

Algorithm Design Project – Áine Carles, C24364956, TU856/1

Project Outline: A car parts firm takes orders from customers and ships them via a logistics company to its customers. During the day, customer orders are divided between 4 teams who work to pick the stock and package them. Each of the 4 teams stores its finished packages in an appropriate bin in the warehouse.

To Do: Process the delivery of car parts by completing the following tasks:

Task 1: Pre-process the 4 files of production data and order each item by weight using an algorithm with running time $O(N\log(N))$ or better.

Task 2: Produce a single dispatch list from the 4 files. Each file will need to be merged to create a single list using an algorithm with running time $O(N)$ or better.

Task 3: Provide a user interface to search for the earliest occurrence of a product with a particular weight using an algorithm with running time $O(\log(N))$ or better.

Task 4: Provide a report which summarises the number of products included in the delivery for all vans using an algorithm with running time $O(N)$ or better.

Task 1:

Pre-process the 4 files of production data and order each item by weight using an algorithm with running time $O(N\log(N))$ or better.

Design: To sort the data from the files, they must be stored in memory. To do this I stored all the information in an array of structures through a for loop . The files were written in CSV form so they could be parsed easily using `scanf()`. I used merge sort to sort each item by weight as it has a guaranteed time complexity of $O(N\log(N))$.

Test Plan:

Testing Errors:

- Error – File cannot be found:
 - Expected output - Error message is displayed, program ends.
 - Output matches expected output.

Testing Code:

- Initially test with one file containing a small amount of data.
- Expected output: All the data to be printed ordered by weight.
- The codes output matched my expected output
- Test the code with 4 files each containing information about 10 products.
- Expected output: All the data to be printed ordered by weight.
- The codes output matched my expected output

Pseudocode:

START PROGRAM1

Struct Batch_Time

{

 int day

 int hour

 int minute

}

struct Product

{

 long line_code

 long batch_code

 Batch_Time BT

 long product_ID

 char name[SIZE]

 char targ_eng[SIZE]

 long bin

 double weight;

}

Function Signatures:

int read_products(*file, Product products[], count)

void print(Product p)

void merge(Product products[], l, m, r)

void merge_split(Product products[], l, r)

START MAIN

products[MAX]

```
count = 0
n = 0

IF ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count) == -1)
    return 1;
ENDIF

count += n

IF (n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)
    return 1;
ENDIF

count += n

IF ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    return 1
ENDIF
count += n;//20-29

IF ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    return 1;
ENDIF
count += n

merge_split(products, 0, count - 1)

FOR int i = 0; i < count; i++
    print(products[i])
ENDFOR

END MAIN
```

START READP

 open file with fopen
 array to store whats being read from files: store[]
 i = count

 IF *file == NULL

 print Error
 return -1

 ENDIF

 WHILE store hasn't reached EOF && i < MAX

 temp variable: p
 sscanf(store, delimiters, addresses of variables)
 products[i++] = p

 ENDWHILE

 close file with fclose

 return i - count

END READP

START PRINT

 print product info stored

END PRINT

START MERGE

 k = 1
 n1 = (m-1) + 1
 n2 = r - m

Product left[s2] right[s2]

FOR i=0, i < s1, i++
 left[i] = products[l+i]

```
ENDFOR

FOR j=0, j<s1, j++
    right[j] = products[m+1+j]
ENDFOR

WHILE i<s1 and j<s2
    IF left[i].weight <= right[j].weight
        products[k] = left[i]
        i++
    ENDIF

    ELSE
        products[k] = right[j]
        j++
    ENDELSE
    k++
ENDWHILE

WHILE i<s1
    products[k] = left[i]
    i++
    k++
ENDWHILE

WHILE j<s2
    products[k] = right[j]
    j++
    k++
ENDWHILE

END MERGE
```

START MERGE_SPLIT

IF l < r

$m = l + (r-1)/2$

merge_split(products, l, m)

merge_split(products, m+1, r)

merge(products, l, m, r)

ENDIF

END MERGE_SPLIT

END PROGRAM1

C Code:

/* Program to:

Task 1: Sort 4 files of production data based on weight with merge sort*/

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#define SIZE 30
#define MAX_PRODUCTS 40
#define MAX_LINE 256
```

```
typedef struct Batch_Time
{
    int day;
    int hour;
    int minute;
}Batch_Time;
```

```
typedef struct Product
{
    long line_code;
    long batch_code;
    Batch_Time BT;
    long product_ID;
    char name[SIZE];
    char targ_eng[SIZE];
    long bin;
    double weight;
}Product;
```

```
// Function signatures

int readP(const char *file, Product products[], int count);
void print(Product p);
void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r);
void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r);

int main()
{
    Product products[MAX_PRODUCTS];
    int count = 0;
    int n;

    if ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//index 0-9

    if ((n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//10-19

    if ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//20-29

    if ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)
```

```
{  
    return 1;  
}  
count += n;//30-39  
  
merge_split(products, 0, count - 1);  
  
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)  
{  
  
    print(products[i]);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}  
  
int readP(const char *file, struct Product products[], int count)  
{  
    FILE *fp_in = fopen(file, "r");  
    char store[MAX_LINE];  
    int i = count;  
  
    //Check file has opened correctly  
    if (fp_in == NULL)  
    {  
        printf("Error opening file\n");  
        return -1;  
    }  
  
    while ((fgets(store, sizeof(store), fp_in)!=NULL) && (i < MAX_PRODUCTS))  
    {  
        Product p;//temp variable
```

```

//Parse strings in files and store them in array
sscanf(store, "%ld,%ld,%d,%d,%d,%ld,%[^,],%[^,],%ld,%lf",
&p.line_code, &p.batch_code,
&p.BT.day, &p.BT.hour, &p.BT.minute,
&p.product_ID,
p.name, p.targ_eng,
&p.bin, &p.weight);

products[i++] = p;
}

fclose(fp_in);
return i - count;
}

void print(Product p)
{
printf("Line Code: %ld Batch Code: %ld Day: %d Hour: %d Minute: %d ", p.line_code,
p.batch_code, p.BT.day, p.BT.hour, p.BT.minute);

printf("ID: %ld Product: %s Target Engine: %s Bin: %ld Weight: %.2lf\n", p.product_ID,
p.name, p.targ_eng, p.bin, p.weight);
}

void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r)
{
int i, j;
int k = l;
int s1 = (m - l) + 1;//size of left array
int s2 = r - m;//size of right array

// Create temp arrays
Product left[s1], right[s2];

```

```

// Copy data from products into temp arrays
for (i = 0; i < s1; i++)
{
    left[i] = products[l + i];
}

for (j = 0; j < s2; j++)
{
    right[j] = products[m + 1 + j];
}

i = 0;
j = 0;
//Compare and merge temp arrays, if one array finishes before the other.
while (i < s1 && j < s2)
{
    if (left[i].weight <= right[j].weight)
    {
        products[k] = left[i];
        i++;
    }
    else
    {
        products[k] = right[j];
        j++;
    }
    k++;
}

// Copy any remaining elements

```

```

while (i < s1)
{
    products[k] = left[i];
    i++;
    k++;
}

while (j < s2)
{
    products[k] = right[j];
    j++;
    k++;
}

void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r)
{
    if (l < r)
    {
        int m = l + (r - l) / 2;

        merge_split(products, l, m); //Split left side
        merge_split(products, m + 1, r); //Split right side

        merge(products, l, m, r);
    }
}

```

Task 2

Produce a single dispatch list from the 4 files. Each file will need to be merged to create a single list using an algorithm with running time $O(N)$ or better.

Design: Used a function (readP) and a for loop to read and store all the data into an array of structures (a single dispatch list). Files were written in CSV form so they could be parsed easily using sscanf(). Each product is read and added into the array exactly once and only one loop is used, resulting in a time complexity of $O(N)$ for this algorithm.

Note - While Task 2 may have been intended as a separate step, I combined it with Task 1 by loading all four files into a single array before sorting. This approach still achieves the goal of producing one sorted dispatch list, just in a slightly different way.

Test Plan:

Test Errors:

- Error – File cannot be found:
 - Expected output - Error message is displayed, program ends.
 - Tested by passing a file name that does not exist in my files.
 - Output matches expected output.

Testing Code:

- Initially test with one file containing a small amount of data.
- Expected output: All the data to be printed ordered by weight.
 - (Though ordering it was not part of task 2, the code was already there from task 1 so I still expected it to work)
- The codes output matched my expected output
- Test the code with 4 files each containing information about 10 products.
- Expected output: All the data to be printed ordered by weight.
- The codes output matched my expected output

Pseudocode:

START PROGRAM2

 Struct Batch_Time

 {

 int day

 int hour

 int minute

 }

struct Product

 {

 long line_code

 long batch_code

 Batch_Time BT

 long product_ID

 char name[SIZE]

 char targ_eng[SIZE]

 long bin

 double weight;

 }

Function Signatures:

int read_products(*file, Product products[], count)

void print(Product p)

void merge(Product products[], l, m, r)

void merge_split(Product products[], l, r)

START MAIN

 products[MAX]

 count = 0

 int n = 0

 IF ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count) == -1)

```
        return 1;  
    ENDIF  
  
    count += n  
  
    IF (n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)  
        return 1;  
    ENDIF  
  
    count += n  
  
    IF ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
        return 1  
    ENDIF  
    count += n;//20-29  
  
    IF ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
        return 1;  
    ENDIF  
    count += n  
  
    merge_split(products, 0, count - 1)  
  
    FOR int i = 0; i < count; i++  
        print(products[i])  
    ENDFOR  
END MAIN  
  
START READP  
open file with fopen  
array to store what's being read from files: store[]  
i = count
```

```
IF *file == NULL
    print Error
    return -1
ENDIF

WHILE store hasn't reached EOF && i< MAX
    temp variable: p
    sscanf(store, delimiters, addresses of variables)
    products[i++] = p
ENDWHILE
close file with fclose
return i - count
END READP

START PRINT
print product info stored
END PRINT
END PROGRAM2
```

C code:

/* Program to:

Task 2: Produce a single dispatch list from the 4 files using an array of structures*/

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#define SIZE 30
```

```
#define MAX_PRODUCTS 40
```

```
#define MAX_LINE 256
```

```
typedef struct Batch_Time
```

```
{
```

```
    int day;
```

```
    int hour;
```

```
    int minute;
```

```
}Batch_Time;
```

```
typedef struct Product
```

```
{
```

```
    long line_code;
```

```
    long batch_code;
```

```
    Batch_Time BT;
```

```
    long product_ID;
```

```
    char name[SIZE];
```

```
    char targ_eng[SIZE];
```

```
    long bin;
```

```
    double weight;
```

```
}Product;
```

```
// Function signatures
```

```
int readP(const char *file, Product products[], int count);
void print(Product p);
void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r);
void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r);

int main()
{
    Product products[MAX_PRODUCTS];
    int count = 0;
    int n;

    if ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//index 0-9

    if ((n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//10-19

    if ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//20-29

    if ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
```

```

    }

    count += n;//30-39

    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
    {
        print(products[i]);
    }

    return 0;
}

int readP(const char *file, struct Product products[], int count)
{
    FILE *fp_in = fopen(file, "r");
    char store[MAX_LINE];
    int i = count;

    //Check file has opened correctly
    if (fp_in == NULL)
    {
        printf("Error opening file\n");
        return -1;
    }

    while ((fgets(store, sizeof(store), fp_in)!=NULL) && (i < MAX_PRODUCTS))
    {
        Product p;//temp variable

        //Parse strings in files and store them in array
        sscanf(store, "%ld,%ld,%d,%d,%d,%ld,%[^,],%[^,],%ld,%lf",
               &p.line_code, &p.batch_code,
               &p.BT.day, &p.BT.hour, &p.BT.minute,

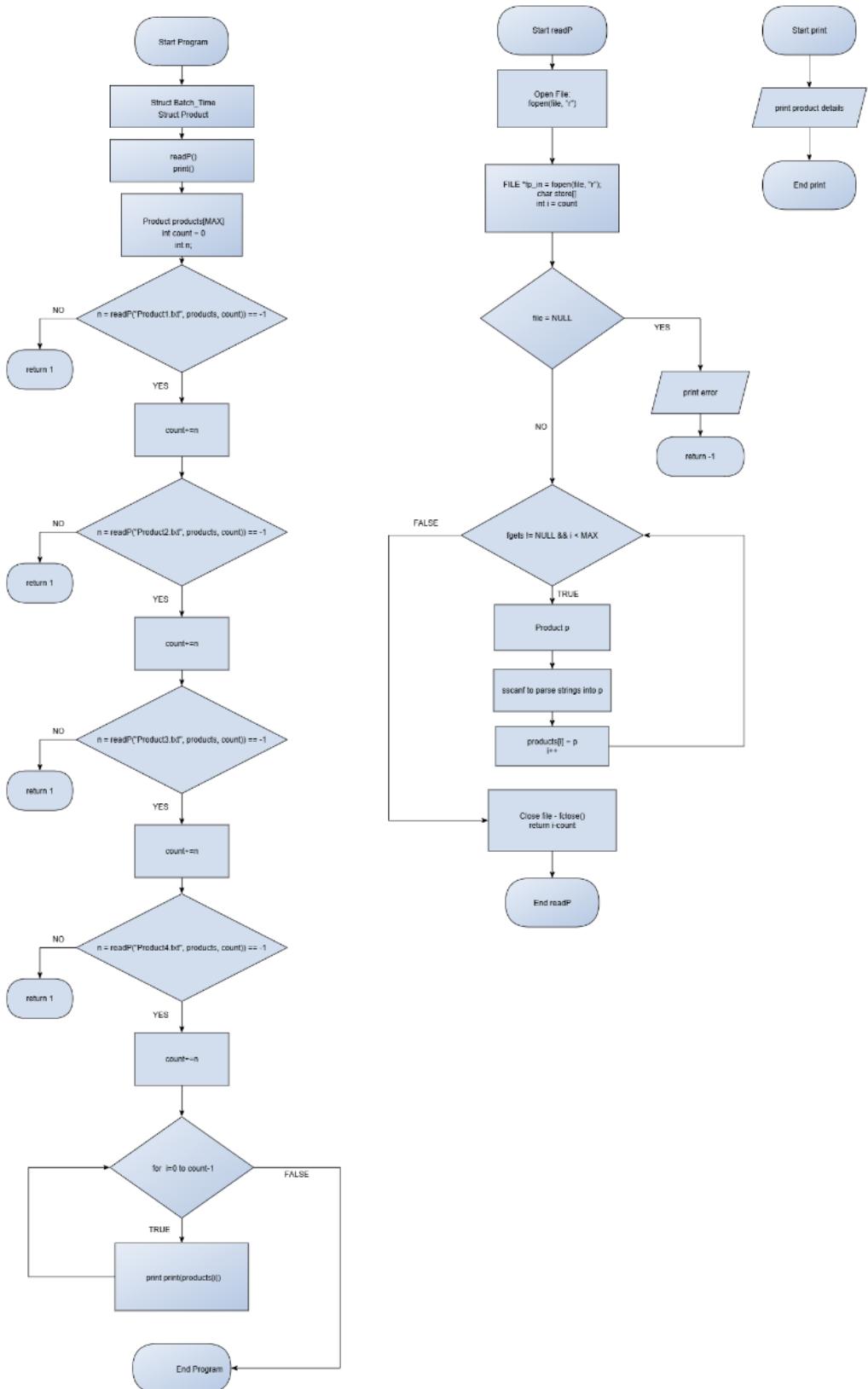
```

```
    &p.product_ID,
    p.name, p.targ_eng,
    &p.bin, &p.weight);

products[i++] = p;
}

fclose(fp_in);
return i - count;
}

void print(Product p)
{
    printf("Line Code: %ld Batch Code: %ld Day: %d Hour: %d Minute: %d ",
p.line_code, p.batch_code, p.BT.day, p.BT.hour, p.BT.minute);
    printf("ID: %ld Product: %s Target Engine: %s Bin: %ld Weight: %.2lf\n",
p.product_ID, p.name, p.targ_eng, p.bin, p.weight);
}
```



Task 3:

Provide a user interface to search for the earliest occurrence of a product with a particular weight using an algorithm with running time $O(\log(N))$ or better.

Design: Create a variable to store the user's input. Use `scanf()` to read in user's input. Create a function(`binary_search_weight`) to find the earliest occurrence of the inputted weight if it exists. I used the binary search algorithm for this as it works for sorted arrays and has a guaranteed time complexity of $O(\log(N))$.

Test Plan:

Test Errors:

- Error – Weight Doesn't Exist:
 - `binary_search_weight` returns -1 and error message is displayed

Test Code:

- Expected Output: The earliest index where the weight occurs is displayed.
- Issue – At first, if you entered the number of the very last weight, the error message was displayed.
- I realised this was because I was passing `count-1` as the size of the array.
- Once fixed, the code's output matched my expected output.

Pseudocode:

START PROGRAM3

```
Struct Batch_Time
{
    int day
    int hour
    int minute
}
```

```
struct Product
{
    long line_code
    long batch_code
    Batch_Time BT
    long product_ID
    char name[SIZE]
    char targ_eng[SIZE]
    long bin
    double weight;
}
```

Function Signatures:

```
int read_products(*fp, Product products[], count)
```

```
void print_products(Product p)
void merge(Product products[], l, m, r)
void merge_split(Product products[], l, r)
int binary_search_weight(Product products[], int size, double input_weight)
```

START MAIN

```
products[MAX]
count = 0
input_weight = 0
n = 0
IF ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count) == -1)
    return 1;
ENDIF
```

```
count += n
```

```
IF (n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)
    return 1;
ENDIF
```

```
count += n
```

```
IF ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    return 1
ENDIF
count += n;//20-29
```

```
IF ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    return 1;
ENDIF
count += n
```

```
merge_split(products, 0, count - 1)

FOR int i = 0; i < count; i++
    print(products[i])
ENDFOR

print "Enter weight"
scanf input

index = binary_search_weight(products, count, input_weight)

IF index = -1
    print "Weight not found"
ENDIF

ELSE
    print index of earliest occurrence
ENDIFELSE

ENDMAIN

START READP
open file with fopen
array to store whats being read from files: store[]
i = count

IF *fp == NULL
    print Error
    return -1
ENDIF
```

```
WHILE store hasn't reached EOF && i< MAX
    temp variable: p
    sscanf(store, delimiters, addresses of variables)
    products[i++] = p
ENDWHILE
close file with fclose
return i - count
END READ_PRODUCTS
```

```
START PRINT
print product info stored
END PRINT_PRODUCTS
```

```
START MERGE
k = 1
n1 = (m-l) + 1
n2 = r - m
```

Product left[s2] right[s2]

```
FOR i=0, i<s1, i++
    left[i] = products[l+i]
ENDFOR
```

```
FOR j=0, j<s1, j++
    right[j] = products[m+1+j]
ENDFOR
```

```
WHILE i<s1 and j<s2
    IF left[i].weight <= right[j].weight
        products[k] = left[i]
```

```

        i++
    ENDIF

    ELSE
        products[k] = right[j]
        j++
    ENDELSE
    k++
ENDWHILE

WHILE i<s1
    products[k] = left[i]
    i++
    k++
ENDWHILE

WHILE j<s2
    products[k] = right[j]
    j++
    k++
ENDWHILE

END MERGE

START MERGE_SPLIT
IF l < r
    m = l + (r-1)/2
    merge_split(products, l, m)
    merge_split(products, m+1, r)
    merge(products, l, m, r)
ENDIF
END MERGE_SPLIT

```

```

START BINARY_SEARCH_WEIGHT
    left = 0
    right = size-1
    result = -1

    WHILE left <= right
        Mid = left + (right-left)/2
        IF products[mid].weight == input_weight
            result = mid
            right = mid-1
        ENDIF
        ELSEIF products[mid].weight < input_weight
            Left = mid + 1
        END ELSEIF

        ELSE
            right = mid - 1
        ENDELSE
    ENDWHILE
    return result
END PROGRAM3

```

C Code:

/* Program to:

Task 1: Sort 4 files of production data based on weight with merge sort

Task 2: Produce a single dispatch list from the 4 files using an array of structures

Task 3: Provide a user interface to search for the earliest occurrence of a product with a particular weight using binary search*/

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

```

```

#define SIZE 30
#define MAX_PRODUCTS 40
#define MAX_LINE 256

typedef struct Batch_Time
{
    int day;
    int hour;
    int minute;
}Batch_Time;

typedef struct Product
{
    long line_code;
    long batch_code;
    Batch_Time BT;
    long product_ID;
    char name[SIZE];
    char targ_eng[SIZE];
    long bin;
    double weight;
}Product;

// Function signatures
int readP(const char *file, Product products[], int count);
void print(Product p);
void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r);
void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r);
int binary_search_weight(Product products[], int size, double input_weight);

int main()

```

```
{  
    Product products[MAX_PRODUCTS];  
    int count = 0;  
    double input_weight;  
    int n;  
  
    if ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
    {  
        return 1;  
    }  
    count += n;//index 0-9  
  
    if ((n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
    {  
        return 1;  
    }  
    count += n;//10-19  
  
    if ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
    {  
        return 1;  
    }  
    count += n;//20-29  
  
    if ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
    {  
        return 1;  
    }  
    count += n;//30-39  
  
    merge_split(products, 0, count - 1);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)  
{  
  
    print(products[i]);  
}  
  
printf("\nEnter the weight you want to search:");  
scanf("%lf", &input_weight);  
  
int index = binary_search_weight(products, count, input_weight);  
  
if(index == -1)  
{  
    printf("Weight not found\n");  
}  
  
else  
{  
    printf("The earliest occurence of weight %.2lf is at index %d", input_weight, index);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}  
  
int readP(const char *file, struct Product products[], int count)  
{  
    FILE *fp_in = fopen(file, "r");  
    char store[MAX_LINE];  
    int i = count;  
  
    //Check file has opened correctly  
    if (fp_in == NULL)
```

```

{
    printf("Error opening file\n");
    return -1;
}

//Parse strings in files and store them in array
while ((fgets(store, sizeof(store), fp_in)!=NULL) && (i < MAX_PRODUCTS))
{
    Product p;//temp variable

    sscanf(store, "%ld,%ld,%d,%d,%d,%ld,%[^,],%[^,],%ld,%lf",
        &p.line_code, &p.batch_code,
        &p.BT.day, &p.BT.hour, &p.BT.minute,
        &p.product_ID,
        p.name, p.targ_eng,
        &p.bin, &p.weight);

    products[i++] = p;
}

fclose(fp_in);
return i - count;
}

void print(Product p)
{
    printf("Line Code: %ld Batch Code: %ld Day: %d Hour: %d Minute: %d ", p.line_code,
        p.batch_code, p.BT.day, p.BT.hour, p.BT.minute);

    printf("ID: %ld Product: %s Target Engine: %s Bin: %ld Weight: %.2lf\n", p.product_ID,
        p.name, p.targ_eng, p.bin, p.weight);
}

void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r)

```

```

{
    int i, j;
    int k = l;
    int s1 = (m - l) + 1;//size of left array
    int s2 = r - m;//size of right array

    // Create temp arrays
    Product left[s1], right[s2];

    // Copy data from products into temp arrays
    for (i = 0; i < s1; i++)
    {
        left[i] = products[l + i];
    }

    for (j = 0; j < s2; j++)
    {
        right[j] = products[m + 1 + j];
    }

    i = 0;
    j = 0;
    //Compare and merge temp arrays, if one array finishes before the other.
    while (i < s1 && j < s2)
    {
        if (left[i].weight <= right[j].weight)
        {
            products[k] = left[i];
            i++;
        }
        else

```

```

    {
        products[k] = right[j];
        j++;
    }
    k++;
}

// Copy any remaining elements
while (i < s1)
{
    products[k] = left[i];
    i++;
    k++;
}

while (j < s2)
{
    products[k] = right[j];
    j++;
    k++;
}

void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r)
{
    if (l < r)
    {
        int m = l + (r - l) / 2;

        merge_split(products, l, m);//Split left side
        merge_split(products, m + 1, r);//Split right side
    }
}

```

```

    merge(products, l, m, r);
}

}

int binary_search_weight(Product products[], int size, double input_weight)
{
    int left = 0;
    int right = size - 1;
    int result = -1;

    while (left <= right)
    {
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;

        if (products[mid].weight == input_weight) //starts search at middle index, does it equal
inputted weight?
        {
            result = mid;
            right = mid - 1; // keep searching left to find the first occurrence
        }

        else if (products[mid].weight < input_weight)
        {
            left = mid + 1;//keep searching right
        }

        else
        {
            right = mid - 1;//keep searching left
        }
    }
}

```

```
    return result;  
}
```

Task 4

Provide a report which summarises the number of products included in the delivery for all vans using an algorithm with running time O(N) or better.

Design: Created a function (summary_report) and passed the variable count as an argument. “count” contains the total amount of products. It has a time complexity of O(1) as it doesn’t contain any loops or operations that scale with the number of products.

Test Plan:

- Expected output: For the total amount of products to be displayed.
- This is exactly what happened as count tracks the number of products throughout the whole program.

Pseudocode

START PROGRAM4

```
Struct Batch_Time  
{  
    int day  
    int hour  
    int minute  
}
```

```
struct Product  
{  
    long line_code  
    long batch_code
```

```

Batch_Time BT
long product_ID
char name[SIZE]
char targ_eng[SIZE]
long bin
double weight;
}

```

Function Signatures:

```

int read_products(*fp, Product products[], count)
void print_products(Product p)
void merge(Product products[], l, m, r)
void merge_split(Product products[], l, r)
int binary_search_weight(Product products[], int size, double input_weight)
void summary_report(count)

```

START MAIN

```

products[MAX]
count = 0
input_weight = 0
n = 0
IF ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count) == -1)
    return 1;
ENDIF

count += n

IF (n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)
    return 1;
ENDIF

```

```

count += n

IF ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    return 1
ENDIF
count += n;//20-29

IF ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    return 1;
ENDIF
count += n

merge_split(products, 0, count - 1)

FOR int i = 0; i < count; i++
    print(products[i])
ENDFOR

print "Enter weight"
scanf input

index = binary_search_weight(products, count, input_weight)

IF index = -1
    print "Weight not found"
ENDIF

ELSE
    print index of earliest occurrence
ENDELSE

summary_report(count)

ENDMAIN

```

START READP

 open file with fopen
 array to store whats being read from files: store[]
 i = count

 IF *fp == NULL

 print Error
 return -1

 ENDIF

 WHILE store hasn't reached EOF && i < MAX

 temp variable: p
 sscanf(store, delimiters, addresses of variables)
 products[i++] = p

 ENDWHILE

 close file with fclose

 return i - count

END READ_PRODUCTS

START PRINT

 print product info stored

END PRINT_PRODUCTS

START MERGE

 k = 1
 n1 = (m-l) + 1
 n2 = r - m

Product left[s2] right[s2]

```
FOR i=0, i<s1, i++
    left[i] = products[l+i]
ENDFOR
```

```
FOR j=0, j<s1, j++
    right[j] = products[m+1+j]
ENDFOR
```

```
WHILE i<s1 and j<s2
    IF left[i].weight <= right[j].weight
        products[k] = left[i]
        i++
    ENDIF
```

```
    ELSE
        products[k] = right[j]
        j++
    ENDELSE
    k++
ENDWHILE
```

```
WHILE i<s1
    products[k] = left[i]
    i++
    k++
ENDWHILE
```

```
WHILE j<s2
    products[k] = right[j]
    j++
    k++
```

```

ENDWHILE
END MERGE

START MERGE_SPLIT
IF l < r
    m = l + (r-1)/2
    merge_split(products, l, m)
    merge_split(products, m+1, r)
    merge(products, l, m, r)
ENDIF
END MERGE_SPLIT

START BINARY_SEARCH_WEIGHT
left = 0
right = size-1
result = -1

WHILE left <= right
    Mid = left + (right-left)/2
    IF products[mid].weight == input_weight
        result = mid
        right = mid-1
    ENDIF
    ELSEIF products[mid].weight < input_weight
        Left = mid + 1
    END ELSEIF

    ELSE
        right = mid - 1
    ENDELSE
ENDWHILE
return result

```

```

END BINARY_SEARCH_WEIGHT

START SUMMARY_REPORT
    print total number of products included in delivery
END SUMMARY_REPORT
END PROGRAM4

```

C Code:

```

/* Program to:
Task 1: Sort 4 files of production data based on weight with merge sort
Task 2: Produce a single dispatch list from the 4 files using an array of structures
Task 3: Provide a user interface to search for the earliest occurrence of a product with a
particular weight using binary search
Task 4: Provide a report which summarises the number of products included in the delivery
for all vans. */

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#define SIZE 30
#define MAX_PRODUCTS 40
#define MAX_LINE 256

```

```

typedef struct Batch_Time
{
    int day;
    int hour;
    int minute;
}Batch_Time;

```

```

typedef struct Product
{

```

```

long line_code;
long batch_code;
Batch_Time BT;
long product_ID;
char name[SIZE];
char targ_eng[SIZE];
long bin;
double weight;
}Product;

// Function signatures
int readP(const char *file, Product products[], int count);
void print(Product p);
void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r);
void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r);
int binary_search_weight(Product products[], int size, double input_weight);
void summary_report(int count);

int main()
{
    Product products[MAX_PRODUCTS];
    int count = 0;
    double input_weight;
    int n;

    if ((n = readP("Product1.txt", products, count)) == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    count += n;//index 0-9

    if ((n = readP("Product2.txt", products, count)) == -1)

```

```
{  
    return 1;  
}  
count += n;//10-19  
  
if ((n = readP("Product3.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
{  
    return 1;  
}  
count += n;//20-29  
  
if ((n = readP("Product4.txt", products, count)) == -1)  
{  
    return 1;  
}  
count += n;//30-39  
  
merge_split(products, 0, count - 1);  
  
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)  
{  
    print(products[i]);  
}  
  
printf("\nEnter the weight you want to search:");  
scanf("%lf", &input_weight);  
  
int index = binary_search_weight(products, count, input_weight);  
  
if(index == -1)  
{
```

```

        printf("Weight not found\n");
    }

else
{
    printf("The earliest occurence of weight %.2lf is at index %d", input_weight, index);
}

summary_report(count);

return 0;
}

int readP(const char *file, struct Product products[], int count)
{
    FILE *fp_in = fopen(file, "r");
    char store[MAX_LINE];
    int i = count;

//Check file has opened correctly
    if (fp_in == NULL)
    {
        printf("Error opening file\n");
        return -1;
    }

//Parse strings in files and store them in array
    while ((fgets(store, sizeof(store), fp_in)!=NULL) && (i < MAX_PRODUCTS))
    {
        Product p;//temp variable

        sscanf(store, "%ld,%ld,%d,%d,%d,%ld,%[^,],%[^,],%ld,%lf",

```

```

    &p.line_code, &p.batch_code,
    &p.BT.day, &p.BT.hour, &p.BT.minute,
    &p.product_ID,
    p.name, p.targ_eng,
    &p.bin, &p.weight);

products[i++] = p;
}

fclose(fp_in);
return i - count;
}

void print(Product p)
{
    printf("Line Code: %ld Batch Code: %ld Day: %d Hour: %d Minute: %d ", p.line_code,
p.batch_code, p.BT.day, p.BT.hour, p.BT.minute);
    printf("ID: %ld Product: %s Target Engine: %s Bin: %ld Weight: %.2lf\n", p.product_ID,
p.name, p.targ_eng, p.bin, p.weight);
}

void merge(Product products[], int l, int m, int r)
{
    int i, j;
    int k = l;
    int s1 = (m - l) + 1;//size of left array
    int s2 = r - m;//size of right array

    // Create temp arrays
    Product left[s1], right[s2];

    // Copy data from products into temp arrays
    for (i = 0; i < s1; i++)

```

```

{
    left[i] = products[l + i];
}

for (j = 0; j < s2; j++)
{
    right[j] = products[m + 1 + j];
}

i = 0;
j = 0;
//Compare and merge temp arrays, if one array finishes before the other.
while (i < s1 && j < s2)
{
    if (left[i].weight <= right[j].weight)
    {
        products[k] = left[i];
        i++;
    }
    else
    {
        products[k] = right[j];
        j++;
    }
    k++;
}

// Copy any remaining elements
while (i < s1)
{
    products[k] = left[i];
}

```

```

        i++;
        k++;
    }

while (j < s2)
{
    products[k] = right[j];
    j++;
    k++;
}
}

void merge_split(Product products[], int l, int r)
{
    if (l < r)
    {
        int m = l + (r - l) / 2;

        merge_split(products, l, m);//Split left side
        merge_split(products, m + 1, r);//Split right side

        merge(products, l, m, r);
    }
}

int binary_search_weight(Product products[], int size, double input_weight)
{
    int left = 0;
    int right = size - 1;
    int result = -1;

    while (left <= right)

```

```

{
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;

    if (products[mid].weight == input_weight) //starts search at middle index, does it equal
    inputted weight?

    {
        result = mid;
        right = mid - 1; // keep searching left to find the first occurrence
    }

    else if (products[mid].weight < input_weight)
    {
        left = mid + 1;//keep searching right
    }

    else
    {
        right = mid - 1;//keep searching left
    }

}

return result;
}

void summary_report(int count)
{
    printf("\nThe total number of products included in the delivery = %d", count);
}

```