ECOO '18 R2 P4 - Three Squares

Given N distinct points on a 2D plane, you would like to place three identical, axis-aligned squares on the plane such that every point is either inside or on the border on one of the squares.

Let L be the side length of the squares. What is the minimum possible value of L such that all the points can be covered?

Input Specifications

The standard input will contain 10 datasets. Each dataset begins with an integer N ($4 \le N \le 100{,}000$). The next N lines each contain two integers X, Y ($-10^9 \le X, Y \le 10^9$), the points in the plane.

For the first 4 cases, $N \leq 30$.

Output Specifications

For each dataset, output the value of L.

Sample Input (Two Datasets Shown)

```
4
1 1
2 2
3 3
4 4
5
1 1
2 1
-2 -1
4 4
-4 -2
```

Sample Output

1 2