

Introduction to Machine Learning Homework 3 Announcement

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Lastest update: 2023/11/14 13:30

Homework 3

- Deadline: 23:59, Nov. 28th (Tue), 2023
- Coding (50%): Implement ensemble methods by only using **numpy**.
 - o Part 1: Decision Tree
 - Part 2: Adaboost
 - Submit your python file (.py).
 - Answer the questions (by screenshots) in the report (.pdf).
- Handwritten Questions (50%): Answer questions about linear classification methods.
 - Answer the questions (handwritten, typed, digital, etc.) in the report.

Links

- Questions: <u>Link</u>
- Sample code: <u>Link</u>
- Dataset: <u>Link</u>
- Report template: <u>Link</u> (same as HW1)

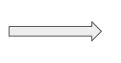
Environment

- Python version: 3.8 or newer
- Tips
 - We recommend that you use **virtual environments** when implementing your homework assignments.
 - Here are some popular virtual environment management tools:
 - Conda
 - Miniconda
 - <u>virtualenv</u>

Numpy

- Build-in array operations.
- Numpy Tutorial: <u>Link</u>

```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
b = np.array([4, 5, 0])
for i in range(a.shape[0]):
    a[i] * b[i]
print(a)
# a = [ 4 10 18]
```



```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
b = np.array([4, 5, 6])
a *= b
print(a)
# a = [ 4 10 18]
```

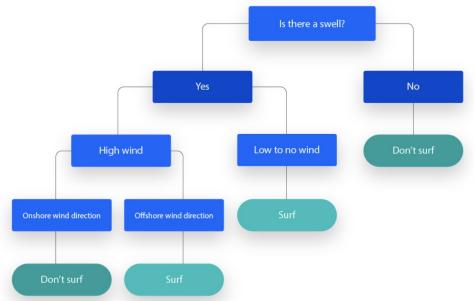
```
import math
a = np.array([1, 4, 2])
for i in racge(z.shape[0]):
    a[i] = math.sqrt(a[i])
print(z)
# d = [1 2 3]
```



```
a = np.array([1, 4, 9])
a = np.sqrt(a)
print(a)
# a = [1 2 3]
```

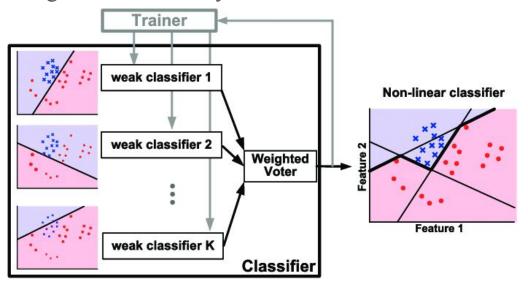
Decision Tree

Decision tree is a non-parametric supervised learning algorithm which has a hierarchical, tree structure, which consists of a root node, branches, internal nodes and leaf nodes.



Adaboost

• AdaBoost is a boosting technique used as an ensemble method in machine learning. It is called Adaptive Boosting as the weights are re-assigned to each instance, with higher weights assigned to incorrectly classified instances.



Dataset

- Heart Attack Dataset
- Features
 - o age
 - o sex
 - o cp: chest pain type (4 values)
 - o fbs: fasting blood sugar > 120 mg/dl
 - o thalach: maximum heart rate achieved
 - \circ thal: 0 = normal; 1 = fixed defect; 2 = reversable defect
- Target
 - \circ target (0 = no heart attack, 1 = heart attack)

Decision Tree

• Requirements:

- Implement gini index and entropy for measuring the best split of the data.
- Implement the decision tree classifier with the following two arguments:
 - **criterion**: The function to measure the quality of a split of the data. Your model should support "gini" and "entropy".
 - max_depth: The maximum depth of the tree.

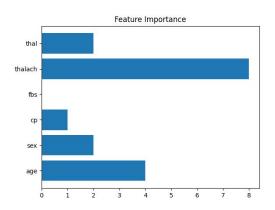
Tips

- Your model should produce the same results when rebuilt with the same arguments.
- You can use the recursive method to build the tree.

Decision Tree

• Criteria:

- o (5%) Compute the gini index and the entropy of the array [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1].
- o (10%) Show the accuracy score of the testing data using criterion="gini" and max depth=7.
- o (10%) Show the accuracy score of the testing data using criterion="entropy" and max_depth=7.
- o (5%) Train your model using criterion="gini", max_depth=15. Plot the feature importance of your decision tree model by simply counting the number of times each feature is used to split the data.



Adaboost

• Requirements:

- Implement the Adaboost algorithm by using the decision tree classifier (max_depth=1) you just implemented as the weak classifier.
- The Adaboost model should include the following two arguments:
 - **criterion**: The function to measure the quality of a split of the data. Your model should support "gini" and "entropy".
 - **n_estimators**: The total number of weak classifiers.

Tips

• You can set any random seed to make your result reproducible.

Adaboost

• Criteria:

o (20%) Tune the arguments of AdaBoost to achieve higher accuracy than your Decision Trees.

Points	Testing Accuracy
20 points	0.8 <= acc
15 points	$0.78 \le acc < 0.8$
10 points	0.76 <= acc < 0.78
5 points	0.74 <= acc < 0.76
0 points	acc < 0.74

Code Output

- Do not modify the main function architecture.
- Your code output will look like this:

```
Part 1: Decision Tree
gini of [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]:
entropy of [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]:
Accuracy (gini with max_depth=7): 0.7049180327868853
Accuracy (entropy with max_depth=7): 0.7213114754098361
Part 2: AdaBoost
Accuracy: 0.8032786885245902
```

Report

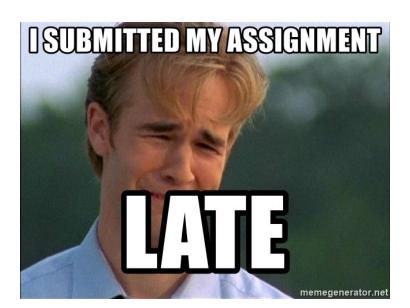
- Please follow the same report template format just like HW1.
- <u>Link</u>

Submission

- Compress your code and report into a .zip file and submit it on E3.
- <STUDENT ID>_HW3.zip

Late policy

- We will deduct a late penalty of 20 points per additional late day.
- For example, If you get 90 points but delay for two days, your will get only 50 points!



Have Fun!

