607. WHYY, Inc. v. Borough of Glassboro, 393 U.S. 117 (1968).

A New Jersey statute providing exemption from property taxes only of those nonprofit corporations chartered in New Jersey denies equal protection to a Pennsylvania corporation qualified to do business in New Jersey.

Justices concurring: Warren, C.J., Douglas, Harlan, Brennan, Stewart, White, Fortas, Marshall
Justice dissenting: Black

608. South Carolina State Bd. of Educ. v. Brown, 393 U.S. 222 (1968).

A district court decision holding unconstitutional a South Carolina statute providing for scholarship grants for children attending private schools as part of antidesegregation program is summarily affirmed.

609. Kirkpatrick v. Preisler, 394 U.S. 526 (1968).

A Missouri congressional districting statute is unconstitutional because the population deviations from precise mathematical equality among districts were not unavoidable.

Justices concurring: Brennan, Black, Douglas, Marshall, Warren, C.J. Justice concurring specially: Fortas Justices dissenting: Harlan, Stewart, White

- 610. Accord: Wells v. Rockefeller, 394 U.S. 542 (1969), voiding New York's congressional districting plan.
- 611. Stanley v. Georgia, 394 U.S. 557 (1969).

A Georgia statute construed to prohibit possession in the home of obscene materials for one's own private and personal use violates First and Fourteenth Amendments.

612. Street v. New York, 394 U.S. 576 (1969).

A New York statute insofar as it punishes verbal abuse of the flag violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments.

Five-to-four division of Court not on this issue.

613. Shapiro v. Thompson, 394 U.S. 618 (1969).

A Connecticut statute imposing a one-year residency requirement on eligibility for welfare assistance infringes the right to travel and violates the Equal Protection Clause.

Justices concurring: Brennan, Douglas, Fortas, Stewart, White, Marshall Justices dissenting: Warren, C.J., Black, Harlan