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## **Fractions:**

## 1. Addition of Fractions

Here's a solution example for each type of fraction addition:

## 1. Like Denominators (Same Denominator)

Example:

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{7}$$

**Solution:** Since the denominators are the same, add the numerators:

$$\frac{2+3}{7} = \frac{5}{7}$$

# 2. Unlike Denominators (Different Denominators)

Example:

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}$$

Solution:

- 1. Find the Least Common Denominator (LCD) of 3 and 4, which is 12.
- 2. Rewrite each fraction with a denominator of 12:

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12}, \quad \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$$

3. Add the fractions:

$$\frac{4}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

## 3. Mixed Numbers

Example:

$$1\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{1}{6}$$

Solution:

1. Convert the mixed numbers to improper fractions:

$$1\frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{3}, \quad 2\frac{1}{6} = \frac{13}{6}$$

2. Find the LCD of 3 and 6, which is 6. Rewrite the fractions:

$$\frac{5}{3} = \frac{10}{6}, \quad \frac{13}{6} = \frac{13}{6}$$

3. Add the fractions:

$$\frac{10}{6} + \frac{13}{6} = \frac{23}{6}$$

4. Convert back to a mixed number:

$$\frac{23}{6} = 3\frac{5}{6}$$

# 4. Improper Fractions

Example:

$$\frac{9}{4} + \frac{7}{6}$$

#### Solution:

1. Find the LCD of 4 and 6, which is 12. Rewrite the fractions:

$$\frac{9}{4} = \frac{27}{12}, \quad \frac{7}{6} = \frac{14}{12}$$

2. Add the fractions:

$$\frac{27}{12} + \frac{14}{12} = \frac{41}{12}$$

3. Convert back to a mixed number:

$$\frac{41}{12} = 3\frac{5}{12}$$

# 2. Multiplication of Fractions

Example:

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5}$$

Solution:

1. Multiply the numerators:

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

2. Multiply the denominators:

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

3. Combine the results into a fraction:

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{15}$$

## 3. Division of Fractions

Example:

$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{5}$$

Solution:

1. Keep the first fraction and take the reciprocal of the second fraction:

$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{5}{2}$$

2. Multiply the numerators:

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

3. Multiply the denominators:

$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

4. Combine the results into a fraction:

$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{15}{8}$$

5. Convert to a mixed number if necessary:

$$\frac{15}{8} = 1\frac{7}{8}$$

# Practice Problems: Addition of Fractions

## 1. Like Denominators (Same Denominator)

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{11}{15} + \frac{2}{15}$$

# 2. Unlike Denominators (Different Denominators)

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{5}{16}$$
 $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{3}{14}$ 

## 3. Mixed Numbers

$$1\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{1}{6}$$
$$3\frac{4}{5} + 1\frac{2}{7}$$
$$2\frac{1}{2} + 4\frac{3}{4}$$
$$5\frac{2}{9} + 3\frac{5}{6}$$
$$2\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{2}{5}$$

## 4. Improper Fractions

$$\frac{9}{4} + \frac{7}{6}$$

$$\frac{11}{5} + \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{13}{8} + \frac{5}{16}$$

$$\frac{10}{9} + \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{15}{11} + \frac{6}{7}$$

# **Answers for the Addition of fractions:**

# 1. Like Denominators (Same Denominator)

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$$

$$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6} \quad \text{(simplified)}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{11}{15} + \frac{2}{15} = \frac{13}{15}$$

# 2. Unlike Denominators (Different Denominators)

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{10} = \frac{4}{10} + \frac{3}{10} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{15}{18} + \frac{4}{18} = \frac{19}{18} = 1\frac{1}{18}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{5}{16} = \frac{14}{16} + \frac{5}{16} = \frac{19}{16} = 1\frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{4}{7} + \frac{3}{14} = \frac{8}{14} + \frac{3}{14} = \frac{11}{14}$$

## 3. Mixed Numbers

$$1\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{3} + \frac{13}{6} = \frac{10}{6} + \frac{13}{6} = \frac{23}{6} = 3\frac{5}{6}$$
$$3\frac{4}{5} + 1\frac{2}{7} = \frac{19}{5} + \frac{9}{7} = \frac{133}{35} + \frac{45}{35} = \frac{178}{35} = 5\frac{13}{35}$$
$$2\frac{1}{2} + 4\frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{19}{4} = \frac{10}{4} + \frac{19}{4} = \frac{29}{4} = 7\frac{1}{4}$$
$$5\frac{2}{9} + 3\frac{5}{6} = \frac{47}{9} + \frac{23}{6} = \frac{94}{18} + \frac{69}{18} = \frac{163}{18} = 9\frac{1}{18}$$

$$2\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{3} + \frac{17}{5} = \frac{35}{15} + \frac{51}{15} = \frac{86}{15} = 5\frac{11}{15}$$

## 4. Improper Fractions

$$\frac{9}{4} + \frac{7}{6} = \frac{27}{12} + \frac{14}{12} = \frac{41}{12} = 3\frac{5}{12}$$

$$\frac{11}{5} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{33}{15} + \frac{20}{15} = \frac{53}{15} = 3\frac{8}{15}$$

$$\frac{13}{8} + \frac{5}{16} = \frac{26}{16} + \frac{5}{16} = \frac{31}{16} = 1\frac{15}{16}$$

$$\frac{10}{9} + \frac{7}{12} = \frac{40}{36} + \frac{21}{36} = \frac{61}{36} = 1\frac{25}{36}$$

$$\frac{15}{11} + \frac{6}{7} = \frac{105}{77} + \frac{66}{77} = \frac{171}{77} = 2\frac{17}{77}$$

# **How to Compare Numbers**

### 1. Comparing Two Decimal Numbers:

To compare two decimal numbers, follow these steps:

### Steps:

- 1. Align the decimal points to ensure the numbers are compared correctly.
- 2. Compare digit by digit starting from the leftmost side.
- 3. If the digits in the decimal places are equal, continue comparing to the right. If one number is longer, treat the shorter number as if it ends with zeros.
- 4. Determine the greater number based on the place value.

## Example:

## 2. Comparing Two Fraction Numbers:

To compare two fractions, follow these steps:

#### Steps:

- 1. Find a common denominator (preferably the least common denominator).
- 2. Rewrite the fractions with the common denominator.
- 3. **Compare the numerators**—the fraction with the larger numerator is greater.

#### **Example:**

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 vs.  $\frac{4}{7}$ 

To compare:

- 1. Find the common denominator, which is 35.
- 2. Rewrite the fractions:

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{21}{35}, \quad \frac{4}{7} = \frac{20}{35}$$

3. Compare the numerators:

$$21 > 20$$
 so  $\frac{3}{5} > \frac{4}{7}$ 

## 3. Comparing One Decimal and One Fraction Number:

To compare one decimal number and one fraction number, follow these steps:

### Steps:

- 1. Convert the fraction to a decimal (if comparing a fraction to a decimal).
- 2. Then, compare the two decimal numbers as you would normally compare two decimal numbers.

## Example:

0.75 vs. 
$$\frac{3}{4}$$

To compare:

1. Convert  $\frac{3}{4}$  to a decimal:

$$\frac{3}{4} = 0.75$$

2. Compare the decimal numbers:

0.75 is equal to 0.75

## **Practice Problems with Answers**

#### 1. Comparing Two Decimal Numbers:

- 1. 5.67 vs. 5.78 (5.78 is greater)
- 2. 3.14 vs. 3.12 (3.14 is greater)
- 3. 9.34 vs. 9.33 (9.34 is greater)
- 4. 6.89 vs. 6.9 (6.9 is greater)
- 5. 2.01 vs. 2.10 (2.10 is greater)

#### 2. Comparing Two Fraction Numbers:

- 6.  $\frac{3}{4}$  vs.  $\frac{2}{3}$  ( $\frac{3}{4}$  is greater)
- 7.  $\frac{5}{6}$  vs.  $\frac{7}{8}$  ( $\frac{7}{8}$  is greater)
- 8.  $\frac{1}{2}$  vs.  $\frac{3}{4}$  ( $\frac{3}{4}$  is greater)
- 9.  $\frac{9}{10} \text{ vs. } \frac{8}{9} \quad (\frac{9}{10} \text{ is greater})$
- 10.  $\frac{3}{7}$  vs.  $\frac{5}{9}$  ( $\frac{5}{9}$  is greater)

## 3. Comparing One Decimal and One Fraction Number:

- 11.  $0.75 \text{ vs. } \frac{3}{4} \text{ (equal)}$
- 12. 0.6 vs.  $\frac{2}{3}$  ( $\frac{2}{3}$  is greater)

13.

1.25 vs.  $\frac{5}{4}$  (equal)

14.

0.8 vs.  $\frac{7}{9}$  ( $\frac{7}{9}$  is greater)

15.

0.25 vs.  $\frac{1}{5}$  (equal)

#### 4. Mixed Practice:

16.

4.32 vs.  $\frac{3}{4}$  (4.32 is greater)

17.

1.4 vs.  $\frac{3}{2}$  ( $\frac{3}{2}$  is greater)

18.

2.5 vs.  $\frac{5}{2}$  (equal)

19.

3.1 vs.  $\frac{7}{2}$  ( $\frac{7}{2}$  is greater)

20.

2.75 vs.  $\frac{11}{4}$  (equal)