# Speech Recognition

# SMO GROUP 29 March 2016

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# 2. Dynamic Time Warping

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## 2.1 Algorithm

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- 2.2 Modifications
- 2.3 Applications

# 3. Speech Recognition

AINA Blablabla, data, blablabla

## 3.1 Speech Processing

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# 3.2 Dynamic Time Warping in this project

Blablabla

#### 3.3 Results

Blablabla

# 4. Conclusions

Blablabla

## 5. Bibliography

#### 6. Annex

#### 6.1 DTW function

```
TimeWarp<-function(x,y,w=4){
  # define distance function
  distance<-function(a,b){</pre>
    dist(rbind(a,b))
    }
  # 1. Compute matrix 11xM
  # set parameters
  m < -dim(x)[2]
  n < -dim(y)[2]
  colnames(x)<-1:m
  colnames(y)<-1:n
  w = max(w, abs(n-m))
  # Create matrix
  DTW<-matrix(Inf,n,m)</pre>
  rownames(DTW)<-n:1
  colnames(DTW)<-1:m</pre>
  # Initial values
  DTW['1','1']<-distance(x[,'1'], y[,'1'])</pre>
   # First row
  for(j in 2:(w+1)){
    cost<-distance(x[,as.character(j)], y[,as.character(1)])</pre>
    DTW['1',as.character(j)]<- cost + DTW['1', as.character(j-1)]</pre>
  }
   # First column
  for(i in 2:(w+1)){
    cost<-distance(x[,as.character(1)],y[,as.character(i)])</pre>
    DTW[as.character(i), '1'] <- cost + DTW[as.character(i-1), '1']</pre>
  # Fill matrix
  for(i in 2:n){
    for(j in (max(2, i-w)):(min(m, i+w))){
      cost<-distance(x[,as.character(j)], y[,as.character(i)])</pre>
      #cumulated cost
      d.cost<-min(DTW[as.character(i-1), as.character(j)] ,</pre>
                          DTW[as.character(i), as.character(j-1)],
```

```
2*DTW[as.character(i-1), as.character(j-1)])
      #combined cost
      DTW[as.character(i),as.character(j)]<-cost + d.cost</pre>
   }
  }
  # 2. Find path
  path<-matrix(c(n,m), 1,2)</pre>
  full.path<-(tail(path,1)[1] ==1 & tail(path,1)[2] ==1)</pre>
  while(full.path==FALSE ){
    1.path<-tail(path,1)</pre>
    if(1.path[1]==1 | 1.path[2]==1){
      p<-which(1.path==1)</pre>
          if(p==1){new.point<-c(l.path[1], l.path[2]-1)}
           }else{
            new.point<-c(1.path[1]-1, 1.path[2])
      }
    } else {
    # nearest point
    min.step<-min(DTW[as.character(1.path[1]-1), as.character(1.path[2]-1)],
        DTW[as.character(l.path[1]), as.character(l.path[2]-1)],
        DTW[as.character(1.path[1]-1), as.character(1.path[2])])
    min.step<-which(c(DTW[as.character(1.path[1]-1), as.character(1.path[2]-1)],</pre>
                     DTW[as.character(1.path[1]), as.character(1.path[2]-1)],
                     DTW[as.character(l.path[1]-1), as.character(l.path[2])])==min.step)
    min.step<-min.step[1]
    #path to nearest point
    if(min.step==1){
      new.point<-c(l.path[1]-1, l.path[2]-1)
    } else{
      if(min.step==2){
      new.point < -c(1.path[1], 1.path[2]-1)
        new.point<-c(1.path[1]-1, 1.path[2])</pre>
    }
    path<-rbind(path,new.point)</pre>
    full.path<-(tail(path,1)[1] ==1 & tail(path,1)[2] ==1)</pre>
    }
return(list(path=path, DTW=DTW))
```

}

### 6.2 Speech Recognizer

```
# input: isound is the path to the wav file with the sound.
SpeechRecognizer <- function(isound){</pre>
  if (!require("tuneR")) install.packages("tuneR");library(tuneR)
  # Read the wav file
  sound <- readWave(isound)</pre>
        <- sound@samp.rate</pre>
  # Compute the mel frequency cepstrum coefficients
  inputWord <- t(melfcc(sound,</pre>
                          sr,
                          wintime=0.016,
                          lifterexp=0,
                          minfreq=133.33,
                          maxfreq=6855.6,
                          sumpower=FALSE))
  # Compute the distance of the input sound with the template sounds
  distance.sound<-rep(NA, 4)</pre>
  dtwg1 <- TimeWarp(gmail1, inputWord)</pre>
  distance.sound[1]<- tail(dtwg1$DTW[,1],1)</pre>
  dtwg2 <- TimeWarp(gmail2, inputWord)</pre>
  distance.sound[2]<- tail(dtwg2$DTW[,1],1)</pre>
  dtwf1 <- TimeWarp(facebook1, inputWord)</pre>
  distance.sound[3]<- tail(dtwf1$DTW[,1],1)</pre>
  dtwf2 <- TimeWarp(facebook2, inputWord)</pre>
  distance.sound[4]<- tail(dtwf2$DTW[,1],1)</pre>
  # If the minimum distance is to the word gmail, open gmail
  if (which.min(distance.sound) == 1 | which.min(distance.sound) == 2){
    system(paste("open http://gmail.com"))
  }
   # If the minimum distance is to the word facebook, open facebook
  if (which.min(distance.sound) == 3 | which.min(distance.sound) == 4){
     system(paste("open http://facebook.com"))
}
```