LAB # 04

Sorting on Linear Array

Objective: To sort a linear array using Selection Sort, Bubble Sort and Merge Sort.

Lab Tasks

1. Write a program for Selection sort that sorts an array containing numbers, prints all the sort values of array each followed by its location.

```
//2022f-BSE-301
 no usages
 class SelectionSort {
     public static void selectionSort(int[] arr) {
         int n = arr.length;
          for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < n-1; \underline{i}++) {
               int minIndex = i;
               for (int j = \underline{i}+1; j < n; j++) {
                   if (arr[j] < arr[minIndex]) {</pre>
                        minIndex = j;
                    }
               }
               int temp = arr[minIndex];
               arr[minIndex] = arr[i];
               arr[\underline{i}] = temp;
               System.out.println("Sorted Value: " + arr[\underline{i}] + ", Location: " + \underline{i});
          System.out.println("Sorted Value: " + arr[n-1] + ", Location: " + (n-1));
    no usages
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         int[] arr = {63, 84, 25, 10, 21, 1, 80};
         System.out.println("Original Array:");
          for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < arr.length; \underline{i} + +) {
               System.out.println("Value: " + arr[\underline{i}] + ", Location: " + \underline{i});
         selectionSort(arr);
}
```

Output:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ
Original Array:
Value: 63, Location: 0
Value: 84, Location: 1
Value: 25, Location: 2
Value: 10, Location: 3
Value: 21, Location: 4
Value: 1, Location: 5
Value: 80, Location: 6
Sorted Value: 1, Location: 0
Sorted Value: 10, Location: 1
Sorted Value: 21, Location: 2
Sorted Value: 25, Location: 3
Sorted Value: 63, Location: 4
Sorted Value: 80, Location: 5
Sorted Value: 84, Location: 6
Process finished with exit code 0
```

2. Write a program that takes 10 numbers as input in an array. Sort the elements of array by using Bubble sort. Print each iteration of the sorting process.

```
//2022f-BSE-301
import java.util.Arrays;
no usages
class BubbleSort {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] numbers = {5, 3, 9, 1, 7, 2, 8, 4, 6, 0};
        System.out.println("Original array: " + Arrays.toString(numbers));
        int n = numbers.length;
        for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < n - 1; \underline{i} + +) {
             for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
                 if (numbers[j] > numbers[j + 1]) {
                     int temp = numbers[j];
                     numbers[j] = numbers[j + 1];
                     numbers[j + 1] = temp;
             System.out.println("After iteration " + (i + 1) + ": " + Arrays.toString(numbers));
        System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(numbers));
}
```

Output:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ Original array: [5, 3, 9, 1, 7, 2, 8, 4, 6, 0]
After iteration 1: [3, 5, 1, 7, 2, 8, 4, 6, 0, 9]
After iteration 2: [3, 1, 5, 2, 7, 4, 6, 0, 8, 9]
After iteration 3: [1, 3, 2, 5, 4, 6, 0, 7, 8, 9]
After iteration 4: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8, 9]
After iteration 5: [1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
After iteration 6: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
After iteration 7: [1, 2, 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
After iteration 8: [1, 0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
After iteration 9: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Process finished with exit code 0
```

3. Write a program that takes 10 random numbers in an array. Sort the elements of array by using Merge sort. Print each iteration of the sorting process.

```
//2022f-BSE-301
import java.util.Arrays;
no usages
class MergeSort {
   no usages
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] numbers = {6, 1, 8, 2, 7, 5, 4};
System.out.println("Original array: " + Arrays.toString(numbers));
        mergeSort(numbers, left: 0, right: numbers.length - 1);
        System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(numbers));
    }
    3 usages
    public static void mergeSort(int[] arr, int left, int right) {
        if (left < right) {</pre>
             int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
             mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
             mergeSort(arr, left: mid + 1, right);
             merge(arr, left, mid, right);
        }
    }
    1 usage
    public static void merge(int[] arr, int left, int mid, int right) {
        int n1 = mid - left + 1;
        int n2 = right - mid;
        int[] leftArray = new int[n1];
        int[] rightArray = new int[n2];
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; ++i)
           leftArray[i] = arr[left + i];
        for (int j = 0; j < n2; ++j)
    rightArray[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];</pre>
        int i = 0, j = 0;
        int k = left;
        while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
             if (leftArray[i] <= rightArray[j]) {</pre>
                 arr[k] = leftArray[i];
                 <u>i</u>++;
             } else {
                 arr[k] = rightArray[j];
```

```
j++;
}
k++;
System.out.println("After iteration: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
}

while (i < n1) {
    arr[k] = leftArray[i];
    i++;
    k++;
    System.out.println("After iteration: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
}

while (j < n2) {
    arr[k] = rightArray[j];
    j++;
    k++;
    System.out.println("After iteration: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
}
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ
Original array: [6, 1, 8, 2, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 1, 8, 2, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 6, 8, 2, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 6, 2, 2, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 6, 2, 8, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 6, 2, 8, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 2, 8, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 7, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 5, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 5, 7, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 4, 7, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 4, 5, 4]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 4, 5, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 4, 5, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 6, 8, 4, 5, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 4, 8, 4, 5, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 4, 5, 4, 5, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 5, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 7]
After iteration: [1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Sorted array: [1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

Process finished with exit code θ

Home Task

1. Declare an array of size n to store account balances. Initialize with values 0 to 100000 and sort Account No's according to highest balance values by using Quick sort, For e.g.: Account No. 3547 Balance 28000

Account No. 1245 Balance 12000

```
//2022f-BSE-301
 9 usages
 class Account {
   3 usages
   int accountNo;
   5 usages
   int balance;
   1 usage
    public Account(int accountNo, int balance) {
       this.accountNo = accountNo;
        this.balance = balance;
}
1 usage
class QuickSort {
    3 usages
    public static void quickSort(Account[] accounts, int low, int high) {
        if (low < high) {
            int pi = partition(accounts, low, high);
            quickSort(accounts, low, high: pi - 1);
            quickSort(accounts, low: pi + 1, high);
    }
    1 usage
    private static int partition(Account[] accounts, int low, int high) {
        int pivot = accounts[high].balance;
        int i = (low - 1);
        for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
            if (accounts[j].balance > pivot) {
                1++;
                Account temp = accounts[i];
                accounts[i] = accounts[j];
                accounts[j] = temp;
```

```
Account temp = accounts[i + 1];
        accounts[i + 1] = accounts[high];
        accounts[high] = temp;
        return i + 1;
}
public class Main {
   no usages
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = 5;
        Account[] accounts = new Account[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            accounts[\underline{i}] = new Account(accountNo: \underline{i} + 1, (int) (Math.random() * 100000));
        System.out.println("Unsorted accounts:");
        for (Account account : accounts) {
            System.out.println("Account No. " + account.accountNo + " Balance " + account.balance);
        QuickSort.quickSort(accounts, low: 0, high: n - 1);
        System.out.println("\nSorted accounts:");
        for (Account account : accounts) {
            System.out.println("Account No. " + account.accountNo + " Balance " + account.balance);
}
```

Output:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ
Unsorted accounts:
Account No. 1 Balance 33689
Account No. 2 Balance 64423
Account No. 3 Balance 49941
Account No. 4 Balance 95435
Account No. 5 Balance 77201

Sorted accounts:
Account No. 4 Balance 95435
Account No. 5 Balance 77201
Account No. 5 Balance 77201
Account No. 5 Balance 64423
Account No. 2 Balance 64423
Account No. 3 Balance 49941
Account No. 1 Balance 33689

Process finished with exit code 0
```

2. Write a program which takes an unordered list of integers (or any other objects e.g. String), you have to rearrange the list in their natural order using merge sort.

Process finished with exit code 0

```
//2022f-BSE-301
         import java.util.*;
         no usages
         class MergeSort {
             public static void mergeSort(List<Comparable> list) {
                 if (list.size() <= 1) {
                      return;
                 int mid = list.size() / 2;
                 List<Comparable > left = new ArrayList<>(list.subList(0, mid));
                 List<Comparable > right = new ArrayList<>(list.subList(mid, list.size()));
                 mergeSort(left);
                 mergeSort(right);
                 merge(list, left, right);
             }
             private static void merge(List<Comparable> result, List<Comparable> left, List<Comparable> right) {
                 int \underline{i} = 0, \underline{j} = 0, \underline{k} = 0;
                  while (\underline{i} < left.size() && \underline{j} < right.size()) {
                      if (left.get(<u>i</u>).compareTo(right.get(j)) <= 0) {</pre>
                          result.set(<u>k</u>++, left.get(<u>i</u>++));
                     } else {
                         result.set(<u>k</u>++, right.get(<u>j</u>++));
                 while (i < left.size()) {</pre>
                     result.set(<u>k</u>++, left.get(<u>i</u>++));
                  while (j < right.size()) {</pre>
                     result.set(<u>k</u>++, right.get(j++));
             }
     no usages
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          List<Comparable > list = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(5, 1, 3, 2, 6, 4));
          System.out.println("Original List: " + list);
          mergeSort(list);
          System.out.println("Sorted List: " + list);
}
Output:
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ
Original List: [5, 1, 3, 2, 6, 4]
Sorted List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```