## Lab 3 task:

- I) Create a rosnode that will "listen" for std\_msgs/Float64 type data and "publish" this data to the joint of the planar robot [1]. The node should send the command to move if the any new incoming value is higher than the previous one.
- II) Get the step response (see example fig.1) of (you can create a node that will send a square-wave function):
  - 1. the joint at the base of the robot
  - 2. the joint at the end-effector of the robot

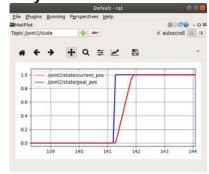
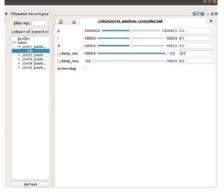


Fig.1 – example of the step response plot: blue- desired (command value), read the processing value (real value).

- III) Get the sine-wave response of (you can create a node that will send a sine-wave function):
  - 3. the joint at the base of the robot
  - 4. the joint at the end-effector of the robot
- IV) Decrease the Proportional gain of PID in the joints and repeat II and III.

  Use rqt (type *rqt* in terminator, open tab Plugins → Configuration → Dynamic Reconfigure). From the available configs find robot→jointNUMBER→PID→P



## Lab 3 assessment:

- I) link to the repository of your code on github (or bitbucket or gitlab or etc)
- II) figures with names to every task (jpg or png format)
- III) short video of your coding process
- [1] A. Mazhitov, A. Adilkhanov, Y. Massalim, Z. Kappassov and H. A. Varol, "Deformable Object Recognition Using Proprioceptive and Exteroceptive Tactile Sensing," *2019 IEEE/SICE International Symposium on System Integration (SII)*, Paris, France, 2019, pp. 734-739, doi: 10.1109/SII.2019.8700392.