

Software Requirements Specification
NavUP
COS 301
Team: Hotpink

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide a detailed description of the requirements for the NavUP application, a navigation application which is intended to assist students , staff and the public with navigating the University of Pretoria. Additionally it will outline and explain the complete plan for building the NavUP system. The explanations include the constraints for the system and how the system will interact with external applications. Ultimately this document is to be used for client approval such that the system may be implemented.

1.2 Scope

The NavUP mobile application makes use of the Wi-Fi on campus in order to assist the user in finding the route to their destination from their current location or from a location which is on the University of Pretoria facilities this includes but is not limited to lecture halls, food courts, ablution facilities or possibly even sport or faculty houses.

The NavUP mobile application will use the users GPS location, on their smart devices, in conjunction with all the Wi-Fi routers on campus in order to determine the best route from their starting location. As a result the users require Wi-Fi enabled devices and login credentials to the Universities Wi-Fi network. The system will not be able to navigate a user from a location which is not within the range of the campus Wi-Fi.

Further more the NavUP system also include best route capabilities, optimal routes for users with disabilities, status of the number of people currently on campus based on the number of devices currently connected to the Wi-Fi network, points of interest, activities and events that are happening on campus. It will also track the activity of the user e.g The number of steps taken and reward the user based on the goals they have achieved.

1.3 Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations

1.4 References

1.5 Overview

2 Overall Description

2.1 Product Perspective

2.2 Product Functions

The NavUP mobile application will support a variety of functions namely; navigation, providing information, allowing for users to decide on different routes, achieving goals and personalistaion capabilities.

The navigation functionality will consist of locating the user and then navigating them to their required location. They will be provided with searching capabilities in order to obtain their required location. Users will then be able to save their destination for future use.

Information will be provided to users when they are near points of interest. This information will consist of historical and general information regarding venues or landmarks. Information regarding cultural and sporting events that relate to the user will also be shown when appropriate.

Different routes will be provided based on the users needs. Such routes will include the fastest path from one location to the next. This path will be determined based on the amount of pedestrian traffic. Another route will be provided for special needs users in order to allow them to reach their destination using the easiest path for their disability.

Weekly goals will be provided to motivate users to attend all their lectures during the week as well as to increase the amount of steps they take.

2.3 User Characteristics

There are three main categories of individuals that will make use of the software namely administrators, general users and information providers.

The administrators will ensure that the software works as intended and will be in charge of maintaining and upgrading the application. These users will need to understand how the system works as well as have programming knowledge in order to work on the software.

The general users of the system will consist of students, lecturers, guests and university employees. They will only make use of the mobile application. This means that they will not require any knowledge of how the software is implemented however, they will need to have knowledge regarding how to use a mobile phone. These users will mainly use the application to navigate them from one place in the university to the next.

The information providers role will be to inform administrators regarding events taking place at the university as well as to provide information regarding different buildings and landmarks within the university. They will not necessarily make use of the mobile application and will therefore only require knowledge regarding the university itself.

2.4 Constraints

The following are restrictions related to the application:

1. Security - The users personal information and current location should not be accessible to the public.
2. Accuracy - The users location should be found whether the user is indoors or not. The location of the user should also be found in terms of what floor of a building they are on.

3. Performance - The system should be able to handle a large amount of users making use of the software at the same time.
4. Reliability - The application should still operate when one or more data access points are no longer available.
5. Accessibility - The application should be easily accessible to everyone that requires it.
6. Usability - The applications interface should be easy to use and understand.
7. Size - The application should not require too much memory in order to operate.

2.4.1 Assumptions and Dependencies

3 Requirements Specification

3.1 External Interface and Architectural Requirements

The NavUp system will be available for use on many platforms and make use of multiple means of network links and other external interfaces such as GPS and GIS services. Other requirements such as quality, integration and architectural constraints will also be covered in this section.

3.1.1 Access Channel Requirements

From the typical user's perspective, approximately 60000 students and staff, the NavUp system will largely be focused on mobile devices such as Android or iOS smartphones. These devices, will make use of location services and internet capabilities to send and receive data to and from access channels and servers using mobile data, WiFi signals, crowdsourcing and geolocation systems such as GPS and GIS. The campus WiFi network will be the main form of system access as the signal strength covers most of the large area the University spans, and will help location accuracy indoors where the mobile devices may struggle to find decent mobile and location based signals.

3.1.2 Quality Requirements

A system of the complexity and scale of NavUP must meet specific quality requirements such as:

1. Performance - the system must handle a possibility of over 50000 users simultaneously and still perform important functionality without failure
2. Reliability - the system should perform its functionality reliably, most importantly the navigational requirements.
3. Usability - the system should be easy to use while sporting an aesthetic and ergonomic interface.
4. Integrability - the system should allow for additional features and modules to be added easily.

3.1.3 Integration Requirements

The NavUp system will be implemented simultaneously by all the students enrolled in COS 301, it is therefore imperative that the system complies to a low coupling and high cohesion standard.

3.1.4 Architecture Constraints

The clients have specified the use of technologies such as GIS, UI/UX, Mobile Development (Android/iOS), Real-time Data Analysis, Data Streaming and Persistence, and a large focus on the use of WiFi Networking to boost the system's accuracy. A module that supplies targeted delivery of information was also requested hence an intelligent program is also required.

3.1.5 User Interface

The user interface is likely to be used by students and staff alike, and many visitors to the campus, the interface therefore should be friendly and easy to use for all ages. The interface should include functionality for users to login and create personal profiles so that they can use the rewards system and access other functionality. There should also be different interface for administrative users who must be able to create point of interest and update activities and update and capture location data.

3.2 Functional Requirements

Listed below are non-trivial use cases in order ranging from critical through nice-to-have. The logical structure of the data is contained at the end of the section.

3.2.1 Use Case Name: Navigate user to required location

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user inputs a desired destination
3. Precondition: user is logged in and enters the navigation module.
4. Basic Path: user inputs a destination which is sent to the navigation module after which an optimal route to the destination is calculated by the navigation and traffic modules and sent back to the client device which will display the information.
5. Postcondition: client device receives navigational information to destination.

3.2.2 Use Case Name: allow users the ability to save a location

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user taps/presses the button for save/share destination.
3. Precondition: user is logged in and wishes to save/share a location.
4. Basic Path: after pressing the save/share location button, the client device will send data regarding the users current position. This information is persisted to the users database and stored for future use by the user.
5. Postcondition: client device displays storage of location by showing an icon over the users current position.

3.2.3 Use Case Name: Display metadata with information regarding points of interest

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user navigates passed or near a point of interest.
3. Precondition: user is logged in and is currently en route to a destination.
4. Basic Path: user navigated passed a point of interest, the client application sends current data to the points of interest module which searches for any nearby points. After which any data gathered is persisted back to the client device which displays it in the form of a popup.
5. Postcondition: client device displays popup of information regarding the point/points of interest.

3.2.4 Use Case Name: Give user an ETA to destination

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user enters a destination and is en route.
3. Precondition: user is logged in and is currently travelling to a desired destination.

4. Basic Path: information regarding the users current location and destination are sent to the navigation and traffic modules which calculate the users estimated time of arrival at the destination which is sent back to the client device.
5. Postcondition: client device receives and displays estimated time of arrival at the destination.

3.2.5 Use Case Name: providing information about venues and activities

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user requests information about venue, cultural or sporting activities.
3. Precondition: user is logged in and requests to view activities.
4. Basic Path: the request is sent to the activities database which searches and returns all feasible and viable activities matching the users search parameters, which is then sent back to the clients device.
5. Postcondition: client device receives and displays information regarding the requested activities.

3.2.6 Use Case Name: provide special routes for users with disabilities

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user inputs a desired destination.
3. Precondition: user is logged in and is disabled, this is set by additional boolean options in the user database.
4. Basic Path: the destination and current location of the user is sent to the navigational and traffic modules which calculate an optimal route to the destination, with the addition of special features such as wheelchair ramps.
5. Postcondition: client device receives and displays information regarding the optimal navigational route.

3.2.7 Use Case Name:Administrative, create points of interest

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user desires to create a point of interest.
3. Precondition: user is logged in as an administrator, this is set by additional boolean options in the user database.
4. Basic Path: the create point of interest button is pressed, which displays a popup notification asking for information about the point of interest such as the name and location etc. This information will be persisted to the database and displayed on all devices.
5. Postcondition: client device receives notification of successful creation of a point of interest, which is then displayed in navigational information.

3.2.8 Use Case Name:collecting and viewing rewards

1. Xref????
2. Trigger: user completes an activity or reward worthy action such as x amount of steps/meters weekly.
3. Precondition: user is logged in and completes an activity.
4. Basic Path: a module for the rewards system triggers events during constant monitoring and persistence of data between client and server so as to notify the user when an activity has been completed, the system sends a notification to the client device upon activity completion.
5. Postcondition: client recieves notification about completion of an activity and is directed to the third party rewards system.

3.3 Non-Functional Requirements

4 Non-Functional Requirements