BLOG

**DOWNLOADS** 

COMMUNITY

**HELP** 

**FORUMS** 

**EDUCATION** 



DOCUMENTATION > LINUX > SOFTWARE > APT

# **APT**

The easiest way to manage installing, upgrading, and removing software is using APT (Advanced Packaging Tool) which comes from Debian. If a piece of software is packaged in Debian and works on the Raspberry Pi's ARM architecture, it should also be available in Raspbian.

To install or remove packages you need root user permissions, so your user needs to be in sudoers or you must be logged in as root. Read more about users and root.

To install new packages, or update existing ones, you will need an internet connection.

Note that installing software uses up disk space on your SD card, so you should keep an eye on disk usage and use an appropriately sized SD card.

Also note that a lock is performed while software is installing, so you cannot install

multiple packages at the same time.

### SOFTWARE SOURCES

APT keeps a list of software sources on your Pi in a file at /etc/apt/sources.list . Before installing software, you should update your package list with apt-get update :

```
sudo apt-get update
```

## INSTALLING A PACKAGE WITH APT

```
sudo apt-get install tree
```

Typing this command should inform the user how much disk space the package will take up and asks for confirmation of the package installation. Entering  $\underline{\underline{Y}}$  (or just hitting  $\underline{\underline{Enter}}$ , as yes is the default action) will allow the installation to occur. This can be bypassed by adding the  $\underline{-\underline{Y}}$  flag to the command:

```
sudo apt-get install tree -y
```

Installing this package makes tree available for the user.

#### USING AN INSTALLED PACKAGE

tree is a command line tool which provides a visualisation of the directory structure of the current directory, and all it contains.

- Typing tree runs the tree command. For example:

## UNINSTALLING A PACKAGE WITH APT

#### **REMOVE**

You can uninstall a package with apt-get remove :

```
sudo apt-get remove tree
```

The user is prompted to confirm the removal. Again, the confirm.

#### **PURGE**

You can also choose to completely remove the package and its associated configuration files with apt-get purge:

```
sudo apt-get purge tree
```

# UPGRADING EXISTING SOFTWARE

If software updates are available, you can get the updates with sudo apt-get update and install the updates with sudo apt-get upgrade, which will upgrade all of your packages. To upgrade a specific package, without upgrading all the other out-of-date packages at the same time, you can use sudo apt-get install somepackage (which may be useful if you're low on disk space or you have limited download bandwidth).

## SEARCHING FOR SOFTWARE

You can search the archives for a package with a given keyword with apt-cache search:

```
apt-cache search locomotive
sl - Correct you if you type `sl' by mistake
```

You can view more information about a package before installing it with

```
apt-cache show:
```

```
apt-cache show sl
Package: sl
```

Version: 3.03-17 Architecture: armhf Maintainer: Hiroyuki Yamamoto <yama1066@gmail.com> Installed-Size: 114 Depends: libc6 (>= 2.4), libncurses5 (>= 5.5-5~), libtinfo5 Homepage: http://www.tkl.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/~toyoda/index e.html Priority: optional Section: games Filename: pool/main/s/sl/sl 3.03-17 armhf.deb Size: 26246 SHA256: 42dea9d7c618af8fe9f3c810b3d551102832bf217a5bcdba310f119f62117dfb SHA1: b08039acccecd721fc3e6faf264fe59e56118e74 MD5sum: 450b21cc998dc9026313f72b4bd9807b Description: Correct you if you type `sl' by mistake Sl is a program that can display animations aimed to correct you if you type 'sl' by mistake. SL stands for Steam Locomotive.

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