# FOUNDATION FOR INTELLIGENT PHYSICAL AGENTS

# FIPA Agent Message Transport Envelope Representation in XML Specification

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http://www.fipa.org/

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#### Foreword

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- 24 based applications. This occurs through open collaboration among its member organisations, which are companies and
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- of specification may be found in the FIPA Document Policy [f-out-00000] and the FIPA Specifications Policy [f-out-
- 35 00003]. A complete overview of the FIPA specifications and their current status may be found on the FIPA Web site.
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- 37 represented many countries worldwide. Further information about FIPA as an organisation, membership information,
- 38 FIPA specifications and upcoming meetings may be found on the FIPA Web site at http://www.fipa.org/.

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# 1 Scope

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57 58 This document deals with message transportation between inter-operating agents and also forms part of the FIPA Agent Management Specification [FIPA00023]. It contains specifications for:

Syntactic representations of a message envelope in XML form (see [W3Cxml]).

# 59 2 XML Envelope Representation

This section gives the concrete syntax for the message envelope specification that must be used to transport messages over a Message Transport Protocol (MTP - see [FIPA00067]). This concrete syntax is designed to complement [FIPA00071] and [FIPA00084].

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#### 2.1 Component Name

The name assigned to this component is:

```
fipa.mts.env.rep.xml.std
```

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### 2.2 Mime Type

Where required, the MIME type (see [RFC2046]) of items generated according to this specification is taken to be application/xml. The charset encoding used in this section must conform to [W3Cxml].

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## 2.3 Syntax

The following DTD specifies the encoding of the abstract FIPA specification as an XML message:

```
<!--
Document Type: XML DTD
Document Purpose: Encoding of FIPA ACL message envelopes (as in [FIPA0067]).
See http://www.fipa.org
Last Revised: 2000-08-16
<!ELEMENT
              envelope
                                      (params+)>
<!ELEMENT
              params
                                      (to?,
                                       from?,
                                       comments?,
                                       acl-representation?,
                                       payload-length?,
                                       payload-encoding?,
                                       date?,
                                       encrypted?,
                                       intended-receiver?,
                                       received?,
                                       user-defined* )>
<!ATTLIST
                                       index CDATA #REQUIRED>
              params
<!ELEMENT
              to
                                      (agent-identifier+)>
<!ELEMENT
              from
                                      (agent-identifier)>
<!ELEMENT
              acl-representation
                                      ( #PCDATA )>
<!ELEMENT
              comments
                                      ( #PCDATA )>
<!ELEMENT
              payload-length
                                      ( #PCDATA )>
<!ELEMENT
              payload-encoding
                                      ( #PCDATA )>
<!ELEMENT
              date
                                      ( #PCDATA )>
              intended-receiver
<!ELEMENT
                                      (agent-identifier+)>
```

name

url

addresses

resolvers

received

received-by

received-from

received-date

received-date

received-id

received-id

received-via

received-via

user-defined

user-defined

agent-identifier

(name,

addresses?,

resolvers?,

( #PCDATA )>

( #PCDATA )>

(received-by,

received-from?,

received-date,

received-id?,

received-via?,

user-defined\* )>

value CDATA #IMPLIED>

value CDATA #IMPLIED>

value CDATA #IMPLIED>

href CDATA #IMPLIED>

(url+)>

( url )>

( url )>

EMPTY>

EMPTY>

( #PCDATA )>

user-defined\* )>

(agent-identifier+)>

```
114
115
116
      <!ELEMENT
117
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      <!ELEMENT
122
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      <!ELEMENT
124
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      <!ELEMENT
126
127
      <!ELEMENT
128
129
      <!ELEMENT
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      <!ELEMENT
137
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      <!ELEMENT
139
140
      <!ELEMENT
141
      <!ATTLIST
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      <!ELEMENT
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      <!ATTLIST
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      <!ELEMENT
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      <!ATTLIST
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      <!ELEMENT
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      <!ATTLIST
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2.4 Additional Syntax Rules

The following additional rules not specified in the DTD also apply:

- [FIPA00067] requires that all changes made to a message envelope by one message processing step (for example, handling of the message by a single ACC) be attributable to the message processor that made the changes. This is achieved in the XML envelope by grouping all changes made by one message processor (ACC) at one point in time into a single PARAMS element.
- 2. There is no need to add envelope parameter values to a new PARAMS element if the values of these parameters is not being updated. Only parameters whose value is being changed need be included. The meaning of a PARAMS statement containing two elements defining new values for the same envelope parameter is undefined.
- 3. This specification permits multiple occurrences of unique message envelope-level parameters (to, from, intended-receiver, date, acl-representation, payload-length, received transport-behaviour, etc.) in order to handle field value overwriting as specified in [FIPA00067]. To help obtain the latest (and currently valid) value of any parameter, the INDEX attribute of the PARAMS element is used to establish an order of the different occurrences of elements (and hence envelope parameters). The first and oldest occurrence of the element will have an INDEX value of 1, the next value of the field will have INDEX value of 2 and so on.
- 4. When adding a new PARAMS element, the INDEX attribute will have a value with 1 higher than the largest existing INDEX of any PARAMS element currently in the envelope. The first PARAMS element will have the INDEX value of 1.

- 5. The current value of any envelope-level field will be given by the value of the field as it appears in the newest PARAMS element that contains that field.
- 6. The following pseudo code algorithm may be used to obtain the latest values for each of the envelope parameters:

EnvelopeWithAllFields contains now the latest values for all its fields set in the envelope.

7. User-defined fields in the params, agent-identifier and received parameters must be prefixed with "X-".

#### 2.5 Representation of Time

Time tokens are based on [ISO8601], with extension for relative time and millisecond durations. Time expressions may be absolute, or relative. Relative times are distinguished by the sign character + or – appearing as the first character in the token. If no type designator is given, the local time zone is then used. The type designator for UTC is the character z; UTC is preferred to prevent time zone ambiguities. Note that years must be encoded in four digits. As an example, 8:30 am on 15th April, 1996 local time would be encoded as:

```
19960415T083000000
```

The same time in UTC would be:

```
19960415T083000000Z
```

while one hour, 15 minutes and 35 milliseconds from now would be:

```
+0000000T011500035
```

215	3 Refere	ences
216 217	[FIPA00023]	FIPA Agent Management Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000. http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00023/
218 219	[FIPA00067]	FIPA Agent Message Transport Service Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000. http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00067/
220 221	[FIPA00069]	FIPA ACL Message Representation in Bit-Efficient Encoding Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000.
222		http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00069/
223	[FIPA00070]	FIPA ACL Message Representation in String Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents,
224		2000.
225	[EID 4 000741	http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00070/
226	[FIPA00071]	FIPA ACL Message Representation in XML Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents,
227 228		2000. http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00071/
229	[FIPA00075]	Agent Message Transport Protocol for IIOP. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000.
230	[FIFA00075]	http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00075/
231	[FIPA00084]	FIPA Agent Message Transport Protocol for HTTP Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical
232	[	Agents, 2000.
233		http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00084/
234	[ISO8601]	Date Elements and Interchange Formats, Information Interchange-Representation of Dates and Times.
235		International Standards Organisation, 1998.
236		http://www.iso.ch/cate/d15903.html
237	[RFC2046]	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types, Freed and Borenstein,
238		November 1996.
239		http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2046.txt
240	[W3Cxml]	Extensible Mark-up Language (XML) 1.0 Specification (Recommendation). World Wide Web
241 242		Consortium, 1998.
242 243		http://www.w3c.org/TR/REC-xml/

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# 4 Informative Annex A — Examples

1. Here is a simple example of an envelope conforming to the DTD described in Section 2.3:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<envelope>
  <params index="1">
    <t.o>
      <agent-identifier>
        <name>receiver@foo.com</name>
        <addresses>
          <url>http://foo.com/acc</url>
        </addresses>
      </agent-identifier>
    </to>
    <from>
      <agent-identifier>
        <name>sender@bar.com</name>
        <addresses>
          <url>http://bar.com/acc</url>
        </addresses>
      </agent-identifier>
    </from>
    <acl-representation>fipa.acl.rep.xml.std</acl-representation>
    <date>20000508T042651481</date>
    <received >
     <received-by value="http://foo.com/acc" />
      <received-date value="20000508T042651481" />
      <received-id value="123456789" />
    </received>
 </params>
</envelope>
```

2. Here is an example which covers all the aspects described in Section 2.3:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<envelope>
 <params index="1">
  <to>
    <agent-identifier>
      <name>receiver@foo.com</name>
      <addresses>
        <url>http://foo.com/acc</url>
      </addresses>
      <resolvers>
        <agent-identifier>
          <name>resolver@bar.com</name>
          <addresses>
            <url>http://bar.com/acc1</url>
            <url>http://:/bar.com/acc2</url>
            <url>http://bar.com/acc3</url>
          </addresses>
        </agent-identifier>
      </resolvers>
    </agent-identifier>
 </to>
 <from>
    <agent-identifier>
```

```
305
               <name>sender@bar.com</name>
306
               <addresses>
307
                 <url>http://bar.com/acc</url>
308
               </addresses>
309
               <resolvers>
310
                 <agent-identifier>
311
                    <name>resolver@foobar.com</name>
312
                    <addresses>
313
                      <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
314
                      <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
                      <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
315
316
                    </addresses>
317
                 </agent-identifier>
318
               </resolvers>
319
             </agent-identifier>
320
           </from>
321
322
           <comments>No comments!</comments>
323
324
           <acl-representation>fipa.acl.rep.xml.std</acl-representation>
325
326
           <payload-encoding>US-ASCII</payload-encoding>
327
328
           <date>20000508T042651481</date>
329
330
           <intended-receiver>
331
             <agent-identifier>
332
               <name>intendedreceiver@foobar.com
333
               <addresses>
334
                 <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
335
                 <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
336
                 <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
337
               </addresses>
338
               <resolvers>
339
                 <agent-identifier>
340
                    <name>resolver@foobar.com</name>
341
                    <addresses>
342
                      <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
343
                      <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
344
                      <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
345
                    </addresses>
346
                    <resolvers>
347
                      <agent-identifier>
348
                        <name>resolver@foobar.com</name>
349
                        <addresses>
350
                          <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
351
                          <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
352
                          <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
353
                        </addresses>
354
                      </agent-identifier>
355
                    </resolvers>
356
                 </agent-identifier>
357
               </resolvers>
358
             </agent-identifier>
359
           </intended-receiver>
360
361
           <received>
362
             <received-by value="http://foo.com/acc" />
363
             <received-from value="http://foobar.com/acc" />
364
             <received-date value="20000508T042651481" />
365
             <received-id value="123456789" />
366
             <received-via value="http://bar.com/acc" />
367
           </received>
368
           </params>
```

</envelope>

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3. Here is an example which also includes the MIME multipart encapsulation which might be used over HTTP (see [FIPA00084]):

```
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: multipart-mixed;
      boundary="--251D738450A171593A1583EB"
This is not part of the MIME multipart encoded message.
--251D738450A171593A1583EB
Content-Type: application/xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<envelope>
  <params index="1">
    <to>
      <agent-identifier>
        <name>receiver@foo.com</name>
        <addresses>
          <url>http://foo.com/acc</url>
        </addresses>
      </agent-identifier>
    </to>
    <from>
      <agent-identifier>
        <name>sender@bar.com</name>
        <addresses>
          <url>http://bar.com/acc</url>
        </addresses>
      </agent-identifier>
    </from>
    <acl-representation>fipa.acl.rep.string.std</acl-representation>
    <payload-encoding>US-ASCII</payload-encoding>
    <date>20000508T042651481</date>
    <received >
      <received-by value="http://foo.com/acc" />
      <received-date value="20000508T042651481" />
      <received-id value="123456789" />
    </received>
  </params>
</envelope>1
--251D738450A171593A1583EB
Content-Type: application/text; charset=US-ASCII
(inform
  :sender
    (agent-identifier
      :name sender@bar.com
      :addresses (sequence http://bar.com:80/acc))
  :receiver
    (set (agent-identifier
      :name receiver@foo.com
      :addresses (sequence http://foo.com:80/acc ))))
  :content-length 12
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CRLF at the end of the XML Envelope.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> CRLF included in the boundary delimiter at the beginning.

```
429 :reply-with task1-003
430 :language fipa-sl0
431 :ontology planning-ontology-1
432 :content "
433 (done task1)")
434 --251D738450A171593A1583EB-
435
```

# 5 Informative Annex B — Notes

1. Referencing

 There is no specific reference in the FIPA XML envelope reference to the DTD specified in the in Section 2.3. This is due to the fact that tests have shown that there is no consistent behaviour of most common parser in handling a DOCTYPE specification. The most inconvenient fact is that even in the case of non-validation the parsers are trying to download the DTD from the specified URI.

#### Informative Annex C — ChangeLog 6

#### 2002/11/01 - version I by TC X2S 444

- 445 Entire document: Removed all: from parameter names
- 446 Entire document: Corrected examples
- 447 **Entire document:** Removed all references to the encrypted parameter
- Extended params definition to allow user-defined fields 448 Page 2, line 90:
- 449 Page 3, line 115: Extended agent-identifier definition to allow user-defined fields
- 450 Page 3, line 130: Extended received definition to allow user-defined fields
- Page 3, lines 132-133: Changed type of received-by to url 451
- 452 Page 3, lines 135-136: Changed type of received-from to url
- Added a rule for prefix string for user-defined fields 453 Page 4, line 190:
- Page 4, line 191: 454 Fixed the definition of relative time

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#### 2002/12/03 - version J by FIPA Architecture Board 456

- Promoted to Standard status 457 Entire document:
- 458