# A Longitudinal Analysis of .i2p Leakage in the Public DNS Infrastructure

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## Introduction

## Domain Name System (DNS)

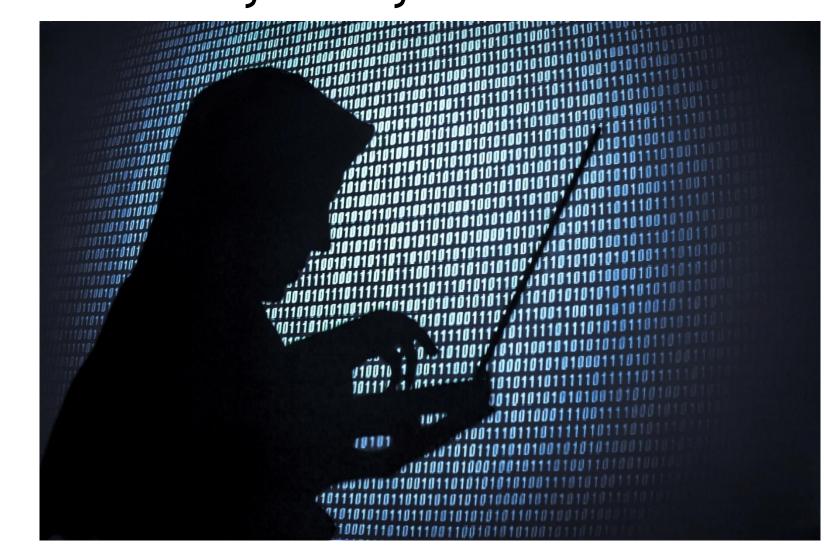
- DNS provides translation service between domain names and IP addresses, which consists of a hierarchical tree structure.
- Currently, there are 13 root name servers named [A-M] at the top of the hierarchy.
- The root servers are authoritative for TLDs such as ".com", ".net", etc.

## DNS Leakage from I2P network

- Although the pseudo-TLD ".i2p" is supposed to be used within I2P network, ".i2p" DNS queries leak to public DNS.
- While ".onion" leakage has been widely reported and studied, a systematic study of ".i2p" leakage is lacking.

## ◆ I2P — Invisible Internet Project

- An overlay network providing secure and anonymous communication channels, comparable to Tor.
- I2P implements a customized DNS using the ".i2p" pseudo-TLD to refer to eepSites.
- EepSite An anonymously hosted website in I2P network



## Measurements

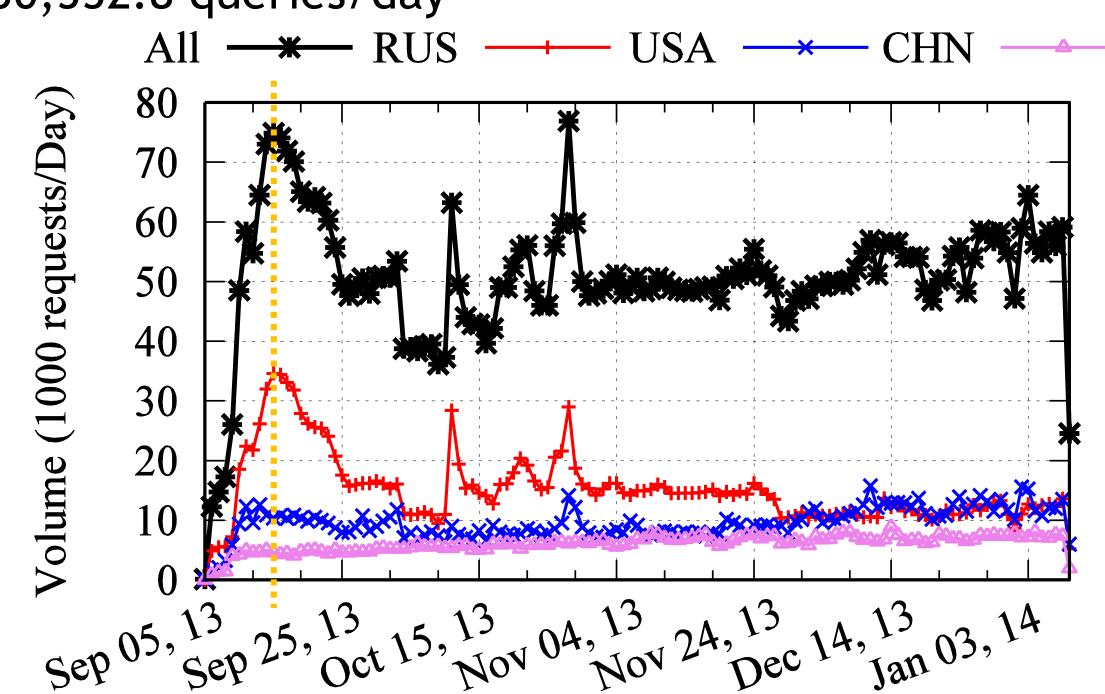
#### Dataset

• The dataset contains DNS requests for 127 days, which is collected at the A and J root servers operated by Verisign.

| Data period                 | Sep. 5th, 13 ~ Jan. 9th, 14 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| # leaked DNS queries        | 6,420,200                   |
| # SLDs                      | 297,118                     |
| # hosts leaking DNS queries | 87,874                      |

# Where the queries were leaked?

- The ".i2p" traffic measurement at A and J roots
- 50,552.8 queries/day



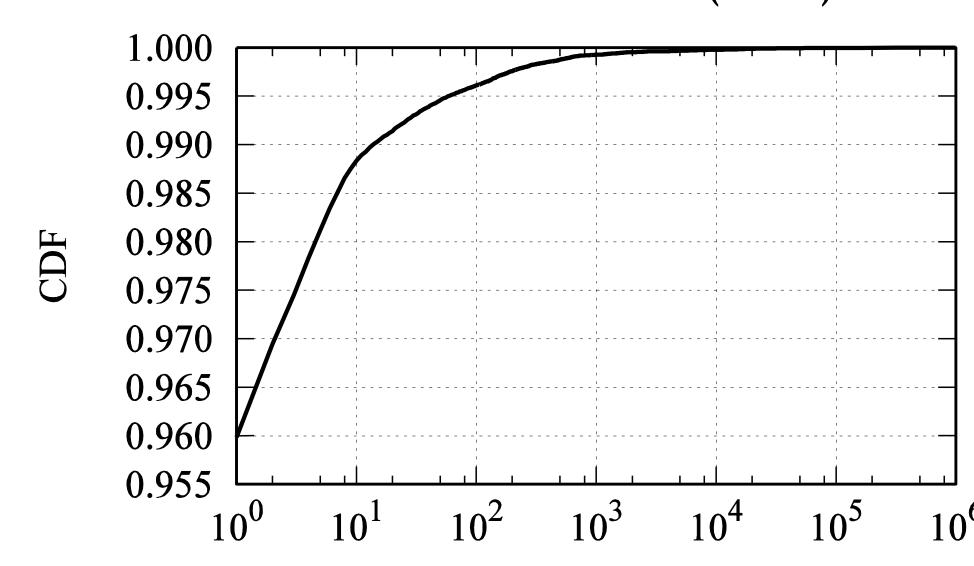
| Rank | Country | Requests  | Traffic (%) |
|------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| 1    | Russia  | 1,915,863 | 29.84       |
| 2    | USA     | 1,214,040 | 18.91       |
| 3    | China   | 764,586   | 11.91       |

#### What reasons make the ".i2p" queries leaked?

- User misconception and misconfiguration
  - Some users treat "example.i2p" as an ordinary domain name.
- Web Browser prefetching
  - Many browsers perform domain name pre-resolution.
- Malware
  - Malware families also utilize I2P network to communicate with C&C servers, so that they can conceal activities.
- Cyber attack
  - fl—ta.i2p (rank #3) was battered by a DDoS attack at the first spike in above figure.

# Which domain names of eepSite were mostly exposed?

Queries over Second-Level Domains (SLDs)



- Most SLDs had been queried just once in the period.
- It showed the distribution with strongly heavy-tails.
- Top 10 SLDs and their traffic

| Rank | Masked SLD | Type of Service       | Traffic (%) |
|------|------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 1    | bt-gg.i2p  | Torrent search engine | 15.53       |
| 2    | u7—tg.i2p  | E-book search engine  | 8.61        |
| 3    | fl—ta.i2p  | E-book sharing forum  | 7.69        |
| 4    | zm-hq.i2p  | E-book sharing forum  | 6.61        |
| 5    | nn-ub.i2p  | Torrent search engine | 5.03        |
| 6    | tr—an.i2p  | Torrent tracker       | 2.54        |
| 7    | fo-um.i2p  | I2P forum             | 2.31        |
| 8    | ec-on.i2p  | I2P forum             | 2.22        |
| 9    | di–er.i2p  | Torrent tracker       | 1.89        |
| 10   | ww-p2.i2p  | I2P forum             | 1.59        |

- Almost queries were focused on eepSites for contents sharing.
- The services ranked #2~#5 referred to Russian eepSites for contents of similar types.
- In comparison, leaked ".onion" queries were used for underground marketplaces (such as silk road, agora).

### **Key Findings**

- ➤ We measured a persistent form of leakage of ".i2p" queries in the public DNS infrastructure.
- They were mostly sharing services and forums for copyrighted and free contents.