APIO '14 P1 - Palindromes

You are given a string of lower-case Latin letters. Let us define a substring's "occurrence value" as the number of the substring occurrences in the string multiplied by the length of the substring. For a given string find the largest occurrence value of palindromic substrings.

Notes

|s| is length of string s.

A substring of string $s_1s_2...s_{|s|}$ is any non-empty string $s_is_{i+1}...s_j$, where $1 \le i \le j \le |s|$. Any string is also its own substring.

A string is called palindromic, if it reads the same in either direction: from left to right and from right to left.

Input Specification

The only line of input contains a non-empty string of lower-case Latin letters (a-z).

Output Specification

Output one integer - the largest occurrence value of palindromic substrings.

Sample Input 1

abacaba

Sample Output 1

7

Explanation for Sample Output 1

There are seven palindromic substrings a, b, c, aba, aca, bacab, abacaba.

- ullet a has 4 occurrences in the given string, its occurrence value is 4 imes 1 = 4
- ullet b has 2 occurrences in the given string, its occurrence value is 2 imes 1=2
- ullet c has 1 occurrence in the given string, its occurrence value is 1 imes 1 = 1
- ullet aba has 2 occurrences in the given string, its occurrence value is 2 imes 3=6
- ullet aca has 1 occurrence in the given string, its occurrence value is $1\times 3=3$

- ullet bacab has 1 occurrence in the given string, its occurrence value is 1 imes 5 = 5
- ullet abacaba has 1 occurrence in the given string, its occurrence value is 1 imes 7=7

So, the largest occurrence value of palindromic substrings is 7.

Sample Input 2

WWW

Sample Output 2

4

Scoring

Subtask 1 (8 points)

 $1 \le |s| \le 100$

Subtask 2 (15 points)

 $1 \le |s| \le 1\,000$

Subtask 3 (24 points)

 $1 \le |s| \le 10\,000$

Subtask 4 (26 points)

 $1 \le |s| \le 100\,000$

Subtask 5 (27 points)

 $1 \le |s| \le 300\,000$