

**MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE  
CONTEST 1 - OCTOBER 2014 SOLUTION KEY**

**Team Round**

- A) Four blocks have a total of 24 faces, but, after gluing, 6 exposed faces are lost. Thus, the maximum number of exposed faces is 18, if a stable position with exactly 2 edges in contact with the table top exists (which is the case for  $B$ ,  $C$  and  $D$ ).

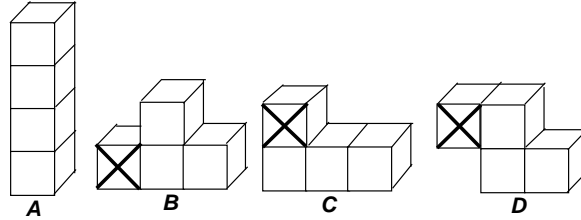
$A$  is stable resting on 1 or 4 faces, resulting in 17 or 14 exposed faces.

$B$  is stable resting on 0, 1, 3 or 4 faces, resulting in 18, 17, 15 or 14 exposed faces.

$C$  is stable resting on 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 faces, resulting in 18, 17, 16, 15 or 14 exposed faces.

$D$  is stable resting on 0, 1, 2 or 4 faces, resulting in 18, 17, 16, or 14 exposed faces.

Thus, we have  $31 + 64 + 80 + 65 = \underline{240}$  exposed faces.



- B) Let  $AB = DE = x$ ,  $BC = CD = EF = FA = 2x$

Let  $G$  denote the intersection of  $\overline{AE}$  and  $\overline{FC}$

Let  $FG = a$  and  $AG = b$ . Then:

$$FC = AE + 1 \Rightarrow (1) \quad x + 2a = 2b + 1$$

$$(2) \quad a^2 + b^2 = 4x^2$$

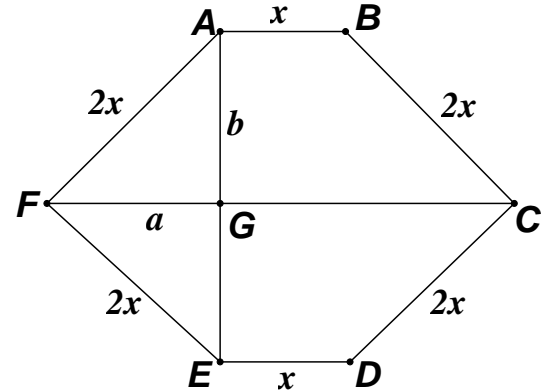
$$(3) \quad \text{area}(\triangle AFE) = ab = 2.875 = \frac{23}{8}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow \frac{x-1}{2} = b-a \Rightarrow (x-1)^2 = 4(a^2 + b^2) - 8ab \quad (***)$$

Substituting, using (2) and (3) in (\*\*\*),

$$(x-1)^2 = 4(4x^2) - 23 \Leftrightarrow 15x^2 + 2x - 24 = (5x-6)(3x+4) = 0$$

$$\text{Thus, } AB = x = \underline{\frac{6}{5}} \quad (\text{or } \underline{1.2}).$$



- C) Since  $a:b = 4:7$ , let  $a = 4c$ ,  $b = 7c$ . Since  $\begin{cases} x + ay = b^2 \\ x - by = a^2 \end{cases}$ , after subtracting, we have

$$(a+b)y = b^2 - a^2 = (b+a)(b-a) \Rightarrow y = b-a = 3c \quad [a+b \neq 0]$$

Substituting in the first equation,

$$x + a(b-a) = b^2 \Rightarrow x = a^2 + b^2 - ab = 16c^2 + 49c^2 - 28c^2 = 37c^2.$$

$$\text{Thus, } \frac{x}{y} = \frac{37c^2}{3c} \Rightarrow x = \frac{37c}{3}y \quad (\text{Recall: } x, y \text{ and } c \text{ are all positive integers.})$$

$$\text{To minimize both } x \text{ and } y, \text{ we take } c = 1 \Rightarrow a = 4, b = 7 \text{ and } x = \frac{37}{3}y \Rightarrow$$

$$(x, y) = (37, 3) \Rightarrow x + y = \underline{40}. \text{ Check: } 37 + 4 \cdot 3 = 49 = 7^2, 37 - 7 \cdot 3 = 16 = 4^2$$