

Computational Concept and Architecture of Artificial Psyche

Anton Kolonin
akolonin@aigents.com
Telegram: akolonin

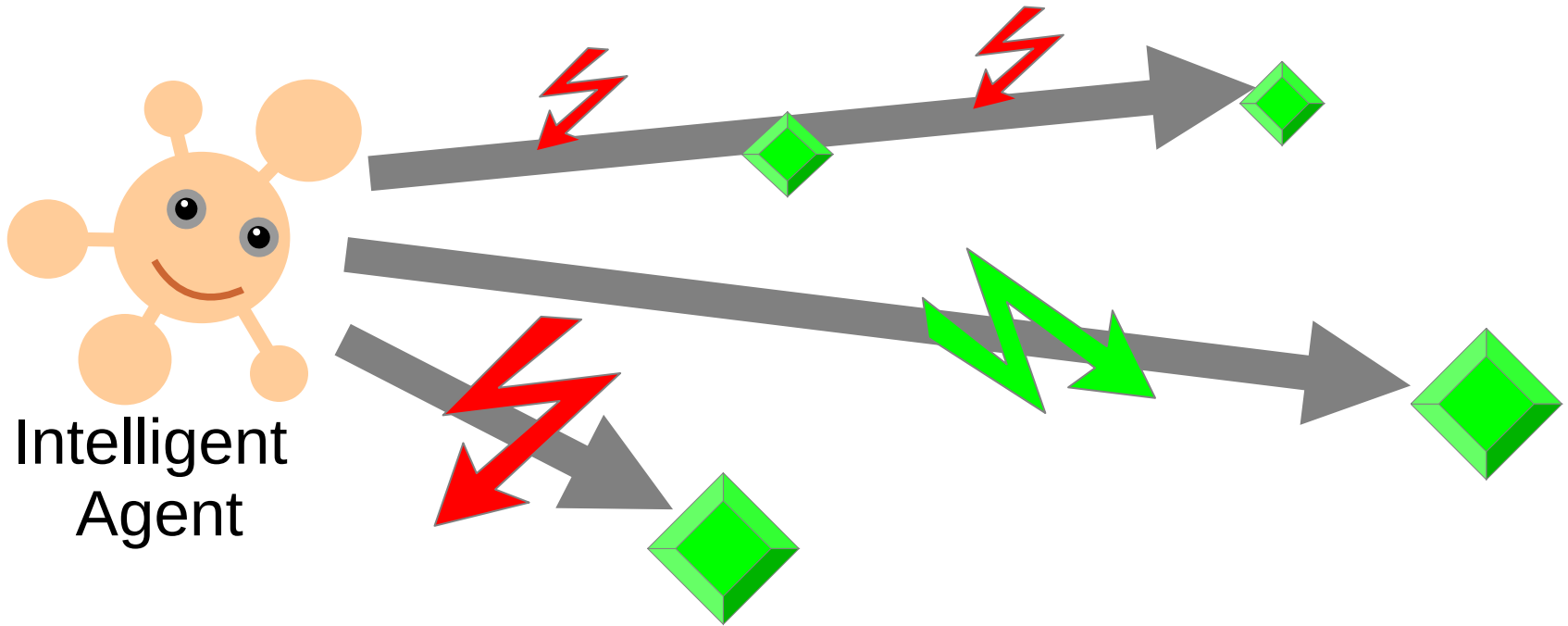
N* Novosibirsk
State
University
*THE REAL SCIENCE
<https://www.nsu.ru>



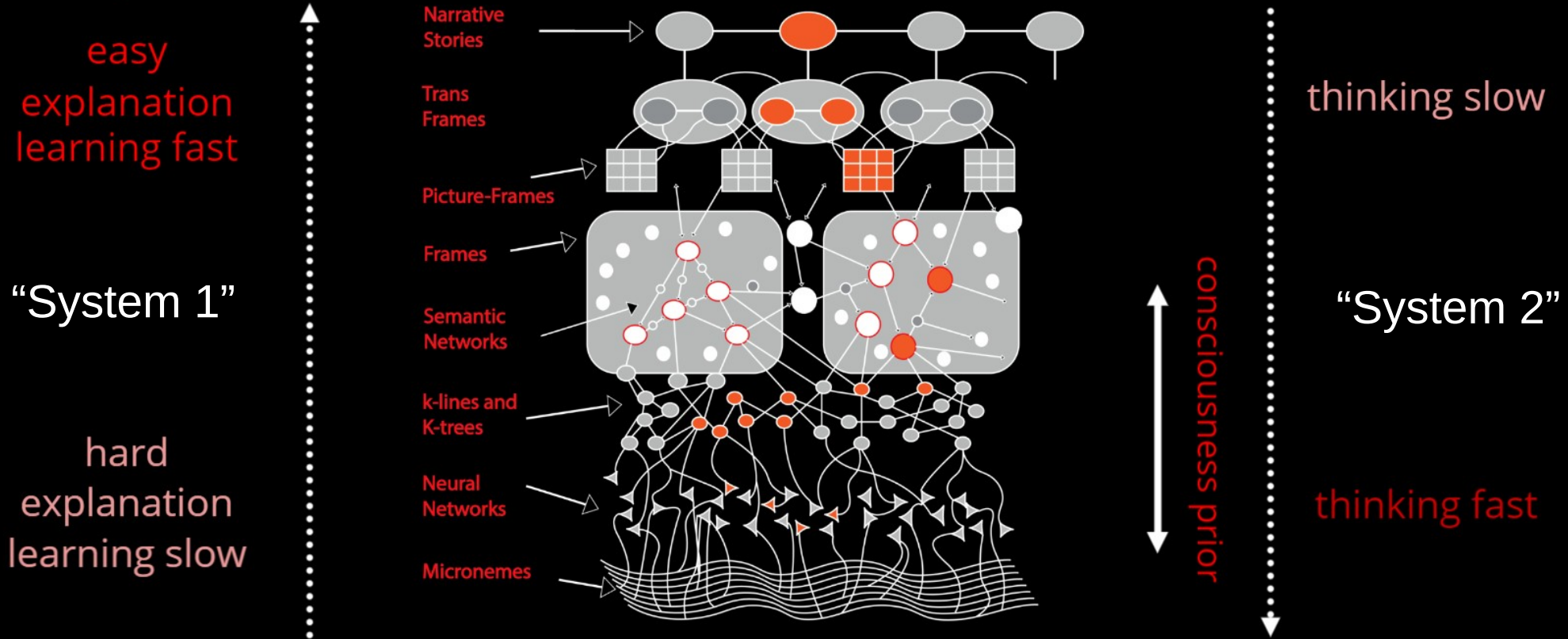
<https://agirussia.org>

General Intelligence:

Reaching complex goals in different complex environments, using limited resources under uncertainty
(Ben Goertzel + Pei Wang + Shane Legg + Marcus Hutter)

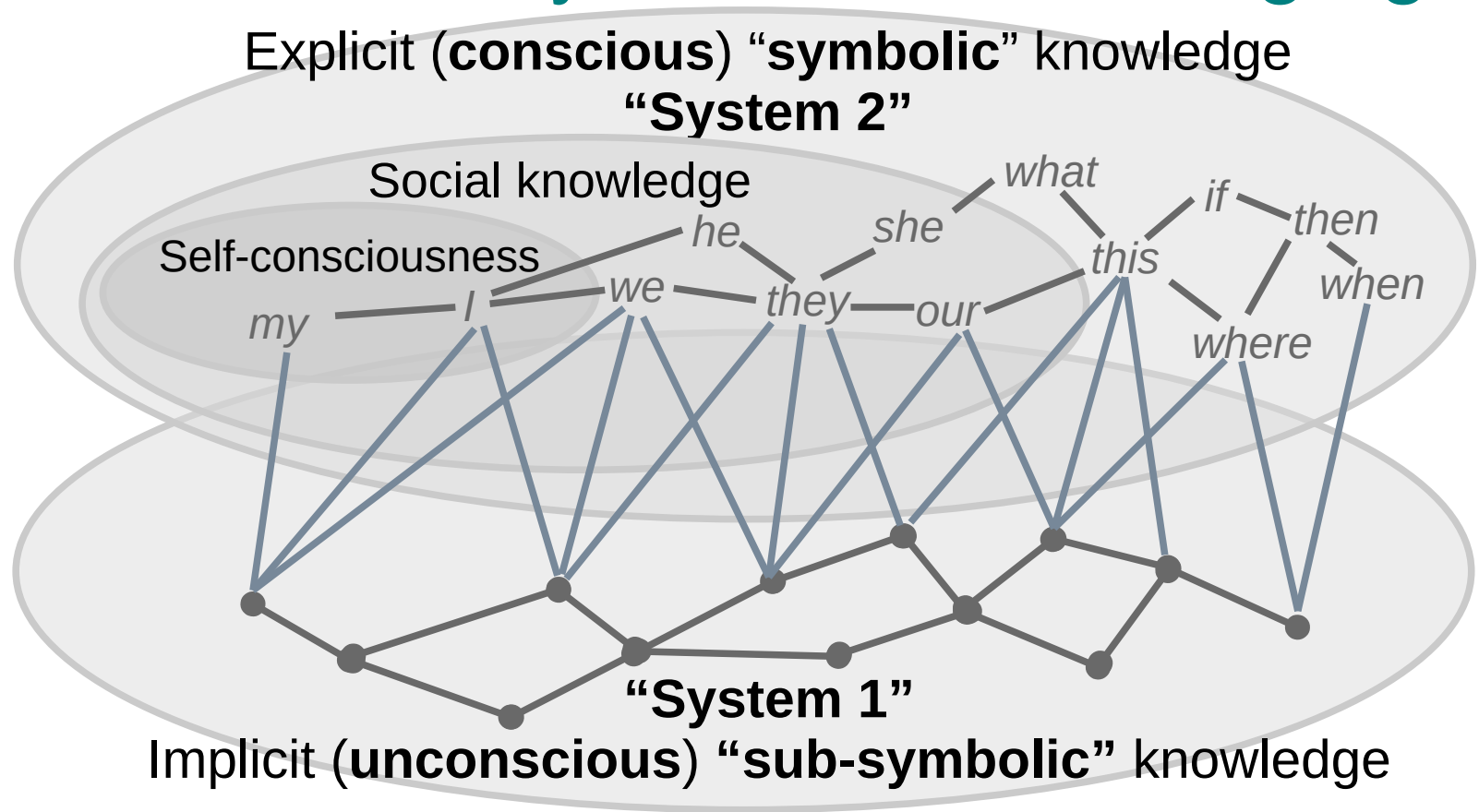


“Fast and Slow Thinking” – Daniel Kahneman



<https://towardsdatascience.com/explainable-ai-vs-explaining-ai-part-1-d39ea5053347>

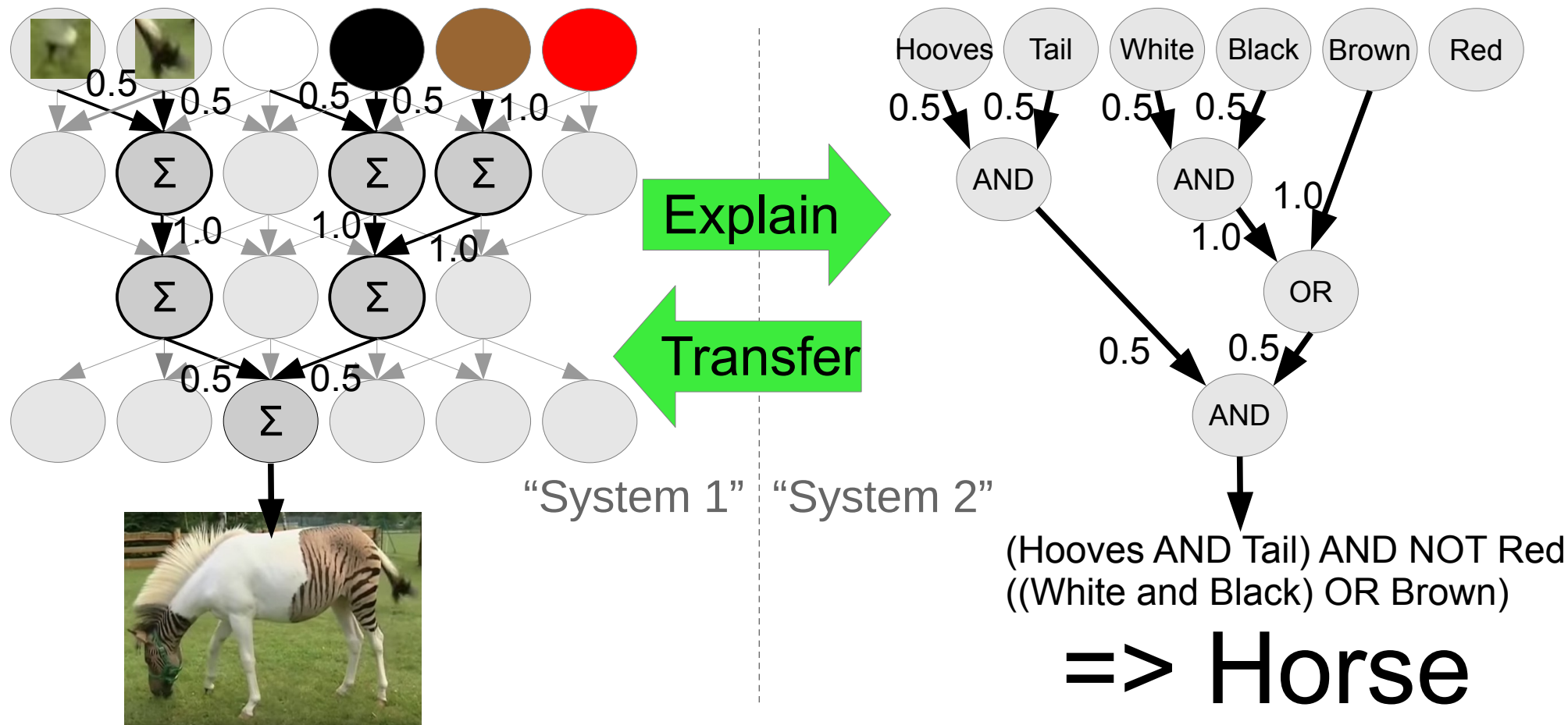
Medium: “neuro-symbolic” “knowledge graph”



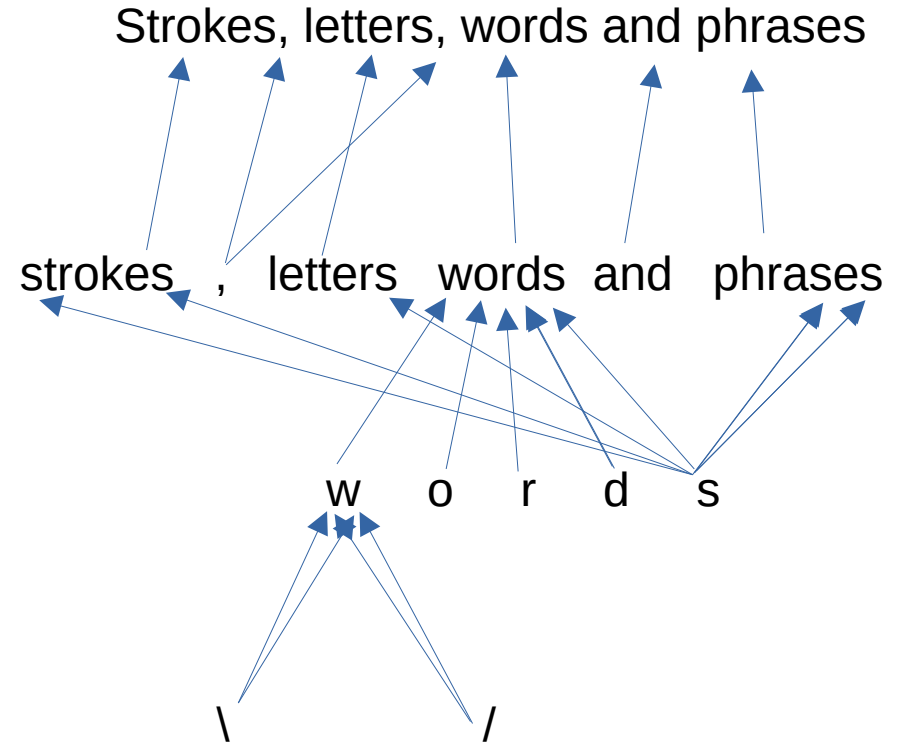
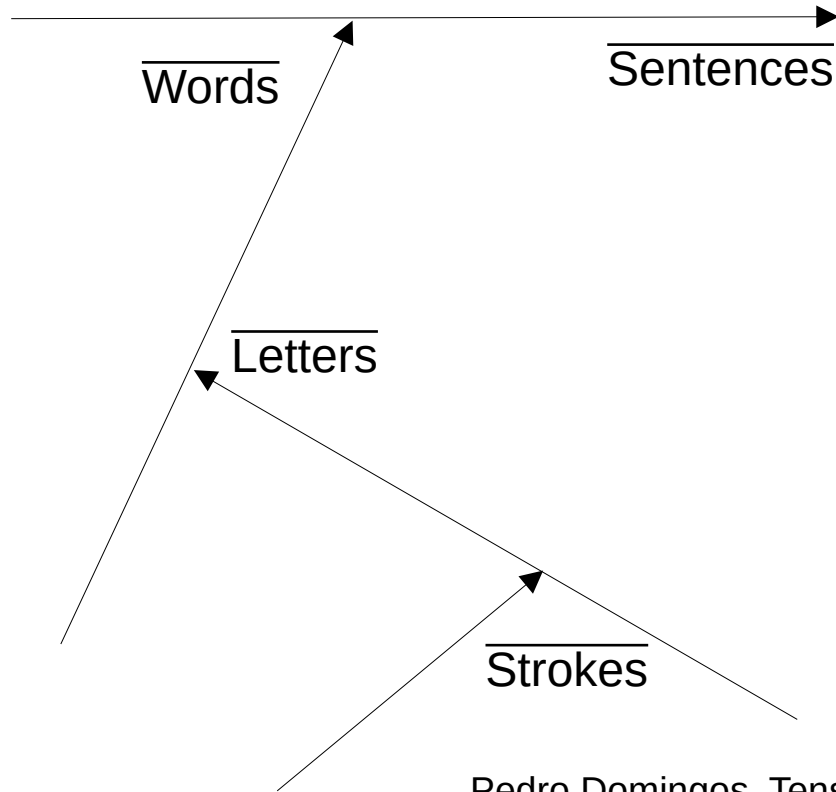
<https://www.amazon.com/Thinking-Fast-Slow-Daniel-Kahneman/dp/0374533555>

<https://amit02093.medium.com/atomspace-hyper-graph-information-retrieval-system-450cab9d751e>

Neuro-Symbolic Integration for Interpretable AI



Functional equivalence of ~~neural network~~ tensor and graph (symbolic) models



Pedro Domingos, Tensor Logic: The Language of AI
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2510.12269>

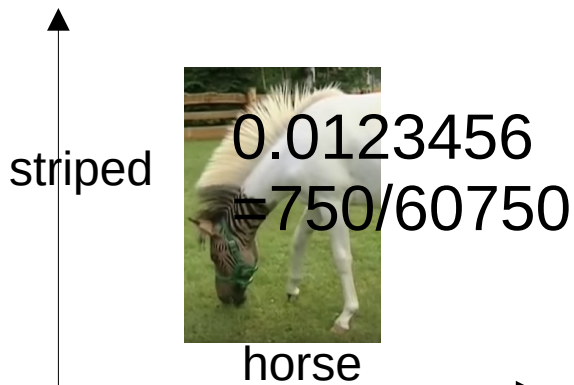
Typed tensor logic for different kinds of AI-s (logical, sub-symbolic, probabilistic/non-axiomatic)

Truth-Value Tensor

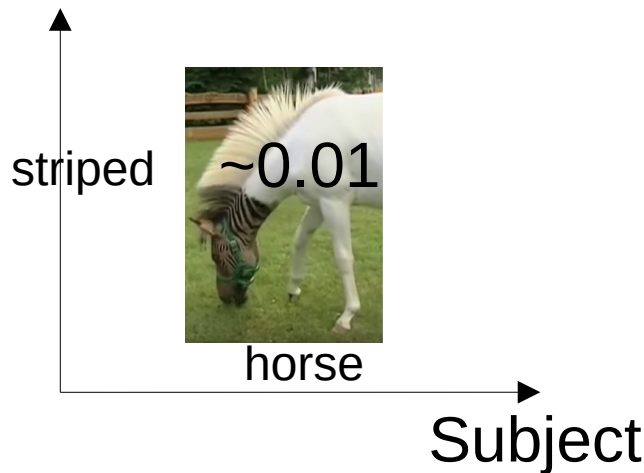
Numerical Tensor

Boolean Tensor

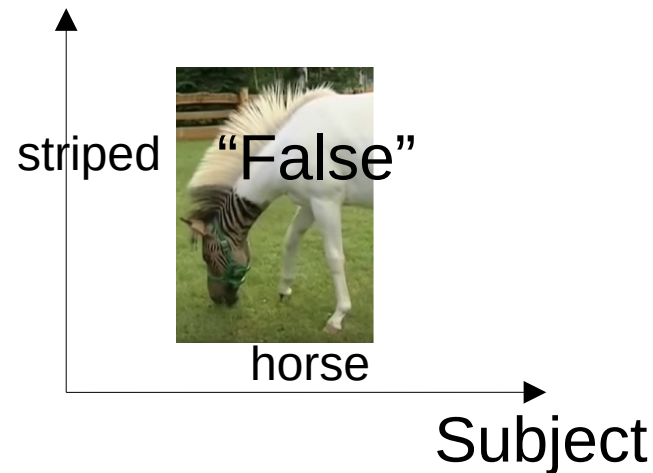
Property



Property



Property



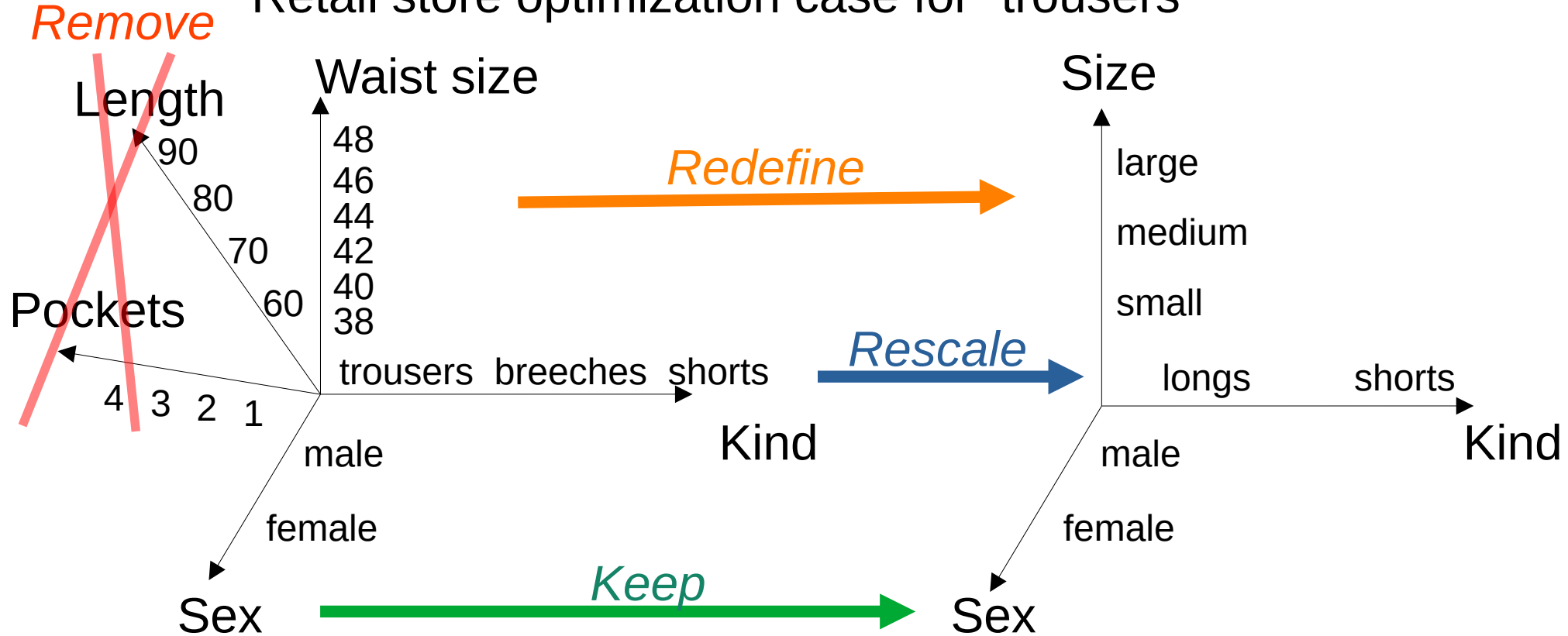

Life-long
learning?

Pedro Domingos, Tensor Logic: The Language of AI
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2510.12269>

Copyright © 2025 Anton Kolonin, Aigents®

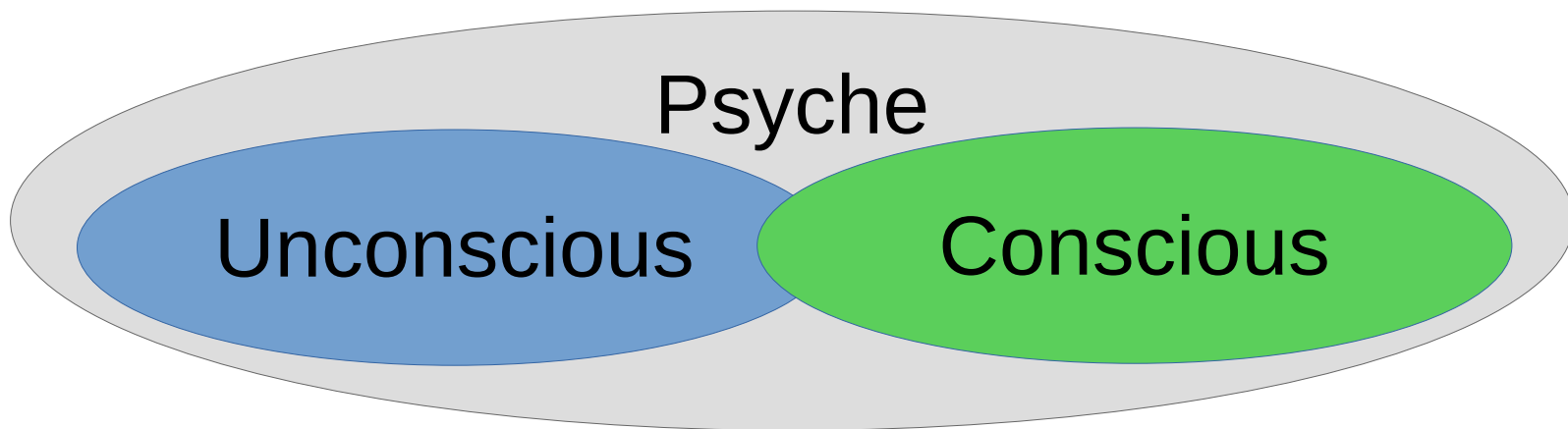
Problem of dimensionality (reduction) and discreteness (increase)

Retail store optimization case for “trousers”

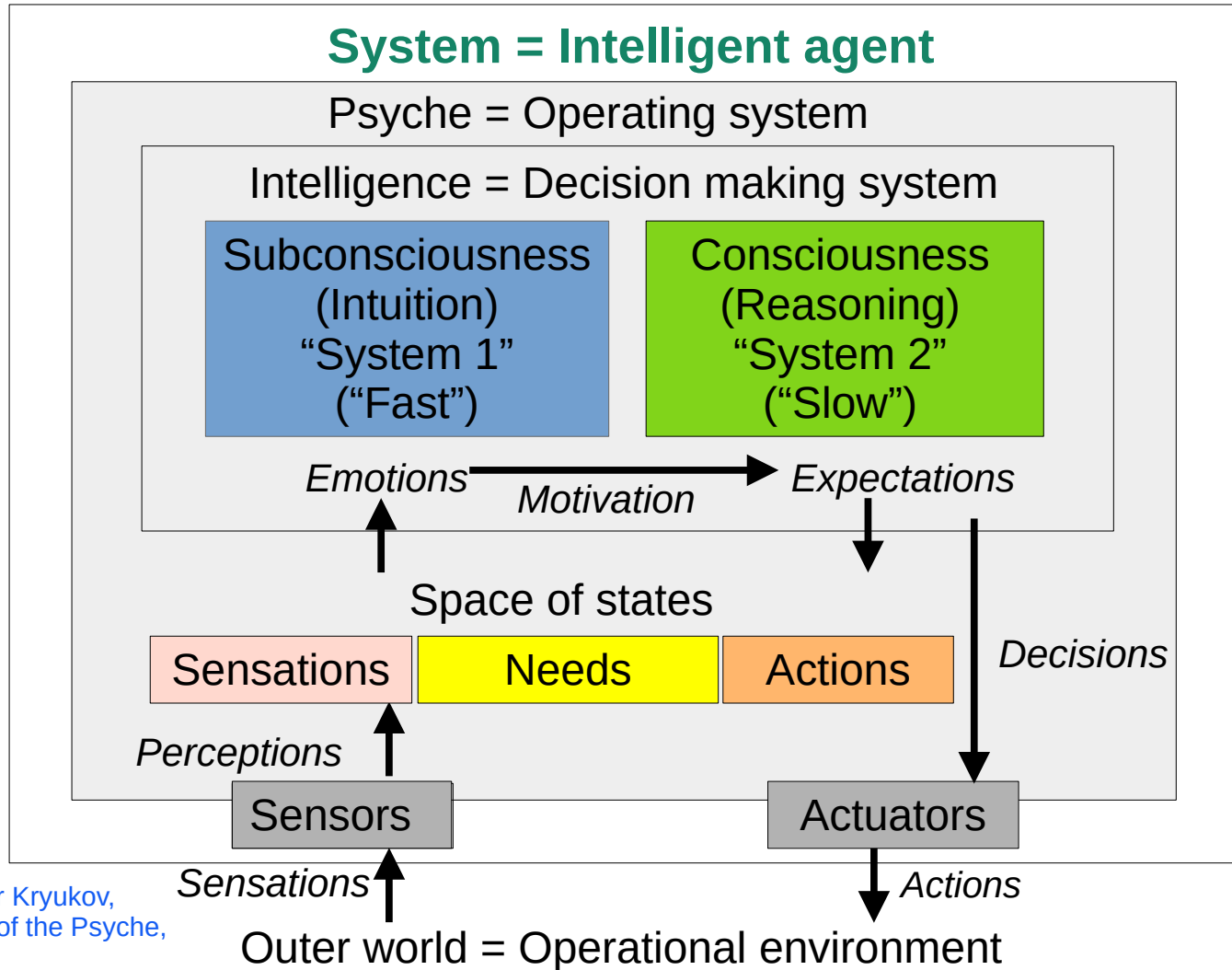


The psyche /'saɪki/ is currently used to describe the totality of the human mind, conscious and unconscious.

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Psyche>



System = Intelligent agent



Psyche = Operating system

Intelligence = Decision making system

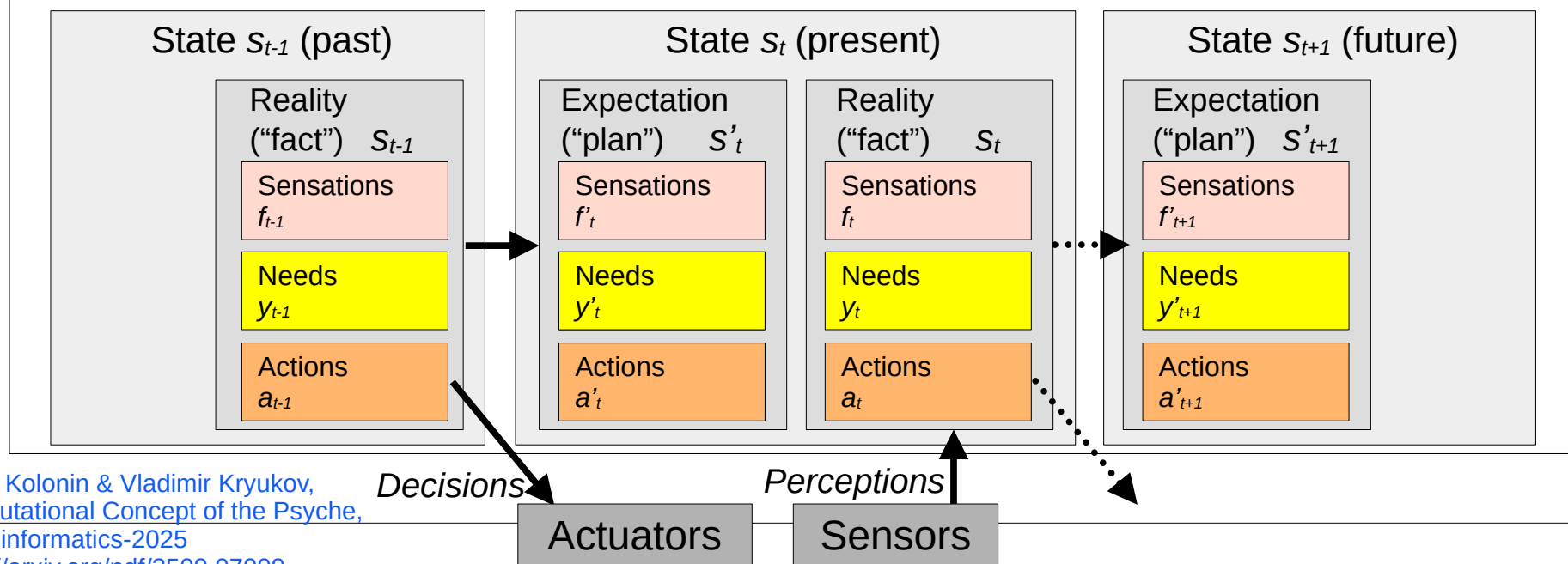
Models s (“invariants”) of states with utilities U and probabilities P of transitions

$$U(\{s_t\}_{t \in \{t-T, t-1\}}, s'_0) = L(x \cdot (y_t - y_{t-1}), (s'_t - s_t), E(a_{t-1})) \quad s'_t = \operatorname{argmax}_s (U(\{s_t\}_{t \in \{t-T, t-1\}}, s'_t), P(\{s_t\}_{t \in \{t-T, t-1\}}, s'_t))$$

↑ Experiential learning

↓ Decision making

Space of states and episodic memory (“precedents”)



Psyche = Operating system

Intelligence = Decision making system

Models s ("invariants") of states with utilities U and probabilities P of transitions

$$U(\{s_t\}_{t \in \{-T, -1\}}, s'_0) = L(x \cdot (y_t - y_{t-1}), (s'_t - s_t), E(a_{t-1})) \quad s'_t = \operatorname{argmax}_s (U(\{s_t\}_{t \in \{-T, -1\}}, s'_t), P(\{s_t\}_{t \in \{-T, -1\}}, s'_t))$$

↑ Experiential learning

↓ Decision making

Space of states and episodic memory ("precedents")

State s_{t-1} (past)

Reality
("fact") s_{t-1}

Sensations
 f_{t-1}

Needs
 y_{t-1}

Actions
 a_{t-1}

State s_t (present)

Expectation
("plan") s'_t

Sensations
 f'_t

Needs
 y'_t

Actions
 a'_t

Reality
("fact") s_t

Sensations
 f_t

Needs
 y_t

Actions
 a_t

State s_{t+1} (future)

Expectation
("plan") s'_{t+1}

Sensations
 f'_{t+1}

Needs
 y'_{t+1}

Actions
 a'_{t+1}

Decisions

Perceptions

Actuators

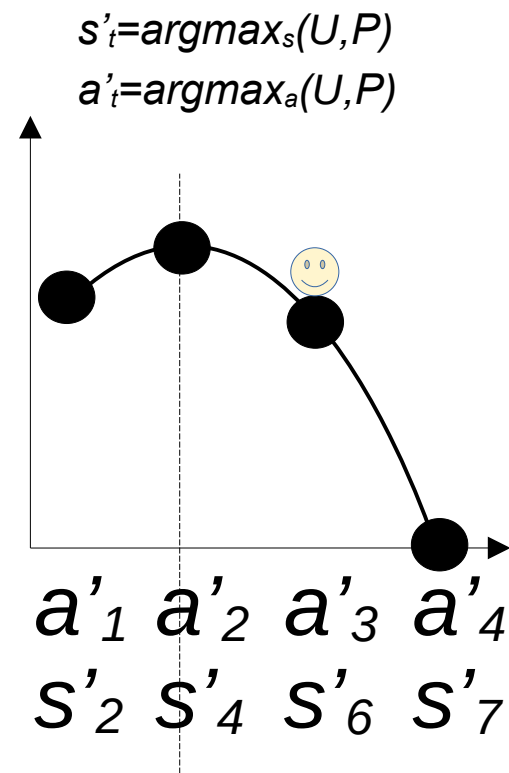
Sensors


$x \cdot y_t$ — "motivation vector"

V. F. Petrenko and A. P. Suprun, "Goal oriented systems, evolution, and the subjective aspect in systemology," Tr. Inst. Sistem. Analiza RAN 62 (1) (2012)

Decision making as operational risk management

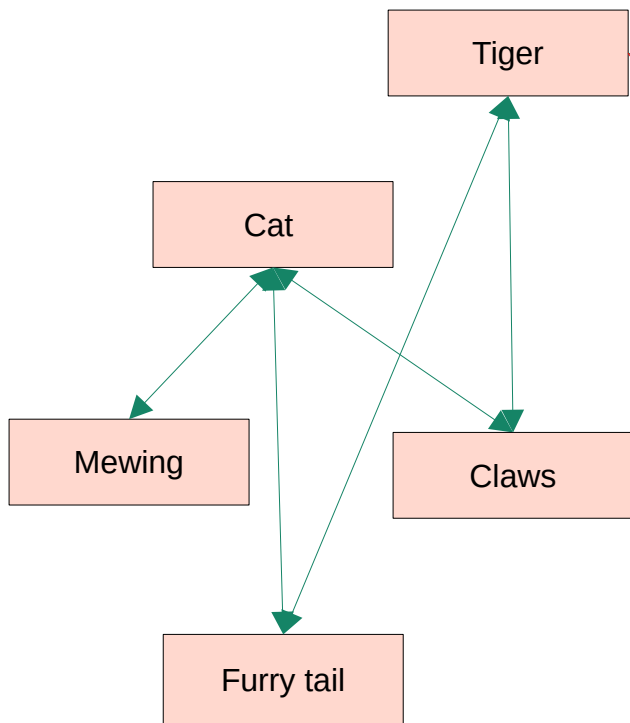
S_t	S'_{t+1}	S'_{t+1}			U	P	$\Sigma U*P$
		a'	y'	f'			
S_1	S'_2	a'_1	y'_1	...	1.0	0.5	<u>0.7</u>
S_1	S'_3	a'_1	y'_2	...	0.4	0.5	
S_1	S'_4	a'_2	y'_3	...	1.0	0.8	<u>0.8</u>
S_1	S'_5	a'_2	y'_4	...	0.0	0.2	
S_1	S'_6	a'_3	y'_5	...	0.6	1.0	<u>0.6</u>
S_1	S'_7	a'_4	y'_6	...	0.0	1.0	<u>0.0</u>



 Tversky & Kahneman:
 most people choose a'_3 и s'_6
 ("smaller profit with
 greater reliability")

Mutual dependency of state variable subgraphs tensors

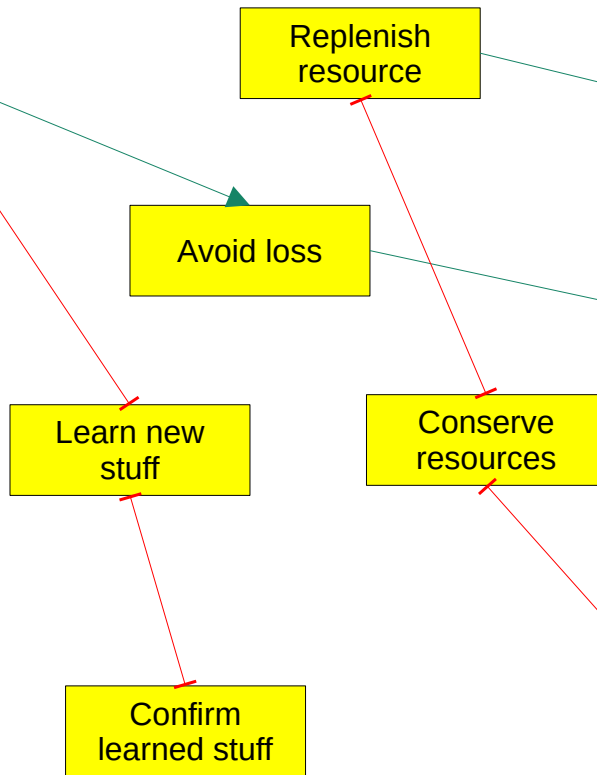
Percept feelings



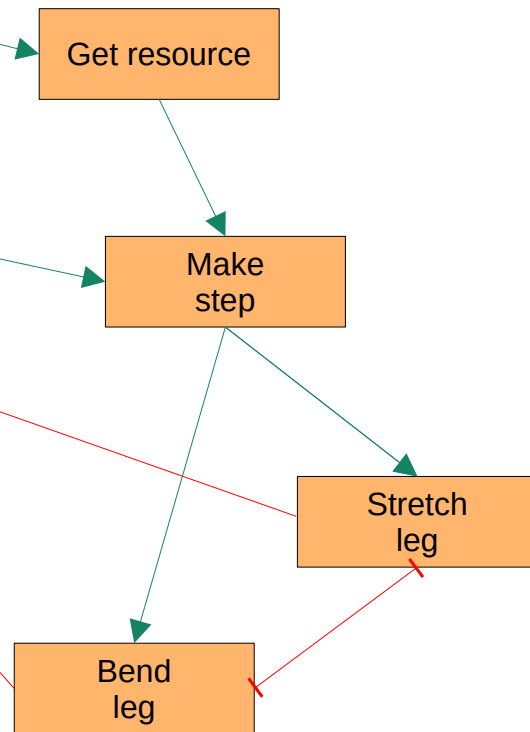
Anton Kolonin & Vladimir Kryukov,
Computational Concept of the Psyche,
Neuroinformatics-2025

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2509.07009>

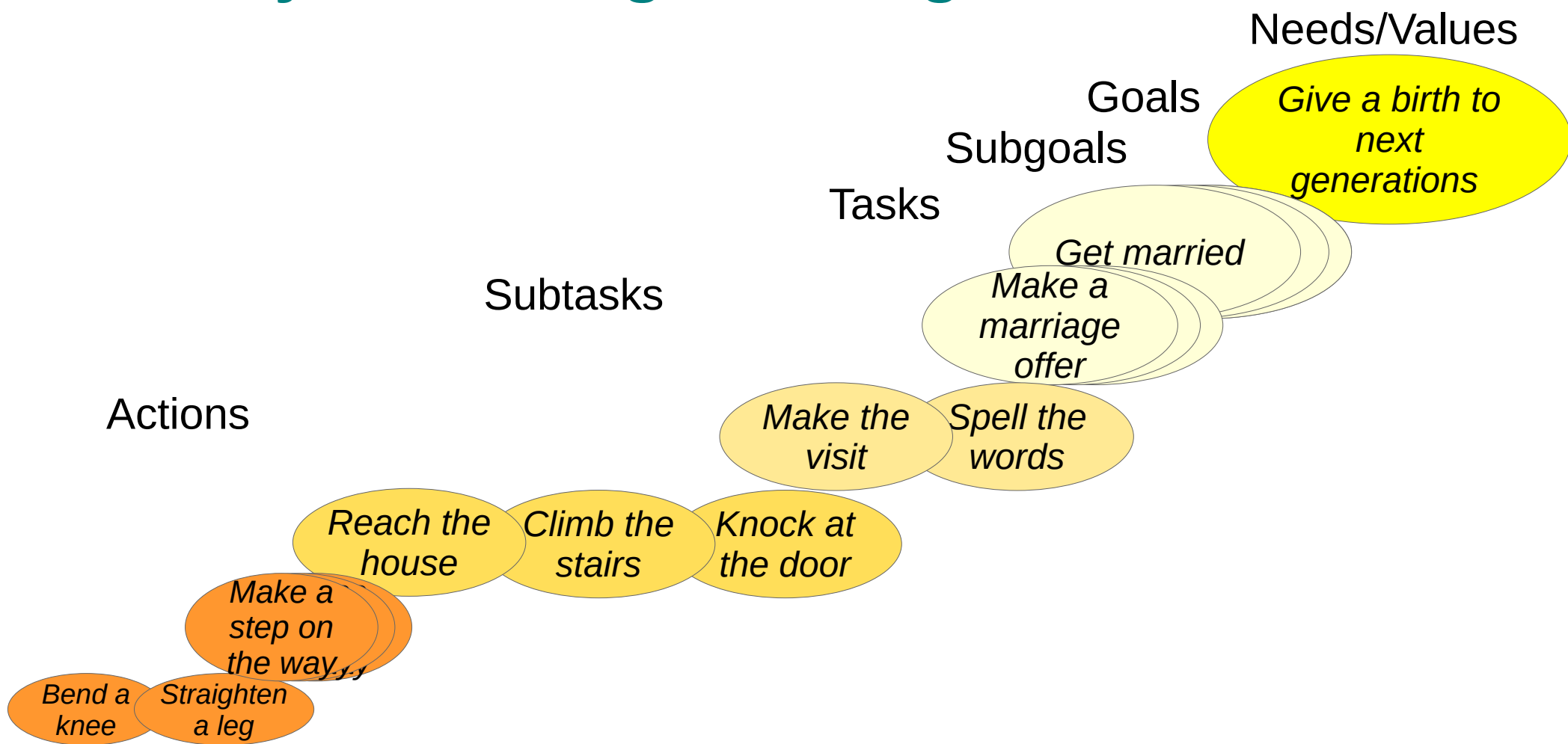
Satisfied needs



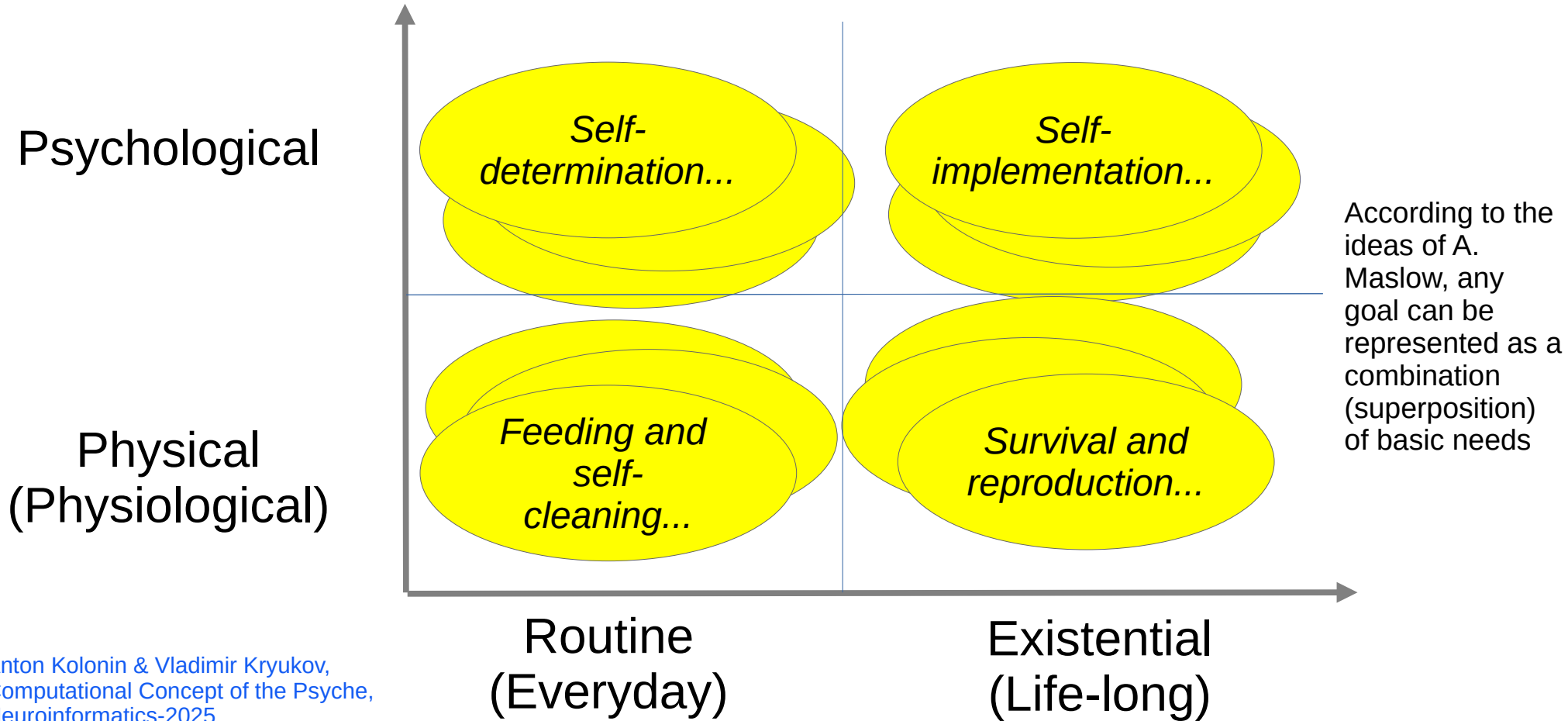
Decided & committed actions



Hierarchy of values/goals/subgoals/tasks/subtasks

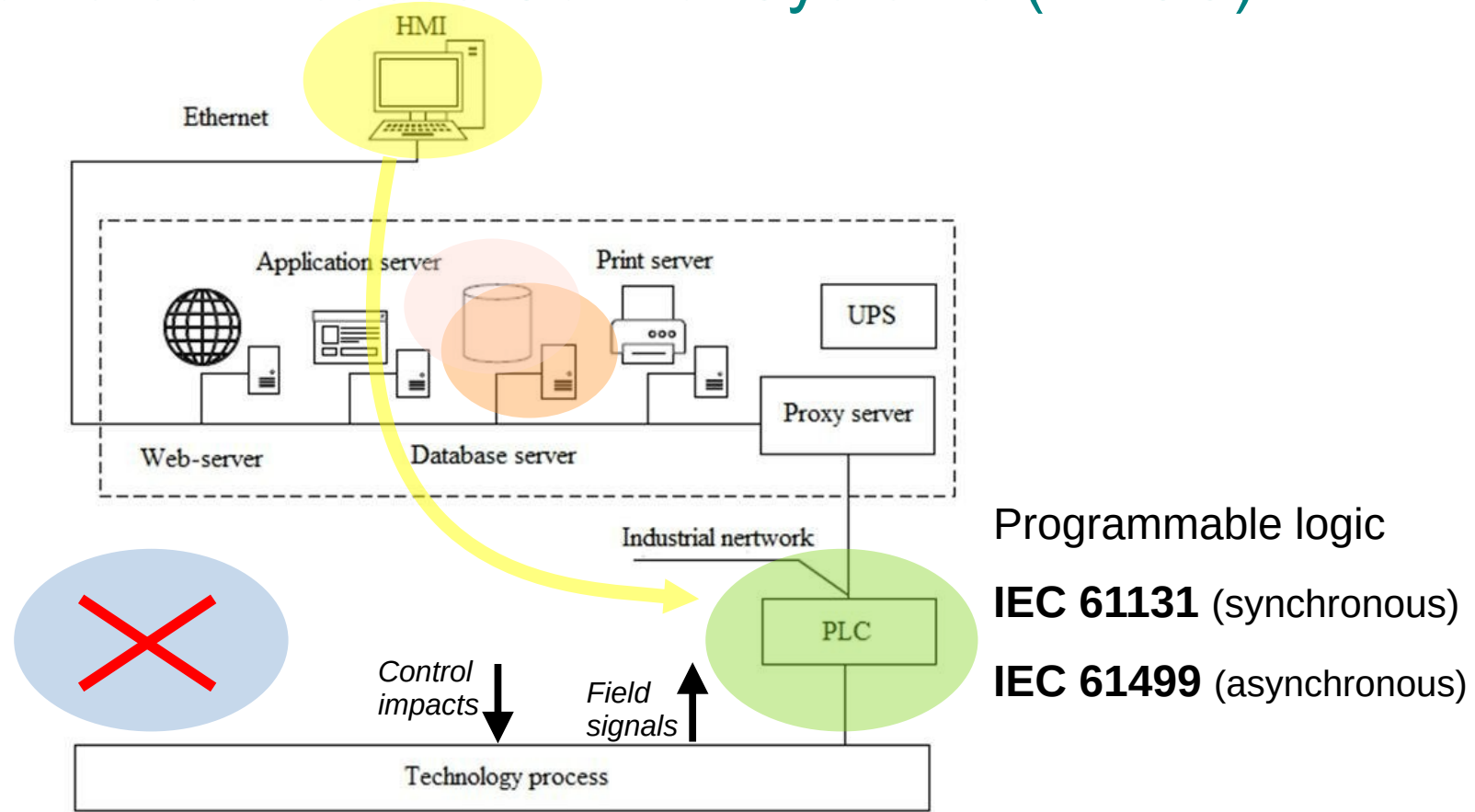


Space of needs/goals/values



Application cases

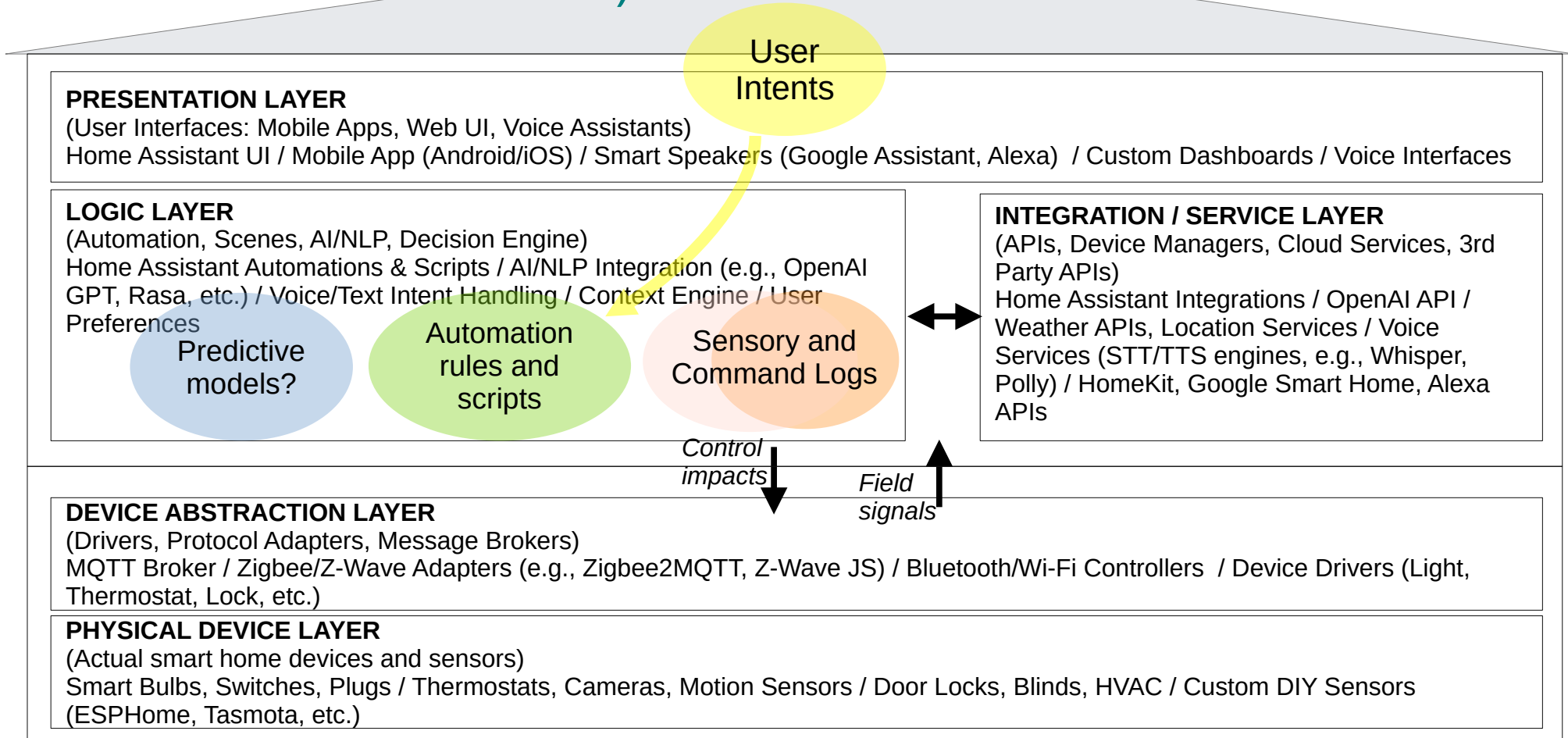
A) Automated Process Control Systems (APCS)



https://www.researchgate.net/publication/311662442_Adaptive_Intelligent_Manufacturing_Control_Systems

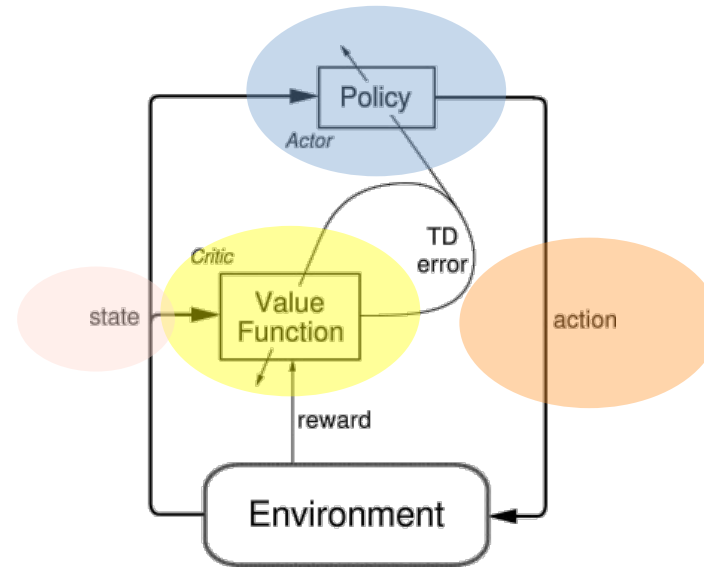
Application cases

B) “Smart Home”



Implementation options

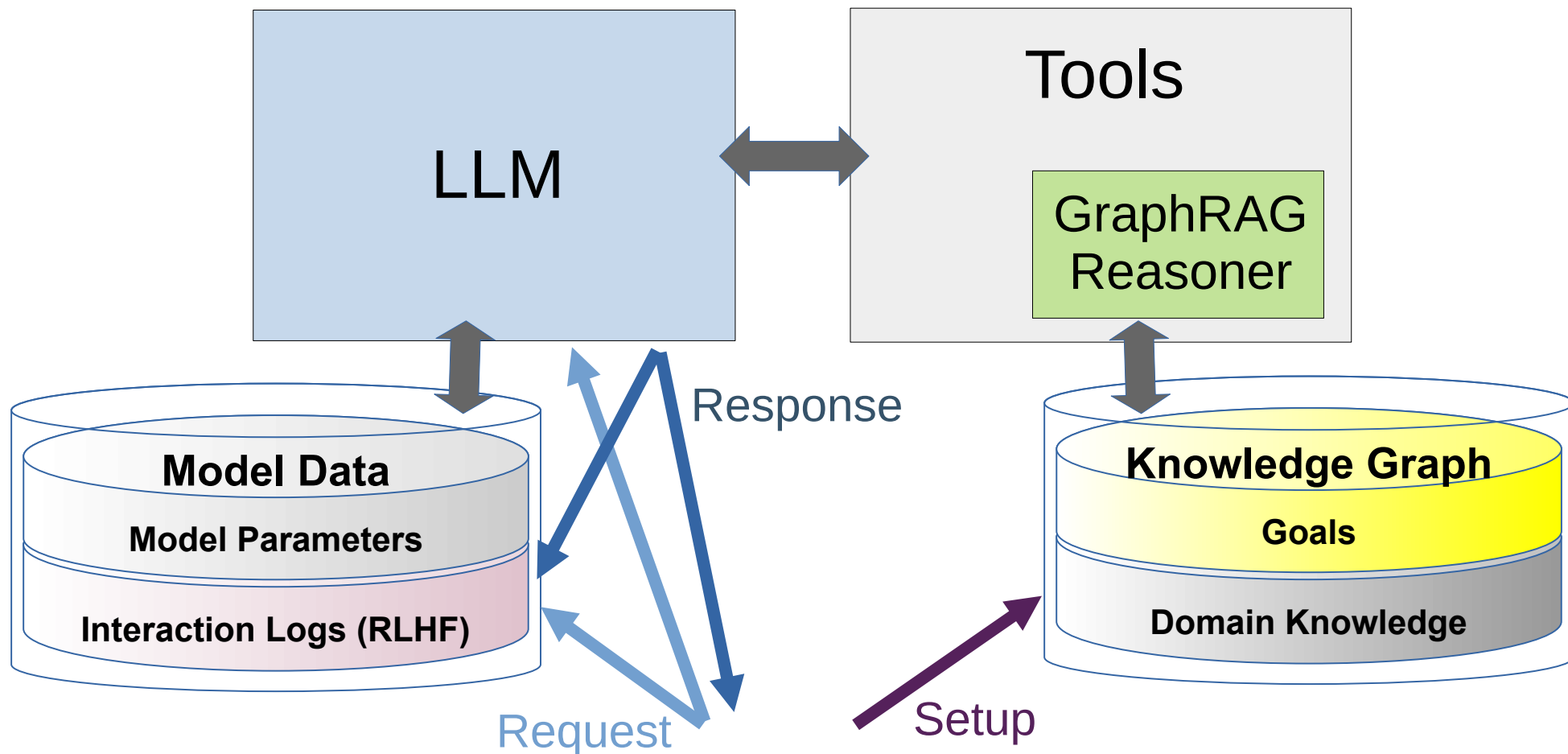
1) Reinforcement learning based on “actor-critic” model



<https://medium.com/intro-to-artificial-intelligence/the-actor-critic-reinforcement-learning-algorithm-c8095a655c14>

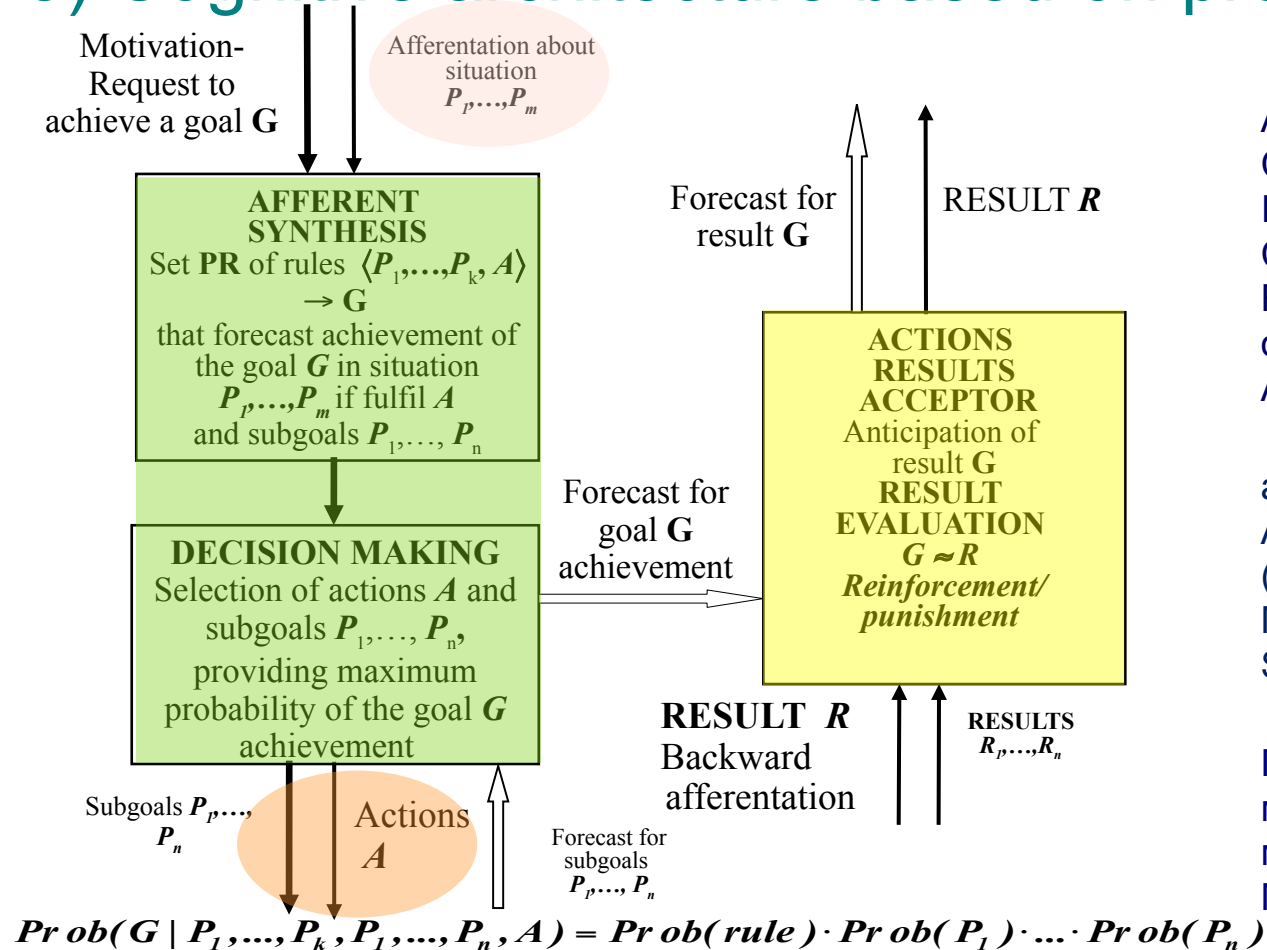
Implementation options

2) Cognitive architecture based on LLM and (active) GraphRAG



Implementation options

3) Cognitive architecture based on probabilistic logic



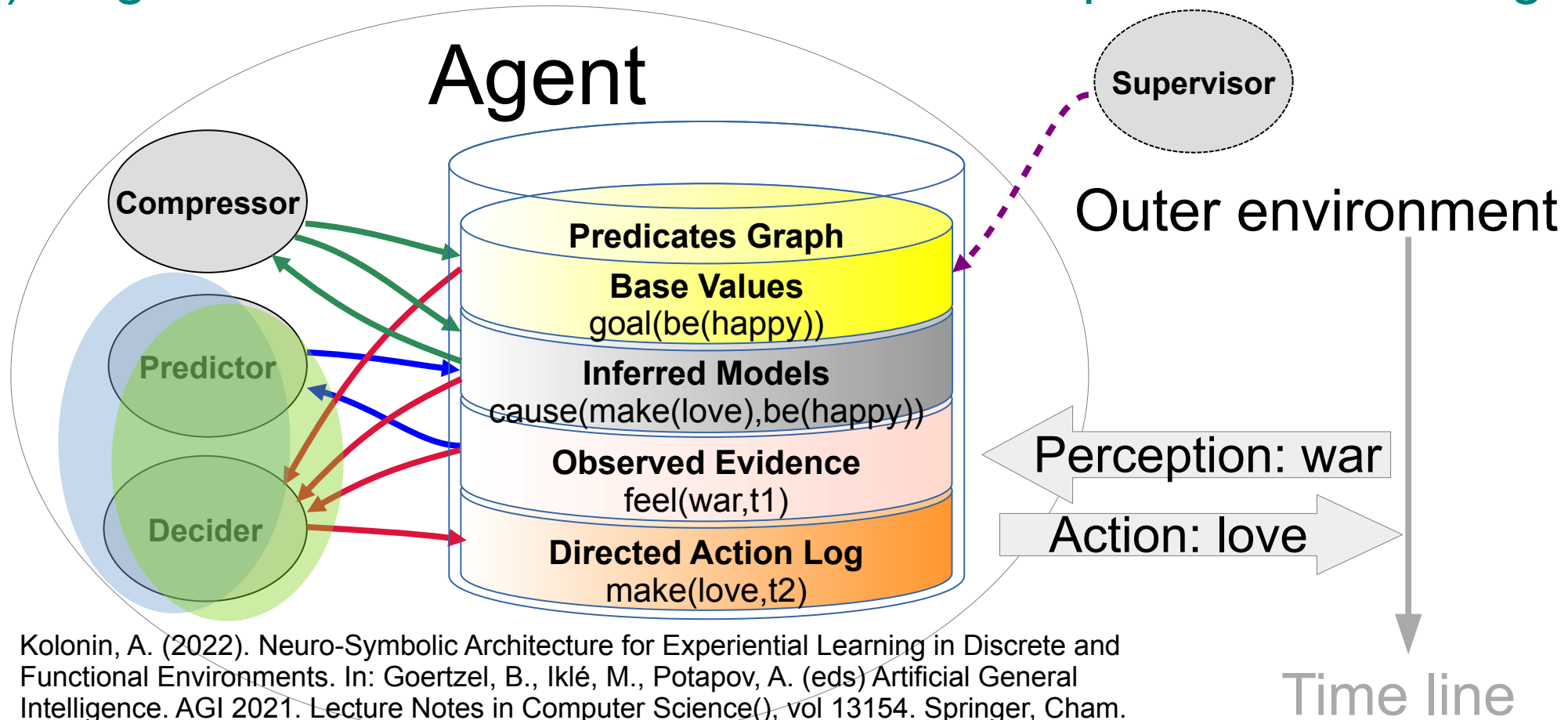
Evgenii Vityaev, Alexander Demin:
Adaptive Control of Modular Robots //
Conference Paper in Advances in
Intelligent Systems and Computing,
Conference: First International Early
Research Career Enhancement School
on Biologically Inspired Cognitive
Architectures, Springer, August 2018

Evgenii E. Vityaev: Purposefulness
as a Principle of Brain Activity //
Anticipation: Learning from the Past,
(ed.) M. Nadin. Cognitive Systems
Monographs, V.25, Chapter No.: 13.
Springer, 2015, pp. 231-254.

Витяев Е.Е. Логика работы мозга.
Подходы к моделированию
мышления. (сборник под ред. д.ф.-
м.н. В.Г. Редько). УРСС Эдиториал,
Москва, 2014г., стр. 120-153.

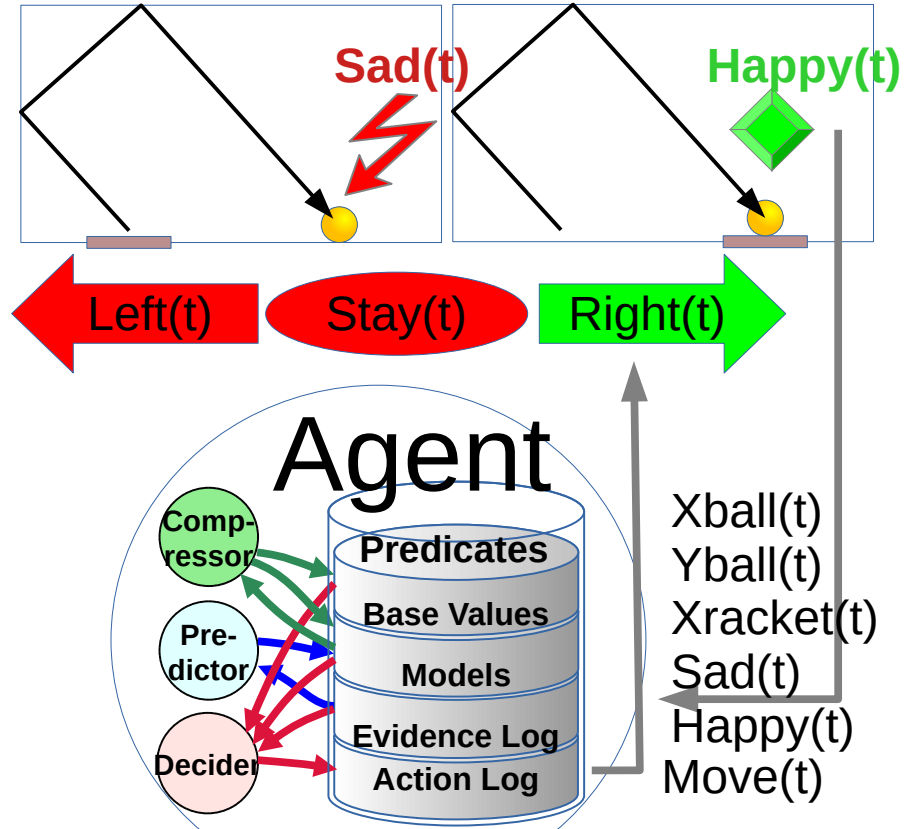
Implementation options

4) Cognitive architecture of value-based experiential learning

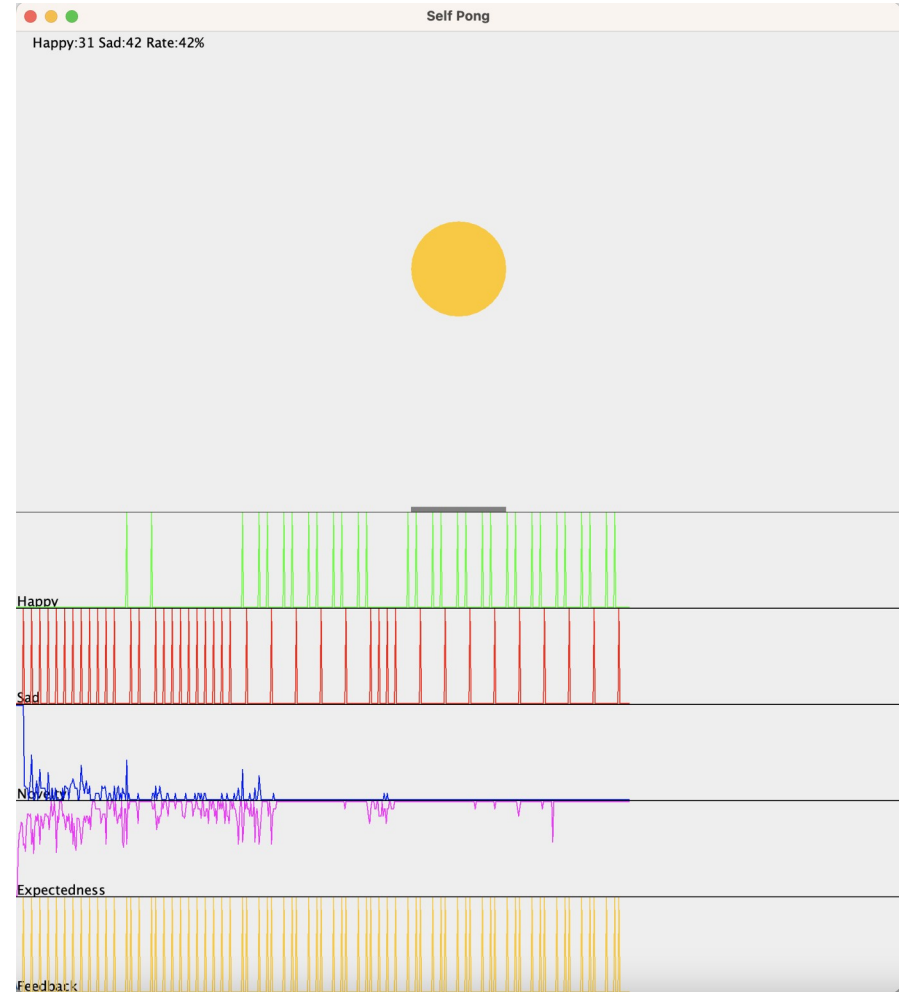


Kolonin, A. (2022). Neuro-Symbolic Architecture for Experiential Learning in Discrete and Functional Environments. In: Goertzel, B., Iklé, M., Potapov, A. (eds) Artificial General Intelligence. AGI 2021. Lecture Notes in Computer Science(), vol 13154. Springer, Cham.
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-93758-4_12

Cognitive architecture of value-based experiential learning

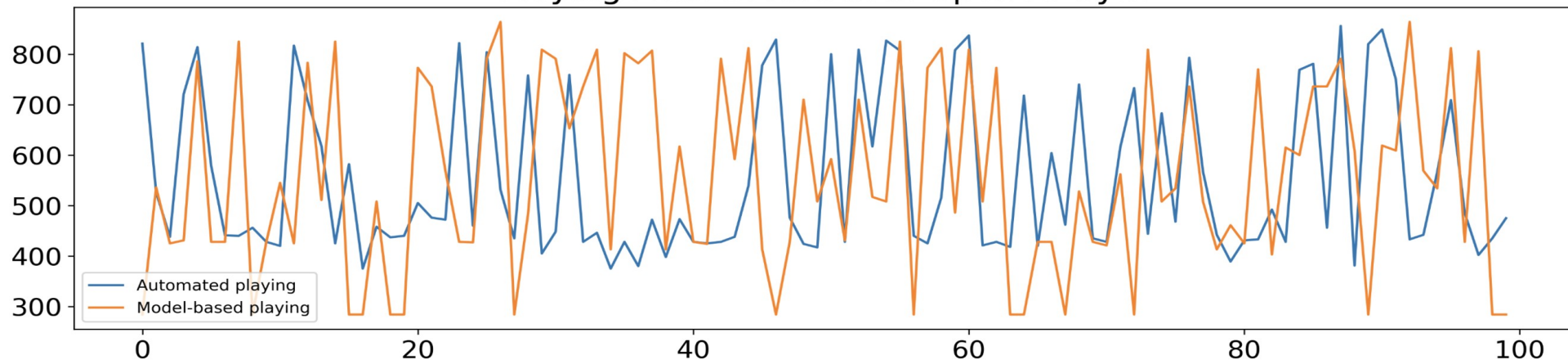


Anton Kolonin & Vladimir Kryukov,
Computational Concept of the Psyche,
Neuroinformatics-2025
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2509.07009>

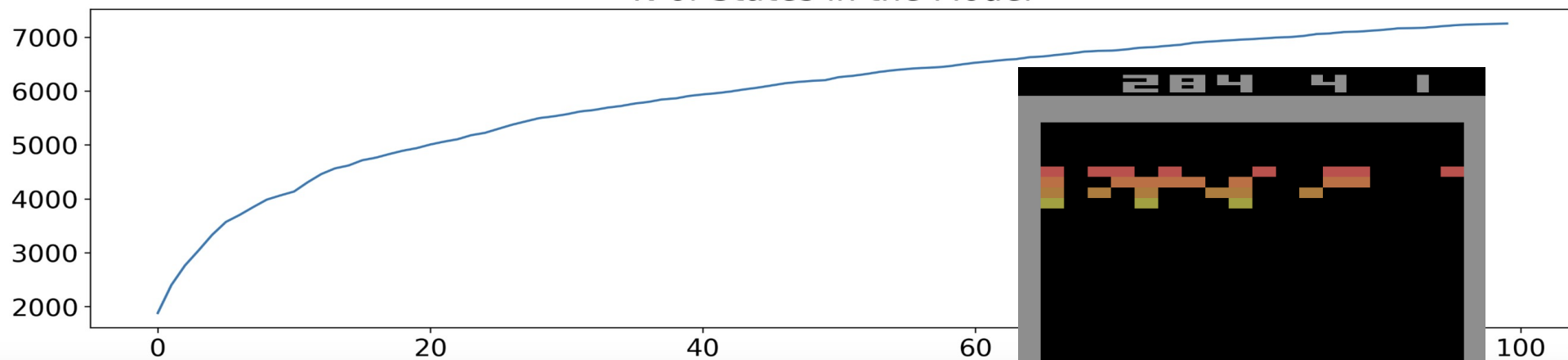


Reinforcement learning – decision making on “pre-trained” model

Playing Atari Breakout in Open AI Gym

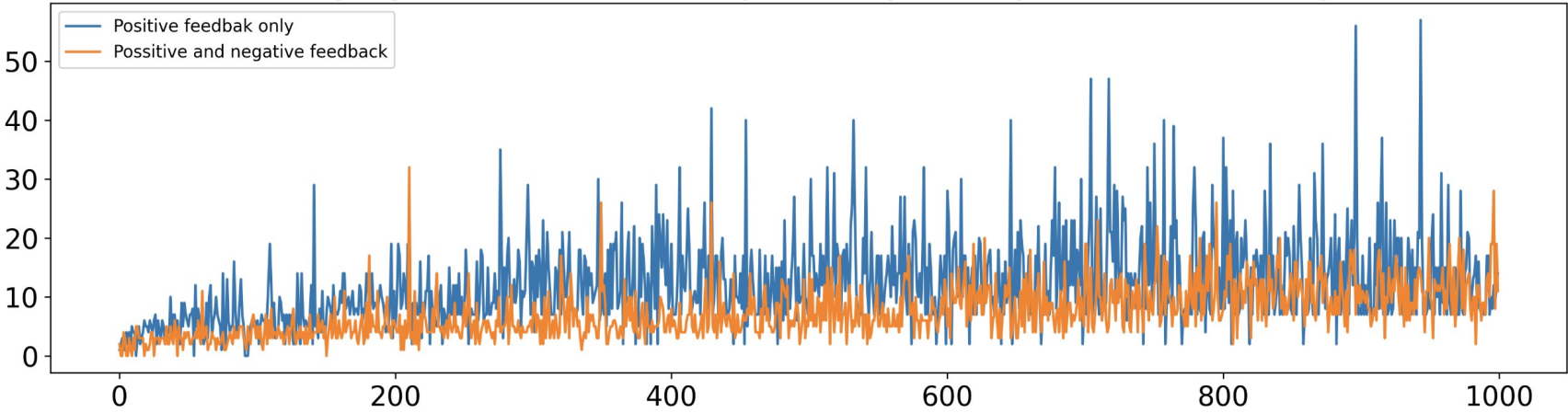


N of States in the Model

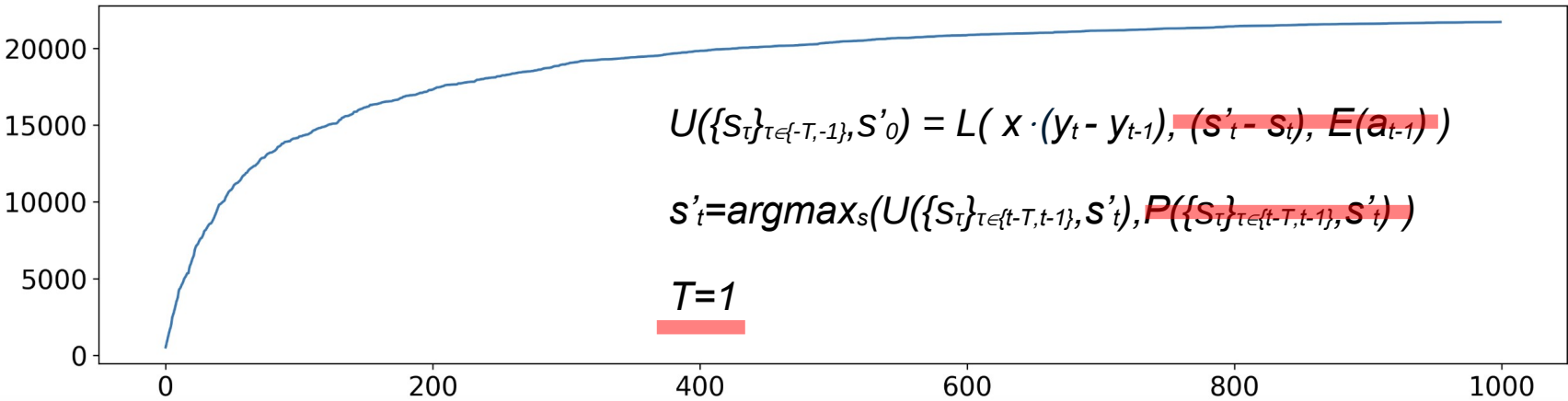


Reinforcement learning – experiential learning and decision making

Playing Atari Breakout in Open AI Gym - Experiential Learning



N of States in the Model



Thank you for attention! Questions?

Anton Kolonin

akolonin@aigents.com

Telegram/GitHub: [akolonin](#)

Workshop recording
on the subject



Anton Kolonin & Vladimir Kryukov,
Computational Concept of the
Psyche, Neuroinformatics-2025

