

Binary Search Tree Test

Xyene is doing a contest. He comes across the following problem:

You have an array of N ($1 \leq N \leq 100\,000$) elements. There are M ($1 \leq M \leq 500\,000$) operations you need to perform on it.

Each operation is one of the following:

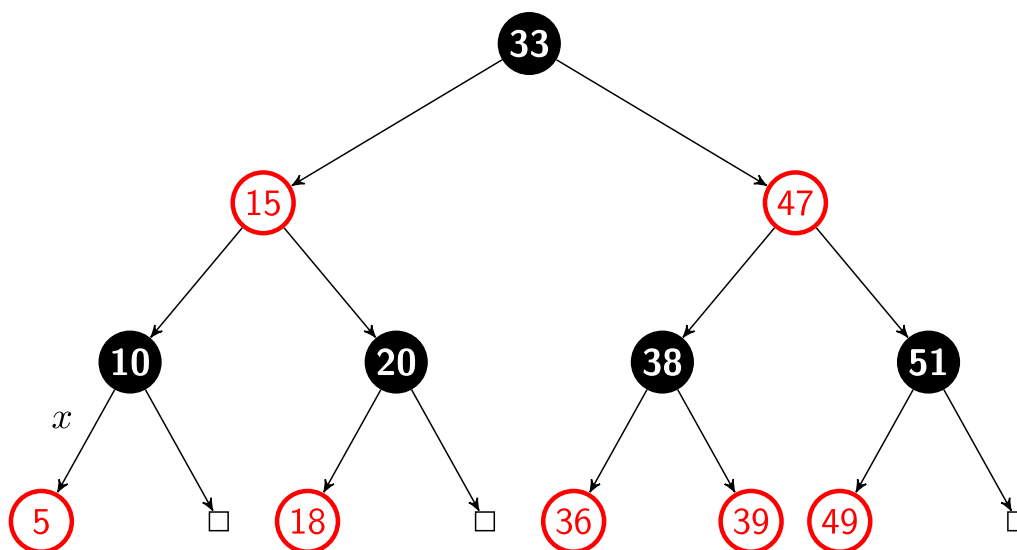
- **I v** Insert v into the array.
- **R v** Remove a single element from the array with a value of v , if it exists.
- **S v** Output the v^{th} smallest element in the array. It is guaranteed that v does not exceed the size of the array.
- **L v** Output the index, starting from 1, of the first occurrence of v in the array, if the array was sorted. Output -1 if v is not present in the array.

After all of the operations, print out all of the elements remaining in the array in non-decreasing order.

To enforce performing operations in an online manner, v will be encrypted.

At any time, every element in the array is between 1 and 10^9 , inclusive.

Xyene knows that one fast solution uses a Binary Search Tree. However, he knows that a standard binary search tree has a worst case runtime of $\mathcal{O}(N)$ per operation. He practices different data structures every day, but still somehow manages to get them wrong. Will you show him a working example?



Not a binary search tree.

Input Specification

The first line has N and M .

The second line has N integers, the original array.

The next M lines each contain an operation in the format `C x`, where C is the type of operation. v is encrypted: you should decode it by finding $v = x \oplus lastAns$, where $lastAns$ is the answer to the previous `S` or `L` operation (or 0 if neither operation has occurred). You should perform the operation using v . \oplus denotes the bitwise XOR operation.

Output Specification

For each `S` or `L` operation, output the answer on its own line.

After all operations have been finished, output all of the elements in the final array in non-decreasing order on a single line.

Sample Input

```
5 8
9 4 8 11 2
S 4
I 1
S 13
R 10
L 10
L -5
I 8
L 8
```

Sample Input (Not Encrypted)

For your convenience, here is a version of the sample input that is **NOT** encrypted. Remember, all of the real test files will be encrypted (like the input above).

```
5 8
9 4 8 11 2
S 4
I 8
S 4
R 2
L 2
L 4
I 9
L 9
```

Sample Output

```
9
8
-1
1
4
4 8 8 9 9 11
```