

**MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE  
CONTEST 4 - JANUARY 2016 SOLUTION KEY**

**Round 6**

$$\text{A) } \begin{cases} \frac{A}{3} + \frac{B}{4} = 10 \\ 3A + 4B = 34 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 4A + 3B = 120 \\ 3A + 4B = 34 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 7A + 7B = 154 \Rightarrow A + B = \underline{\underline{22}}.$$

It was not necessary to first solve for  $A$  and  $B$  separately!!

- B) Grouping the first terms in each trinomial, we view each trinomial as a binomial and we have the product of a sum and a difference (which is equivalent to the difference of perfect squares!)

$$\begin{aligned} (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{15})(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{15}) &= [(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}) + \sqrt{15}][(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}) - \sqrt{15}] \\ (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})^2 - (\sqrt{15})^2 &= 3 + 2\sqrt{15} + 5 - 15 = -7 + 2\sqrt{15} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{(-7, 2, 15)}}. \end{aligned}$$

- C) Let  $P$  and  $M$  denote the number of Peach and Mango packets purchased. Let  $T = P + M$ .

$$P = 2.6M \Rightarrow \frac{P}{M} = \frac{13}{5} \text{ and } \frac{P-50}{M+50} = \frac{2}{1} \Rightarrow P = 2M + 150$$

$$\text{Substituting, } \frac{2M+150}{M} = \frac{13}{5} \Rightarrow 10M + 750 = 13M \Rightarrow M = 250, P = 650 \Rightarrow T = \underline{\underline{900}}.$$