro sum of  $(1, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_t)$  is an integer.