

Heaven's Light is Our Guide



Rajshahi University of Engineering and Technology
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course No: CSE.1204

Course Title: Sessional based on CSE.1203 (Object Oriented Programming)

Lab Report No: 07

Lab Report On: Inheritance.

Submitted By

Md. Ariful Islam

Roll No: 1803046

Section: A

Department: CSE

Submitted To

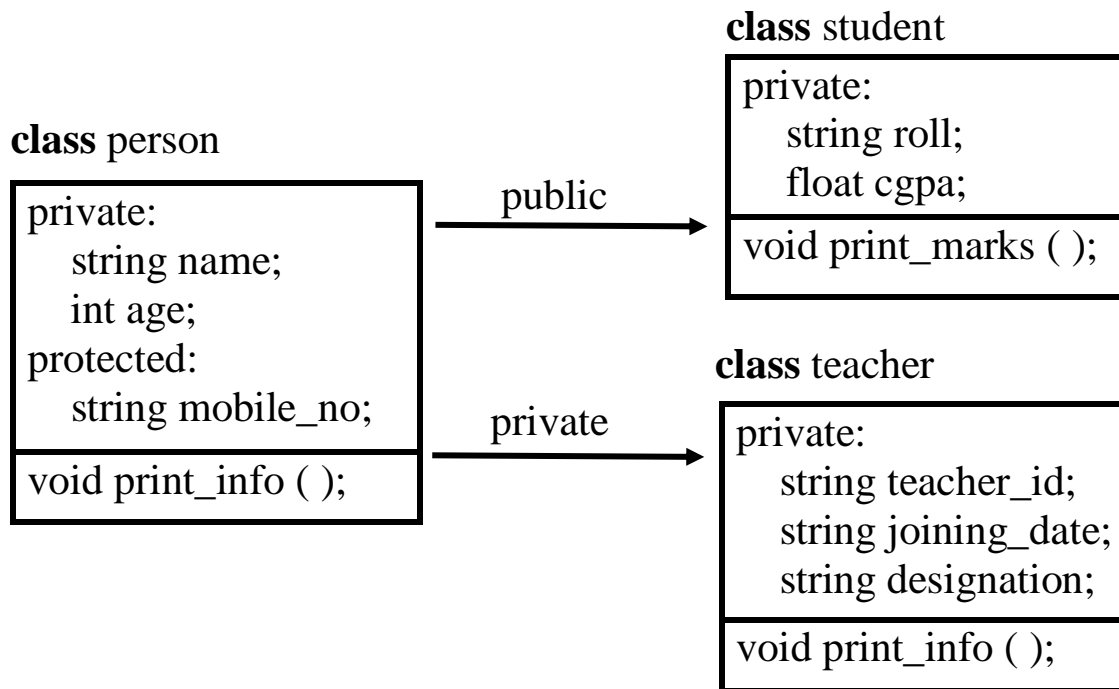
Md. Asifur Rahman

Lecturer

Dept. of CSE, RUET

Problem No: 01

Problem Statement: Implementation of **Inheritance** in the following classes.



Theory

The capability of a class to derive properties and characteristics from another class is called **Inheritance**. Inheritance is one of the most important feature of Object Oriented Programming. In inheritance there are two types of classes:

1. **Sub Class:** The class that inherits properties from another class is called Sub class or Derived Class.
2. **Super Class:** The class whose properties are inherited by sub class is called Base Class or Super class.

The syntax for creating a sub-class inherited from a base-class is given below:

```
Class subclass_name : access_mode base_class_name
{
    //body of subclass
};
```

Modes of Inheritance

- 1. Public mode:** If we derive a sub class from a public base class. Then the public member of the base class will become public in the derived class and protected members of the base class will become protected in derived class.
- 2. Protected mode:** If we derive a sub class from a Protected base class. Then both public member and protected members of the base class will become protected in derived class.
- 3. Private mode:** If we derive a sub class from a Private base class. Then both public member and protected members of the base class will become Private in derived class.

There is a private members in the base class cannot be directly accessed in the derived class, while protected members can be directly accessed.

The below table summarizes the above three modes and shows the access specifier of the members of base class in the sub class when derived in public, protected and private modes:

| Base class member access specifier | Type of Inheritance | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Public | Protected | Private |
| Public | Public | Protected | Private |
| Protected | Protected | Protected | Private |
| Private | Not accessible (Hidden) | Not accessible (Hidden) | Not accessible (Hidden) |

Source Code

1. main.cpp :

```
#include <iostream>
#include<string.h>
#include "person.h"

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    person P1("Ashraful",21,"01553454534");
    P1.print_info();

    teacher T1("NI",27,"0134345345","2211","20-01-
2016","Lecturer");
    T1.print_info();

    student S1("Sudipto",21,"01710158323","1803045",3.5);
    S1.print_info();

    person *p;
    p=&S1;
    p->print_info();

    return 0;
}
```

2. .h file :

person.h

```
#ifndef PERSON_H
#define PERSON_H

class student;
class teacher;

class person
{
    private:
        char name[25];
        int age;
    protected:
        char mobile_no[25];
    public:
        person(char a[],int b,char c[]);
        virtual void print_info();
};

class teacher:private person{
    private:
        char teacher_id[25];
        char joining_date[25];
        char designation[25];
    public:
        teacher(char a[],int b,char c[],char d[],char e[],char f[]);
        void print_info();
};

class student:public person{
    private:
        char roll[25];
        float cgpa;
    public:
        student(char a[],int b,char c[],char d[],float e);
        void print_info();
};

#endif // PERSON_H
```

3. .cpp file

person.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include<string.h>
#include "person.h"

using namespace std;

person::person(char a[],int b,char c[]){
    strcpy(name,a);
    age=b;
    strcpy(mobile_no,c);
}

void person::print_info(){
    cout<<endl;
    cout<<"Name: "<<name<<endl;
    cout<<"Age: "<<age<<endl;
    cout<<"Mobile No.: "<<mobile_no<<endl;
}

teacher::teacher(char a[],int b,char c[],char d[],char e[],char
f[]):person(a,b,c){
    strcpy(teacher_id,d);
    strcpy(joining_date,e);
    strcpy(designation,f);
}

void teacher::print_info(){
    person::print_info();
    cout<<"Teacher ID: "<<teacher_id<<endl;
    cout<<"Joining Date: "<<joining_date<<endl;
    cout<<"Designation: "<<designation<<endl;
}

student::student(char a[],int b,char c[],char d[],float e):person(a,b,c){
    strcpy(roll,d);
    cgpa=e;
}

void student::print_info(){
    person::print_info();
    cout<<"Roll No.: "<<roll<<endl;
    cout<<"CGPA: "<<cgpa<<endl;
}
```

Output

```
Select "F:\2nd Semester\CSE\CSE.1204\Lab 7\Inheritance\bin\Debug\Inheritance.exe"

Name: Ashraful
Age: 21
Mobile No.: 01553454534

Name: NI
Age: 27
Mobile No.: 0134345345
Teacher ID: 2211
Joining Date: 20-01-2016
Designation: Lecturer

Name: Sudipto
Age: 21
Mobile No.: 01710158323
Roll No.: 1803045
CGPA: 3.5

Name: Sudipto
Age: 21
Mobile No.: 01710158323
Roll No.: 1803045
CGPA: 3.5

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.312 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Conclusion : By our Course Teachers help and my knowledge about C and C++, I completed the program.

The End