MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE CONTEST 6 - MARCH 2015 ROUND 7 TEAM QUESTIONS ANSWERS



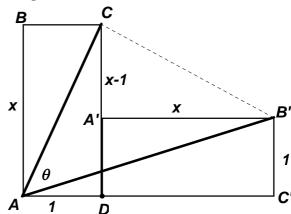
A) There are four ordered pairs (x, y) that satisfy $\begin{cases} x^2 - xy + y^2 = 7 \\ \frac{4}{x} + 3y = 1 \end{cases}$.

Let x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 denote the x-coordinates of these 4 ordered pairs.

Let a,b,c,d denote 4 integers, where b < c < d.

 $x_1 = a$, but x_2, x_3, x_4 are irrational numbers satisfying

the inequalities $\begin{cases} b < x_2 < b+1 \\ c < x_3 < c+1 \end{cases}$. Compute ad. $d < x_4 < d+1$



- B) Compute the two integer values of x for which $4^{2x+a} = 8^{5-bx}$, if a:b=2:1
- C) ABCD is a 1 by x rectangle, where x > 1 is an <u>integer</u>. ABCD is rotated 90° clockwise about point D to a new position. Compute B'C for which $m\angle CAB'$ is closest to 60°.
- D) For nonzero real constants a and b, the linear equations y = ax + b and $\frac{x}{a} \frac{y}{b} = 1$ intersect. P, the point of intersection, is not on the line y = x, if $a = \underline{p}$, or if $a \neq p$ and $b \neq \underline{q}a^2 + \underline{r}a$, for constants p, q and r. Compute the ordered triple (p,q,r).
- E) The lengths of two sides of a parallelogram ABCD are x and x + c, where x and c are both positive integers. The lengths of the diagonals are x + 3 and x + 5. Find <u>all</u> possible perimeters of parallelogram ABCD.
- F) Urn #1 contains 1 white, 2 red and 3 blue balls. Urn #2 contains 4 white, 4 red and 2 blue balls. The balls are indistinguishable except for color.

Two balls are drawn simultaneously from urn #1 and added to urn #2.

After the draw from urn #1, there are x white balls, y red balls and z blue balls remaining in urn #1 and $x \neq y$, $y \neq z$, and $x \neq z$.

Two balls are now simultaneously drawn from urn #2.

Compute the probability that these balls will be the same color.