

**MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE
CONTEST 4 - JANUARY 2017 SOLUTION KEY**

Round 1

A) $P(4,15), Q(-12,-5)$. The slope of the line is $m = \frac{15 - (-5)}{4 - (-12)} = \frac{20}{16} = \frac{5}{4}$.

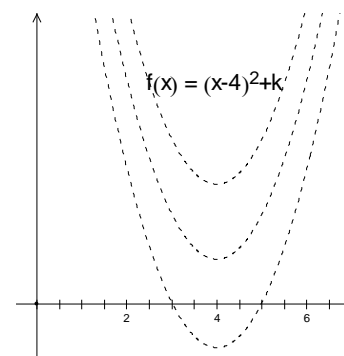
Therefore, a change of +4 in x produces a change of +5 in y .

Starting at Q , we have $(-12 + 4, -5 + 5) = (-8, 0) \Rightarrow h = \underline{-8}$.

B) Given: $y = (x-4)^2 + k$

By inspection, the vertex is at $V(4, k)$. By letting $x = 0$, $B(0, 16+k)$.

Therefore,
$$BV = \sqrt{(4-0)^2 + (k - (16+k))^2} = \sqrt{16 + (-16)^2} = \sqrt{2^4 + 2^8}$$
$$= \sqrt{2^4(1 + 2^4)} = \underline{4\sqrt{17}}$$



C) Since the center of C_1 must lie on \mathcal{L} ,

$$m = \frac{3}{4}, \Delta x = +4, \Delta y = +3.$$

$$P(-2, -9) \rightarrow C_1(2, -6) \rightarrow R(2+4, -6+3) = \boxed{R(6, -3)}$$

$$r_2 = 40 \Rightarrow PQ = 80 = 16 \cdot 5$$

Using a slope of $\frac{3}{4}$ and *similar* triangles,

$$16(4-3-5) \Rightarrow 64-48-80 \Rightarrow$$

$$(-2+64, -9+48) = Q(62, 39)$$

S is the midpoint of $\overline{PQ} \Rightarrow$

$$\left(\frac{-2+62}{2}, \frac{-9+39}{2} \right) = \boxed{S(30, 15)}$$

The center of C_3 is the midpoint of $\overline{RS} \Rightarrow$

$$\left(\frac{6+30}{2}, \frac{-3+15}{2} \right) = C_3(18, 6)$$

The radius is the distance from $(18, 6)$ to $(30, 15)$ which is $\sqrt{12^2 + 9^2} = \sqrt{225} = 15$.

Thus, the required ordered triple is **(18, 6, 225)**.

