## MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE CONTEST 6 - MARCH 2016 SOLUTION KEY

## Round 6

A)

2 + 3 + 4		1	2	3	4	5	6
<del>36</del> 9 <b>3</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$\frac{1}{6+5+4} = \frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{5}$	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
36	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
30	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

- B) The middle term is the 5<sup>th</sup> term. The 5<sup>th</sup> term is  $\binom{8}{4}(x^{-1})^4(x^3)^4 = \binom{8}{4}x^8 = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}x^8 = \frac{70x^8}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$ .
- C) Jar #1: 4B and 6W

The two marbles drawn from Jar #1 are either both the same color or one of each.

$$P(BB) = \frac{{}_{4}C_{2}}{{}_{10}C_{2}} = \frac{6}{45} = \frac{2}{15}, P(WW) = \frac{{}_{6}C_{2}}{{}_{10}C_{2}} = \frac{15}{45} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ and } P(BW \text{ or } WB) = \frac{{}_{4}C_{1} \cdot {}_{6}C_{1}}{{}_{10}C_{2}} = \frac{24}{45} = \frac{8}{15}$$

Notice that P(BB) + P(WW) + P(BW or WB) = 1.

Jar #2 initially (3, 5) 
$$\Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases}
BB \Rightarrow \text{Jar #2}: (b, w) = (5, 5) \\
WW \Rightarrow \text{Jar #2}: (b, w) = (3, 7) \\
BW / WB \Rightarrow \text{Jar #2}: (b, w) = (4, 6)
\end{cases}$$

Thus, the probability of drawing B from Jar #2 is

$$\frac{2}{15} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{10} + \frac{8}{15} \cdot \frac{2}{5} = \frac{10 + 15 + 32}{150} = \frac{19}{50} \text{ (or } \underline{0.38}\text{)}.$$