

## PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS

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### EIGHTEENTH AMENDMENT

SECTIONS 1–3. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

### PROHIBITION

#### Validity of Adoption

Cases relating to this question are presented and discussed under Article V.

#### Enforcement

Cases produced by enforcement and arising under the Fourth and Fifth Amendments are considered in the discussion appearing under the those Amendments.

#### Repeal

The Eighteenth Amendment was repealed by the Twenty-first Amendment, and titles I and II of the National Prohibition Act<sup>1</sup> were subsequently specifically repealed by the act of August 27, 1935.<sup>2</sup> Federal prohibition laws effective in various Districts and Territories were repealed as follows: District of Columbia-April 5, 1933,

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<sup>1</sup> Ch. 85, 41 Stat. 305.

<sup>2</sup> Ch. 740, 49 Stat. 872.