MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE CONTEST 2 - NOVEMBER 2006 SOLUTION KEY

Team Round

A)
$$(3-4i) + \frac{3-4i}{25} = 3.12 - 4.16i = \sqrt{z} + c$$

To determine \sqrt{z} , $\sqrt{3+4i} = \sqrt{(a+bi)^2} = \sqrt{(a^2-b^2) + 2abi} \implies a^2 - b^2 = 3$ and $ab = 2$
 $\implies (a,b) = (2,1) \implies 3.12 - 4.16i = 2 + i + c \implies c = \underline{1.12 - 5.16i}$

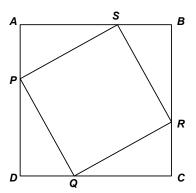
- B) Let (k, c) denote the rowing rate of the kayaker in still water and the current of the stream. $(k-c)=(4/5)(k+c) \rightarrow 5k-5c=4k+4c \rightarrow k=9c \text{ or } k:c=9:1$ R_{up}: R_{down} = $(9x-x)+(9x+x)=8x:10x \rightarrow T_{up}:T_{down}=10x:8x$ T_{up} + T_{down} = $18x=3 \rightarrow x=1/6 \rightarrow T_{up}=5/3$ hour and T_{down} = 4/3 hour

 Upstream rate: k-c=6/(5/3)=18/5 mph Downstream rate: k+c=6/(4/3)=18/4 mph Solving simultaneously, $2k=81/10 \rightarrow k=81/20=4.05$ mph.
- C) Let $SB = x \rightarrow BR = 12 x$ With no loss of generality, assume SB < SA as appears to be the case in the given diagram.

$$x^{2} + (12 - x)^{2} = 128 \implies x^{2} - 12x + 8 = 0 \implies SB = 6 - 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$\implies SB^{2} = 64 - 24\sqrt{7}$$

$$SD^{2} = SA^{2} + AD^{2} = (6 + 2\sqrt{7})^{2} + 12^{2} = 64 + 24\sqrt{7} + 144 = 208 + 24\sqrt{7}$$



It is true, in general, for any point S in the plane of a square ABCD, that

$$SA^2 + SC^2 = SB^2 + SD^2$$

Thus,
$$SA^2 + SB^2 + SC^2 + SD^2 = 2(SB^2 + SD^2) = 2(64 - 24\sqrt{7} + 208 + 24\sqrt{7}) = 544$$

D)
$$-x^{10} + x^4 + x - x^7 = x(-x^9 + x^3 + 1 - x^6) = x(x^3(1 - x^6) + (1 - x^6)) = x(1 + x^3)(1 - x^6)$$

= $x(1 + x^3)^2(1 - x^3) = x[(1 + x)(1 - x + x^2)]^2(1 - x)(1 + x + x^2)$
= $x(1 + x)^2(1 - x)(1 - x + x^2)^2(1 + x + x^2)$ – or equivalent