MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE CONTEST 1 - OCTOBER 2011 SOLUTION KEY

Round 3

- A) Since the two lines are perpendicular, $m = -\frac{1}{4}$. Since the second line passes through $(x, y) = \left(2, \frac{3}{4}\right)$, the coordinates must satisfy the equation. Substituting, $\frac{3}{4} = -\frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + b \Rightarrow b = \frac{5}{4} \Rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}\right)$.
- B) $\begin{cases} x+1 = 2(y+1) \\ x-2 = 3(y-2) \end{cases} \Rightarrow x = 2y+1$ Substituting, $(2y-1) 2 = 3(y-2) \Rightarrow y = 5, x = 11 \Rightarrow \text{sum} = 16$.
- C) A 100% increase doubles the original amount; 110% adds an additional 10% or 1/10. Therefore, a 110% increase is equivalent to 2.1 times as large. $2.1(2 \cdot 5 + 2W) = 2(5 + 10) + 2(1.1W)$ $\Rightarrow 21 + 4.2W = 30 + 2.2W \Rightarrow 2W = 9 \Rightarrow W = 4.5$ The original rectangle is 5 x 4.5 with a perimeter of 19.

The new rectangle is 15×4.95 with a perimeter of 39.9.

Thus, (A, B) = (19, 39.9).

Did you know that 5 out of every 4 people profess to have difficulty with %?