MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE CONTEST 6 - MARCH 2009 SOLUTION KEY

Team Round

B) $N-24\sqrt{2}$ and $A-B\sqrt{2}$ must be positive.

Squaring both sides, $N-24\sqrt{2}=(A^2+2B^2)-2AB\sqrt{2}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} N = A^2 + 2B^2 \\ AB = 12 \end{cases}$$

There are only 6 possible ordered pairs:

$$(A, B) N(A^2 + 2B^2)$$

$$(1, 12) 1 + 288 = 289$$

$$(2, 6) 4 + 72 = 76$$

$$(3,4) 9 + 32 = 41$$

$$(4,3) 16 + 18 = 34$$

$$(6, 2) 36 + 8 = 44$$

$$(12, 1) 144 + 2 = 146$$

The first 4 ordered pairs are rejected since $A - B\sqrt{2}$ is negative.

For the last two ordered pairs, both radical expressions are positive. $\rightarrow N = 44,146$

C) Since the equation defining the folium is unchanged when x is replaced by y (and vice versa), the graph is symmetric to the line y = x. Thus, point P lies on this line.

$$\begin{cases} x^3 + y^3 - 3xy = 0 \\ y = x \end{cases} \rightarrow 2x^3 - 3x^2 = 0 \rightarrow x^2(2x - 3) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, 3/2$$

The distance from
$$\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$$
 to $x + y + 1 = 0$ is given by
$$\frac{\left|1\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + 1\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + 1\right|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

D) Let x denote the number of voters who voted for all three players. The voters who followed the voting instructions either

voted for an outfielder <u>and</u> did not vote for a pitcher (#1 and #4) – the IF part - or

voted for a pitcher <u>and</u> did not vote for an outfielder (#3 and #6)

- the ONLY IF part. The given information can be summarized in the Venn diagram at the right.

Thus,
$$80 + (78 - x) + (162 + x) + (96 - x) + x + (90 - x) + 30 = 500$$

 $\Rightarrow 536 - x = 500 \Rightarrow x = 36$

Therefore, the number of voters who correctly deciphered the voting instructions: (80 + 42) + (30 + 54) = 206

